

CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS PROJECT MANUAL

DANE COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS, HIGHWAY AND TRANSPORTATION

PUBLIC WORKS ENGINEERING DIVISION

1919 ALLIANT ENERGY CENTER WAY MADISON, WISCONSIN 53713

REQUEST FOR BIDS NO. 314001 BUILDINGS C & D NEIGHBORHOODS REMODEL BADGER PRAIRIE HEALTH CARE CENTER 1100 EAST VERONA AVENUE VERONA, WISCONSIN

Due Date / Time: THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 11, 2014 / 2:00 P.M. Location: PUBLIC WORKS OFFICE

Performance / Payment Bond: 100% OF CONTRACT AMOUNT Bid Deposit: 5% OF BID AMOUNT

FOR INFORMATION ON THIS REQUEST FOR BIDS, PLEASE CONTACT:

SCOTT CARLSON, PROJECT MANAGER
TELEPHONE NO.: 608/266-4179
FAX NO.: 608/267-1533
E-MAIL: CARLSON.SCOTT@COUNTYOFDANE.COM



SEALS PAGE

BID NO. 314001

PROJECT: BUILDINGS C & D NEIGHBORHOODS REMODEL BADGER PRAIRIE HEALTH CARE CENTER

ARCHITECT

I hereby certify that this drawing, specification or report was prepared by me or under my direct supervision and that I am a duly Registered Architect under the laws of the State of Wisconsin.



Dated: September 11, 2014

Steven A. Kieckhafer - Registration No. A-8378

ELECTRICAL ENGINEER

I hereby certify that this drawing, specification or report was prepared by me or under my direct supervision and that I am a duly Registered Professional Engineer under the laws of the State of Wisconsin.



Dated: September 11, 2014

Scott Hole - Registration No. 37978-6

TABLE OF CONTENTS FOR RFB NO. 314001

DIVISION 00 - PROCUREMENT AND CONTRACTING REQUIREMENTS

Project Manual Cover Page

Seals Page

Table of Contents

Advertisement for Bids (Legal Notice)

Best Value Contracting Application

Instructions to Bidders

Bid Form

Fair Labor Practices Certification

Sample Public Works Contract

Sample Bid Bond

Sample Performance Bond

Sample Payment Bond

Equal Benefits Compliance Payment Certification

Conditions of Contract

Supplementary Conditions

DIVISION 01 - GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

01 23 00 Alternates

01 73 29 Cutting and Patching

01 74 19 Recycling

DIVISION 02 - EXISTING CONDITIONS

02 41 19 Selective Structure Demolition

DIVISION 03 - CONCRETE

03 30 00 Cast-in-Place Concrete

DIVISION 07 - THERMAL AND MOISTURE PROTECTION

07 92 00 Joint Sealants

DIVISION 08 - OPENINGS

08 41 13 Aluminum-Framed Entrances and Storefronts

08 71 00 Door Hardware

08 80 00 Glazing

DIVISION 09 - FINISHES

09 65 00 Resilient Flooring

09 91 00 Painting

DIVISION 26 - ELECTRICAL

26 05 00 Basic Electrical Requirements

26 05 03 Through Penetration Firestopping

26 05 05 Electrical Demolition for Remodeling

26 05 13 Wire and Cable

26 05 27 Supporting Devices

26 05 33 Conduit and Boxes

26 05 53 Electrical Identification

DIVISION 28 - ELECTRONIC SAFETY AND SECURITY 28 05 00 Basic Electronic Safety & Security System Requirements Through Penetration Firestopping 28 05 03 Electronic Safety & Security System Bonding 28 05 26 28 13 00 Electronic Access Control 28 31 00 Fire Alarm and Detection Systems **DIVISION 31 - EARTHWORK** 31 10 00 Site Clearing Earth Moving 31 20 00 **DIVISION 32 - EXTERIOR IMPROVEMENTS** 32 13 13 Concrete Paving 32 60 00 **Ornamental Picket Fences** 32 91 13 Soil Preparation 32 93 00 Turf and Grasses 32 93 00 **Plants** 32 96 00 **Transplanting DRAWINGS** Plot drawings on 11" x 17" (B) paper for correct scale or size. 000 Title Sheet L201 Landscape Patio Plan (Building D) Landscape Patio Plan (Building C) L200 L300 Landscape Details L301 Landscape Details 002 Overall Building Plan 003 Overall Demo Plan (Buildings C & D) Overall Plan (Buildings C & D) 004 Egress Door Plan (Building D) 200 201 Architectural Patio Plan (Building D) 202 Egress Door Plan (Building C) 203 Architectural Patio Plan (Building C) 300 Ornamental Fence Detail 400 Exterior Elevations (Demolition & New) 500 Wall Sections (Demolition & New) 600 **Exterior Details** 800 Door Schedule, Frame & Door Type Elevations Coversheet – Electrical E000 E001 Electrical Symbols List E050 Site Plan – Electrical E100 Partial First Floor Plan – Electrical E101 Partial First Floor Plan – Electrical E102 Partial First Floor Plan – Electrical E103 Partial First Floor Plan – Electrical E401 Patio Lighting Plan (Building D) E402 Patio Lighting Plan (Building C) T000 Coversheet – Technology T001 Suggested Matrix of Scope Responsibility – Technology T002 General Technology Equipment Schedule T003 General Technology Equipment Schedule Site Plan – Technology T050 T100 Partial First Floor Plan – Technology

- T101 Partial First Floor Plan Technology
 T102 Partial First Floor Plan Technology
- T103 Partial First Floor Plan Technology
- T200 Access Control Riser Diagram Technology
- T201 Typical Technology Bonding Flow Diagram Technology
- T300 Access Control Schedule Technology
- T400 Door Rough-In and Wiring Diagram Technology
- T401 ADA Guidelines For All Configurations Technology

INVITATION TO BID

Dane County Public Works, Highway & Transportation Dept., 1919 Alliant Energy Center Way, Madison, WI 53713, will receive sealed Bids until:

2:00 P.M., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 2, 2014

REQUEST FOR BIDS NO. 314001 BUILDINGS C & D NEIGHBORHOODS REMODEL BADGER PRAIRIE HEALTH CARE CENTER 1100 EAST VERONA AVENUE VERONA, WISCONSIN

Dane County is inviting Bids for construction services. An existing 16-bed neighborhood shall be subdivided to optionally allow operation as two 8-bed households. This will involve modification of doors, hardware & associated sophisticated electronic controls. This work may be replicated in a second building. New outdoor patios may also be included along with other minor changes. Only firms with capabilities, experience & expertise with similar projects should obtain this Request for Bids document & submit Bids.

Request for Bids document may be obtained after **2:00 p.m. on Thursday, September 11, 2014** by downloading it from <u>countyofdane.com/pwbids</u>. Please call Scott Carlson, Project Manager, at 608/266-4179, or our office at 608/266-4018, for any questions or additional information.

All Bidders must be a registered vendor with Dane County & pay an annual registration fee & must be pre-qualified as a Best Value Contractor before award of Contract. Complete Vendor Registration Form at danepurchasing.com/registration or obtain one by calling 608/266-4131. Complete Pre-qualification Application for Contractors at countyofdane.com/pwht/BVC Application.aspx or obtain one by calling 608/266-4029.

A pre-bid facility tour will be held Wednesday, September 24, 2014 at 1:00 p.m. at Badger Prairie Health Care Center, 1100 East Verona Ave., starting in the Lobby. Bidders are strongly encouraged to attend this optional tour.

PUBLISH: SEPTEMBER 12 & 18, 2014 - WISCONSIN STATE JOURNAL SEPTEMBER 12 & 18, 2014 - THE DAILY REPORTER

RFB No. 314001 rev. 10/13



DANE COUNTY DEPARTMENT of PUBLIC WORKS, HIGHWAY and TRANSPORTATION

1919 Alliant Energy Center Way • Madison, Wisconsin 53713 Phone: (608) 266-4018 • FAX: (608) 267-1533

Commissioner / Director Gerald J. Mandli

BEST VALUE CONTRACTING APPLICATION

CONTRACTORS / LICENSURE APPLICANTS

The Dane County Department of Public Works requires all contractors to be pre-qualified as a best value contractor with the County prior to being awarded a contract. In addition, the County pre-qualifies potential contractors and sub-contractors who wish to work on County contracts. Subcontractors must become pre-qualified ten (10) days prior to commencing work under any Dane County Public Works Contract. Potential subcontractors are urged to become pre-qualified as early as possible. This document shall be completed, properly executed, along with the necessary attachments and additional information that the County requires for the protection and welfare of the public in the performance of a County contract.

Contractors or subcontractors of any tier who attain pre-qualification status will retain that status for a period of two (2) years from the date of qualification. Contractors shall notify the Dane County Department of Public Works, Highway & Transportation within fifteen (15) days of any changes to its business or operations that are relevant to the pre-qualification application. Failure to do so could result in suspension, revocation of the contractor's pre-qualification, debarment from County contracts for up to three (3) years and / or other sanctions available under the law.

No contracts will be awarded for construction work performed on Dane County projects unless the contractor is currently approved as a Wisconsin Trade Trainer or has applied for approval as an Apprenticeship Trade Trainer to the Wisconsin Department of Workforce Development and agrees to an acceptable apprenticeship program. If you are not currently approved as a Wisconsin Trade Trainer, or have not applied for approval as an Apprenticeship Trade Trainer, please contact the Department of Workforce Development - Bureau of Apprenticeship Standards at 608/266-3133 or visit their web site at: dwd.wisconsin.gov/apprenticeship/.

EXEMPTIONS

- Contractors who employ less than five (5) apprenticeable trade workers are not required to pre-qualify.
- Contractors performing work that does not apply to an apprenticeable trade, as outlined in Appendix A.
- The contractor / subcontractor provides sufficient documentation to demonstrate one or more of the following:
 - o apprentices are not available in a specific geographic area;
 - o the applicable apprenticeship program is unsuitable or unavailable; or
 - o there is a documented depression of the local construction market which prevents compliance.

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SEC.	PROOF OF RESPONSIBILITY	CHECK IF APPLICABLE
1	Does your firm possesses all technical qualifications and resources,	Yes: No:
	including equipment, personnel and financial resources, necessary to	
	perform the work required for any project or obtain the same through	
	the use of responsible, pre-qualified subcontractors?	X \
2	Will your firm possess all valid, effective licenses, registrations or	Yes: No:
	certificates required by federal, state, county, or local law, which are necessary for the type of work to be performed including, but not	
	limited to, those for any type of trade work or specialty work?	
3	Will your firm meet all bonding requirements as required by applicable	Yes: No:
	law or contract specifications?	_
4	Will your firm meet all insurance requirements as required by	Yes: No:
	applicable law or specifications, including general liability insurance,	
	workers compensation insurance and unemployment insurance	
5	requirements? Will your firm maintain a substance abuse policy for employees hired	Yes: No:
3	for public works contracts that comply with Wis. Stats. Sec. 103.503?	i les. [] No. []
6	Does your firm acknowledge that it must pay all craft employees on	Yes: No: N
	public works projects the wage rates and benefits required under	
	Section 66.0903 of the Wisconsin Statutes?	
7	Will your firm fully abide by the equal opportunity and affirmative	Yes: No:
	action requirements of all applicable laws, including County	
0	ordinances?	V N
8	In the past three (3) years, has your firm had control or has another corporation, partnership or other business entity operating in the	Yes: No: If Yes, attach details.
	construction industry controlled it? If so, please attach a statement	ii i es, attacii detaiis.
	explaining the nature of the firm relationship?	
9	In the past three (3) years, has your firm had any type of business,	Yes: No:
	contracting or trade license, certification or registration revoked or	If Yes, attach details.
	suspended?	
10	In the past three (3) years, has your firm been debarred by any federal,	Yes: No:
11	state or local government agency? In the past three (3) years, has your firm defaulted or failed to complete	If Yes, attach details. Yes: No:
11	any contract?	If Yes, attach details.
12	In the past three (3) years, has your firm committed a willful violation	Yes: No:
	of federal, state or local government safety laws as determined by a	If Yes, attach details.
	final decision of a court or government agency authority.	
13	In the past three (3) years, has your firm been in violation of any law	Yes: No:
	relating to your contracting business where the penalty for such	If Yes, attach details.
1.4	violation resulted in the imposition of a penalty greater than \$10,000?	Vac. No.
14	Is your firm Executive Order 108 precertified with the State of Wisconsin?	Yes: No:
15	Is your firm an active Wisconsin Trade Trainer as determined by the	Yes: No: No:
	Wisconsin Bureau of Apprenticeship Standards?	
16	Is your firm exempt from being pre-qualified with Dane County?	Yes: No:
		If Yes, attach reason for exemption.
17	Does your firm acknowledge that in doing work under any County	Yes: No:
	Public Works Contract, it will be required to use as subcontractors only those contractors that are also pre-qualified with the County or become	
	so ten days prior to commencing work?	
18	Contractor has been in business less than one year?	Yes: No:
19	Is your firm a first time Contractor requesting a one time exemption,	Yes: No:
	but, intend to comply on all future contracts and are taking steps	
	typical of a "good faith" effort?	
20	Not applicable. My firm does not intend to work on Best Value	Yes: No:
	Contracts. Note: Best Value Contracting is required to bid on most	
	Public Works Contracts (if unclear, please call Jan Neitzel Knox 608-266-4029).	
	200 7027).	

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SIGNATURE SECTION

REMEMBER!

Return all to forms and attachments, or questions to:

E-mail Address:

JAN NEITZEL KNOX EMAIL: NEITZEL-KNOX@COUNTYOFDANE.COM OFFICE: (608)266-4029, FAX: (608)267-1533

DANE COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS, HGHWAY & TRANSPORTATION 1919 ALLIANT ENERGY CENTER WAY MADISON, WI 53713

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APPENDIX A

APPRENTICEABLE TRADES

Bricklayer

Carpenter

Cement Mason (Concrete Finisher)

Cement Mason (Heavy Highway)

Construction Craft Laborer

Data Communications Installer

Electrician

Elevator Mechanic / Technician

Environmental Systems Technician / HVAC Service Technician / HVAC Install & Service

Glazier

Heavy Equipment Operator / Operating Engineer

Insulation Worker (Heat & Frost)

Iron Worker (Assembler, Metal Buildings)

Painter / Decorator

Plasterer

Plumber

Roofer / Waterproofer

Sheet Metal Worker

Sprinkler Fitter

Steamfitter (Service & Refrigeration)

Taper & Finisher

Telecommunications (Voice, Data & Video) Installer / Technician

Tile Setter

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INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS

Buildings C & D Neighborhoods Remodel Badger Prairie Health Care Center 1100 East Verona Ave. Verona, Wisconsin

1. SECURING DOCUMENTS

- A. Construction Documents may be obtained at www.countyofdane.com/pwbids.
- B. Since Construction Documents are obtained from the Dane County web site, Bidder is responsible to check back regularly at the web site for Addenda.

2. BID REQUIREMENTS

- A. Bidder shall submit lump sum bid for providing all labor, equipment, tools and materials necessary to perform all Work described in Construction Documents. Only firms with capabilities, experience and expertise with similar projects should submit Bids.
- B. Envelope containing Bid shall be clearly marked as for this project (note title at top of page). Bids shall be delivered to:

Dane County Department of Public Works, Highway & Transportation 1919 Alliant Energy Center Way Madison, Wisconsin 53713

- C. One (1) Bid Form shall be submitted with your Bid. Bid Form is provided with Construction Documents; no other form or letter shall be accepted.
- D. Bidders shall not add any conditions, escalator clauses of qualifying statements to Bid Form.
- E. Erasures or other changes to Bid must be explained or noted, and shall be accompanied by initials of bidder.
- F. Legally authorized official of bidder's organization shall sign Bids.
- G. Bidder's organization shall submit completed Fair Labor Practices Certification form, included in these Construction Documents.
- H. Bid Bond shall be made payable to Dane County in amount of five percent (5%) of bid amount. Bid Bond shall be either certified check or bid bond issued by surety licensed to conduct business in the State of Wisconsin. Successful bidder's Bid Bond shall be retained until Contract is signed and required Performance / Payment Bond is submitted. Bids shall be binding on bidder for one hundred-eighty (180) days after Bid Due Date. Bid Bond must be submitted with Bid.
- I. Successful bidder shall furnish and pay for Performance / Payment Bond as called for in Conditions of Contract.

3. INQUIRIES

A. Written inquiries regarding intent of Construction Documents should be directed to:

Scott Carlson, Project Manager

Dane County Department of Public Works, Highway & Transportation

1919 Alliant Energy Center Way, Madison, Wisconsin 53713

Fax: 608/267-1533

Email: carlson.scott@countyofdane.com

- B. Bidders shall bring questions, discrepancies, omissions, conflicts or doubt as to meaning of any part of Construction Documents to attention of Department of Public Works, Highway & Transportation at least ten (10) days before due date for Bids. Prompt clarification of intent of Construction Documents shall be made available to bidders in form of Addendum. Bidder shall acknowledge all Addenda on Bid Form.
- C. Failure to request clarification of interpretation of Construction Documents shall not relieve bidders of their responsibilities to perform Work.

4. EXAMINATION OF SITE

- A. Coordinate site access activities with Joe Prazak, (608) 845-1225
- B. A bidders facility tour will be held on September 24, 2014 at 1:00 p.m. at Badger Prairie Health Care Center, 1100 East Verona Ave., starting in the Lobby. This tour will go approximately 1 hour. Bidders are strongly encouraged to attend this tour, however attendance is optional.

5. ALTERNATES

- A. Each bidder shall carefully read requests for alternate bids. Thoroughly examine Drawings and Specifications to determine to what extent various changes and conditions affect Bids. Base Bid shall be considered void if alternate bids are not submitted in space available on Bid Form. Award of Contract shall be based on amount of lowest qualified Base Bid and additive Owner accepted alternates.
- B. Bidders shall state amount to be added or deducted from Base Bid for making changes, including all incidentals, omissions, additions, and adjustments as may be necessary of required by stated alternates.
- C. See Bid Form, Section 01 00 00 Basic Requirements, indicated specification sections and drawings for alternates included in this project.

6. WITHDRAWAL OF BIDS

A. Any bidder may withdraw their Bid any time prior to Bid Due Date. Withdrawn Bids shall be returned unopened.

7. BID DUE DATE

A. See Legal Notice (advertisement).

8. COMMENCEMENT AND COMPLETION OF WORK

- A. Work shall commence by November 4, 2014.
- B. Indoor work shall be completed by January 16, 2015
- C. Outdoor work shall be completed by May 15, 2015.

9. RESERVATION

A. Dane County reserves the right to reject any or all Bids, to waive any informalities in the Bid, and to accept any Bid which shall be in the best interest of Dane County.

	Name of Bidding Firm:
	BID FORM
BID NO. 314 PROJECT:	001 BUILDINGS C & D NEIGHBORHOODS REMODEL BADGER PRAIRIE HEALTH CARE CENTER
то:	DANE COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS, HIGHWAY & TRANSPORTATION PROJECT MANAGER 1919 ALLIANT ENERGY CENTER WAY MADISON, WISCONSIN 53713
The existing 1 operation as to associated sop the Work is to the Work and Documents ar Highway & T necessary for	LUMP SUM: 16-bed neighborhood in Building D shall be subdivided to optionally allow wo 8-bed households. This will involve modification of doors, hardware & phisticated electronic controls. The undersigned, having examined the site where to be executed and having become familiar with local conditions affecting the cost of having carefully examined the Drawings and Specifications, all other Construction and Addenda thereto prepared by Dane County Department of Public Works, ransportation hereby agrees to provide all labor, materials, equipment and services the complete and satisfactory execution of the entire Work, as specified in the Documents, for the Base Bid stipulated sum of:
Written Price	and/100 Dollars
Φ	

The undersigned agree following addition(s) o or subtraction(s) from

ALTERNATE BID 1 - LUMP SUM:

Add price for providing garden patio on north side of Building D including all required interior & exterior changes.

Written Price	and	_/100 Doll	ars
\$ Numeric Price (circle: Add or Deduct)			

BF - 1 Bid No. 314001 ver. 12/13

Written Price \$ Numeric Price (circle: Add or Deduct) **ALTERNATE BID 3 - LUMP SUM:** Add price for providing garden patio on north side of Building C including all required interior & exterior changes. _____ and _____/100 Dollars Written Price Numeric Price (circle: Add or Deduct) Receipt of the following addenda and inclusion of their provisions in this Bid is hereby acknowledged: Addendum No(s). _____ through _____ Dane County Human Services - Badger Prairie Health Care Center must have the indoor work for this project completed by January 16, 2015 & the outdoor for this project completed by May 15, 2015. Assuming this Work can be started by November 4, 2014, what dates can you commence and complete this job?

Commencement Date: _____ Completion Date: _____ (final, not substantial)

I hereby certify that all statements herein are made on behalf of: (Name of Corporation, Partnership or Person submitting Bid) Select one of the following: 1. A corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of , or 2. A partnership consisting of , or 3. A person conducting business as ______; Of the City, Village, or Town of of the State of . I have examined and carefully prepared this Bid from the associated Construction Documents and have checked the same in detail before submitting this Bid; that I have full authority to make such statements and submit this Bid in (its) (their) (my) behalf; and that the said statements are true and correct. In signing this Bid, we also certify that we have not, either directly or indirectly, entered into any agreement or participated in any collusion or otherwise taken any action in restraint of free competition; that no attempt has been made to induce any other person or firm to submit or not to submit a Bid; that this Bid has been independently arrived at without collusion with any other bidder, competitor, or potential competitor; that this Bid has not been knowingly disclosed prior to the Bids Due Date to another bidder or competitor; that the above statement is accurate under penalty of perjury. The undersigned further agrees to honor the Base Bid and the Alternate Bid(s) for 180 days from date of Award of Contract. SIGNATURE: (Bid is invalid without signature) Print Name: Date:

Telephone No.: _____ Fax No.: ____

Email Address:

Contact Person: ____

THIS PAGE IS FOR BIDDERS' REFERENCE AND NEED NOT BE SUBMITTED WITH BID FORM.

BID CHECK LIST:		
These items must be included w	ith Bid:	
□ Bid Form	☐ Bid Bond	☐ Fair Labor Practices Certification

BIDDERS SHOULD BE AWARE OF THE FOLLOWING:

DANE COUNTY VENDOR REGISTRATION PROGRAM

Any person bidding on any County contract must be registered with the Dane County Purchasing Division & pay an annual registration fee. A contract will not be awarded to an unregistered vendor. Obtain a *Vendor Registration Form* by calling 608/266-4131 or complete a new form or renewal online at:

www.danepurchasing.com/registration

DANE COUNTY BEST VALUE CONTRACTING PRE-QUALIFICATION

Contractors must be pre-qualified as a Best Value Contractor with the Dane County Public Works Engineering Division before the award of contract. Obtain a *Best Value Contracting Application* by calling 608/266-4018 or complete one online at:

www.countyofdane.com/pwht/BVC_Application.aspx

EQUAL BENEFITS REQUIREMENT

By submitting a Bid, the contractor acknowledges that a condition of this contract is to provide equal benefits as required by Dane County Code of Ordinances Chapter 25.016. Contractor shall provide equal benefits as required by that Ordinance to all required employees during the term of the contract. Equal Benefits Compliance Payment Certification shall be submitted with final pay request. For more information:

www.danepurchasing.com/partner_benefit.aspx

FAIR LABOR PRACTICES CERTIFICATION

The undersigned, for and on behalf of the BIDDER, APPLICANT or PROPOSER named herein, certifies as follows:

A. That he or she is an officer or duly authorized agent of the above-referenced BIDDER,

APPLICANT or PROPOSER, which has a submitted a proposal, bid or application for a contract with the county of Dane.

B. That BIDDER, APPLICANT or PROPOSER has (check one):

______ not been found by the National Labor Relations Board ("NLRB") or the Wisconsin Employment Relations Commission ("WERC") to have violated any statute or regulation regarding labor standards or relations in the seven years prior to the signature date of this Certification.

______ been found by the National Labor Relations Board ("NLRB") or the Wisconsin Employment Relations Commission ("WERC") to have violated any statute or regulation regarding labor standards or relations in the seven years prior to the signature date of this Certification.

Officer or Authorized Agent Signature

Date

Printed or Typed Name and Title

Printed or Typed Business Name

NOTE: You can find information regarding the violations described above at: www.nlrb.gov and werc.wi.gov.

For reference, Dane County Ordinance 25.11(28)(a) is as follows:

(28) BIDDER RESPONSIBILITY. (a) Any bid, application or proposal for any contract with the county, including public works contracts regulated under chapter 40, shall include a certification indicating whether the bidder has been found by the National Labor Relations Board (NLRB) or the Wisconsin Employment Relations Committee (WERC) to have violated any statute or regulation regarding labor standards or relations within the last seven years. The purchasing manager shall investigate any such finding and make a recommendation to the committee, which shall determine whether the conduct resulting in the finding affects the bidder's responsibility to perform the contract.

If you indicated that the NLRB or WERC have found you to have such a violation, you must include copies of any relevant information regarding such violation with your proposal, bid or application.



COUNTY OF DANE

PUBLIC WORKS CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT

Contract No. ______ Bid No. <u>314001</u>

the Conditions of Contract.

Authority: 2014 RES
THIS CONTRACT, made and entered into as of the date by which authorized representatives of both parties have affixed their signatures, by and between the County of Dane (hereafter referred to as "COUNTY") and (hereafter, "CONTRACTOR"), and
WITNESSETH:
WHEREAS, COUNTY, whose address is c/o Assistant Public Works Director, 1919 Alliant Energy Center Way, Madison, WI 53713, desires to have CONTRACTOR provide <u>Buildings C & D Neighborhoods Remodel, 1100 East Verona Ave, including Alternate Bids 1, 2 & 3 (if applicable)</u> ("the Project"); and
WHEREAS, CONTRACTOR, whose address is is able and willing to construct the Project, in accordance with the Construction Documents; NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the above premises and the mutual covenants of the parties hereinafter set forth, the receipt and sufficiency of which is acknowledged by each party for itself, COUNTY and CONTRACTOR do agree as follows:
1. CONTRACTOR agrees to construct, for the price of \$ the Project and at the CONTRACTOR'S own proper cost and expense to furnish all materials, supplies, machinery, equipment, tools, superintendence labor, insurance, and other accessories and services necessary to complete the Project in accordance with the conditions and prices stated in the Bid Form, Conditions of Contract, the drawings which include all maps, plats, plans, and other drawings and printed or written explanatory matter thereof, and the specifications therefore as prepared by Plunkett Raysich Architects, LLP (hereinafter referred to as "the Architect / Engineer"), and as enumerated in the Project Manual Table of Contents, all of which are made a part hereof and collectively evidence and constitute the Contract.
2. COUNTY agrees to pay the CONTRACTOR in current funds for the performance of the Contract subject to additions and deductions, as provided in the Conditions of Contract, and to make payments on account thereof as provided in Article entitled, "Payments to Contractor" of

3. During the term of this Contract, CONTRACTOR agrees to take affirmative action to ensure equal employment opportunities. The CONTRACTOR agrees in accordance with Wisconsin Statute 111.321 and Chapter 19 of the Dane County Code of Ordinances not to discriminate on the basis of age, race, ethnicity, religion, color, gender, disability, marital status, sexual orientation, national origin, cultural differences, ancestry, physical appearance, arrest record or conviction record, military participation or membership in the national guard, state defense force

or any other reserve component of the military forces of the United States, or political beliefs. Such equal opportunity shall include, but not be limited to, the following: employment, upgrading, demotion, transfer, recruitment, advertising, layoff, termination, training, rates of pay, and any other form of compensation. CONTRACTOR agrees to post in conspicuous places, available to all employees and applicants for employment, notices setting forth the provisions of this paragraph.

- **4.** CONTRACTOR shall file an Affirmative Action Plan with the Dane County Contract Compliance Officer in accord with Chapter 19 of the Dane County Code of Ordinances. CONTRACTOR must file such plan within fifteen (15) days of the effective date of this Contract. During the term of this Contract CONTRACTOR shall also provide copies of all announcements of employment opportunities to COUNTY'S Contract Compliance Office, and shall report annually the number of persons, by race, ethnicity, gender, and disability status, which apply for employment and, similarly classified, the number hired and number rejected.
- **5.** During the term of this Contract, all solicitations for employment placed on CONTRACTOR'S behalf shall include a statement to the effect that CONTRACTOR is an "Equal Opportunity Employer."
- **6.** CONTRACTOR agrees to comply with provisions of Chapter 25.016 of the Dane County Code of Ordinances, which pertains to domestic partnership benefits.
- 7. CONTRACTOR agrees to furnish all information and reports required by COUNTY'S Contract Compliance Officer as the same relate to affirmative action and nondiscrimination, which may include any books, records, or accounts deemed appropriate to determine compliance with Chapter 19, Dane County Code of Ordinances, and the provisions of this Contract.
- 8. CONTRACTOR agrees that all persons employed by CONTRACTOR or any subcontractor shaft be paid no less than the minimum wage established under Chapter 40, Subchapter II, Dane County Code of Ordinances. CONTRACTOR agrees to abide by and comply with the provisions of Chapter 40, Subchapter II of the Dane County Code of Ordinances, and said Subchapter is fully incorporated herein by reference.
- **9.** This Contract is intended to be a Contract solely between the parties hereto and for their benefit only. No part of this Contract shall be construed to add to, supplement, amend, abridge or repeal existing rights, benefits or privileges of any third party or parties including, but not limited to, employees of either of the parties.
- **10.** The entire agreement of the parties is contained herein and this Contract supersedes any and all oral agreements and negotiations between the parties relating to the subject matter hereof. The parties expressly agree that the express terms of this Contract shall not be amended in any fashion except in writing, executed by both parties.
- **11.** CONTRACTOR must be pre-qualified as a Best Value Contractor with Dane County Public Works Engineering Division before award of Contract. Subcontractors must be pre-qualified ten (10) days prior to commencing Work under this Contract.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, COUNTY and CONTRACTOR, by their respective authorized agents, have caused this Contract and its Schedules to be executed, effective as of the date by which all parties hereto have affixed their respective signatures, as indicated below.

* * * * * * *

FOR CONTRACTOR:

Signature	Date
Printed or Typed Name and Title	
Signature	Date
NOTE: If CONTRACTOR is a corporation, Secretary should atte Regulations, unincorporated entities are required to provide either Employer Number in order to receive payment for services rendered with the contract is not valid or effectual for any purpose until approvidesignated below, and no work is authorized until the CONTRACT proceed by COUNTY'S Assistant Public Works Director. FOR COUNTY:	their Social Security or ed. ved by the appropriate authority
Joseph T. Parisi, County Executive	Date
Scott McDonell, County Clerk	Date

THE AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF ARCHITECTS



AIA Document A310

Bid Bond

Bond No.

ATTORNEY-IN-FACT

	Dia Dona		Boliu No.
KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, 1		ert full name and add	ress or legal title of Contractor)
as Principal, hereinafter called the Principal, an		e insert full name and	address or legal title of Surety)
a corporation duly organized under the laws o held and firmly bound unto			fter called the Surety, are address or legal title of Owner)
as Obligee, hereinafter called Obligee, in the s	um of () Percent of total amount bid
		Dollars (\$	Percent of attached bid).
For the payment of which sum well and true ourselves, our heirs, executors, administrators, presents. WHEREAS, the Principal has submitted a bid NOW, THEREFORE, if the Obligee shall accept the bid in accordance with the terms of such bid, and give such be good and sufficient surety for the faithful performance of the prosecution thereof, or in the event of the failure of Principal shall pay to the Obligee the difference not to exlarger amount for which the Obligee may in good faith or obligation shall be null and void, otherwise to remain in for	for Project No.: (Here of the Principal and the lond or bonds as may be such Contract and for the Principal to enter acced the penalty hereometric with another party	igns, jointly and sinsert full name, add Principal shall enter in specified in the bidding the prompt payment of such Contract and go between the amount	ress, and description of project) nto a Contract with the Obligee ng or Contract Documents with labor and material furnished in ive such bond or bonds, if the it specified in said bid and such
Signed and sealed this	day of		, 20 .
		(Principal)	(Seal)
(Witness)		(Title)	
		(Surety)	(Seal)
(Witness)			

THE AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF ARCHITECTS



Bond No.

AIA Document A312

Performance Bond

Any singular reference to Contractor, Surety	y, Owner or other party shall be considered plural where applic	able.
CONTRACTOR (Name and Address):	SURETY (Name and Principa	Il Place of Business):
OWNER (Name and Address):		
CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT Date: Amount: \$ Description (Name and Location):		
BOND Date (Not earlier than Construction Contract Date Amount: \$	ate):	
Modifications to this Bond:	[] None	[] See Page 3
CONTRACTOR AS PRINCIPAL COMPANY: (Corporate Seal)	SURETY COMPANY:	(Corporate Seal)
Signature:Name and Title:	Signature: Name and Title:	
(Any additional signatures appear on page 3)		Attorney-in-Fact
FOR INFORMATION ONLY-Name, Address and T	elephone OWNER'S REPRESENTA	TIVE (Architect,

- 1. The Contractor and the Surety, jointly and severally, bind themselves, their heirs, executors, administrators, successors, and assigns to the Owner for the performance of the Construction Contract, which is incorporated herein by reference.
- 2. If the Contractor performs the Construction Contract, the Surety and the Contractor shall have no obligation under this Bond, except to participate in conferences as provided in Subparagraph 3.1.
- **3.** If there is no Owner Default, the Surety's obligation under this Bond shall arise after:
 - 3.1 The Owner has notified the Contractor and the Surety at its address described in Paragraph 10 below that the Owner is considering declaring a Contractor Default and has requested and attempted to arrange a conference with the Contractor and the Surety to be held not later than fifteen days after receipt of such notice to discuss methods of performing the Construction Contract. If the Owner, the Contractor and the Surety agree, the Contractor shall be allowed a reasonable time to perform the Construction Contract, but such an agreement shall not waive the Owner's right, if any, subsequently to declare a Contractor Default; and
 - 3.2 The Owner has declared a Contractor Default and formally terminated the Contractor's right to complete the contract. Such Contractor Default shall not be declared earlier than twenty days after the Contractor and the Surety have received notice as provided in Subparagraph 3.1; and
 - 3.3 The Owner has agreed to pay the Balance of the Contract Price to the Surety in accordance with the terms of the Construction Contract or to a contractor selected to perform the Construction Contract in accordance with the terms of the contract with the Owner.
- **4.** When the Owner has satisfied the conditions of Paragraph 3, the Surety shall promptly and at the Surety's expense take one of the following actions:
 - **4.1** Arrange for the Contractor, with consent of the Owner, to perform and complete the Construction Contract; or
 - **4.2** Undertake to perform and complete the Construction Contract itself, through its agents or through independent contractors; or
 - 4.3 Obtain bids or negotiated proposals from qualified contractors acceptable to the Owner for a contract for performance and completion of the Construction Contract, arrange for a contract to be prepared for execution by the Owner and the contractor selected with the Owner's concurrence, to be secured with performance and payment bonds executed by a qualified surety equivalent to the bonds issued on the Construction Contract, and pay to the Owner the amount of damages as described in Paragraph 6 in excess of the Balance of the Contract Price incurred by the Owner resulting from the Contractor's default;
 - **4.4** Waive its rights to perform and complete, arrange for completion, or obtain a new contractor and with reasonable promptness under the circumstances:
 - 1. After investigation, determine the amount for

- which it may be liable to the Owner and, as soon as practicable after the amount is determined, tender payment therefor to the Owner; or
- **2.** Deny liability in whole or in part and notify the Owner citing reasons therefor.
- **5.** If the Surety does not proceed as provided in Paragraph 4 with reasonable promptness, the Surety shall be deemed to be in default on this Bond fifteen days after receipt of an additional written notice from the Owner to the Surety demanding that the Surety perform its obligations under this Bond, and the Owner shall be entitled to enforce any remedy available to the Owner. If the Surety proceeds as provided in Subparagraph 4.4, and the Owner refuses the payment tendered or the Surety has denied liability, in whole or in part, without further notice the Owner shall be entitled to enforce any remedy available to the Owner.
- **6.** After the Owner has terminated the Contractor's right to complete the Construction Contract, and if the Surety elects to act under Subparagraph 4.1, 4.2, or 4.3 above, then the responsibilities of the Surety to the Owner shall not be greater than those of the Contractor under the Construction Contract, and the responsibilities of the Owner to the Surety shall not be greater than those of the Owner under the Construction Contract. To the limit of the amount of this Bond, but subject to commitment by the Owner of the Balance of the Contract Price to mitigation of costs and damages on the Construction Contract, the Surety is jobligated without duplication for:
 - 6.1 The responsibilities of the Contractor for correction of defective work and completion of the Construction Contract;
 - **6.2** Additional legal, design professional and delay costs resulting from the Contractor's Default, and resulting from the actions or failure to act of the Surety under Paragraph 4; and
 - **6.3** Liquidated damages, or if no liquidated damages are specified in the Construction Contract, actual damages caused by delayed performance or non-performance of the Contractor.
- 7. The Surety shall not be liable to the Owner or others for obligations of the Contractor that are unrelated to the Construction Contract, and the Balance of the Contract Price shall not be reduced or set off on account of any such unrelated obligations. No right of action shall accrue on this Bond to any person or entity other than the Owner or its heirs, executors, administrators, or successors.
- **8.** The Surety hereby waives notice of any change, including changes of time, to the Construction Contract or to related subcontracts, purchase orders and other obligations.
- **9.** Any proceeding, legal or equitable, under this Bond may be instituted in any court of competent jurisdiction in the location in which the work or part of the work is located and shall be instituted within two years after Contractor Default or within two years after the Contractor ceased working or within two years after the Surety refuses or fails to perform its obligations under this Bond, whichever occurs first. If the provisions of this Paragraph are void or prohibited by law, the minimum period of limitation available to sureties as a defense in the jurisdiction of the suit shall be applicable.

- **10.** Notice to the Surety, the Owner or the Contractor shall be mailed or delivered to the address shown on the signature page.
- 11. When this Bond has been furnished to comply with a statutory or other legal requirement in the location where the construction was to be performed, any provision in this Bond conflicting with said statutory or legal requirement shall be deemed deleted here from and provisions conforming to such statutory or other legal requirement shall be deemed incorporated herein. The intent is that this Bond shall be construed as a statutory bond and not as a common law bond.

12 DEFINITIONS

12.1 Balance of the Contract Price: The total amount payable by the Owner to the Contractor under the Construction Contract after all proper adjustments have been made, including allowance to the Contractor of any amounts received or to be received by the Owner in settlement of insurance or other

claims for damages to which the Contractor is entitled, reduced by all valid and proper payments made to or on behalf of the Contractor under the Construction Contract.

- **12.2** Construction Contract: The agreement between the Owner and the Contractor identified on the signature page, including all Contract Documents and changes thereto.
- **12.3** Contractor Default: Failure of the Contractor, which has neither been remedied nor waived, to perform or otherwise to comply with the terms of the Construction Contract.
- **12.4** Owner Default: Failure of the Owner, which has neither been remedied nor waived, to pay the Contractor as required by the Construction Contract or to perform and complete or comply with the other terms thereof.

MODIFICATIONS TO THIS BOND ARE AS FOLLOWS:

(Space is provided below for additional signatures of added parties, other than those appearing on the cover page.)	

SURETY

Company:

Signature:

Address:

Name and Title:

(Corporate Seal)

(Corporate Seal)

CONTRACTOR AS PRINCIPAL

Company:

Signature:

Address:

Name and Title:

THE AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF ARCHITECTS



Bond No.

AIA Document A312

Payment Bond

Any singular reference to Contractor, Si	urety, Owner or other party shall be considered plural where applicable.
CONTRACTOR (Name and Address):	SURETY (Name and Principal Place of Business):
OWNER (Name and Address):	
CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT Date: Amount: \$ Description (Name and Location):	
BOND Date (Not earlier than Construction Contract Amount: \$	Date):
Modifications to this Bond:	[] None [] See Page 6
CONTRACTOR AS PRINCIPAL COMPANY: (Corporate Sea	SURETY COMPANY: (Corporate Seal)
Signature:Name and Title:	Signature: Name and Title:
	Attorney-in-Fac
(Any additional signatures appear on page 6	
FOR INFORMATION ONLY-Name, Address and AGENT OR BROKER:	d Telephone OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE (Architect, Engineer or other party):

- 1. The Contractor and the Surety, jointly and severally, bind themselves, their heirs, executors, administrators, successors, and assigns to the Owner to pay for labor, materials and equipment furnished for use in the performance of the Construction Contract, which is incorporated herein by reference.
- 2. With respect to the Owner, this obligation shall be null and void if the Contractor:
 - **2.1** Promptly makes payment, directly, or indirectly, for all sums due Claimants, and
 - 2.2 Defends, indemnifies and holds harmless the Owner from claims, demands, liens or suits by any person or entity whose claim, demand, lien or suit is for the payment for labor, materials, or equipment furnished for use in the performance of the Construction Contract, provided the Owner has promptly notified the Contractor and the Surety (at the address described in Paragraph 12) of any claims, demands, liens, or suits and tendered defense of such claims, demands, liens or suits to the Contractor and the Surety, and provided there is no Owner Default.
- **3.** With respect to Claimants, this obligation shall be null and void if the Contractor promptly makes payment, directly or indirectly, for all sums due.
- **4.** The Surety shall have no obligation to Claimants under this Bond until:
 - 4.1 Claimants who are employed by or have a direct contract with the Contractor have given notice to the Surety (at the address described in Paragraph 12) and sent a copy, or notice thereof, to the Owner, stating that a claim is being made under this Bond and, with substantial accuracy, the amount of the claim.
 - **4.2** Claimants who do not have a direct contract with the Contractor:
 - 1. Have furnished written notice to the Contractor and sent a copy, or notice thereof, to the Owner, within 90 days after having last performed labor or last furnished materials or equipment included in the claim stating, with substantial accuracy, the amount of the claim and the name of the party to whom the materials were furnished or supplied or for whom the labor was done or performed; and
 - 2. Have either received a rejection in whole or in part from the Contractor, or not received within 30 days of furnishing the above notice any communication from the Contractor by which the Contractor has indicated the claim will be paid directly or indirectly; and
 - 3. Not having been paid within the above 30 days, have sent a written notice to the Surety (at the address described in Paragraph 12) and sent a copy, or notice thereof, to the Owner, stating that a claim is being made under this Bond and enclosing a copy of the previous written notice furnished to the Contractor.
- **5.** If a notice required by Paragraph 4 is given by the Owner to the Contractor or to the Surety, that is sufficient compliance.
- **6.** When the Claimant has satisfied the conditions of Paragraph 4, the Surety shall promptly and at the Surety's expense take the following actions:

- **6.1** Send an answer to the Claimant, with a copy to the Owner, within 45 days after receipt of the claim, stating the amounts that are undisputed and the basis for challenging any amounts that are disputed.
- **6.2** Pay or arrange for payment of any undisputed amounts.
- 7. The Surety's total obligation shall not exceed the amount of this Bond, and the amount of this Bond shall be credited for any payments made in good faith by the Surety.
- 8. Amounts owed by the Owner to the Contractor under the Construction Contract shall be used for the performance of the Construction Contract and to satisfy claims, if any, under any Construction Performance Bond. By the Contractor furnishing and the Owner accepting this Bond, they agree that all funds earned by the Contractor in the performance of the Construction Contract are dedicated to satisfy obligations of the Contractor and the Surety under this Bond, subject to the Owner's priority to use the funds for the completion of the work.
- 9. The Surety shall not be liable to the Owner, Claimants or others for obligations of the Contractor that are unrelated to the Construction Contract. The Owner shall not be liable for payment of any costs or expenses of any Claimant under this Bond, and shall have under this Bond no obligations to make payments to, give notices on behalf of, or otherwise have obligations to Claimants under this Bond.
- 10. The Surety hereby waives notice of any change, including changes of time, to the Construction Contract or to related subcontracts, purchase orders and other obligations.
- 11. No suit or action shall be commenced by a Claimant under this Bond other than in a court of competent jurisdiction in the location in which the work or part of the work is located or after the expiration of one year from the date (1) on which the Claimant gave the notice required by Subparagraph 4.1 or Clause 4.2.3, or (2) on which the last labor or service was performed by anyone or the last materials or equipment were furnished by anyone under the Construction Contract, whichever of (1) or (2) first occurs. If the provisions of this Paragraph are void or prohibited by law, the minimum period of limitation available to sureties as a defense in the jurisdiction of the suit shall be applicable.
- 12. Notice to the Surety, the Owner or the Contractor shall be mailed or delivered to the address shown on the signature page. Actual receipt of notice by Surety, the Owner or the Contractor, however accomplished, shall be sufficient compliance as of the date received at the address shown on the signature page.
- 13. When this Bond has been furnished to comply with a statutory or other legal requirement in the location where the construction was to be performed, any provision in this Bond conflicting with said statutory or legal requirement shall be deemed deleted herefrom and provisions conforming to such statutory or other legal requirement shall be deemed incorporated herein. The intent is that this Bond shall be construed as a statutory bond and not as a common law bond.
- **14.** Upon request by any person or entity appearing to be a potential beneficiary of this Bond, the Contractor

shall promptly furnish a copy of this Bond or shall permit a copy to be made.

15. DEFINITIONS

Address:

15.1 Claimant: An individual or entity having a direct contract with the Contractor or with a subcontractor of the Contractor to furnish labor, materials or equipment for use in the performance of the Contract. The intent of this Bond shall be to include without limitation in the terms "labor, materials or equipment" that part of water, gas, power, light, heat, oil, gasoline, telephone service or rental equipment used in the Construction Contract, architectural and engineering services required for performance of the work of the Contractor and the Contractor's

subcontractors, and all other items for which a mechanic's lien may be asserted in the jurisdiction where the labor, materials or equipment were furnished.

- **15.2** Construction Contract: The agreement between the Owner and the Contractor identified on the signature page, including all Contract Documents and changes thereto.
- **15.3** Owner Default: Failure of the Owner, which has neither been remedied nor waived, to pay the Contractor as required by the Construction Contract or to perform and complete or comply with the other terms thereof.

MODIFICATIONS TO THIS BOND ARE AS FOLLOWS:

(Space is provided be CONTRACTOR AS	low for additional signatures of added	parties, other than those app	pearing on the cover page.)
_	(Corporate Seal)	Company:	(Corporate Seal)
Signature:Name and Title:		Signature: Name and Title:	

Address:

EQUAL BENEFITS COMPLIANCE PAYMENT CERTIFICATION

PURPOSE

representative at Dane County.

25.016(8) of the Dane County Ordinance requires that each contractor receiving payment for contracted services must certify that he or she has complied fully with the requirements of Chapter 25.016 "Equal Benefits Requirement" of the Dane County Ordinances. Such certification must be submitted prior to the final payment on the contract.

This form should be included with a copy of the final contract invoice forwarded to your contract representative at Dane County.

CERTIFICATION	
I, certif	y that
Printed or Typed Name and Title	,
Printed or Typed Name of Contractor	
has complied fully with the requirements of Chapter 25.016 of the Dane County Ordinances "Equal Benefits Requirements".	S
Signed	
Date	
For questions on this form, please contact Chuck Hicklin at 608-266-4109 or your contract	



CONDITIONS OF CONTRACT

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1. BIDS AND QUUIATIONS	1
2. GUARANTEE AND BOND	2
3. SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA AND SAMPLES	3
4. AWARDS	4
5. CONTRACT PROVISIONS	5
6. GENERAL GUARANTEE	10
7. IDENTICAL BIDDING	11
8. BINDING CONTRACTS	11
9. AFFIRMATIVE ACTION PROVISION AND MINORITY / WOMI	EN/
DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISES	11
10. COMPLIANCE WITH FAIR LABOR STANDARDS	
11. DOMESTIC PARTNERSHIP BENEFITS	12
12. INSURANCE REOUIREMENTS	

1. BIDS AND QUOTATIONS

- A. Addressing of Bids. Bids shall be addressed to the attention of Public Works Engineering Division and received at the Dane County Department of Public Works, Highway & Transportation, 1919 Alliant Energy Center Way, Madison, WI 53713, on or before the local time and date specified herein for the Bid Due Date. Seal all bids in envelopes and clearly mark the front with bid number and a reference to the specified contents of the bid. All uses of the term "County" in the Construction Documents shall mean Dane County.
- B. **Only One Copy Required.** Unless otherwise specified, only one copy of a bid or quotation on prescribed Bid Form will be required.
- C. **Additional Data with Bid.** Bidder may submit, on the firm's letterhead only, additional data and information deemed advantageous to the County. The County shall hold optional the consideration of such data and information.
- D. More than One Bid. Bidders desiring to submit more than one bid may do so provided such additional bid or bids are properly submitted on the Dane County Department of Public Works, Highway & Transportation's Bid Form. Obtain extra sets of Construction Documents from the Dane County Department of Public Works, Highway & Transportation. All uses of the term "Department" in the Construction Documents shall mean the Department of Public Works, Highway & Transportation, which is a unit of Dane County government.
- E. **Withdrawal or Late Bids.** The County will not accept formal bids, amendments thereto, or requests for withdrawal of a bid or any part thereof, after the time of Bid Due Date.
- F. **Preparation and Submission.** All written bids, unless otherwise provided for, must be submitted on and in accordance with forms provided by the County properly signed in ink. Bids not signed by hand are not accepted. Bidders must register in advance with the Purchasing Division.
- G. **Products by Name.** Intention of Specifications of products by name is to be descriptive of quality, workmanship, finish, function and approximate characteristics desired; intention is not necessarily restriction. Consideration of products substitution for those named is possible, provided the substitute offered is, in the opinion of the Dane County Public Works

Project Manager, equal or superior in quality, workmanship, finish, function and approximate characteristics to that specified in the Project Manual Specifications listed herein.

- H. **Visitation of Sites.** Bidder shall visit the site(s) that will receive the intended work or installation, and in so doing, be held responsible for a job deemed satisfactory by the County after completion of the Work or installation. No additional compensation shall be allowed for any condition of which bidder could have been informed.
- I. **Completeness.** Supply all information required by Construction Documents to constitute a regular bid. This shall include:
 - 1. Completed Bid Form.
 - 2. Completed Fair Labor Practices Certification.
 - 3. Completed Bid Bond.
- J. **Bids Binding One Hundred-Eighty (180) Days.** Unless otherwise specified all formal bids submitted shall be binding for one hundred-eighty (180) calendar days following Bid Due Date.
- K. Conditional Bids. Qualified bids are subject to complete rejection, or partial rejection.
- L. **All or Part.** Bids or quotations may be considered and award made for all or any part of total quantities as specified in the Construction Documents.
- M. **Errors.** Unit bid price shall govern when extending total prices has errors. Carelessness in quoting prices or in preparation of bid otherwise, will not relieve the bidder. Explain all erasures in bids and include signature of bidder.
- N. **Regulation by State Statutes.** The bidding and letting of contracts are subject to provisions of Wisconsin Statutes 59.52(29) and 66.0901 and all subsequent sections and amendments thereof.
- O. **Bidders Present.** The Bid Due Date is the time fixed for the opening of formal bids. The Bids' contents will be made public for the information of bidders and others properly interested, who may be present either in person or by representative. Bidders are encouraged to attend all openings, and to offer constructive suggestions for improvements to bid format or ways in which County can realize greater savings.
- P. **Taxes.** Contractor shall pay applicable State and local sales taxes.

2. GUARANTEE AND BOND

A. **Bid Bond / Guarantee.** A Bid Bond shall accompany Bids, which shall be either a flat sum or a percentage figure as shown on the Project Manual Cover. This Bid Bond shall serve as a warrant that the successful bidder will fulfill the terms of the bid within the time limit as indicated in the bid after notice of award by the Dane County. The Bid Bond may be a certified bank check (note: uncertified checks will not be acceptable), a cashier's check or a United State money order payable to the order of the Treasurer of Dane County; or on a Bid Bond with corporate surety authorized to do business in the State of Wisconsin and a warranty of attorney to confess judgment thereon attached thereto. The County will return

negotiable Bid Bonds to unsuccessful bidders after awarding of bid. The County shall return a check held from a Contractor after satisfactory completion of the Contract or after receipt by the County of a Performance Bond from the Contractor, if one is required. Surety Bid Bonds will not be returned unless specifically requested by individual bidders.

- B. **Guarantor Liability.** When guarantee is required, failure of bidder to furnish an acceptable Performance Bond (Article 2.C.) within twenty (20) days after receipt of notice of award shall render the guarantor liable to the County. Bids covered by certified check or bond such security shall become the absolute property of the County and shall be deposited with the County Treasurer for the benefit of the County as liquidated damages. The County shall forthwith proceed to collect on the Bid Bond.
- C. **Performance / Payment Bond.** When required, file a guarantee that the successful bidder will faithfully perform the obligations of the bid as accepted. Such guarantee must be a bond complying with Wisconsin Statute 779.14 with corporate surety authorized to do business in this State, and that the Contractor or subcontractors will be responsible for all claims for injuries to persons or damages to property or premises arising out of or in connection with their operations prior to the acceptance of the finished work or supplies, and that they will promptly make payments to all persons supplying them with labor or materials in the execution of the Work provided for in the Contract; guarantee to indemnify, hold harmless and defend Dane County, its boards, commissions, agencies, officers, employees and representatives from all costs, damages and expenses growing out of or by reason of the successful bidder's failure to comply and perform the Work and complete the Contract in accordance with the Construction Documents; attach thereto a warrant of attorney authorizing the confession of judgment thereon for the benefit of the County.

3. SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA AND SAMPLES

- A. Shop Drawings are drawings, diagrams, schedules and other data specially prepared for the Work by the Contractor or a subcontractor, sub-subcontractor, manufacturer, supplier or distributor to illustrate some portion of the Work.
- B. Product Data are illustrations, standard schedules, performance charts, instructions, brochures, diagrams and other information furnished by the Contractor to illustrate materials or equipment for some portion of the Work.
- C. Samples are physical examples that illustrate materials, equipment or workmanship and establish standards to compare the Work.
- D. Shop Drawings, Product Data, Samples and similar submittals are not Construction Documents. The purpose of their submittal is to demonstrate for those portions of the Work for which submittals are required the way the Contractor proposes to conform to the information given and the design concept expressed in the Construction Documents.
- E. The Contractor shall review, approve and submit to the Public Works Project Manager Shop Drawings, Product Data, Samples and similar submittals required by the Construction Documents with reasonable promptness and in such sequence as to cause no delay in the Work or in the activities of the County or of separate contractors. Submittals made by the Contractor not required by the Construction Documents, may be returned without action.
- F. The Contractor shall perform no portion of the Work requiring submittal and review of Shop Drawings, Product Data, Samples or similar submittals until the Public Works Project

- Manager has approved the respective submittal. Such Work shall be in accordance with approved submittals.
- G. By approving and submitting, Shop Drawings, Product Data, Samples and similar submittals, the Contractor represents that the Contractor has determined and verified materials, field measurements and field construction criteria related thereto, or will do so, and has checked and coordinated the information contained within such submittals with the requirements of the Work and of the Construction Documents.
- H. The Contractor shall not be relieved of responsibility for deviations from requirements of the Construction Documents by the Public Works Project Manager's approval of Shop Drawings, Product Data, Samples and similar submittals unless the Contractor has specifically informed the Public Works Project Manager in writing of such deviation at the time of submittal and the Public Works Project Manager has given written approval to the specific deviation. The Contractor shall not be relieved of responsibility for errors or omissions in Shop Drawings, Product Data, Sample or similar submittals by the Public Works Project Manager's approval thereof.
- I. The Contractor shall in writing direct specific attention to revised and / or resubmitted Shop Drawings, Product Data, Samples or similar submittals that were not requested by the Architect / Engineer or the Public Works Project Manager on previous submittals.
- J. Unless specified otherwise, Contractor shall submit three (3) copies of all Shop Drawings, Product Data, Samples or similar submittals for each submission, until receiving final approval. After final approval, provide five (5) additional copies for distribution and such other copies as may be required.

4. AWARDS

- A. **Lowest Responsible Bidder.** Award will be to the lowest responsible bidder conforming to Construction Documents or on the most advantageous bid to the County.
- B. **Other Considerations.** Quantities involved, time of delivery, purpose for which required, competency of bidder, the ability to render satisfactory service and past performance will be considered in determining responsibility.
- C. **Rejection of Bids.** The County reserves the right to reject any or all bids or quotations in whole or in part and to award by items, parts of items, or by any aggregate group of items specified. The County reserves also the right to waive technical defects when in its judgment the best interests of the County thereby will be served.
- D. **Notice of Acceptance.** Sufficient notification of acceptance of bid will be written notice of award to a bidder in the form of a Purchase Order or similar, mailed or delivered to the address shown on the Bid Form.
- E. **Tie Bids.** If two or more bidders submit identical bids, the decision of the County to make award to one or more of such bidders shall be final. Cash discount will be taken into consideration determining an award. Also, see Article 7.A. IDENTICAL BIDDING, Antitrust Laws.
- F. **Qualifying Bidders.** Prior to solicitation and / or awarding of bid, the County may require submission by bidder of complete financial statement and questionnaire describing bidder's

financial ability and experience in performance of similar work. Refer to Instructions to Bidders.

- G. **Disqualification.** Awards will not be made to any person, firm or company in default of a Contract with the County, or to any bidder having as its sales agent or representative or as a member of the firm, any individual previously in default or guilty of misrepresentation.
- H. **Bid Results.** Bidders may secure information pertaining to results of bids by visiting the County Purchasing Division Office Monday through Friday, between 7:45 a.m. and 4:30 p.m.

5. CONTRACT PROVISIONS

- A. Acceptance Constitutes Contract. Written acceptance by the Public Works Project Manager of a proposal for services shall constitute a Contract, which shall bind the bidder to perform the Work as detailed in the Construction Documents, for the bid amount and in accordance with all conditions of said accepted bid. A formal Contract containing all provisions of the Contract signed by both parties shall be used when required by the Public Works Project Manager.
- B. Local Restrictions and Permits. All work shall be done according to applicable laws, ordinances and codes. The Contractor shall procure and pay for all required permits for permanent or temporary work.
- C. **Payment of Invoices.** Payment may be made only after inspection and acceptance by the using agency and approval by the Dane County Public Works Project Manager, and, where required by ordinances, approval by the Dane County Board of Supervisors. If materials or equipment were delivered, constructed, erected, installed or tested on site, payment shall be made based on ninety-five percent (95%) of the value of all the Work performed up to fifty percent (50%) of scheduled values less the total of previous payments. Authorized extra work will be included in progress payments. Payment of balances will be made only after approval and final acceptance by the County in consideration and elimination of the possibilities of imperfect work, faulty materials or equipment, liens that have been filed, or if evidence indicates the possible filing of claims.
- D. **Contract Alterations.** No alterations or variables in the terms of a contract shall be valid or binding upon the County unless made in writing and signed by the Purchasing Agent or authorized agent.
- E. **Assignments.** No contract may be assigned, sublet or transferred without written consent of the Public Works Project Manager.
- F. Cancellations. A contract may be canceled or voided by the Public Works Project Manager upon non-performance or violation of contract provisions, and an award made to the next low bidder or articles specified may be purchased on the open market. In either event, the defaulting contractor (or their surety) shall be liable to Dane County for costs to the County in excess of the defaulting contractor's contract prices.

G. Right of the Department to Terminate Contract.

1. In the event that the Contractor or any subcontractors violate any of the provisions of this Contract, the County may serve written notice upon the Contractor and the Surety of its intention to terminate the Contract. Such notice to contain the reasons for such intention to terminate the Contract, and unless within ten (10) days after the serving of such notice

- upon the Contractor, such violation or delay shall cease and satisfactory arrangement or correction be made, the Contract shall, upon the expiration of said ten (10) days, cease and terminate.
- 2. In the event of any such termination, the County shall immediately serve notice thereof upon the Surety and the Contractor, and the Surety shall have the right to take over and perform the Contract subject to County's approval. However, if the Surety does not commence performance thereof within ten (10) days from the date of the mailing to such Surety of notice of termination, the County may take over the Work and prosecute the same to completion by Contract or by force account for the account and at the expense of the Contractor. The Contractor and Surety shall be liable to the County for any excess cost occasioned the County thereby, and in such event the County may take possession of and utilize in completing the Work, such equipment, materials and / or supplies as may be on the site of the Work and therefore necessary.
- H. Non-Liability. The Contractor shall not be liable in damages for delay in shipment or failure to deliver when such delay or failure is the result of fire, flood, strike, the transporting carrier, act of God, act of government, act of an alien enemy or by any other circumstances which, in the Public Works Project Manager's opinion, is beyond the control of the Contractor. Under such circumstances, however, the Public Works Project Manager may in the discretion, cancel the Contract.
- I. Quality Assurance. Inspection of equipment, materials and / or supplies shall be made by or at the direction of the County or the Agency to which the goods are delivered, and any articles supplied that are defective, or fails in any way to meet Specifications or other requirements of the Contract, will be rejected. The Public Works Project Manager shall direct all required laboratory tests. The decision of the Public Works Project Manager on acceptance shall be final.
- J. **Time for Completion.** The Contractor agrees that the Work shall be prosecuted regularly and diligently and complete the entire project as stated in the Construction Documents.

K. Changes in the Work.

- Except in cases of emergency, no changes in the Work covered by the approved Construction Documents shall be made without having prior written approval of the Department. Charges or credits for the work covered by the approved change shall be determined by one of the following methods:
 - a) Unit bid prices previously approved.
 - b) An agreed lump sum based on actual cost of:
 - 1) Labor, including foremen, and all fringe benefits that are associated with their wages;
 - 2) Materials entering permanently into the Work;
 - 3) The ownership or rental cost of construction plant and equipment during the time of use on the extra work;
 - 4) Power and consumable supplies for the operation of construction or power equipment;
 - 5) Workmen's Compensation Insurance, Contractor's Public Liability and Property Damage Insurance, and Comprehensive Automobile Liability Insurance;
 - 6) Social Security, pension and unemployment contributions;
 - 7) To the cost under K.1.b) 2), there shall be added a fixed fee to be agreed upon, but not to exceed fifteen percent (15%) of the actual cost of the Work performed

- with their own labor force; the fee shall be compensation to cover the cost of supervision, overhead, bond, profit and any other general expense;
- 8) On that portion of the work under K.1.b) 2) done under subcontract, the Contractor may include not over seven and one-half percent (7½%) for supervision, overhead, bond, profit and any other general expense; and
- 9) The Contractor shall keep and present in such form as directed, a correct amount of the cost together with such supporting vouchers as may be required by the Department.
- c) Cost-Plus Work, with a not-to-exceed dollar limit, based on actual cost of:
 - 1) Labor, including foremen, and all fringe benefits that are associated with their wages;
 - 2) Materials entering permanently into the Work;
 - 3) The ownership or rental cost of construction plant and equipment during the time of use on the extra work. (Rental cost cannot exceed fifty percent (50%) replacement value of rented equipment);
 - 4) Power and consumable supplies for the operation of construction or power equipment;
 - 5) Workmen's Compensation, Contractor's Public Liability and Property Damage Insurance, and Comprehensive Automobile Liability Insurance;
 - 6) Social Security, pension and unemployment contributions;
 - 7) To the cost under K.1.c) 3) there shall be added a fixed fee to be agreed upon, but not to exceed fifteen percent (15%) of the actual cost of the Work performed with their own labor force; the fee shall be compensation to cover the cost of supervision, overhead, bond, profit, and any other general expense;
 - 8) On that portion of the work under K.1.c) 3) done under subcontract, the Contractor may include not over seven and one-half percent (7½%) for supervision, overhead, bond, profit, and any other general expense; and
 - 9) The Contractor shall keep and present in such form as directed, a correct amount of the cost together with such supporting vouchers as may be required by the Department.
- 2. If the Contractor claims that by any instructions given by the Architect / Engineer, the Department, by drawings or otherwise, regarding the performance of the Work or the furnishing of material under the Contract, involves extra cost, the Contractor shall give the Department written notice thereof within two weeks after the receipt of such instructions and in any event before proceeding to execute the work, unless delay in executing the work would endanger life or property.
- 3. No claim for extra work or cost shall be allowed unless the same was done in pursuance of a written order of the Architect / Engineer and approved by the Department, as previously mentioned, and the claim presented with the payment request submitted after the changed or extra work is completed.
- 4. Negotiation of cost for a change in the Work shall not be cause for the Contractor to delay prosecution of the Work if the Contractor has been authorized in writing by the Public Works Project Manager to proceed.

L. Payments to Contractor.

1. The County will make partial payments to the Contractor for the value, proportionate to the amount of the Contract, of all labor and material incorporated in the work during the preceding calendar month upon receipt of approved Application and Certificate of Payment from the Architect / Engineer and approval of the Department.

- 2. The Contractor shall submit to the Architect / Engineer an Application and Certificate of Payment. The Architect / Engineer will review and approve this before sending it to the Public Works Project Manager. Evidence may be required, and supplied on demand, that supports the request and the Contractor's right to the payment claimed.
- 3. Request for payment for preparatory work and materials delivered and suitably stored at the site to be incorporated into the Work at some future period, will be given due consideration. Requests involving materials stored off the site, may be rejected; however, if deemed essential for reasons of job progress, protection, or other sufficient cause, requests will be considered conditional upon the submission by the Contractor of bills of sale and such other procedures as will adequately protect the County's interest such as storage in a bonded warehouse with adequate coverage. If there is any error in a payment, the Contractor is obligated to notify the Department immediately, but no longer than ten (10) days from receipt of payment.
- 4. Payments by the County will be due within forty-five (45) days after receipt by the Department of a certified request.
- 5. Five percent (5%) of each request for certification will be retained until final completion and acceptance of all the Work covered by the Contract. However, anytime after fifty percent (50%) of the Work has been furnished and installed at the site, the remaining payments will be made in full if the Architect / Engineer and Public Works Project Manager find that the progress of the Work corresponds with the construction progress schedule. If the Architect / Engineer and Public Works Project Manager find that the progress of the Work does not correspond with the construction progress schedule, up to ten percent (10%) of each request for payment may be retained for the Work completed.
- 6. All material and work covered by partial payments made shall become the sole property of the County. This provision shall not be construed as relieving the Contractor from the sole responsibility for the care and protection of materials and work upon which payments have been made or the restoration of any damaged work, or as a waiver of the right of the County to require the fulfillment of all of the terms of the Contract.
- 7. Final payment will be made within sixty (60) days after final completion of the Work, and will constitute acceptance thereof. Submit Equal Benefits Compliance Payment Certification with final pay request. Payment may be denied if Certification is not included.
- 8. On completion and acceptance of each separate division of the Contract, on which the stated price is separated in the Contract, payment may be made in full, including retained percentages thereon, less authorized deductions.
- 9. Every contractor engaged in performance of any contract for Department of Public Works, Highway & Transportation shall submit to this Department, as requested and with final application for payment for work under said contract, affidavit(s) as required to prove that all debts and claims against this Work are paid in full or otherwise satisfied, and give final evidence of release of all liens against the Work and County. If Wisconsin Prevailing Wage Rate Determination is required for this Work, use "Prime Contractor Affidavit of Compliance With Prevailing Wage Rate Determination" and "Agent or Subcontractor Affidavit of Compliance With Prevailing Wage Rate Determination" (if applicable). If Wisconsin Prevailing Wage Rate Determination is not required for this

Bid No. 314001 CC - 8 rev. 10/13

Work, use "Dane County, Wisconsin Contractor Wage Affidavit". Forms of such affidavits are included in Supplementary Conditions.

M. Withholding of Payments.

- 1. The County, after having served written notice on the said Contractor, may either pay directly any unpaid bills of which the Department has written notice, or withhold from the Contractor's unpaid compensation a sum of money deemed reasonably sufficient to pay any and all such lawful claims until satisfactory evidence is furnished that all liabilities have been fully discharged. Then payment to the Contractor shall be resumed in accordance with the terms of this Contract, but in no event shall these provisions be construed to impose any obligations upon the County to either the Contractor or the Contractor's Surety.
- 2. In paying any unpaid bills of the Contractor, the County shall be deemed the Agent of the Contractor, and any payment so made by the County, shall be considered as a payment made under the Contract by the County to the Contractor and the County shall not be liable to the Contractor for any such payment made in good faith.
- 3. Contractor shall indemnify, hold harmless and defend Dane County, its boards, commissions, agencies, officers, employees and representatives from all claims growing out of the lawful demands of subcontractors, laborers, workmen, mechanics, material men, and furnishers of machinery and parts thereof, equipment, power tools, and all supplies, including commissary, incurred in the performance of this Contract.
- 4. At the Department's request, the Contractor shall furnish satisfactory evidence that all obligations of the nature designated above have been paid, discharged or waived.

N. Acceptance of Final Payment as Release.

- 1. The making of final payment shall constitute a waiver of all claims by the County except those arising from:
 - a) Unsettled lien;
 - b) Faulty or defective work appearing after substantial completion;
 - c) Failure of the work to comply with the requirements of the Construction Documents; or
 - d) Terms of any special guarantees required by the Construction Documents.
- 2. The acceptance of final payment shall constitute a waiver of all claims by the Contractor.
- O. Lien Waivers. The Contractor warrants that title to all work covered by an application for Payment will pass to the County no later than the time of payment. The Contractor further warrants that upon submittal of an Application for Payment all work for which Certificates for Payment have been previously issued and payments received from the County shall, to the best of the Contractor's knowledge, information and belief, be free and clear of liens, claims, security interests or encumbrances in favor of the Contractor, subcontractor, material suppliers, or other persons or entities making a claim by reason of having provide labor, materials and equipment related to the Work.

- P. **Use and Occupancy Prior to Acceptance.** The Contractor agrees to the use and occupancy of a portion or unit of the project before formal acceptance by the Department, provided the Department:
 - 1. Secures written consent of the Contractor; except when in the opinion of the Department's Public Works Project Manager, the Contractor is chargeable with unwarranted delay in final cleanup of punch list items or other Contract requirements;
 - 2. Secures endorsement from the insurance carrier and consent of the Surety permitting occupancy of the building or use of the project during the remaining period of construction, or, secures consent of the Surety;
 - 3. Assumes all costs and maintenance of heat, electricity and water; and
 - 4. Accepts all work completed within that portion or unit of the project to be occupied, at time of occupancy.

Q. Correction of Work.

- 1. All work, all materials whether incorporated in the Work or not, and all processes of manufacture shall at all times and places be subject to the inspection of the Architect / Engineer and the Public Works Project Manager who shall be the judge of the quality and suitability of the work, materials, and processes of manufacture for the purposes for which they are used. Should they fail to meet the Architect / Engineer's and the Public Works Project Manager's approval they shall be reconstructed, made good, replaced or corrected, as the case may be, by the Contractor at the Contractor's expense. Rejected material shall immediately be removed from the site.
- 2. If the Contractor defaults or neglects to carry out the Work in accordance with the Construction Documents or fails to perform any provision of the Contract, the Department may, after ten (10) days written notice to the Contractor and without prejudice to any other remedy the County may have, make good such deficiencies. In such case, an appropriate Change Order shall be issued deducting from the payments then or thereafter due the Contractor the cost of correcting such deficiencies, including the cost of the Architect / Engineer's additional services made necessary by such default, neglect or failure.

6. GENERAL GUARANTEE

- A. Neither the final certificate of payment nor any provision in the Construction Documents nor partial or entire occupancy of the premises by the County shall constitute an acceptance of work not done in accordance with the Construction Documents or relieve the Contractor of liability in respect to any expressed warranties or responsibility for faulty materials or workmanship.
 - In no event shall the making of any payment required by the Contract constitute or be
 construed as a waiver by County of any breach of the covenants of the Contract or a
 waiver of any default of Contractor and the making of any such payment by County
 while any such default or breach shall exist shall in no way impair or prejudice the right
 of County with respect to recovery of damages or other remedy as a result of such breach
 or default.
- B. The Contractor shall remedy and make good all defective workmanship and materials and pay for any damage to other work resulting therefrom, which appear within a period of one year from the date of substantial completion, providing such defects are not clearly due to abuse or misuse by the County. The Department will give notice of observed defects with reasonable promptness.

Bid No. 314001 CC - 10 rev. 10/13

- C. Guarantee on work executed after certified date of substantial completion will begin on the date when such work is inspected and approved by the Architect / Engineer and the Public Works Project Manager.
- D. Where guarantees or warrantees are required in sections of Construction Documents for periods in excess of one year, such longer terms shall apply; however, the Contractor's Performance / Payment Bond shall not apply to any guarantee or warranty period in excess of one year.

7. IDENTICAL BIDDING

A. **Antitrust Laws.** All identical bids submitted to the County because of advertised procurement for materials, supplies, equipment or services exceeding \$1,000,000.00 in total amount shall be reported to the Attorney Generals of the United States and the State of Wisconsin for possible violation and enforcement of antitrust laws.

8. BINDING CONTRACTS

A. Contract Commitment. Any contracts resulting from this bid shall be binding on a successful bidder(s) to its conclusion and on its assigns, heirs, executors, administrators or successors.

9. AFFIRMATIVE ACTION PROVISION AND MINORITY / WOMEN / DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISES

- A. Affirmative Action Provisions. During the term of its Contract, Contractor agrees not to discriminate on the basis of race, religion, color, sex, handicap, age, sexual preference, marital status, physical appearance, or national origin against any person, whether a recipient of services (actual or potential), an employee, or an applicant for employment. Such equal opportunity shall include but not be limited to the following: employment, upgrading, demotion, transfer, recruitment, advertising, layoff, termination, training, rates of pay, and any other form of compensation or level of service(s). Contractor agrees to post in conspicuous places, available to all employees, service recipients and applicants for this paragraph. The listing of prohibited bases for discrimination shall no be construed to amend in any fashion state or federal law setting forth additional bases and exceptions shall be permitted only to the extent allowable in state or federal law.
- B. Contractor is subject to this paragraph only if Contractor has ten (10) or more employees and receives \$10,000.00 or more in annual aggregate contracts with County. Contractor shall file an Affirmative Action Plan with the Dane County Contract Compliance Officer in accord with Chapter 19 of the Dane County Code of Ordinances. Contractor must file such plan within fifteen (15) days of the effective date of this Contract and failure to do so by that date shall constitute grounds for immediate termination of the Contract. During the term of this Contract, Contractor shall also provide copies of all announcements of employment opportunities to the County's Contract Compliance Office, and shall report annually the number of persons, by race, sex and handicap status, which apply for employment and, similarly classified, the number hired and the number rejected.
- C. Contact the Dane County Contract Compliance Officer at Dane County Contract Compliance Office, 210 Martin Luther King, Jr. Blvd., Room 421, Madison, WI 53703, 608/266-4114.

Bid No. 314001 CC - 11 rev. 10/13

- D. In all solicitations for employment placed on Contractor's behalf during the term of this Contract, Contractor shall include a statement to the effect the Contractor is an "Equal Opportunity Employer."
- E. Contractor agrees to furnish all information and reports required by County's Contract Compliance Officer as the same relate to affirmative action and nondiscrimination, which may include any books, records, or accounts deemed appropriate to determine compliance whit Chapter 19, Dane County Code of Ordinances, and the provision of this Contract.
- F. Minority / Women / Disadvantaged / Emerging Small Business Enterprises. Chapter 19.508 of the Dane County Code of Ordinances is the official policy of Dane County to utilize Minority Business Enterprises (MBEs), Women Business Enterprises (WBEs), Disadvantage Business Enterprises (DBEs) and Emerging Small Business Enterprises (ESBEs) fully.
- G. The Contractor may utilize MBEs / WBEs / DBEs / ESBEs as subcontractors or suppliers. A list of subcontractors will be required of the low bidder as stated in this Contract. The list shall indicate which subcontractors or suppliers are MBEs / WBEs / DBEs / ESBEs and what percentage of subcontract is awarded, shown as a percentage of the total dollar amount of the bid.

10. COMPLIANCE WITH FAIR LABOR STANDARDS

- A. During term of this Contract, Contractor shall report to County Contract Compliance Officer, within ten (10) days, any allegations to, or findings by National Labor Relations Board (NLRB) or Wisconsin Employment Relations Commission (WERC) that Contractor has violated statute or regulation regarding labor standards or relations. If investigation by Contract Compliance Officer results in final determination that matter adversely affects Contractor's responsibilities under this Contract, and which recommends termination, suspension or cancellation of this Contract, County may take such action.
- B. Contractor may appeal any adverse finding by Contract Compliance Officer as set forth in Dane County Ordinance 25.015(11)(c) through (e).
- C. Contractor shall post this statement in prominent place visible to employees: "As condition of receiving and maintaining contract with Dane County, this employer shall comply with federal, state and all other applicable laws prohibiting retaliation or union organizing."

11. DOMESTIC PARTNERSHIP BENEFITS

A. Contractor agrees to provide same economic benefits to all of its employees with domestic partners as it does to employees with spouses, or cash equivalent if such benefit cannot reasonably be provided. Contractor agrees to make available for County inspection Contractor's payroll records relating to employees providing services on or under this Contract or subcontract. If any payroll records of Contractor contain any false, misleading or fraudulent information, or if Contractor fails to comply with provisions of Chapter 25.016, Dane County Ordinances, contract compliance officer may withhold payments on Contract; terminate, cancel or suspend Contract in whole or in part; or, after due process hearing, deny Contractor right to participate in bidding on future County contracts for period of one year after first violation is found and for period of three years after second or subsequent violation is found.

Bid No. 314001 CC - 12 rev. 10/13

12. INSURANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Contractor shall indemnify, hold harmless and defend Dane County, its boards, commissions, agencies, officers, employees and representatives from and against all claims, damages, losses and expenses including attorneys' fees arising out of or resulting from the performance of the Work, provided that any such claim, damage, loss or expense is attributable to bodily injury, sickness, disease or death, or to injury to or destruction of tangible property (other than the Work itself) including the loss of use resulting there from, and is caused in whole or in part by any act or omission of the Contractor, any subcontractor, anyone directly or indirectly employed by any of them or anyone for whose acts any of them may be liable, regardless of whether or not it is caused in part by a part indemnified hereunder.
- B. In any and all claims against Dane County, its boards, commissions, agencies, officers, employees and representatives or by any employee of the Contractor, any subcontractor, anyone directly or indirectly employed by any of them or anyone for whose acts any of them may be liable, the indemnification obligation under this Contract shall not be limited in any way by any limitation on the amount or type of damages, compensation or benefits payable by or for the Contractor or any subcontractor under worker's compensation acts, disability benefits or other employee benefit acts.
- C. The obligations of the Contractor under this Contract shall not extend to the liability of the Architect / Engineer, its agents or employees arising out of (1) the preparation or approval of maps, drawings, opinion, reports, surveys, change orders, designs or specifications; or (2) the giving of or the failure to give directions or instruction by the Architect / Engineer, its agents or employees provided such giving or failure to give is the primary cause of the injury or damage.
- D. The County shall not be liable to the Contractor for damages or delays resulting from work by third parties or by injunctions or other restraining orders obtained by third parties.
- E. Contractor Carried Insurance. In order to protect itself and the County, the Contractor shall not commence work under this Contract until obtaining all the required insurance and the County has approved such insurance. The Contractor shall not allow any subcontractor to commence work on the subcontract until the insurance required of the subcontractor has been so obtained and approved.
 - 1. Worker's Compensation Insurance The Contractor shall procure and shall maintain during the life of this Contract, Worker's Compensation Insurance as required by statute for all of its employees engaged in work at the site of the project under this Contract and, in case of such work sublet, the Contractor shall require the subcontractor similarly to provide Worker's Compensation Insurance for all of the latter's employees to be engaged in such work unless such employees are covered by the protection afforded by the Contractor's Worker's Compensation Insurance.
 - 2. Contractor's Public Liability and Property Damage Insurance
 The Contractor shall procure and maintain during the life of this Contract, Contractor's
 Public Liability Insurance and Contractor's Property Damage Insurance in an amount not
 less then \$1,000,000.00 per occurrence for bodily injury and death, and Contractor's
 Property Damage Insurance in an amount not less than \$1,000,000.00 and shall be
 primary with Dane County as an "Additional Insured".

Bid No. 314001 CC - 13 rev. 10/13

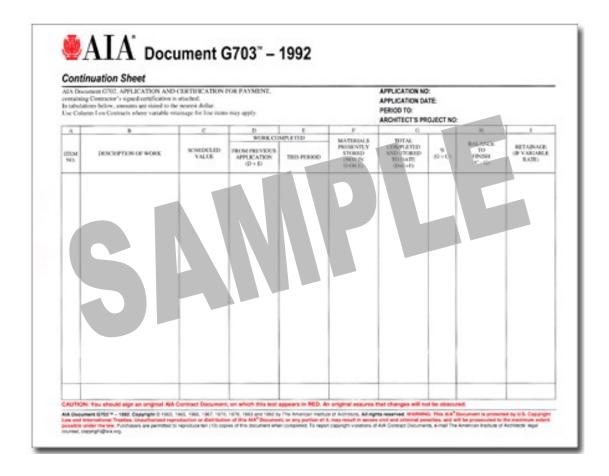
- 3. Auto Liability Insurance
 The Contractor shall procure and maintain during the life of this Contract,
 Comprehensive Automobile Liability Insurance covering owned, non-owned and hired
 automobiles for limits of not less than \$1,000,000.00 and shall be primary with Dane
 County as an "Additional Insured".
- F. Contractor either (1) shall require each subcontractors to procure and to maintain during life of subcontract, subcontractor's Public Liability Property Damage Insurance, and Comprehensive Automobile Liability Insurance of type and in same amount specified in preceding paragraphs; or (2) insure that activities of subcontractors in their own policy.
- G. Contractor shall furnish the County with certificates showing type, amount, class of operations covered, effective dates and dates of expiration of policies. Such certificates shall also contain substantially this statement: "Insurance covered by this certificate will not be canceled or materially altered, except after ten (10) days written notice has been received by the County."
- H. **Builder's Risk.** County shall provide Builder's Risk policy. Terms of this policy will be made available by County's Risk Manager upon Contractor's request. By executing this Contract, Contractor warrants it is familiar with terms of said policy.

SUPPLEMENTARY CONDITIONS

1. APPLICATION & CERTIFICATE FOR PAYMENT

A. Every contractor engaged in performance of any contract for Department of Public Works, Highway & Transportation shall submit partial and final Application & Certificate for Payment for work under said contract. Form shall provide similar information as shown on AIA G702TM and G703TM forms (samples shown below). Forms shall be submitted to project Architect / Engineer for approval.

	ayment			
TO OWNER:	PROJECT:		APPLICATION NO: PERIOD TO	Distribution
			CONTRACT FOR	ARCHTECT
FROM CONTRACTOR:	VA ARCHIT	ECT:	CONTRACT DATE:	
			PROJECT NOS:	CONTRACTOR
			PHADEET HOD.	FELD
CONTRACTOR'S APPLICATION FOR			The undersigned Contra for certifies that to the best of the	OTHER
1. ORGANAL CONTRACT SUM 2. Net change by Change Orders 2. Net change by Change Orders 3. CONTRACT SUM TO DATE (Line 1 ± 2) 4. DOTAL COMPLETED & STORED TO DATE (Common G. RETAMAGE: A STORE CONTRACT Work A STORE CONTRACT B STORED STORED A STORED TO DATE (Common G. RETAMAGE: A STORED STORED A STORED TO DATE (Common G. RETAMAGE: COMMON F TO CONTRACT STORED TO ST	s s s s s s s s s s s s s s s s s s s		that commit argreent objects to have due. CONTRACTOR. By Name off. Country off. Subscribbed and respira to before me this day of Nickey Public. My Commission expires: ARCHITECY'S CERTIFICATE FOR PAYM By Accordance with the Contract Documents, based on on-en- this application, the Architect contrales to the Owner that so is association, the Architect contrales to the Owner that so is association, who will be contract Documents, and the Cost AMOUNT CERTIFIED. AMOUNT CERTIFIED.	observations and the data compri- te best of the Architect's knowled and, the quality of the Work is across is entitled to payment of 5
(Lie Xim Lie ti			Application and on the Continuation Short that are changed	
CHANGE ORDER SUMMARY.	ADDITIONS	DEDUCTIONS	ARCHITECT:	
Total changes approved in previous months by Owner	5	5	By:	Date:
Total assessed this March				
Total approved this Month TOTALS	6	5	This Contificate is not negotiable. The AMOUNT CERTIFI named hencie, Danuary, province and acceptance of parmen	ED is payable only to the Contra



2. CONTRACTOR WAGE AFFIDAVIT

- A. Every contractor engaged in performance of any contract for Department of Public Works, Highway & Transportation shall submit to this Department, as requested and with final application for payment for work under said contract, affidavit in form as hereinafter set forth in this section. Affidavit affirms that all persons employed by contractor or by any of contractor's subcontractors on such contract have been paid no less than minimum wages established under Dane County Ordinances, Chapter 40, Subchapter II (Minimum Wage Ordinance) and in effect at date of execution of contract, that full payment of wages earned has been made, and that no rebates either directly or indirectly have been made. Form of such affidavit is included in this section.
- B. Form should be included with a copy of the final contract invoice forwarded to your contract representative at Dane County.

DANE COUNTY, WISCONSIN CONTRACTOR WAGE AFFIDAVIT

COMPANY NAME:
ADDRESS:
CONTRACT NO.: DIVISION(S) OF WORK:
AFFIDAVIT
STATE OF WISCONSIN)
DANE COUNTY) ss.
I,
first duly sworn at
on oath, depose and say that with respect to the payment of the persons employed by the
, subcontractors on the
contractor company name division(s) of work
that during the period commencing, at the, and ending, and ending
all persons employed on said project have been paid the full wages earned, that no rebates have
been or will be made either directly or indirectly by said contractor or subcontractor from the full
weekly wages earned by any person, and that no deductions have been made either directly or
indirectly from the full weekly wages earned by any person, other than authorized legal
deductions (including taxes such as Federal Income Withholding and Social Security, State and
state any other legal deductions such as union dues, unemployment insurance, 401k contributions, etc., or fill in "N/A" and that there is full compliance with the provisions and intent of the requirements of Dane
County Ordinances, Chapter 40, Subchapter II (Minimum Wage Ordinance). This affidavit is
made to induce Dane County to approve the application for payment to which this affidavit is
attached.
Contractor Company Name
Signature Title
Sworn to before me this day of, 20
My Commission expires
Notary Public Date



SECTION 01 00 00 - BASIC REQUIREMENTS

2 3 4

5

1

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SECTION SUMMARY

6	A.	Section	Includes:
7		1.	Section Summary
8		2.	Summary of the Work
9		3.	Contractor Use of Premises
10		4.	Applications for Payment
11		5.	Coordination
12		6.	Conferences
13		7.	Progress Meetings
14		8.	Submittal Procedures
15		9.	Proposed Products List
16		10.	Shop Drawings
17		11.	Product Data
18		12.	Samples
19		13.	Manufacturers' Instructions
20		14.	Manufacturers' Certificates
21		15.	Quality Assurance / Quality Control of Installation
22		16.	References
23		17.	Interior Enclosures
24		18.	Protection of Installed Work
25		19.	Parking
26		20.	Staging Areas
27		21.	Occupancy During Construction and Conduct of Work
28		22.	Protection
29		23.	Progress Cleaning
30		24.	Products
31		25.	Transportation, Handling, Storage and Protection
32		26.	Product Options
33		27.	Substitutions
34		28.	Starting Systems
35		29.	Demonstration and Instructions
36		30.	Contract Closeout Procedures
37		31.	Final Cleaning
38		32.	Adjusting
39		33.	Operation and Maintenance Data
40		34.	Spare Parts and Maintenance Materials
41		35.	As-Built and Record Drawings and Specifications

42 1.2 SUMMARY OF THE WORK

- A. Project Description: Perform the Work as specified and detailed in Construction
 Documents package. Contractor to provide labor & materials to remodel the existing
 16-bed neighborhood in Building D to optionally allow operation as two 8-bed
 households. This will involve modification of doors, hardware & associated sophisticated electronic controls.
- 48 B. Work by Owner: Not applicable.
- C. Permits: Prior to commencement of the Work, Contractor to secure any and all necessary permits for completion of the Work and facility occupancy.

1.3 CONTRACTOR USE OF PREMIS

A. Limit use of premises to allow work by Contractors or Subcontractors and access by Owner.

4 1.4 APPLICATIONS FOR PAYMENT

- 5 A. Submit two (3) copies of each application on AIA G702™ and G703™ forms or approved contractors invoice form.
- 7 B. Content and Format: Utilize Schedule of Values for listing items in Application for Payment.
- 9 C. Payment Period: Monthly.

10 1.5 COORDINATION

- 11 A. Coordinate scheduling, submittals, and work of various sections of Specifications to assure efficient and orderly sequence of installation of interdependent construction elements.
- B. Verify utility requirement characteristics of operating equipment are compatible with building utilities.
- 16 C. Coordinate space requirements and installation of mechanical and electrical work that are indicated diagrammatically on Drawings.

18 1.6 CONFERENCES

- Owner will schedule a preconstruction conference after Award of Contract for all affected parties.
- 21 B. When required in individual Specification section, convene a pre-installation conference at project site prior to commencing work of the section.

23 1.7 PROGRESS MEETINGS

- A. Schedule and administer meetings throughout progress of the Work at minimum of one (1) per week.
- B. Preside at meetings, record minutes, and distribute copies within two (2) days to those affected by decisions made.

28 1.8 SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES

- A. Submittal form to identify Project, Contractor, Subcontractor or supplier; and pertinent Construction Documents references.
- B. Apply Contractor's stamp, signed or initialed, certifying that review, verification of Products required, field dimensions, adjacent construction work, and coordination of information is in accordance with requirements of the Work and Construction Documents.
- 35 C. Identify variations from Construction Documents and Product or system limitations 36 that may be detrimental to successful performance of completing the Work.

D. Revise and resubmit submittals as required; identify all changes made since previous submittal.

3 1.9 PROPOSED PRODUCTS LIST

4 A. Within fifteen (15) days after date of Award of Contract, submit complete list of major
5 Products proposed for use, with name of manufacturer, trade name, and model
6 number of each Product.

7 1.10 SHOP DRAWINGS

Submit number of copies that Contractor requires, plus two (2) copies that shall be retained by Public Works Project Manager.

10 1.11 PRODUCT DATA

- A. Submit number of copies that Contractor requires, plus two (2) copies that shall be retained by Public Works Project Manager.
- 13 B. Mark each copy to identify applicable products, models, options, and other data.

 Supplement manufacturer's standard data to provide information unique to this Project.

16 1.12 SAMPLES

- A. Submit samples to illustrate functional and aesthetic characteristics of the Product.
- B. Submit samples of finishes from the full range of manufacturers' standard colors, textures, and patterns for Public Works Project Manager's selection.

20 1.13 MANUFACTURERS' INSTRUCTIONS

21 A. When specified in individual Specification sections, submit manufacturers' printed instructions for delivery, storage, assembly, installation, start-up, adjusting, and finishing, in quantities specified for Product Data.

24 1.14 MANUFACTURERS' CERTIFICATES

- 25 A. When specified in individual Specification sections, submit manufacturers' certificate to Public Works Project Manager for review, in quantities specified for Product Data.
- B. Indicate material or Product conforms to or exceeds specified requirements. Submit supporting reference data, affidavits, and certifications as appropriate.

29 1.15 QUALITY ASSURANCE / QUALITY CONTROL OF INSTALLATION

- A. Monitor quality control over suppliers, manufacturers, Products, services, site conditions, and workmanship, to produce work of specified quality.
- B. Comply fully with manufacturers' instructions.
- C. Comply with specified standards as minimum quality for the Work except when more stringent tolerances, codes, or specified requirements indicate higher standards or more precise workmanship.

1.16 REFERENCES

- 2 A. Conform to reference standard by date of issue current as of date for receiving bids.
- B. Should specified reference standard conflict with Construction Documents, request clarification from Public Works Project Manager before proceeding.

5 1.17 INTERIOR ENCLOSURES

A. Provide temporary partitions as required to separate work areas from Owner occupied areas, to prevent distribution of dust and moisture into Owner occupied areas, and to prevent damage to existing materials and equipment.

9 1.18 PROTECTION OF INSTALLED WORK

A. Protect installed work and provide special protection where specified in individual Specification sections.

12 1.19 PARKING

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A. Arrange for temporary parking areas to accommodate construction personnel. Parking shall be available at the Work site.

15 1.20 STAGING AREAS

- A. Coordinate staging areas with Public Works Project Manager prior to starting the Work.
- B. On-site space for use as staging areas and storage of materials is limited and will be apportioned among the various Contractors as their needs dictate with due regard for storage requirements of each Contractor. Each Contractor shall be responsible for safety of equipment and materials that are stored on site.

22 1.21 OCCUPANCY DURING CONSTRUCTION AND CONDUCT OF WORK

- A. Areas of existing facility will be occupied during period when the Work is in progress. Work may be done during normal business hours (8:00 am to 4:30 pm), but confer with Owner, schedule work and store materials so as to interfere as little as possible with normal use of premises. Notify Owner when coring or similar noise making work is to be done and obtain Owner's written approval of schedule. If schedule is not convenient for Owner, reschedule and resubmit new times for Owner approval. Coring of floor along with other noisy work may have to be done on second and third shifts.
- B. Work shall be done and temporary facilities furnished so as not to interfere with access to any occupied area and so as to cause least possible interference with normal operation of facility or any essential service thereof.
- C. Contractor shall, at all times, provide approved, safe walkways and facility entrances for use by Owner, employees and public.
- D. Contractor shall provide adequate protection for all parts of facility, its contents and occupants wherever the Work under this Contract is to be performed.
- E. Each Contractor shall arrange with Owner to make necessary alterations, do new work, make connections to all utilities, etc., at such times as will not cause interruption of utility services to facility. Contractor doing this work shall protect, cap, cut off

1 2			and / or replace and relocate existing pipes, electrical work and other active utilities encountered which may interfere with new construction work.
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12		F.	 New work in extension of existing work shall correspond in all respects with that to which it connects or similar existing work unless otherwise indicated or specified. Existing work shall be cut, altered, removed or replaced as necessary for performance of Contract obligations. Work remaining in place, damaged or defaced by reason of work done under this Contract shall be restored equal to its condition at time of Award of Contract. If removal of work exposes discolored or unfinished surfaces or work out of alignment, such surfaces shall be refinished or materials replaced as neces sary to make continuous work uniform and harmonious.
13	1.22	PROT	FECTION
14 15		A.	Contractor shall protect from injury all trees, shrubs, hedges, walks and driveways and pay for any damage to same resulting from insufficient or improper protection.
16 17 18		B.	Guard Light: Contractor shall provide and maintain guard lights at all barricades, railings, obstructions in streets, roads or sidewalks and at all trenches adjacent to public walks or roads.
19	1.23	PROC	GRESS CLEANING
20 21		A.	Maintain areas free of waste materials, debris, and rubbish. Maintain site in clean and orderly condition.
22	1.24	PROD	DUCTS
23 24 25 26		A.	Products: Means new material, machinery, components, equipment, fixtures, and systems forming the Work, but does not include machinery and equipment used for preparation, fabrication, conveying and erection of the Work. Products may also include existing materials or components specifically identified for reuse.
27 28		B.	Do not use materials and equipment removed from existing premises, except as specifically identified or allowed by Construction Documents.
29	1.25	TRAN	ISPORTATION, HANDLING, STORAGE AND PROTECTION
30 31		A.	Transport, handle, store and protect Products in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
32	1.26	PROD	DUCT OPTIONS
33 34 35 36 37		A.	Where definite material is specified, it is not intention to discriminate against "equal" product made by another manufacturer. Intention is to set definite standard of material quality. Should bidder choose to bid materials other than those specified, bidde shall submit said materials specifications to Public Works Project Manager for approval at least seven (7) days prior to Bid Due Date.
38 39 40		B.	Products and materials that are not specified, but have been approved for use by Public Works Project Manager shall be identified in addenda to all bidding contractors.

C. Requests for material or product substitutions submitted after Bid Due Date shall not be considered. Owner reserves right to approve or reject substitutions based on Specification requirements and intended use.

4 1.27 SUBSTITUTIONS

- A. Public Works Project Manager shall consider requests for Substitutions only up to seven (7) days prior to date of Bid Due Date.
- Document each request with complete data substantiating compliance of proposed Substitution with Construction Documents.
- 9 C. Submit three (3) copies of requests for Substitution for consideration. Limit each request to one (1) proposed Substitution.
- 11 D. Substitutions shall not change contract price established at Bid Due Date.

12 1.28 STARTING SYSTEMS

- A. Provide written notification prior to start-up of each equipment item or system.
- 14 B. Ensure that each piece of equipment or system is ready for operation.
- 15 C. Execute start-up under supervision of responsible persons in accordance with manufacturers' instructions.
- D. Submit written report that equipment or system has been properly installed and is functioning correctly.

19 1.29 DEMONSTRATION AND INSTRUCTIONS

- A. Demonstrate operation and maintenance of Products to Owner's personnel prior to date of final inspection.
- B. Demonstrate start-up, operation, control, adjustment, trouble-shooting, servicing, maintenance, and shutdown of each item of equipment at agreed-upon times, at designated location.
- C. Owner may choose to videotape demonstration session; demonstration and demonstrator shall be to level of satisfaction of Owner.

1.30 CONTRACT CLOSEOUT PROCEDURES

- A. Submit written certification that Construction Documents have been reviewed, the Work has been inspected, and the Work is complete in accordance with Construction Documents and ready for Public Works Project Manager's inspection.
- B. Submit final Application for Payment identifying total adjusted Contract Sum / Price, previous payments, and amount remaining due.

33 1.31 FINAL CLEANING

- A. Execute final cleaning prior to final inspection.
- B. Clean interior and exterior surfaces exposed to view.
- 36 C. Remove waste and surplus materials, rubbish, and construction facilities from site.

1	1.32	ADJUSTING

A. Adjust operating Products and equipment to ensure smooth and unhindered operation.

4 1.33 OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE MANUAL

A. Provide operation and maintenance manual for all mechanical and electrical equipment and systems supplied and installed in the Work.

7 1.34 SPARE PARTS AND MAINTENANCE MATERIALS

- Provide Products, spare parts, maintenance and extra materials in quantities specified in individual Specification Sections.
- 10 B. Deliver to the Work site and place in location as directed.

1.35 AS-BUILT AND RECORD DRAWINGS AND SPECIFICATIONS

- A. Contractor-produced Drawings and Specifications shall remain property of Contractor whether Project for which they are made is executed or not. Contractor shall furnish Architect / Engineer with original marked up redlines of drawings and specifications that shall include all Addendums, Change Orders, Construction Bulletins, onsite changes, field corrections, etc. These are the project As-Built Drawings & Specifications.
 - B. Architect / Engineer shall update the original Construction Documents to include all Addendums & any other changes including those provided by the Contractor in the As-Built Drawings & Specifications. These updates are the project Record Drawings & Specifications.
 - C. Architect / Engineer shall furnish the Public Works Project Manager with Record Drawings as detailed in the Professional Services Agreement.

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PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

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29 PART 3 – EXECUTION (Not Used)

30 31 32

END OF SECTION

SECTION 01 23 00 – ALTERNATES

PART 1 - GENERAL

RELATED DOCUMENTS

Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including Conditions of the Contract, basic Requirements and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 00 & 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

SUMMARY

Administrative and procedural requirements for alternates.

DEFINITIONS

Alternate: An amount proposed by bidders and stated on the Bid Form for certain work defined in the bidding requirements that may be added to or deducted from the base bid amount if the Owner decides to accept a corresponding change either in the amount of construction to be completed or in the products, materials, equipment, systems, or installation methods described in the Contract Documents.

The cost or credit for each alternate is the net addition to or deduction from the Contract Sum to incorporate alternate into the Work. No other adjustments are made to the Contract Sum.

PROCEDURES

Coordination: Revise or adjust affected adjacent work as necessary to completely integrate work of the alternate into Project.

Include as part of each alternate, miscellaneous devices, accessory objects and similar items incidental to or required for a complete installation whether or not indicated as part of alternate.

Notification: Immediately following award of the Contract, notify each party involved, in writing, of the status of each alternate. Indicate whether alternates have been accepted, rejected or deferred for later consideration. Include a complete description of negotiated modifications to alternates.

Execute accepted alternates under the same conditions as other work of this Contract.

PART 2 – PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 – EXECUTION

SCHEDULE OF ALTERNATES

Alternate No. 1:

Base Bid: Building (or Neighborhood) 'D' Security Doors operation as indicated within the Construction Documents

Alternate: Building 'D' Exterior Patio as indicated within the Construction Documents

1	Alternate No. 2:
2	
3	Base Bid: Building 'D' Security Doors operation as indicated within the Construction
4	Documents
5	
6	Alternate: Building 'C' Security Doors operation as indicated within the Construction
7	Documents and refer to details of Building 'D' to be similar at Building 'C'.
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10	Alternate No. 3:
11	
12	Base Bid: Building 'D' Security Doors operation as indicated within the Construction
13	Documents
14	Alternate B. H. Free (O) E. Godon Batherra de Protecto I. Hilliantic Consideration Brown and a self-
15	Alternate: Building 'C' Exterior Patio as indicated within the Construction Documents and
16	refer to details of Building 'D' to be similar at Building 'C'.
17	
18	END OF SECTION
19	END OF SECTION

SECTION 01 73 29 - CUTTING AND PATCHING

PART 1 - GENERAL

RELATED DOCUMENTS

Drawings and general provision of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to work of this Section.

SUMMARY

Procedural requirements for cutting and patching.

Related sections include:

Division 31 Section "Earth Moving" for excavating and backfilling required by cutting and patching operations.

DEFINITIONS

Cutting: Removal of existing construction necessary to permit installation or performance of other work.

Patching: Fitting and repair work required to restore surfaces to acceptable conditions after installation of other work.

PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

Structural Elements: Do not cut and patch structural elements in a manner that could reduce their load-carrying capacity or load-deflection ratio.

Operational Elements: Do not cut and patch operating elements and related components in a manner that results in reducing their capacity to perform as intended or that results in increased maintenance or decreased operational life or safety. Operating elements include, but are not limited to:

Primary operational systems and equipment

Air or smoke barriers Fire-protection systems Control systems

Communications systems

Conveying systems
Electrical wiring systems

Miscellaneous Elements: Do not cut and patch the following elements or related components in a manner that could change their load-carrying capacity, that results in reducing their capacity to perform as intended or that result in increased maintenance or decreased operational life or safety.

Water, moisture or vapor barriers Membranes and flashings Equipment supports

Piping, ductwork, vessels and equipment

Noise-control and vibration-control elements and systems

Visual Requirements: Do not cut and patch construction in a manner that results in visual evidence of cutting and patching. Do not cut and patch construction exposed on the exterior or in occupied

spaces in a manner that would, in Architect's opinion, reduce the building's aesthetic qualities. Remove and replace construction that has been cut and patched in a visually unsatisfactory manner.

Roofing Exterior Siding & Trim

QUALITY ASSURANCE

Cutting and Patching Conference: Before proceeding, meet at project site with parties involved in cutting and patching, including mechanical and electrical trades. Review areas of potential interference and conflict. Coordinate procedures and resolve potential conflicts before proceeding.

WARRANTY

Existing Warranties: Remove, replace, patch and repair materials and surfaces cut or damaged during cutting and patching operations, by methods and with materials so as not to void existing warranties.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

MATERIALS

Use materials identical to in-place materials. For exposed surfaces, use materials that visually match adjacent surfaces to the fullest extent possible.

If identical materials are unavailable or cannot be used, use materials that, when installed, will match the visual and functional performance of in-place materials.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

PREPARATION

Temporary Support: Provide temporary support of work to be cut.

Protection: Protect existing construction during cutting and patching to prevent damage.

Adjoining Areas: Avoid interference with use of adjoining areas.

CUTTING

Cut existing construction using methods least likely to damage elements retained and adjoining construction.

Use hand or small power tools designed for sawing and grinding, not hammering and chopping. Cut holes and slots as small as possible with minimum disturbance of adjacent surfaces. Temporarily cover openings when not in use.

Existing Finishes Surfaces: Cut or drill from the exposed or finished side into concealed surfaces.

Mechanical and Electrical Services: Unless otherwise indicated, cap, valve or plug and seal remaining portions of pipes or conduits in walls or partitions to be removed.

PATCHING

Patch construction by closing up, filling, repairing, refinishing, and similar operations following performance of other work. Patch with seams that are durable and as invisible as possible.

Inspection: Where feasible, inspect and test patched areas after completion to demonstrate integrity of installation.

Exposed Finishes: Restore exposed finishes of patched areas. Extend finish restoration into retained adjoining construction in a manner that will eliminate evidence of patching and refinishing.

Floors and Walls: Where removal of walls or partitions has extended one finished area into another, patch and repair floor and walls to provide even surfaces of appearance. Remove existing floor and wall coverings and replace with new materials, if necessary.

Where patching occurs in a painted surface, apply primer and intermediate paint coats over the patch and apply final paint coat over entire surface containing the patch. Provide additional coats until patch blends with adjacent surfaces.

Ceilings: Patch ceilings to provide an even-plane surface of uniform appearance.

Building Exterior: Patch components in a manner that restores enclosure to a weathertight condition and provides thermal and water vapor control performance at least equal to original construction.

CLEANING

Clean areas and spaces where cutting and patching are performed. Completely remove paint, mortar, oils, putty, and similar materials.

END OF SECTION

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PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SECTION SUMMARY

- 6 A. Section Includes:
 - Waste Management Goals
 - Waste Management Plan
 - Reuse
- 10 4. Recycling
- 11 5. Materials Sorting and Storage On Site
- 12 6. Lists of Recycling Facilities Processors and Haulers
- 7. Waste Management Plan Form
- 14 B. Related Sections:
 - 1. Section 01 00 00 Basic Requirements

16 1.2 WASTE MANAGEMENT GOALS

- A. Dane County requires that as many waste materials as possible produced as result of this project be salvaged, reused or recycled in order to minimize impact of construction waste on landfills and to minimize expenditure of energy and cost in fabricating new materials. Additional information may be found in The Dane County Green Building Policy, Resolution 299, 1999-2000.
- B. Contractor shall develop, with assistance of Public Works Project Manager and Architect / Engineer, Waste Management Plan (WMP) for this project. Outlined in RECYCLING section of this specification are examples of materials that can be recycled or reused as well as recommendations for waste sorting methods.

26 1.3 WASTE MANAGEMENT PLAN

- A. Contractor shall complete WMP and include cost of recycling / reuse in Bid. WMP will be submitted to Public Works Project Manager within fifteen (15) days of Notice to Proceed date. Copy of blank WMP form is in this Section. Submittal shall include cover letter and WMP form with:
 - Information on:
 - Types of waste materials produced as result of work performed on site;
 - b. Estimated quantities of waste produced;
 - c. Identification of materials with potential to be recycled or reused;
 - d. How materials will be recycled or reused;
 - e. On-site storage and separation requirements (on site containers);
 - f. Transportation methods; and
 - g. Destinations.

40 1.4 REUSE

A. Contractors and subcontractors are encouraged to reuse as many waste materials as possible. Salvage should be investigated for materials not reusable on site.

43 1.5 RECYCLING

- A. These materials can be recycled in Dane County area:
- 45 1. Wood.

1			2. Wood Pallets.
2			3. Fluorescent Lamps.
3			4. Foam Insulation & Packaging (extruded and expanded).
4			5. PVC Plastic (pipe, siding, etc.).
5			6. Asphalt & Concrete.
6			7. Bricks & Masonry
7			8. Corrugated Cardboard.
8			9. Metal.
9			10. Carpet Padding.
10			11. Gypsum Drywall.
11			12. Shingles.
12			13. Barrels & Drums.
13			14. Solvents.
14	1.6	MATE	RIALS SORTING AND STORAGE ON SITE
15		A.	Contractor shall provide separate containers for recyclable materials. Number of
16			containers will be dependent upon project and site conditions.
17		B.	Contractor shall provide on-site locations for subcontractors supplied recycling con-
18			tainers to help facilitate recycling.
19	1.7	LISTS	OF RECYCLING FACILITIES PROCESSORS AND HAULERS
20		A.	Web site www.countyofdane.com/pwht/recycle/categories.aspx lists current infor-
21			mation for Dane County Recycling Markets. Contractors can also contact Dane
22			County's Special Projects & Materials Manager at 608/266-4990, or local city, vil-
23			lage, town recycling staff listed at site
24			www.countyofdane.com/pwht/recycle/contacts.aspx. Statewide listings of recycling
25			reuse markets are available from UW Extension at
26			www4.uwm.edu/shwec/wrmd/search.cfm.

1 1.8 WASTE MANAGEMENT PLAN FORM

2 3	A.	Contractor Information: Name:		
4		Address:		
5				
6		Phone No.:	Recycling Coordinator: _	
· ·		1 110110 11011	recovering occidentations _	

MATERIAL	ESTIMATED QUANTITY	DISPOSAL METHOD (CHECK ONE)	RECYCLING / REUSE COMPANY OR DISPOSAL SITE
Salvaged & re-	cu. yds.	RecycledReused	
used building materials	tons	Landfilled Other	Name:
Glass	cu. yds.	RecycledReused	
Glass	tons	Landfilled Other	Name:
Wood	cu. yds.	RecycledReused	
vvood	tons	Landfilled Other	Name:
Me ed Dellete		RecycledReused	
Wood Pallets	units	Landfilled Other	Name:
Fluorescent	cu. ft.	RecycledReused	
Lamps	lbs.	Landfilled Other	Name:
Foam Insula-	cu. ft.	RecycledReused	
tion	lbs.	Landfilled Other	Name:
Asphalt & Con-	cu. ft.	RecycledReused	
crete	lbs.	Landfilled Other	Name:
Bricks & Ma-	cu. ft.	RecycledReused	
sonry	lbs.	Landfilled Other	Name:
DVC Diagric	cu. ft.	RecycledReused	
PVC Plastic	Ibs.	Landfilled Other	Name:
Corrugated	cu. ft.	RecycledReused	
Cardboard	Ibs.	Landfilled Other	Name:
Metals	cu. yds.	RecycledReused	
ivietais	tons	Landfilled Other	Name:
Comet Dodding	cu. ft.	RecycledReused	
Carpet Padding	lbs.	LandfilledOther	Name:
Gypsum / Dry-	cu. yds.	Recycled Reused	
wall	tons	LandfilledOther	Name:
Chinalos	cu. yds.	Recycled Reused	
Shingles	tons	Landfilled Other	Name:

Barrels & Drums	units	RecycledLandfilled	Reused	Name:
Solvents	gallons	Recycled		Name:
Other		Recycled	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Name:
Other		Recycled	Reused Other	Name:
Other		Recycled	· ·	Name:
Other		Recycled	· ·	Name:
Other		Recycled	Reused	Name:

23 PART 2 – PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 – EXECUTION (Not Used)

END OF SECTION

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SECTION 02 41 19 - SELECTIVE STRUCTURE DEMOLITION

PART 1 - GENERAL

RELATED DOCUMENTS

Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

SUMMARY

- Demolition and removal of selected portions of building or structure.
- 14 Demolition and removal of selected site elements.
- Salvage of existing items to be reused or recycled.

Related Sections include:

Division 31 Section "Site Clearing" for site clearing and removal of above- and below-grade site improvements.

DEFINITIONS

Remove: Detach items from existing construction and legally dispose of them off-site, unless indicated to be removed and salvaged or removed and reinstalled.

Remove and Salvage: Detach items from existing construction and deliver them to Owner.

Existing to Remain: Existing items of construction that are not to be removed and that are not otherwise indicated to be removed, removed and salvaged, or removed and reinstalled.

Schedule of Selective Demolition Activities: Indicate the following:

Detailed sequence of selective demolition and removal work, with starting and ending dates for each activity. Ensure Owner's on-site operations are uninterrupted.

Interruption of utility services. Indicate how long utility services will be interrupted.

Locations of proposed dust and noise control temporary partitions and means of egress.

Coordination of Owner's continuing occupancy of portions of existing building and of Owner's partial occupancy of completed Work.

Means of protection for items to remain and items in path of waste removal from building.

Inventory: After selective demolition is complete, submit a list of items that have been removed and salvaged.

Predemolition Photographs: Show existing conditions of adjoining construction and site improvements, including finish surfaces that might be misconstrued as damage caused by selective demolition operations. Submit before Work begins.

QUALITY ASSURANCE

Demolition Firm Qualifications: An experienced firm that has specialized in demolition work similar in material and extent to that indicated for this Project.

1203	41-02 SELECTIVE STRUCTURE DEMOLITION 02 41 19 - 2
1 2 3	Regulatory Requirements: Comply with governing EPA notification regulations before beginning selective demolition. Comply with hauling and disposal regulations of authorities having jurisdiction.
5 4 5	Standards: Comply with ANSI/ASSE A10.6 and NFPA 241.
6 7 8	Predemolition Conference: Review methods and procedures related to selective demolition including, but not limited to, the following:
9	Inspect and discuss condition of construction to be selectively demolished.
11 12 13	Review and finalize selective demolition schedule and verify availability of materials, demolition personnel, equipment, and facilities needed to make progress and avoid delays.
14 15 16	Review requirements of work performed by other trades that rely on substrates exposed by selective demolition operations.
17 18	Review areas where existing construction is to remain and requires protection.
19 20	PROJECT CONDITIONS
21 22 23	Owner will occupy portions of building immediately adjacent to selective demolition area. Conduct selective demolition as Owner's operations will not be disrupted.
24 25 26	Conditions existing at time of inspection for bidding purpose will be maintained by Owner as far practicable.
27 28 29	Notify Architect of discrepancies between existing conditions and Drawings before proceeding with selective demolition.
30 31 32	Hazardous Materials: If materials suspected of containing hazardous materials are encountered, do not disturb; immediately notify Architect and Owner.

Storage or sale of removed items or materials on-site is not permitted.

Utility Service: Maintain existing in-use utilities and others indicated to remain and protect them against damage during selective demolition operations.

Maintain fire-protection facilities in service during selective demolition operations.

WARRANTY

Existing Warranties: Remove, replace, patch, and repair materials and surfaces cut or damaged during selective demolition, by methods and with materials so as not to void existing warranties.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 - EXECUTION

EXAMINATION

Verify that utilities have been disconnected and capped before starting demolition operations.

Survey existing conditions and correlate with requirements indicated to determine extent of selective demolition required.

120341-02 SELECTIVE STRUCTURE DEMOLITION When unanticipated mechanical, electrical, or structural elements that conflict with intended function or design are encountered, investigate and measure the nature and extent of conflict. Promptly submit a written report to Architect. 3 4 Survey of Existing Conditions: Record existing conditions by use of photographs. 5 6 Perform surveys as the Work progresses to detect hazards resulting from selective 7 demolition activities. 8 9 UTILITY SERVICES AND MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS 10 11 Service and System Requirements: Locate, identify, disconnect, and seal or cap off indicated utility 12 services and mechanical and electrical systems serving areas to be selectively demolished. 13 14 Arrange to shut off indicated utilities with utility companies. 15 16 17 If services and systems are required to be removed, relocated, or abandoned, before proceeding with selective demolition provide temporary services and systems that bypass 18 area of selective demolition and that maintain continuity of services and systems to other 19 parts of building. 20 21 Cut off pipe or conduit in walls or partitions to be removed. Cap, valve, or plug and seal 22 remaining portion of pipe or conduit after bypassing. 23 24 **PREPARATION** 25 26 27 28 and used facilities. 29 30 31 people and damage to adjacent buildings and facilities to remain. 32 33

Site Access and Temporary Controls: Conduct selective demolition and debris-removal operations to ensure minimum interference with roads, streets, walks, walkways, and other adjacent occupied

Temporary Facilities: Provide temporary barricades and other protection required to prevent injury to

Provide protection to ensure safe passage of people around selective demolition area and to and from occupied portions of building.

Provide temporary weather protection, during interval between selective demolition of existing construction on exterior surfaces and new construction, to prevent water leakage and damage to structure and interior areas.

Protect walls, ceilings, floors, and other existing finish work that are to remain or that are exposed during selective demolition operations.

Cover and protect furniture, furnishings, and equipment that have not been removed.

Comply with requirements for temporary enclosures, dust control, heating, and cooling

Temporary Shoring: Provide and maintain shoring, bracing, and structural supports as required to preserve stability and prevent movement, settlement, or collapse of construction and finishes to remain, and to prevent unexpected or uncontrolled movement or collapse of construction being demolished.

Strengthen or add new supports when required during progress of selective demolition.

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Bid No. 314001

SELECTIVE DEMOLITION

Demolish and remove existing construction only to the extent required by new construction and as indicated. Use methods required to complete the Work within limitations of governing regulations and as follows:

Proceed with selective demolition systematically, from higher to lower level. Complete selective demolition operations above each floor or tier before disturbing supporting members on the next lower level.

Neatly cut openings and holes plumb, square, and true to dimensions required. Use cutting methods least likely to damage construction to remain or adjoining construction. Use hand tools or small power tools designed for sawing or grinding, not hammering and chopping, to minimize disturbance of adjacent surfaces. Temporarily cover openings to remain.

Cut or drill from the exposed or finished side into concealed surfaces to avoid marring existing finished surfaces.

Do not use cutting torches until work area is cleared of flammable materials. At concealed spaces, such as duct and pipe interiors, verify condition and contents of hidden space before starting flame-cutting operations. Maintain portable fire-suppression devices during flame-cutting operations.

Maintain adequate ventilation when using cutting torches.

Remove decayed, vermin-infested, or otherwise dangerous or unsuitable materials and promptly dispose of off-site.

Remove structural framing members and lower to ground by method suitable to avoid free fall and to prevent ground impact or dust generation.

Locate selective demolition equipment and remove debris and materials so as not to impose excessive loads on supporting walls, floors, or framing.

Dispose of demolished items and materials promptly.

Existing Items to Remain: Protect construction indicated to remain against damage and soiling during selective demolition. When permitted by Architect, items may be removed to a suitable, protected storage location during selective demolition and cleaned and reinstalled in their original locations after selective demolition operations are complete.

PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

Regulatory Requirements: Comply with governing EPA notification regulations before beginning selective demolition. Comply with hauling and disposal regulations of authorities having jurisdiction.

PROCEDURES FOR SPECIFIC MATERIALS

Concrete: Demolish in sections. Cut concrete full depth at junctures with construction to remain and at regular intervals, using power-driven saw, then remove concrete between saw cuts.

Masonry: Demolish in small sections. Cut masonry at junctures with construction to remain, using power-driven saws, then remove masonry between saw cuts.

Components and Accessories: Remove completely, including fastening devices and installation adhesives.

Resilient Floor Coverings: Remove floor coverings and adhesive according to recommendations in the Resilient Floor Covering Institute –Work Practices, (RFCI-WP) and its Addendum.

Remove residual adhesive and prepare substrate for new floor coverings by one of the methods recommended by RFCI.

DISPOSAL OF DEMOLISHED MATERIALS

Except for items or materials indicated to be salvaged, reinstalled, or otherwise indicated to remain Owner's property, remove demolished materials from Project site and legally dispose of them in an EPA-approved landfill.

Do not allow demolished materials to accumulate on-site.

Remove and transport debris in a manner that will prevent spillage on adjacent surfaces and areas.

Remove debris from elevated portions of building by chute, hoist, or other device that will convey debris to grade level in a controlled descent.

Do not burn demolished materials.

CLEANING

Clean adjacent structures and improvements of dust, dirt, and debris caused by selective demolition operations. Return adjacent areas to condition existing before selective demolition operations began.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 03 30 00 - CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE

PART 1 - GENERAL

RELATED DOCUMENTS

Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

SUMMARY

Cast-in place concrete, including formwork, reinforcement, concrete materials, mixture design, placement procedures, and finishes.

Related Sections include:

Division 32 Section "Concrete Paving" for concrete pavement and walks.

DEFINITIONS

Cementitious Materials: Portland cement alone or in combination with one or more of the following: blended hydraulic cement, fly ash and other pozzolans, ground granulated blast-furnace slag and silica fume.

SUBMITTALS

Product Data: For each type of product indicated.

Design Mixtures: For each concrete mixture. Submit alternate design mixtures when characteristics of materials, Project conditions, weather, test results, or other circumstances warrant adjustments.

Steel Reinforcement Shop Drawings: Detail fabrication, bending, and placement. Include bar sizes, lengths, material, grade, bar schedules, stirrup spacing, bent bar diagrams, bar arrangement, splices and laps, mechanical connections, tie spacing, hoop spacing, and supports for concrete reinforcement.

Comply with ACI 315 "Details and Detailing of Concrete Reinforcement" published in SP-66 ACI Detailing Manual or MCP302-Part 3.

Material Test Reports: For the following, from a qualified testing agency, indicating compliance with requirements:

Aggregates. Include service record data indicating absence of deleterious expansion of concrete due to alkali aggregate reactivity.

Material Certificates: For each of the following, signed by manufacturers:

Cementitious materials.

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Steel reinforcement and accessories.

Minutes of pre-installation conference.

QUALITY ASSURANCE

Installer Qualifications: A qualified installer who employs on Project personnel qualified as ACI-certified Flatwork Technician and Finisher and a supervisor who is an ACI-certified Concrete Flatwork Technician.

Manufacturer Qualifications: A firm experienced in manufacturing ready-mixed concrete products and that complies with ASTM C 94/C 94M requirements for production facilities and equipment.

Manufacturer certified according to NRMCA "Certification of Ready Mixed Concrete Production Facilities."

Testing Agency Qualifications: An independent agency, qualified according to ASTM C 1077 and ASTM E 329 for testing indicated, as documented according to ASTM E 548.

Source Limitations: Obtain each type or class of cementitious material of the same brand from the same manufacturer's plant, obtain aggregate from one source, and obtain admixtures through one source from a single manufacturer.

ACI Publications: Comply with the following unless modified by requirements in the Contract Documents:

ACI 301, "Specification for Structural Concrete," Sections 1 through 5

ACI 117, "Specifications for Tolerances for Concrete Construction and Materials."

Concrete Testing Service: Engage a qualified independent testing agency to perform material evaluation tests and to design concrete mixtures.

DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

Steel Reinforcement: Deliver, store, and handle steel reinforcement to prevent bending and damage.

Water stops: Store water stops under cover to protect from moisture, sunlight, dirt, oil, and other contaminants.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

FORM-FACING MATERIALS

Smooth-Formed Finished Concrete: Form-facing panels that will provide continuous, true, and smooth concrete surfaces. Furnish in largest practicable sizes to minimize number of joints.

Plywood, metal, or other approved panel materials.

Rough-Formed Finished Concrete: Plywood, lumber, metal, or another approved material. Provide lumber dressed on at least two edges and one side for tight fit.

Void Forms: Biodegradable paper surface, treated for moisture resistance, structurally sufficient to support weight of plastic concrete and other superimposed loads.

Chamfer Strips: Wood, metal, PVC, or rubber strips, 3/4 by 3/4 inch, minimum.

Form-Release Agent: Commercially formulated form-release agent that will not bond with, stain, or adversely affect concrete surfaces and will not impair subsequent treatments of concrete surfaces.

Formulate form-release agent with rust inhibitor for steel form-facing materials.

Form Ties: Factory-fabricated, removable or snap-off metal or glass-fiber-reinforced plastic form ties designed to resist lateral pressure of fresh concrete on forms and to prevent spalling of concrete on removal, and that will leave no corrodible metal closer than 1 inch to the plane of concrete surface.

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2 3 4	For exposed concrete, furnish ties with tapered tie cone spreaders that, when removed, will leave holes 1-1/4 inches in diameter on concrete surface, and:
5 6 7	For concealed concrete, furnish ties which, when removed, will leave holes no larger than 1 inch in diameter in concrete surface.
8 9 10	STEEL REINFORCEMENT
11	Reinforcing Bars: ASTM A 615/A 615M, Grade 60, deformed.
12 13	Plain-Steel Wire: ASTM A 82, as drawn.
14 15 16 17	Plain-Steel Welded Wire Reinforcement: ASTM A 185, plain, fabricated from as-drawn steel wire into flat sheets.
18	REINFORCEMENT ACCESSORIES
19 20 21 22	Joint Dowel Bars: ASTM A 615/A 615M, Grade 60, plain-steel bars, cut bars true to length with ends square and free of burrs.
23 24	Zinc Repair Material: ASTM A 780, zinc-based solder, paint containing zinc dust, or sprayed zinc.
25 26 27 28	Bar Supports: Bolsters, chairs, spacers, and other devices for spacing, supporting, and fastening reinforcing bars and welded wire reinforcement in place. Manufacture bar supports from steel wire, plastic, or precast concrete according to CRSI "Manual of Standard Practice," of greater compressive strength than concrete.
29 30 31	For concrete surfaces exposed to view where legs of wire bar supports contact forms, use CRSI Class 1 plastic-protected steel wire or CRSI Class 2 stainless-steel bar supports.
32 33	For slabs-on-grade, use chairs with plates to prevent penetration of vapor retarder.
34 35 36	CONCRETE MATERIALS
37 38 39	Cementitious Material: Use the following cementitious materials, of the same type, brand, and source, throughout Project:
40	Portland Cement: ASTM C 150, Type I.
41	Fly Ash: ASTM C 618, Class C.
43 44	Ground Granulated Blast-Furnace Slag: ASTM C 989, Grade 100 or 120.
45 46 47	Blended Hydraulic Cement: ASTM C 595, Type IS, portland blast-furnace slag or Type I (SM), slag-modified portland cement.
48 49 50	Normal-Weight Aggregates: ASTM C 33, Class 3S coarse aggregate or better, graded Provide aggregates from a single source.
51 52 53	Coarse-Aggregate: Crushed stone or gravel.

Fine Aggregate: Natural sand, free of materials with deleterious reactivity to alkali in

cement.

Water: ASTM C 94/C 94M.

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2	ADMIXTURES				
3 4	Air-Entraining Admixture: ASTM C 260.				
5	All Entraining Admixture. Activity 200.				
6	Products:				
7					
8	Axim Concrete Technologies; Catexol AE 260				
9	Euclid Chemical Company (The); AEA 92S				
10	Master Builders, Inc: MB AE 90 or Micro-Air				
11	W R Grace & Co; Darex II				
12	GRT Admixtures; Polychem AE or VR				
13 14	Chemical Admixtures: Provide admixtures certified by manufacturer to be compatible with other				
14 15	Chemical Admixtures: Provide admixtures certified by manufacturer to be compatible with other admixtures and that will not contribute water-soluble chloride ions exceeding those permitted in				
16	hardened concrete. Do not use calcium chloride or admixtures containing calcium chloride.				
17	narachea controle. Do not acc calciam chienae of admixtares containing calciam chienae.				
18	Water-Reducing Admixture: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type A.				
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20	Products:				
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22	Axim Concrete Technologies; Catexol 1000N				
23	Euclid Chemical Company (The); Eucon WR-91				
24	Master Builders, Inc: Polyheed 997				
25	W R Grace & Co; WRDA 82				
26	GRT Admixtures; Polychem 400 NC				
27	NULD				
28	Mid Range, Water-Reducing Admixture: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type A.				
29	Dradusta				
30	Products:				
31	Axim Concrete Technologies; Catexol 3500N				
32 33	Euclid Chemical Company (The); Eucon MR				
34	Master Builders, Inc: Polyheed 997				
35	W R Grace & Co; Daracem 65				
36	GRT Admixtures; Polychem KB-1000				
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38	Water-Reducing, Non-Chloride Accelerator: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type C.				
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40	Products:				
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42	Axim Concrete Technologies; Catexol 2000RHE				
43	Euclid Chemical Company (The); Accelguard 80				
14	Master Builders, Inc: Pozzutec 20				
45 40	W R Grace & Co; Polarset				
46 4 7	GRT Admixtures; Super Set				
47 40	Water-Reducing and Retarding Admixture: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type D.				
48 49	Water-Neducing and Netarding Admixture. ASTIN C 434/C 434IN, Type D.				
50	Products:				
51	1 1000000				
52	Axim Concrete Technologies; Catexol 1000R				
53	Euclid Chemical Company (The); Eucon Retarder				
54	Master Builders, Inc: Pozzolith 100XR				
55	W R Grace & Co; Daratard 17				
56	GRT Admixtures; Polychem R				
57					
58	High-Range, Water-Reducing Admixture: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type F or G				

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2	Products:
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4	Axim Concrete Technologies; Catexol 1000SP-MN
5	Euclid Chemical Company (The); Eucon 37
6	Master Builders, Inc: Rheobuild 1000
7	W R Grace & Co; ADVA 100 or Daracem 19
8	GRT Admixtures; Polychem SPC or Melchem
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10	CURING MATERIALS
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12	Evaporation Retarder: Waterborne, monomolecular film forming, manufactured for application to
13	fresh concrete.
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15	Products:
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17	Axim Italcementi Group, Inc.; CATEXOL Cimfilm.
18	ChemMasters; SprayFilm
19	Conspec by Dayton Superior; Aquafilm.
20	Dayton Superior Corporation; Sure Film (J-74).
21	Euclid Chemical Company (The), an RPM Company; Eucobar.
22	L&M Construction Chemicals, Inc.; E-CON.
23	Meadows, W. R., Inc.; EVAPRE.
24	Sika Corporation; SikaFilm.
25	Approved substitute.
26	Absorbtive Covery AACLITO M 100 Class O humber sleth mode from into an Iranef visibility
27	Absorptive Cover: AASHTO M 182, Class 2, burlap cloth made from jute or kenaf, weighing approximately 9 oz./sq. yd. when dry.
28	approximately 9 02./sq. yd. when dry.
29	Moisture-Retaining Cover: ASTM C 171, curing paper, polyethylene film or white-burlap-
30 31	polyethylene sheet.
32	polyethylene sneet.
33	Water: Potable.
34	Water. I Otable.
35	Clear, Waterborne, Membrane-Forming Curing Compound: ASTM C 309, Type 1, Class B,
36	dissipating.
37	alloopating.
38	Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
39	3·
40	Anti-Hydro International, Inc.; AH Curing Compound #2 DR WB.
41	ChemMasters; Safe-Cure Clear.
42	Conspec by Dayton Superior; W.B. Resin Cure.
43	Dayton Superior Corporation; Day-Chem Rez Cure (J-11-W).
44	Euclid Chemical Co. (The), an RPM Co.; Kurez W VOX, TAMMSCURE WB 30C.
45	L&M Construction Chemicals, Inc.; L&M Cure R.
46	Meadows, W. R., Inc.; 1100 Clear.
47	Symons by Dayton Superior; Resi-Chem Clear.
48	Approved substitute
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50	RELATED MATERIALS
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52	Expansion and Isolation Joint-Filler Strips: ASTM D 1751, asphalt-saturated cellulosic fiber or
53	ASTM D 1752, cork or self-expanding cork.

Epoxy Bonding Adhesive: ASTM C 881, two-component epoxy resin, capable of humid curing and bonding to damp surfaces, of class suitable for application temperature and of grade to suit

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Bid No. 314001

requirements, and as follows:

Types I and II for non-load bearing applications and Types IV and V for load bearing applications, for bonding hardened or freshly mixed concrete to hardened concrete. 2 3 REPAIR MATERIALS 4 5 Cement-based, polymer-modified, self-leveling toppings product that can be applied in thicknesses 6 from 1/8 inch and that can be feathered at edges to match adjacent floor elevations. 7 8 Cement Binder: ASTM C 150, portland cement or hydraulic or blended hydraulic 9 cement as defined in ASTM C 219. 10 11 Product of underlayment manufacturer recommended for substrate, 12 conditions, and application. 13 14 Aggregate: Well-graded, washed gravel, 1/8 to 1/4 inch or coarse sand as 15 recommended by underlayment manufacturer. 16 17 Repair underlayment for floor and slab areas beneath floor coverings: 18 19 Compressive Strength: Not less than 4100 psi at 28 days when tested according to 20 ASTM C 109/C 109M. 21 22 Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide the basis-of-design 23 product or a comparable product by one of the following: 24 25 Dayton Superior Corporation; "Level Topping" 26 L&M Construction Chemicals, Inc.; Levelex HS 27 Symons Corporation: "Concrete Top" 28 Vexcon Chemicals Inc.; Certi-Vex SLU TC 29 30 Repair overlayment for floor or slab areas remaining exposed and not receiving floor 31 coverings: 32 33 Compressive Strength: Not less than 5000 psi at 28 days when tested according to 34 ASTM C 109/C 109M. 35 36 Basis-of-Design Product: Ardex SD-P. 37 38 Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide the basis-of-design 39 product or a comparable product by one of the following: 40 41 Master Builders, Inc: Mastertop 112 Topping 42 The Quikcrete Companies; Quikcrete Self-Leveling Floor Resurfacer Fast-43 44 Set 45 CONCRETE MIXTURES, GENERAL 47 Prepare design mixtures for each type and strength of concrete, proportioned on the basis of 48 laboratory trial mixture or field test data, or both, according to ACI 301. 49

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Use a qualified independent testing agency for preparing and reporting proposed mixture designs based on laboratory trial mixtures. Do not use the same Agency as used for Field **Quality Control Testing**

Limit water-soluble, chloride-ion content in hardened concrete to 0.15 percent by weight of cement.

Admixtures: Use admixtures according to manufacturer's written instructions.

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Use water-reducing or high-range water-reducing (HRWR) admixture in concrete, as required by Concrete Mixture Schedule and as necessary for placement and workability.

Slump Limit for concrete containing high-range water-reducing admixture: 8"maximum

Use water reducing and retarding admixture when required by high temperatures, low humidity, or other adverse placement conditions.

Use water-reducing admixture in pumped concrete, concrete for heavy-use industrial slabs and parking structure slabs, concrete required to be watertight, and concrete with a watercementitious materials ratio below 0.50.

CONCRETE MIXTURE SCHEDULE

				Slump				
				Before		Min.	Air	
			Min. Comp	addn. of	Max.	Lbs. of	Entrain-	
			Strength	HRWR	Agg.	Cementitious	ment	
		Type of	@ 28 Days	(in. +/-	Size	Materials	% +/-	
_	Class	Construction	(PSI)	1 in.)	(in.)	per cu yd.	11/2%	Notes
	1	Footings	3000	5	1.5	470	4.5	(1)
	2a	Exterior	4500	3	0.75	564	6.0	(2)(3)(5)
		slab-on-grade						

Notes:

- Use a maximum of 50% replacement of portland cement with ground granulated blast-(1) furnace slag and fly ash at a 1:1 ratio, up to 350 pounds per cubic yard. If fly ash is used alone, limit the maximum replacement to 25%.
- (2)Use a maximum of 30% replacement of portland cement with ground granulated blastfurnace slag and fly ash at a 1:1 ratio, up to 350 pounds per cubic yard, with a maximum 25% fly ash. If fly ash is used alone, limit the maximum replacement to 25%.
- (3)Maximum water to cementitious materials ratio by weight: 0.45.
- (5)High-Range, Water-Reducing Admixture may be used in mixture.

FABRICATING REINFORCEMENT

Fabricate steel reinforcement according to CRSI "Manual of Standard Practice."

CONCRETE MIXING

Provide ready-mixed concrete. Measure, batch, mix, and deliver concrete according to ASTM C 94/C 94M, and furnish batch ticket information.

When air temperature is between 85 and 90 deg F, reduce mixing and delivery time from 1-1/2 hours to 75 minutes; when air temperature is above 90 deg F, reduce mixing and delivery time to 60 minutes.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

FORMWORK

Design, erect, shore, brace, and maintain formwork, according to ACI 301, to support vertical, lateral, static, and dynamic loads, including construction loads that might be applied, until structure can support such loads.

Construct formwork so concrete members and structures are of size, shape, alignment, elevation, and position indicated, within tolerance limits of ACI 117.

Limit concrete surface irregularities, designated by ACI 347 as abrupt or gradual, as follows:

Class A, 1/8 inch for smooth-formed finished surfaces.

Class B, 1/4 inch for rough-formed finished surfaces.

Construct forms tight enough to prevent loss of concrete mortar.

Fabricate forms for easy removal without hammering or prying against concrete surfaces. Provide crush or wrecking plates where stripping may damage cast concrete surfaces. Provide top forms for inclined surfaces steeper than 1.5 horizontal to 1 vertical.

Install keyways, reglets, recesses, and the like, for easy removal.

Do not use rust-stained steel form-facing material.

Set edge forms, bulkheads, and intermediate screed strips for slabs to achieve required elevations and slopes in finished concrete surfaces. Provide and secure units to support screed strips; use strike-off templates or compacting-type screeds.

Provide temporary openings for cleanouts and inspection ports where interior area of formwork is inaccessible. Close openings with panels tightly fitted to forms and securely braced to prevent loss of concrete mortar. Locate temporary openings in forms at inconspicuous locations.

Chamfer exterior corners and edges of permanently exposed concrete.

Form openings, chases, offsets, sinkages, keyways, reglets, blocking, screeds, and bulkheads required in the Work. Determine sizes and locations from trades providing such items.

Clean forms and adjacent surfaces to receive concrete. Remove chips, wood, sawdust, dirt, and other debris just before placing concrete.

Retighten forms and bracing before placing concrete, as required, to prevent mortar leaks and maintain proper alignment.

Coat contact surfaces of forms with form-release agent, according to manufacturer's written instructions, before placing reinforcement.

EMBEDDED ITEMS

Place and secure anchorage devices and other embedded items required for adjoining work that is attached to or supported by cast-in-place concrete. Use setting drawings, templates, diagrams, instructions, and directions furnished with items to be embedded.

Install anchor rods, accurately located, to elevations required and complying with tolerances in Section 7.5 of AISC's "Code of Standard Practice for Steel Buildings and Bridges."

Bid No. 314001

REMOVING AND REUSING FORMS

Formwork for sides of beams, walls, columns, and similar parts of the Work that does not support weight of concrete may be removed after cumulatively curing at not less than 50 deg F for 24 hours after placing concrete, if concrete is hard enough to not be damaged by form-removal operations and curing and protection operations are maintained.

Leave formwork for beam soffits, joists, slabs, and other structural elements that supports weight of concrete in place until concrete has achieved its 28-day design compressive strength.

Remove forms only if shores have been arranged to permit removal of forms without loosening or disturbing shores.

Clean and repair surfaces of forms to be reused in the Work. Split, frayed, delaminated, or otherwise damaged form-facing material is not acceptable for exposed surfaces. Apply new form-release agent.

When forms are reused, clean surfaces, remove fins and laitance, and tighten to close joints. Align and secure joints to avoid offsets. Do not use patched forms for exposed concrete surfaces unless approved by Architect.

STEEL REINFORCEMENT

Comply with CRSI "Manual of Standard Practice" for placing reinforcement.

Do not cut or puncture vapor retarder. Repair damage and reseal vapor retarder before placing concrete.

Clean reinforcement of loose rust and mill scale, earth, ice, and other foreign materials that would reduce bond to concrete.

Accurately position, support, and secure reinforcement against displacement. Locate and support reinforcement with bar supports to maintain minimum concrete cover.

Do not weld reinforcing bars.

Set wire ties with ends directed into concrete, not toward exposed concrete surfaces.

Install welded wire reinforcement in longest practicable lengths on bar supports spaced to minimize sagging. Lap edges and ends of adjoining sheets at least one mesh spacing. Offset laps of adjoining sheet widths to prevent continuous laps in either direction. Lace overlaps with wire.

JOINTS

Construct joints true to line with faces perpendicular to surface plane of concrete.

 Construction Joints: Install so strength and appearance of concrete are not impaired, at locations indicated or approved by Architect.

 Place joints perpendicular to main reinforcement. Continue reinforcement across construction joints, unless otherwise indicated. Do not continue reinforcement through sides of strip placements of floors and slabs.

Contraction Joints in Slabs-on-Grade: Form weakened-plane contraction joints, sectioning concrete into areas as indicated. Construct contraction joints for a depth equal to at least one-fourth of concrete thickness as follows:

Exterior Slabs: Form contraction joints after initial floating by grooving and finishing each edge of joint to a radius of 1/8 inch. Repeat grooving of contraction joints after applying surface finishes. Eliminate groover tool marks on concrete surfaces.

CONCRETE PLACEMENT

Before placing concrete, verify that installation of formwork, reinforcement, and embedded items is complete and that required inspections have been performed.

Do not add water to concrete during delivery at Project site or during placement, unless approved by Architect.

Deposit concrete continuously in one layer or in horizontal layers of such thickness that no new concrete will be placed on concrete that has hardened enough to cause seams or planes of weakness. If a section cannot be placed continuously, provide construction joints as indicated. Deposit concrete to avoid segregation.

Deposit concrete in horizontal layers of depth to not exceed formwork design pressures and in a manner to avoid inclined construction joints.

Consolidate placed concrete with mechanical vibrating equipment according to ACI 301.

Do not use vibrators to transport concrete inside forms. Insert and withdraw vibrators vertically at uniformly spaced locations to rapidly penetrate placed layer and at least 6 inches into preceding layer. Do not insert vibrators into lower layers of concrete that have begun to lose plasticity. At each insertion, limit duration of vibration to time necessary to consolidate concrete and complete embedment of reinforcement and other embedded items without causing mixture constituents to segregate.

Cold-Weather Placement: Comply with ACI 306.1 and as follows. Protect concrete from physical damage or reduced strength that could be caused by frost, freezing actions, or low temperatures.

When average high and low temperature is expected to fall below 40 deg F for three successive days, maintain delivered concrete mixture temperature within the temperature range required by ACI 301.

Do not use frozen materials or materials containing ice or snow. Do not place concrete on frozen sub-grade or on sub-grade containing frozen materials.

Do not use calcium chloride, salt, or other materials containing antifreeze agents or chemical accelerators unless otherwise specified and approved in mixture designs.

Hot-Weather Placement: Comply with ACI 301 and as follows:

Maintain concrete temperature below 90 deg F at time of placement. Chilled mixing water or chopped ice may be used to control temperature, provided water equivalent of ice is calculated to total amount of mixing water. Using liquid nitrogen to cool concrete is Contractor's option.

Fog-spray forms, steel reinforcement, and sub-grade just before placing concrete. Keep sub-grade uniformly moist without standing water, soft spots, or dry areas.

FINISHING FORMED SURFACES

Rough-Formed Finish: As-cast concrete texture imparted by form-facing material with tie holes and defects repaired and patched. Remove fins and other projections that exceed specified limits on formed-surface irregularities.

Apply to concrete surfaces not exposed to public view.

FINISHING FLOORS AND SLABS

Comply with ACI 302.1R recommendations for screeding, re-straightening, and finishing operations for concrete surfaces. Do not wet concrete surfaces.

Finish surfaces to the following tolerances, according to ASTM E 1155, for a randomly trafficked floor surface:

Float Finish: Consolidate surface with power-driven floats or by hand floating if area is small or inaccessible to power driven floats. Re-straighten, cut down high spots, and fill low spots. Repeat float passes and restraightening until surface is left with a uniform, smooth, granular texture.

Float and Fine-Broom Finish: After applying float finish and while concrete is still plastic, slightly scarify surface with a fine broom.

 Trowel Finish: After applying float finish, apply first troweling and consolidate concrete by hand or power-driven trowel. Continue troweling passes and re-straighten until surface is free of trowel marks and uniform in texture and appearance. Grind smooth any surface defects that would telegraph through applied coatings or floor coverings.

Broom Finish: Immediately after float finishing, slightly roughen surface by brooming with fiber-bristle broom perpendicular to main traffic route. Verify final finish with Architect before application.

Apply to exterior concrete platforms, and walks and elsewhere as indicated.

CONCRETE PROTECTING AND CURING

Protect freshly placed concrete from premature drying and excessive cold or hot temperatures. Comply with ACI 306.1 for cold-weather protection and ACI 301 for hot-weather protection during curing.

Evaporation Retarder: Apply evaporation retarder to unformed concrete surfaces if hot, dry, or windy conditions cause moisture loss approaching 0.2 lb/sq. ft. x h before and during finishing operations. Apply according to manufacturer's written instructions after placing, screeding, and bull floating or darbying concrete, but before float finishing.

Formed Surfaces: Cure formed concrete surfaces, including underside of beams, supported slabs, and other similar surfaces. If forms remain during curing period, moist cure after loosening forms. If removing forms before end of curing period, continue curing for the remainder of the curing period.

Unformed Surfaces: Begin curing immediately after finishing concrete. Cure unformed surfaces, including floors and slabs, concrete floor toppings, and other surfaces.

Cure concrete according to ACI 308.1, by one or a combination of the following methods, unless otherwise indicated:

Curing Compound: Apply uniformly in continuous operation by power spray or roller according to manufacturer's written instructions. Recoat areas subjected to heavy rainfall within three hours after initial application. Maintain continuity of coating and repair damage during curing period.

Moisture cure or use moisture-retaining covers to cure the following:

Formed concrete surfaces.

CONCRETE SURFACE REPAIRS

Defective Concrete: Repair and patch defective areas when approved by Architect. Remove and replace concrete that cannot be repaired and patched to Architect's approval.

Patching Mortar: Mix dry-pack patching mortar, consisting of one part portland cement to two and one-half parts fine aggregate passing a No. 16 sieve, using only enough water for handling and placing.

Repairing Formed Surfaces: Surface defects include color and texture irregularities, cracks, spalls, air bubbles, honeycombs, rock pockets, fins and other projections on the surface, and stains and other discolorations that cannot be removed by cleaning.

Immediately after form removal, cut out honeycombs, rock pockets, and voids more than 1/2 inch in any dimension in solid concrete, but not less than 1 inch in depth. Make edges of cuts perpendicular to concrete surface. Clean, dampen with water, and brush-coat holes and voids with bonding agent. Fill and compact with patching mortar before bonding agent has dried. Fill form-tie voids with patching mortar or cone plugs secured in place with bonding agent.

Repair defects on surfaces exposed to view by blending white portland cement and standard portland cement so that, when dry, patching mortar will match surrounding color. Patch a test area at inconspicuous locations to verify mixture and color match before proceeding with patching. Compact mortar in place and strike off slightly higher than surrounding surface.

Repair defects on concealed formed surfaces that affect concrete's durability and structural performance as determined by Architect.

Repairing Unformed Surfaces: Test unformed surfaces, such as floors and slabs, for finish and verify surface tolerances specified for each surface. Correct low and high areas. Test surfaces sloped to drain for trueness of slope and smoothness; use a sloped template.

Repair finished surfaces containing defects. Surface defects include spalls, pop-outs, honeycombs, rock pockets, crazing and cracks in excess of 0.01 inch wide or that penetrate to reinforcement or completely through un-reinforced sections regardless of width, and other objectionable conditions.

After concrete has cured at least 14 days, correct high areas by grinding.

Correct localized low areas during or immediately after completing surface finishing operations by cutting out low areas and replacing with patching mortar. Finish repaired areas to blend into adjacent concrete.

Correct other low areas scheduled to receive floor coverings with a repair underlayment. Prepare, mix, and apply repair underlayment and primer according to manufacturer's written instructions to produce a smooth, uniform, plane, and level surface. Feather edges to match adjacent floor elevations.

Correct other low areas scheduled to remain exposed with a repair topping. Cut out low areas to ensure a minimum repair topping depth of 1/4 inch to match adjacent floor elevations. Prepare, mix, and apply repair topping and primer according to manufacturer's written instructions to produce a smooth, uniform, plane, and level surface.

Repair defective areas, except random cracks and single holes 1 inch or less in diameter, by cutting out and replacing with fresh concrete. Remove defective areas with clean, square cuts and expose steel reinforcement with at least a 3/4-inch clearance all around. Dampen concrete surfaces in contact with patching concrete and apply bonding agent. Mix patching concrete of same materials and mixture as original concrete except without coarse

aggregate. Place, compact, and finish to blend with adjacent finished concrete. Cure in same manner as adjacent concrete.

Repair random cracks and single holes 1 inch or less in diameter with patching mortar. Groove top of cracks and cut out holes to sound concrete and clean off dust, dirt, and loose particles. Dampen cleaned concrete surfaces and apply bonding agent. Place patching mortar before bonding agent has dried. Compact patching mortar and finish to match adjacent concrete. Keep patched area continuously moist for at least 72 hours.

Perform structural repairs of concrete, subject to Architect's approval, using epoxy adhesive and patching mortar.

Repair materials and installation not specified above may be used, subject to Architect's approval.

FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

Inspections:

Steel reinforcement placement.

Concrete Tests: Testing of composite samples of fresh concrete obtained according to ASTM C 172 shall be performed according to the following requirements:

Testing Frequency: Obtain one composite sample for each day's pour of each concrete mixture exceeding 5 cu. yd., but less than 25 cu. yd., plus one set for each additional 50 cu. yd. or fraction thereof.

When frequency of testing will provide fewer than five compressive-strength tests for each concrete mixture, testing shall be conducted from at least five randomly selected batches or from each batch if fewer than five are used.

Slump: ASTM C 143/C 143M; one test at point of placement for each composite sample, but not less than one test for each day's pour of each concrete mixture. Perform additional tests when concrete consistency appears to change.

Air Content: ASTM C 231, pressure method, for normal-weight concrete; one test for each composite sample, but not less than one test for each day's pour of each concrete mixture.

Concrete Temperature: ASTM C 1064/C 1064M; one test hourly when air temperature is 40 deg F and below and when 80 deg F and above, and one test for each composite sample.

Compression Test Specimens: ASTM C 31/C 31M.

Cast and laboratory cure two sets of two standard cylinder specimens for each composite sample.

Compressive-Strength Tests: ASTM C 39/C 39M; test one set of two laboratory-cured specimens at 7 days and one set of two specimens at 28 days.

A compressive-strength test shall be the average compressive strength from a set of two specimens obtained from same composite sample and tested at age indicated.

When strength of field-cured cylinders is less than 85 percent of companion laboratory-cured cylinders, Contractor shall evaluate operations and provide corrective procedures for protecting and curing in-place concrete.

Strength of each concrete mixture will be satisfactory if every average of any three consecutive compressive-strength tests equals or exceeds specified compressive strength

and no compressive-strength test value falls below specified compressive strength by more than 500 psi.

Test results shall be reported in writing to Architect, concrete manufacturer, and Contractor within 48 hours of testing. Reports of compressive-strength tests shall contain Project identification name and number, date of concrete placement, name of concrete testing and inspecting agency, location of concrete batch in Work, design compressive strength at 28 days, concrete mixture proportions and materials, compressive breaking strength, and type of break for both 7- and 28-day tests.

Nondestructive Testing: Impact hammer, sonoscope, or other nondestructive device may be permitted by Architect but will not be used as sole basis for approval or rejection of concrete.

 Additional Tests: Testing and inspecting agency shall make additional tests of concrete when test results indicate that slump, air entrainment, compressive strengths, or other requirements have not been met, as directed by Architect. Testing and inspecting agency may conduct tests to determine adequacy of concrete by cored cylinders complying with ASTM C 42/C 42M or by other methods as directed by Architect.

Additional testing and inspecting, at Contractor's expense, will be performed to determine compliance of replaced or additional work with specified requirements.

Correct deficiencies in the Work that test reports and inspections indicate do not comply with the Construction Documents.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 07 92 00 - JOINT SEALANTS

PART 1 - GENERAL

RELATED DOCUMENTS

Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to work of this Section.

SUMMARY

Interior Joint Sealants:

General sealant

SUBMITTALS

Product Data: For each joint-sealant product indicated.

Samples for Initial Selection: Manufacturer's color charts consisting of strips of cured sealants showing the full range of colors available for each product exposed to view.

Samples for Verification: For each type and color of joint sealant required. Install joint sealants in 1/2-inch wide joints formed between two 6-inch long strips of material matching the appearance of exposed surfaces adjacent to joint sealants.

Qualification Data: For firms and persons specified in "Quality Assurance" Article to demonstrate their capabilities and experience. Include lists of completed projects with project names and addresses, names and addresses of architects and owners and other information specified.

Pre-construction Field Test Reports: Indicate which sealants and joint preparation methods resulted in optimum adhesion to joint substrates based on pre-construction testing specified in "Quality Assurance" Article.

Field Test Report Log: For each elastomeric sealant application, include information specified in "Field Quality Control" Article.

Warranties: Special Warranties specified in this Section.

QUALITY ASSURANCE

Manufacturer Qualifications: Provide products from Manufacturer with not less than ten (10) years in business of manufacturing the specified types of sealants.

Installer Qualifications: Engage an Installer who has successfully completed within the last year at least 5 joint sealant applications similar in type and size to that of this project and who will assign mechanics from these earlier applications to this project, of which one will serve as lead mechanic.

Source Limitations: Obtain each type of joint sealant through one source from a single Manufacturer.

Pre-construction Field-Adhesion Testing: Before installing elastomeric sealants, field test their adhesion to joint substrates as follows:

Locate test joints where indicated or, if not indicated, as directed by Architect.

Conduct field tests for each application indicated below:

Each type of elastomeric sealant and joint substrate indicated.

Each type of non-elastomeric sealant and joint substrate indicated.

 Notify Architect seven (7) days in advance of dates and times when test joints will be erected. Architect to be on site during the tests.

Arrange for tests to take place with joint sealant manufacturer's technical representative present.

Test Method: Test joint sealants by hand-pull method described below:

Install joint sealants in 60-inch long joints using same materials and methods for joint preparation and joint-sealant installation required for the completed work. Allow sealants to cure fully before testing.

Make knife cut from one side of joint to the other, followed by two cuts approximately 2-inch long at sides of joint and meeting cross cut at one end. Place a mark 1-inch from crosscut end of 2-inch piece.

Use fingers to grasp 2-inch piece of sealant between cross-cut end and 1-inch mark; pull firmly at a 90 degree angle or more in direction of side cuts while holding a ruler along side of sealant. Pull sealant out of joint to the distance recommended by sealant manufacturer for testing adhesive capability, but not less than that equaling specified maximum movement capability in extension; hold this position for 10 seconds.

For joints with dissimilar substrates, check adhesion to each substrate separately. Do this by extending cut along one side, checking adhesion to opposite side, and then repeating this procedure for opposite side.

Report whether sealant in joint connected to pulled-out portion failed to adhere to joint substrates or tore cohesively. Include data on pull distance used to test each type of product and joint substrate. For sealants that fail adhesively, retest until satisfactory adhesion is obtained.

Preinstallation Meeting: At Contractor's directions, Installer, joint sealer Manufacturers' representatives and other trades whose work affects installation of joint sealers shall meet at project site to review procedures and time schedule proposed for installation of joint sealers to be coordinated with other related work.

DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

Deliver materials to project site in original unopened containers or bundles with labels informing about manufacturer, product name and designation, color, expiration period for use, pot life, curing time and mixing instructions for multi-component materials.

Store and handle materials to prevent their deterioration or damage due to moisture, temperature change, contaminants or other causes. Comply with manufacturer's recommendations.

PROJECT CONDITIONS

Environmental Conditions: Do not proceed with installation of joint sealants under the following conditions:

When adverse or inclement weather conditions are impending or when ambient and substrate temperature conditions are outside the limits permitted by joint sealant manufacturers.

When joint substrates are wet due to rain, frost, condensation or other causes.

Joint Width Conditions: Do not proceed with installation of joint sealants when joint widths are less than recommended by joint sealant manufacturer for application indicated.

WARRANTY

Special Installer's Warranty: Written warranty, signed by Installer agreeing to repair or replace elastomeric joint sealants that do not comply with performance and other requirements specified in this Section within specified warranty period.

Warranty Period: Five (5) years from date of Substantial Completion.

Special Manufacturer's Warranty: Written warranty, signed by elastomeric sealant Manufacturer, agreeing to furnish elastomeric joint sealants to repair or replace those that do not comply with performance and other requirements specified in this Section within specified warranty period.

Warranty Period:

Silicone Sealants: (20) years from date of Substantial Completion.

Sealants other than Silicone: (10) years from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

Provide joint sealants that establish and maintain watertight and airtight continuous joint seals without staining or deteriorating joint substrates.

SEALANTS. GENERAL

Compatibility: Provide joint sealants, joint fillers and other related materials that are compatible with one another and with joint substrates under conditions of service and application, as demonstrated by testing and field experience.

Colors: Provide colors of exposed joint sealants or as selected by Architect from Manufacturer's standard range,

INTERIOR SEALANTS

General Sealant: One-part, siliconized acrylic latex sealant, ASTM C 834, paintable.

Application: Door and window frame perimeters

Products Pecora AC-20 Latex Sealant

Tremco Tremflex #834 Siliconized Acrylic Latex Sealant

Mildew Resistant Sealant: One-part silicone sealant, ASTM C 920, Type S, Grade NS, Class 25, Use NT, G, A, O, FDA approved with an NSF rating of C2.

Application: Sealing joints in non-porous building surfaces such as ceramic tile (except floors), joints around plumbing fixtures and countertops containing sinks.

Products: Dow Corning #786 Mildew Resistant Silicone Sealant Pecora #898 Silicone Sanitary Sealant

JOINT SEALANT BACKING

Provide sealant backings that are nonstaining; are compatible with joint substrates, sealants, primers, and other joint fillers; and are approved for applications indicated by sealant manufacturer based on field experience and laboratory testing.

Backer Rod: ASTM C 1330 cylindrical sealant backings of size and density to control sealant depth and otherwise contribute to producing optimum sealant performance.

Bond-Breaker Tape: Polyethylene tape or other plastic tape recommended by sealant manufacturer for preventing sealant from adhering to rigid, inflexible joint-filler materials or joint surfaces at back of joint. Provide self-adhesive tape where applicable.

MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

Primers: Types recommended by joint sealant manufacturers where required for adhesion of sealant to joint substrates, as determined from pre-construction joint sealant substrate and field tests.

Provide primer in accordance with Manufacturer's instructions, being applied prior to the installation of backer rod or bond breaker tape. Consult manufacturer for surfaces not specifically covered in submittal application instructions. If a stain type primer is used, apply material in a manner that will prevent exposed stain residue related to application procedures.

Cleaners for Nonporous Surfaces: Non-staining, chemical cleaner of type acceptable to manufacturer of sealant and sealant backing materials that are not harmful to substrates and adjacent nonporous materials.

Masking Tape: Non-staining, nonabsorbent type compatible with joint sealants and to surfaces adjacent to joints.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

EXAMINATION

Examine joints indicated to receive joint sealants for compliance with requirements for joint configurations, installation tolerances and other conditions affecting joint sealant performance. Submit written report listing any conditions detrimental to performance of joint sealant work. Do not allow joint sealant work to proceed until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected. Start of installation is evidence of acceptance of substrate.

PREPARATION

Surface Cleaning of Joints: Clean out joints immediately before installing joint sealants to comply with recommendations of joint sealant manufacturers.

Remove all foreign material from joint substrates which could interfere with adhesion of joint sealant, including dust; paints, except for permanent, protective coatings tested and approved for sealant adhesion and compatibility by sealant manufacturer; oil; grease; waterproofing; water repellents; water; surface dirt and frost.

Clean concrete, masonry, unglazed surfaces of ceramic tile and similar porous joint substrate surfaces, by brushing, grinding, blast cleaning, mechanical abrading, acid washing

or a combination of these methods to produce a clean, sound substrate capable of developing optimum bond with joint sealants. Remove loose particles remaining from above cleaning operations by vacuuming or blowing out joints with oil free compressed air.

Remove laitance and form release agents from concrete.

Clean metal, glass, porcelain-enamel, glazed surfaces of ceramic tile and other non-porous surfaces by chemical cleaners or other means that are not harmful to substrates or leave residues capable of interfering with adhesion of joint sealants.

Joint Priming: Prime joint substrates where recommended by joint sealant manufacturer based on pre-construction tests or prior experience. Confine primers to areas of joint sealant bond; do not allow spillage or migration onto adjoining surfaces.

 Masking Tape: Use masking tape where required to prevent contact of sealant with adjoining surfaces which otherwise would be permanently stained or damaged by such contact or by cleaning methods required to remove sealant smears. Remove tape immediately after tooling without disturbing joint seal.

INSTALLATION

Sealant Installation Standard: Comply with recommendations in ASTM C 1193 for use of joint sealants as applicable to materials, applications, and conditions indicated.

Installation of Sealant Backings: Install sealant backings to support sealants during application at position required to produce cross-sectional shapes and depths of installed sealants relative to joint widths that allow optimum sealant movement capability.

Do not leave gaps between ends of sealant backings.

Do not stretch, twist, puncture, or tear sealant backings.

Remove absorbent sealant backings that have become wet before sealant application and replace them with dry materials.

Install bond-breaker tape behind sealants where backer rod is not used between sealants and backs of joints.

Installation of Sealants: Prepare, mix and install sealants by proven techniques that result in sealants directly contacting and fully wetting joint substrates, completely filling recesses provided for each joint configuration and providing uniform, cross sectional shapes and depths relative to joint widths which allow optimum sealant movement capability. Comply strictly with manufacturer's recommendations. Prevent three-sided adhesion. Sealant depth shall be one half of joint width, with a minimum depth of 1/4-inch and a maximum depth of 1/2-inch, unless otherwise recommended by the manufacturer. Width of sealant shall not be less than 1/4-inch.

Tooling of Non-sag Sealants: Immediately after sealant application and prior to time skinning or curing begins, tool sealants to form smooth, uniform beads of configuration indicated, to eliminate air pockets and to insure contact and adhesion of sealant with sides of joint. Remove excess sealants from surfaces adjacent to joint. Do not use tooling agents that discolor sealants or adjacent surfaces or are not approved by sealant manufacturer.

Joint Configuration: Figure 6A in ASTM C 962, unless otherwise indicated.

FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

Test adhesion of joint sealants according to "Test Method" in Part 1 Article "Pre-construction Field-Adhesion Testing."

2 Insr

Inspect joints for complete fill, for absence of voids and for joint configuration complying with specified requirements.

Extent of Testing: (Architect to receive/witness verification from the field)

Perform 10 tests for the first 1000 feet of joint length for each type of exterior sealant and joint substrate.

Perform one test for each 1000 feet of joint length thereafter or one test per each floor per elevation.

Inspect tested joints and report on the following:

Whether sealants in joints connected to pulled-out portion failed to adhere to joint substrates or tore cohesively. Include data on pull distance used to test each type of product and joint substrate. Compare these results if adhesion passes sealant manufacturer's field-adhesion hand-pull test criteria.

Whether sealants filled joint cavities and are free from voids.

Whether sealant dimensions and configurations comply with specified requirements.

Record test results in a field adhesion test log. Include dates when sealants were installed, names of persons who installed sealants, test dates, test locations, whether joints were primed, adhesion results and percent elongations, sealant fill, sealant configuration and sealant dimensions.

Repair sealants pulled from test area by applying new sealants following same procedures used to originally seal joints. Ensure that original sealant surfaces are clean and new sealant contacts original sealant.

Evaluation of Field-Test Results: Sealants not evidencing adhesive failure from testing or noncompliance with other indicated requirements will be considered satisfactory. Remove sealants that fail to adhere to joint substrates during testing or to comply with other requirements. Retest failed applications until test results prove sealants comply with indicated requirements.

CLEANING

Clean off excess sealants or sealant smears adjacent to joints as the work progresses by methods and with cleaning materials approved in writing by Manufacturer of joint sealants and of products in which joints occur.

PROTECTION

 Protect joint sealants during and after curing period from contact with contaminating substances and from damage resulting from construction operations or other causes so sealants are without deterioration or damage at time of Substantial Completion. If, despite such protection, damage or deterioration occurs, cut out and remove damaged or deteriorated joint sealants immediately so installations with repaired areas are indistinguishable from the original work.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 08 41 13 – ALUMINUM-FRAMED ENTRANCES AND STOREFRONTS

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2	

PART 1 - GENERAL

4 5 6

RELATED DOCUMENTS

7 8

Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including Construction Documents and Supplementary Conditions and Division 00 & 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

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SUMMARY

11 12

13 Aluminum storefront framing

Manual-swing aluminum-framed entrance doors 14

15

Related requirements include:

16 17 18

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Door Schedule on Drawing 800 for location, size, design and hardware requirements for entrance doors.

Section 07 92 00 "Joint Sealants" for perimeter sealing of framing

Section 08 71 00 "Door Hardware" for hardware required for aluminum-framed entrances.

21 22 23

ACTION SUBMITTALS

24 25

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Product Data: For each type of product indicated. Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes for aluminum-framed systems.

27 28 29

Shop Drawings: For fabrication and installation of entrances and storefronts. Include plans, elevations, sections, details, attachments to other work, and the following:

30 31 32

Details of provisions for system expansion and contraction and for drainage of moisture in the system to the exterior.

33 34 35

Details of interface with air and vapor barriers in adjacent construction

36 37

Details of preparation for hardware, including reference to Hardware Groups and provisions for electrified door hardware and controls.

38 39 40

Samples for Verification: For each type of exposed finish required, in manufacturer's standard sizes.

41 42

43

INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

44 45 46 Qualification Data: For qualified installer

47 48 Energy Performance Certificates: For aluminum-framed entrances and storefronts, accessories, and components, from manufacturer.

49

Basis for Certification: NFRC-certified energy performance values for each aluminumframed entrance and storefront.

50 51

Field quality-control reports.

52 53

Warranties: Sample of special warranties.

54 55

CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

56 57 58

Maintenance Data: For aluminum-framed systems to include in maintenance manuals.

Warranties: Special warranties. QUALITY ASSURANCE Installer Qualifications: Manufacturer's authorized representative who is trained and approved for installation of units required for this Project. Engineering Responsibility: Prepare data for aluminum-framed systems, including Shop Drawings, based on testing and engineering analysis of manufacturer's standard units in systems similar to those indicated for this Project. Source Limitations: Obtain each type of aluminum-framed system from single source from single manufacturer. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site. PROJECT CONDITIONS Field Measurements: Verify actual locations of structural supports and dimensions of openings for aluminum-framed systems by field measurements before fabrication and indicate measurements on Shop Drawings. WARRANTY Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of aluminum-framed systems that do not comply with requirements or that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following: Structural failures including, but not limited to, excessive deflection. Noise or vibration caused by thermal movements. Deterioration of metals, metal finishes and other materials beyond normal weathering. Water leakage through fixed glazing and framing areas. Warranty Period: 5 years from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

MANUFACTURERS

Provide comparable products by one of the following:

EFCO Corporation
Kawneer North America
Pittco Architectural Metals, Inc.
Trulite Glass & Aluminum Solutions
Tubelite, Inc.
United States Aluminum
YKK AP America, Inc.

PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

Aluminum-framed systems shall withstand the effects of the following performance requirements without exceeding performance criteria or failure due to defective manufacture, fabrication, installation, or other defects in construction.

Movements of supporting structure indicated on Drawings including, but not limited to deflection from uniformly distributed and concentrated live loads.

Dimensional tolerances of building frame and other adjacent construction.

Failure includes the following:

Deflection exceeding specified limits.

Thermal stresses transferring to building structure.

Framing members transferring stresses, including those caused by thermal and structural movements to glazing.

Noise or vibration created by wind and by thermal and structural movements.

Loosening or weakening of fasteners, attachments, and other components.

Sealant failure.

Deflection of Framing Members:

Deflection Normal to Wall Plane: Limited to edge of glass in a direction perpendicular to glass plane shall not exceed L/175 of the glass edge length for each individual glazing lite or an amount that restricts edge deflection of individual glazing lites to 3/4 inch, whichever is less

Deflection Parallel to Glazing Plane: Limited to L/360 of clear span or 1/8 inch, whichever is smaller.

Structural-Test Performance: Provide aluminum-framed systems tested according to ASTM E 330 as follows:

When tested at positive and negative wind-load design pressures, systems do not evidence deflection exceeding specified limits.

When tested at 150 percent of positive and negative wind-load design pressures, systems, including anchorage, do not show evidence of material failures, structural distress, and permanent deformation of main framing members exceeding 0.2 percent of span.

Test Durations: As required by design wind velocity, but not fewer than 10 seconds.

Air Infiltration: Provide aluminum-framed systems with maximum air leakage through fixed glazing and framing areas of 0.06 cfm/sq. ft. of fixed wall area when tested according to ASTM E 283 at a minimum static-air-pressure difference of 6.24 lbf/sq. ft.

Water Penetration under Static Pressure: Provide aluminum-framed systems that do not evidence water penetration through fixed glazing and framing areas when tested according to ASTM E 331 at a minimum static-air-pressure difference of 8.00 lbf/sq. ft.

Condensation Resistance: Provide aluminum-framed systems with fixed glazing and framing areas having a frame condensation-resistance factor (CRF) of not less than 62 when glazed with 1 inch

Bid No. 314001

low-e coated, argon-filled, clear insulating glass with warm edge spacers and tested according to AAMA 1503.

Provide thermal entrance doors having a frame condensation-resistance factor (CRF) of not less than 56.

Thermal Conductance: Provide aluminum-framed systems with fixed glazing and framing areas having an average U-factor of not more than 0.44 Btu/sq. ft. x h x deg when tested according to AAMA 1503 when glazed with 1 inch low-e coated, argon-filled clear insulating glass with warm edge spacers.

Accessible Entrances: Comply with applicable provisions in the U.S. Architectural & Transportation Barriers Compliance Board's ADA-ABA Accessibility Guidelines and ICC/ANSI A117.1.

MATERIALS

Aluminum: Alloy and temper recommended by manufacturer for type of use and finish indicated.

Sheet and Plate: ASTM B 209.

Extruded Bars, Rods, Profiles, and Tubes: ASTM B 221.

Extruded Structural Pipe and Tubes: ASTM B 429.

Structural Profiles: ASTM B 308/B 308M.

ENTRANCE DOOR SYSTEMS

Manufacturer's standard glazed entrance doors for manual-swing operation.

Standard Entrance Doors:

Basis of Design: 500 Wide Stile Kawneer

Door Construction: 1-3/4 inch overall thickness, with minimum 0.125 inch thick, extruded aluminum tubular rail and stile members. Mechanically fasten corners with reinforcing brackets that are deeply penetrated and fillet welded or that incorporate concealed tie rods.

Door Design: 5 inch nominal width stiles and top rail, 10 inch bottom rail.

Glazing Stops and Gaskets: Beveled, snap-on, extruded-aluminum stops and preformed gaskets.

Provide non-removable glazing stops on outside of door.

GLAZING SYSTEMS

Glazing Gaskets: Manufacturer's standard compression types; replaceable, molded or extruded, of profile and hardness required to maintain watertight seal.

Spacers and Setting Blocks: Manufacturer's standard elastomeric type.

ACCESSORIES

Brackets and Reinforcements: Manufacturer's standard high-strength aluminum with nonstaining, nonferrous shims for aligning system components.

1 2	Fasteners and Accessories: Manufacturer's standard corrosion-resistant, nonstaining, nonbleeding fasteners and accessories compatible with adjacent materials.
3 4 5	Use self-locking devices where fasteners are subject to loosening or turning out from thermal and structural movements, wind loads, or vibration.
6 7 8	Reinforce aluminum members less than 0.125 inch thick to receive fastener threads or provide standard non-corrosive pressed-in splined grommet nuts.
9 10 11	Use exposed fasteners with countersunk Phillips screw heads, finished to match framing system.
12 13	Foam Insulation: Minimal-expansion closed-cell insulating polyurethane foam sealant.
14 15	Products:
16 17 18	Great Stuff; Dow Chemical Company Handi Foam, Fomo Products, Inc.
19 20	Weather Stripping: Manufacturer's standard replaceable components.
21 22 23	Compression Type: Made of ASTM D 2000, molded neoprene, or ASTM D 2287, molded PVC.
24 25 26	Sliding Type: AAMA 701, made of wool, polypropylene, or nylon woven pile with nylon-fabric or aluminum-strip backing.
27 28 29	Weather Sweeps: Manufacturer's standard exterior-door bottom sweep with concealed fasteners on mounting strip.
30	Silencers: BHMA A156.16, Grade 1.
32 33 34	Thresholds: BHMA A156.21, raised thresholds beveled with a slope of not more than 1:2, with maximum height of 1/2 inch. Provide thermally broken thresholds for thermal entrances.
35 36 37	Bituminous Paint: Cold-applied, asphalt-mastic paint complying with SSPC-Paint 12 requirements except containing no asbestos; formulated for 30-mil thickness per coat.
38	FABRICATION
40 41	Form or extrude aluminum shapes before finishing.
42 43 44	Weld in concealed locations to greatest extent possible to minimize distortion or discoloration of finish. Remove weld spatter and welding oxides from exposed surfaces by descaling or grinding.
45 46 47	Framing Members, General: Fabricate components that, when assembled, have the following characteristics:
48 49	Profiles which are sharp, straight and free of defects or deformations.
50 51	Accurately fitted joints with ends coped or mitered.
52 53 54	Means to drain water passing joints, condensation within framing members, and moisture migrating within the system to exterior.
55 56	Physical and thermal isolation of glazing from framing members.

1 2	Accommodations for thermal and mechanical movements of glazing and framing to maintain required glazing edge clearances.
3 4	Provisions for field replacement of glazing from exterior.
5 6 7	Fasteners, anchors, and connection devices that are concealed from view to greatest extent possible.
8 9	Flush glazed without projecting stops.
10 11 12	Sill Starters: Provide weep holes in front face of sill starter at center of each lite. Provide air baffles at back of weeps. Shop install end dams.
13 14 15	Entrance Door Frames: Reinforce as required to support loads imposed by door operation and for installing entrance door hardware.
16 17 18 19	At exterior doors, provide thermally broken frames with compression weather stripping at fixed stops.
20 21 22	At interior doors, provide silencers at stops to prevent metal-to-metal contact. Install three silencers on strike jamb of single-door frames and two silencers on head of frames for pairs of doors.
23 24	Entrance Doors: Reinforce doors as required for installing entrance door hardware.
25 26 27	At pairs of exterior doors, provide sliding-type weather stripping retained in adjustable strip and mortised into door edge.
28 29	At exterior doors, provide weather sweeps applied to door bottoms.
30 31 32 33	Entrance Door Hardware Installation: Factory install entrance door hardware to the greatest extent possible. Cut, drill, and tap for factory-installed entrance door hardware before applying finishes.
34 35 36	After fabrication, clearly mark components to identify their locations in Project according to Shop Drawings.
37 38	ALUMINUM FINISH
39 40 41 42	Clear Anodic Finish: AAMA 611, AA-M12C22A41, Class I, 0.018 mm (0.7 mil) or thicker – match existing
43 44	PART 3 - EXECUTION
45 46 47	EXAMINATION
48 49	Examine areas and conditions for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
50 51	Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.
52 53	INSTALLATION
54 55	General:
56 57 58	Do not install damaged components.

1	Fit joints to produce hairline joints free of burrs and distortion.
3	Rigidly secure nonmovement joints.
4 5 6	Install anchors with separators and isolators to prevent metal corrosion and electrolytic deterioration.
7 8 9	Install air movement baffles of mineral fiber insulation in vertical members and elsewhere as shown.
10 11	Seal joints watertight unless otherwise indicated.
12 13	Metal Protection:
14 15 16 17	Where aluminum will contact dissimilar metals, protect against galvanic action by painting contact surfaces with primer or applying sealant or tape, or by installing nonconductive spacers as recommended by manufacturer for this purpose.
18 19 20	Where aluminum will contact concrete or masonry, protect against corrosion by painting contact surfaces with bituminous paint.
21 22 23	Install components to drain water passing joints, condensation occurring within framing members, and moisture migrating within the system to exterior.
24 25	Fill void between substrate and sill starter with foam insulation.
26 27 28 29	Install components plumb and true in alignment with established lines and grades, and without warp or rack.
30	Entrance Doors: Install doors to produce smooth operation and tight fit at contact points.
31 32	Exterior Doors: Install to produce weathertight enclosure and tight fit at weather stripping.
33 34 35 36	Field-Installed Entrance Door Hardware: Install surface-mounted entrance door hardware according to entrance door hardware manufacturers' written instructions using concealed fasteners to greatest extent possible.
37 38 39	Install perimeter joint sealants as specified in Section 07 92 00 "Joint Sealants" to produce weathertight installation.
10 11	ERECTION TOLERANCES
42 43	Install aluminum-framed systems to comply with the following maximum erection tolerances:
14 15 16	Location and Plane: Limit variation from true location and plane to 1/8 inch in 12 feet; 1/4 inch over total length.
47 48	Alignment: Limit offset from true alignment to 1/32 inch.
49 50	Diagonal Measurements: Limit difference between diagonal measurements to 1/8 inch.
51 52	FIELD QUALITY CONTROL
53 54 55	Repair or remove work if test results and inspections indicate that it does not comply with specified requirements.

Additional testing and inspecting, at Contractor's expense, will be performed to determine compliance of replaced or additional work with specified requirements.

Bid No. 314001

56

16

END OF SECTION

1	
2	Aluminum-framed assemblies will be considered defective if they do not pass tests and inspections.
3	
4	Prepare test and inspection reports.
5	
6	ADJUSTING
7	
8	Adjust operating entrance door hardware and window units to function smoothly as recommended by
9	manufacturer.
10	
11	For entrance doors accessible to people with disabilities, adjust closers to provide a
12	3 second closer sweep period for doors to move from a 70-degree open position to 3 inches
13	from the latch, measured to the leading door edge.
14	

Bid No. 314001

SECTION 08 71 00 - DOOR HARDWARE

PART 1 - GENERAL

RELATED DOCUMENTS

Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including Construction Documents and Supplementary Conditions and Division 00 & 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

SUMMARY

Door hardware for swinging doors

28 13 00 "Access Control" for access control devices installed at door openings and provided as part of a security system.

SUBMITTALS

Product Data: For each type of product indicated. Include construction and installation details, material descriptions, dimensions and profiles of individual components, and finishes.

Shop Drawings: For electrified door hardware, including:

Wiring Diagrams: For power, signal, and control wiring:

Details of interface of electrified door hardware and building safety and security systems.

Schematic diagram of systems that interface with electrified door hardware.

Point-to-point wiring.

Risers.

Elevations of doors controlled by electrified door hardware.

Operation Narrative: Describe the operation of doors controlled by electrified door hardware.

Door Hardware Schedule: The finish hardware supplier shall, prior to ordering and/or delivering, prepare and submit to Architect within ten days after award of contract an electronic PDF detailed and engineered, vertical type hardware schedule conforming to DHI publication, "Sequence and Format of the Hardware Schedule". Prepare schedule under the direct supervision of an Architectural Hardware Consultant (AHC). Hardware schedules submitted without the AHC's signature will be rejected without review. Should any material be ordered without proper coordination, it shall be replaced at no additional cost to the owner.

Submittal Sequence: Submit door hardware schedule concurrently with submissions of Product Data, Shop Drawings and Samples. Coordinate submission of door hardware schedule with scheduling requirements of other work to facilitate the fabrication of other work that is critical in Project construction schedule.

Format: Comply with scheduling sequence and vertical format in DHI's "Sequence and Format for the Hardware Schedule." Use same door numbers as used in Construction Documents.

Content:

3

4 5

Identification number, location, size, hand, fire rating, and material of each door and frame.

6 7 8

Location of each door hardware set, cross-referenced to floor plans and door schedule.

10 11 12

9

Complete designations of every item required for each door or opening including name and manufacturer, type, style, function, size, quantity, and finish.

13 14 Description of each electrified door hardware function, including location, sequence of operation, and interface with other building control systems.

15

Fastenings and other pertinent information.

16 17

Explanation of abbreviations, symbols, and codes contained in schedule.

18 19

Mounting locations for door hardware.

20 21

List of related door devices specified in other Sections for each door and frame.

22 23

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Engineering Responsibility: Hardware supplier is responsible to properly coordinate mechanical hardware and electronic hardware specified for each door and ensure that the specified hardware will all work together without any mounting or electrical conflicts. If any conflicts are addressed, they must be addressed at time of hardware submittal for Architect to review. Supplier is responsible to provide suggested resolutions for every issue of conflict they request information on. Any material that is ordered, and will not fit on doors and frames and is required for the intended use, such material shall be removed and replaced at no additional cost to the owner.

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Where hardware is specified to match existing or when specified on existing openings, field verify existing conditions, swings and functions prior to submitting schedule for approval. Clearly indicate on submittals any deviations from hardware specified and why the additional or deviated hardware is required. Any material that is ordered, and will not fit on existing doors and frames and is required for the intended use, such material shall be removed and replaced at no additional cost to the owner.

40

41

Keying Schedule: Detail Owner's final keying instructions for locks. Include schematic keying diagram and index each key set to unique door designations that are coordinated with the Contract Documents.

42 43 44

Samples for Verification:

45 46 47

Each finish required, except primed finish, minimum 1 x 2 inch plate.

48 49 If requested, full size units of exposed door hardware in specified finish. Tag with full description for coordination with the hardware schedule.

50 51 52

Samples will be returned to Contractor. Units that are acceptable and remain undamaged through submittal process may be incorporated into the Work, within limitations of keying requirements.

53 54

Qualification Data: For Installer.

55 56 57

Warranty: As specified in this Section.

Maintenance Data: For each type of door hardware to include in maintenance manuals. Include final hardware schedule and keying schedule.

QUALITY ASSURANCE

Installer Qualifications: Supplier of products indicated and an employer of workers trained and approved by product manufacturers and who is an Architectural Hardware Consultant with appropriate certification from DHI and who is available during the course of the Work to consult with Contractor, Architect, and Owner about door hardware and keying.

Warehouse Facilities: In Project's vicinity.

Scheduling Responsibility: Preparation of door hardware and keying schedules.

 Fire-Rated Door Assemblies: Where fire-rated door assemblies are indicated, provide door hardware rated for use in assemblies complying with NFPA 80 that are listed and labeled by a qualified testing agency, for fire-protection ratings indicated, based on testing at positive pressure according to NFPA 252 or UL 10C, unless otherwise indicated.

Electrified Door Hardware: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.

Means of Egress Doors: Latches do not require more than 15 lbf to release the latch. Locks do not require use of a key, tool, or special knowledge for operation.

Accessibility Requirements: For door hardware on doors in an accessible route, comply with ICC/ANSI A117.1.

Provide operating devices that do not require tight grasping, pinching, or twisting of the wrist and that operate with a force of not more than 5 lbf.

Comply with the following maximum opening-force requirements:

Interior, Non-Fire-Rated Hinged Doors: 5 lbf applied perpendicular to door.

Sliding or Folding Doors: 5 lbf applied parallel to door at latch.

Fire Doors: Minimum opening force allowable by authorities having jurisdiction.

Bevel raised thresholds with a slope of not more than 1:2. Provide thresholds not more than 1/2 inch high.

Adjust door closer sweep periods so that, from an open position of 70 degrees, the door will take at least 3 seconds to move to a point 3 inches from the latch, measured to the leading edge of the door.

Keying Conference: In addition to Owner, Contractor and Architect, conference participants shall also include Installer's Architectural Hardware Consultant and Owner's security consultant. Incorporate keying conference decisions into final keying schedule after reviewing door hardware keying system including, but not limited to, the following:

Function of building, flow of traffic, purpose of each area, degree of security required, and plans for future expansion.

Lock functions.

Preliminary key system schematic diagram.

1	Requirements for key control system.
3	Requirements for access control.
5	Address for delivery of keys.
6 7 8	Preinstallation Conference: Review methods and procedures related to electrified door hardware including, but not limited to, the following:
9 0 1 2	Review and finalize construction schedule and verify availability of materials, Installer's personnel, equipment, and facilities needed to make progress and avoid delays.
3	Inspect and discuss preparatory work performed by other trades.
4 5	Inspect and discuss electrical roughing-in for electrified door hardware.
6 7	Review sequence of operation for each type of electrified door hardware.
9	Review required testing, inspecting, and certifying procedures.
20 21	DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING
22 23	Inventory door hardware on receipt and provide secure lock-up for door hardware delivered to
24 25	Project site.
26 27 28	Tag each item or package separately with identification related to the hardware schedule, and include basic installation instructions, templates, and necessary fasteners with each item or package
29 80	COORDINATION
31 32 33	Installation Templates: Distribute for doors, frames, and other work specified to be factory prepared Check Shop Drawings of other work to confirm that adequate provisions are made for locating and installing door hardware to comply with indicated requirements.
34 35 36	Security: Coordinate installation of door hardware, keying, and access control with Owner's security consultant.
37 38 39	Electrical System Roughing-in: Coordinate layout and installation of electrified door hardware with connections to power supplies and building safety and security systems.
10 11 12 13 14	Existing Openings: Where new hardware components are scheduled for application to existing construction or where modifications to existing door hardware are required, field verify existing conditions and coordinate installation of door hardware to suit opening conditions and to provide fo proper operation.
15 16	WARRANTY
17 18 19	Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of doo hardware which fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
50 51	Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:
i2 i3	Structural failures including excessive deflection, cracking, or breakage.
54 55	Faulty operation of operators and door hardware.
66 57 58	Deterioration of metals, metal finishes, and other materials beyond norma weathering and use.

2 W

Warranty Period: Three years from date of Substantial Completion, except as follows:

Electromagnetic Locks: Five years from date of Substantial Completion.

 Exit Devices: Two years from date of Substantial Completion.

Manual Closers: 10 years from date of Substantial Completion.

MAINTENANCE SERVICE

Maintenance Tools and Instructions: Furnish a complete set of specialized tools and maintenance instructions as needed for Owner's continued adjustment, maintenance, and removal and replacement of door hardware.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

SCHEDULED DOOR HARDWARE

Provide door hardware for each door as scheduled in Part 3 "Hardware Group Schedule" Article to comply with requirements in this Section.

Requirements for design, grade, function, finish, size and other distinctive qualities of each type of door hardware are indicated by product designations of the first manufacturer listed.

Manufacturer's Nameplate: Do not provide products that have manufacturer's name or trade name displayed in a visible location except in conjunction with required fire-rated labels and as otherwise approved by Architect.

Manufacturer's identification is permitted on rim of lock cylinders only.

Continuous Hinges: BHMA A156.26; minimum 0.120 inch hinge leaves with minimum overall width of 4 inches; fabricated to full height of door and frame, except as otherwise indicated, and to template screw locations; with components finished after milling and drilling are complete.

Gear Type Hinges: Extruded-aluminum, pinless, geared hinge leaves; joined by a continuous extruded-aluminum channel cap; with concealed, self-lubricating thrust bearings.

Manufacturers:

McKinney Products Company; an ASSA ABLOY Group company

At exterior doors, provide hinges 1 inch less in length than door height to accommodate full width surface sweeps.

Electromagnetic Locks: BHMA A156.23; electrically powered; with electromagnet attached to frame and armature plate attached to door; full-exterior or full-interior type, as required by application indicated.with minimum holding force strength of 1,100 pounds. Locks to be capable of either 12 or 24 voltage and be UL listed for use on fire rated door assemblies. As indicated in Hardware Sets, provide specified mounting brackets and housings. Power supply to be by the same manufacturer as the lock with combined products having a lifetime replacement warranty.

Manufacturers:

Securitron Magnalock Corporation; an Assa Abloy Group company. Exit Devices and Auxiliary Items: BHMA A156.3. Include deadlocking feature.

1	Manufacturers:
2 3	Yale Locks and Hardware; an Assa Abloy Group company.
4 5 6 7	Except on fire-rated doors, where closers are provided on doors equipped with exit devices, equip the units with keyed dogging device to hold the push bar down and the latch bolt in the open position.
8 9 10	Strikes: Manufacturer's standard strike with curved lip extended to protect frame and strike box.
11 12 13	Lock Cylinders: Tumbler type, constructed from brass or bronze, stainless steel, or nickel silver.
14	Manufacturer: Match Owner's existing Key System.
15 16	Keys: Nickel silver.
17 18	Quantity: 3 change keys for each lock
19 20 21	Stamping: Permanently inscribe each key with a visual key control number and include the following notation: DO NOT DUPLICATE.
22 23 24 25	Cross-Index System: Multiple-index system for recording key information. Include three receipt forms for each key-holding hook. Set up by key control manufacturer.
26 27 28 29 30 31 32	Automatic Door Operators: Match Facility Standards; rack-and-pinion hydraulic type with adjustable sweep and latch speeds controlled by key-operated valves and forged-steel main arm. Comply with manufacturer's written recommendations for size of door closers depending on size of door, exposure to weather, and anticipated frequency of use. Provide factory-sized closers, adjustable to meet field conditions and requirements for opening force.
33 34	Overhead Stops and Holders: BHMA A156.8.
35 36	Manufacturers:
37 38 39	Rixson Door Controls. Rockwood Manufacturing Company.
40 41	Door Trim Units: BHMA A156.6.
42 43 44 45	Push/Pull Units: Provide Manufacturer's standard exposed fasteners for installation; through-bolted for matched pairs, but not for single units.
46 47 48	Protection Plates, armor, kick or mop: Fasbricate not more than 1-1/2 inches less than door width on stop side and not more than 1/2 inch less than door width on pull side, by the height indicated.
49 50 51	Edge Trim: Fabricate of stainless steel, not more than 1/2 inch nor less than 1/16 inch smaller in length than door dimension.
52 53 54	Base metal: Stainless steel, 0.050" (U.S. 18 gauge)
55 56	Manufacturers:
57	Rockwood Manufacturing Co.

Door Gasketing (weather-stripping): BHMA A156.22; air leakage not to exceed 0.50 cfm per foot of crack length for gasketing other than for smoke control, as tested according to ASTM E 283; with resilient or flexible seal strips that are easily replaceable and readily available from stocks maintained by manufacturer.

Manufacturers:

National Guard Products.

Pemko Manufacturing Co.; an ASSA ABLOY Group company.

Reese Enterprises, Inc.

Zero International

Thresholds: BHMA A156.21; fabricated to full width of opening indicated.

Manufacturers:

National Guard Products.

Pemko Manufacturing Co.; an ASSA ABLOY Group company.

Reese Enterprises, Inc.

Zero International

FASTENERS

Provide door hardware manufactured to comply with published templates prepared for machine, wood, and sheet metal screws. Provide screws that comply with commercially recognized industry standards for application intended, except aluminum fasteners are not permitted. Provide Phillips flat-head screws with finished heads to match surface of door hardware, unless otherwise indicated.

Where possible, provide concealed fasteners for door hardware units that are exposed when door is closed, except as otherwise indicated. Do not use through bolts for installation where bolt head or nut on opposite face is exposed unless it is the only means of securely attaching the door hardware. Where through bolts are used on hollow door and frame construction, provide sleeves for each through bolt.

Fire-Rated Applications:

Wood or Machine Screws: For the following:

Hinges mortised to doors or frames; use threaded-to-the-head wood screws for wood doors and frames.

Strike plates to frames.

Closers to doors and frames.

Steel Through Bolts: For the following unless door blocking is provided:

Surface hinges to doors.

Closers to doors and frames.

Surface-mounted exit devices.

Fasteners for Wood Doors: Comply with requirements in DHI WDHS.2, "Recommended Fasteners for Wood Doors."

Gasketing Fasteners: Provide noncorrosive fasteners for exterior applications and elsewhere as indicated.

FINISHES

Provide finishes complying with BHMA A156.18.

Satin stainless steel 630 (US32D) or stain chrome 626/652 (US26D) as otherwise indicated.

Closers, Sweeps and Hinges for Aluminum Doors: Painted or powder-coated to match doors.

Protect mechanical finishes on exposed surfaces from damage by applying a strippable, temporary protective covering before shipping.

Appearance of Finished Work: Variations in appearance of abutting or adjacent pieces are acceptable if they are within one-half of the range of approved Samples. Noticeable variations in the same piece are not acceptable. Variations in appearance of other components are acceptable if they are within the range of approved Samples and are assembled or installed to minimize contrast.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

EXAMINATION

Examine doors and frames for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances, labeled firerated door assembly construction, wall and floor construction, and other conditions affecting performance.

Examine roughing-in for electrical power systems to verify actual locations of wiring connections before electrified door hardware installation.

Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

PREPARATION

Steel Doors and Frames: For surface applied door hardware, drill and tap doors and frames according to ANSI/SDI A250.6.

Wood Doors: Comply with DHI WDHS.5 "Recommended Hardware Reinforcement Locations for Mineral Core Wood Flush Doors."

INSTALLATION

Mounting Heights: Mount door hardware units at heights to comply with the following unless otherwise indicated or required to comply with governing regulations.

Standard Steel Doors and Frames: ANSI/SDI A250.8.

Wood Doors: DHI WDHS.3, "Recommended Locations for Architectural Hardware for Wood Flush Doors."

Install each door hardware item to comply with manufacturer's written instructions. Where cutting and fitting are required to install door hardware onto or into surfaces that are later to be painted or finished in another way, coordinate removal, storage, and reinstallation of surface protective trim units with finishing. Do not install surface-mounted items until finishes have been completed on substrates involved.

Set units level, plumb, and true to line and location. Adjust and reinforce attachment substrates as necessary for proper installation and operation.

Drill and countersink units that are not factory prepared for anchorage fasteners. Space fasteners and anchors according to industry standards.

Lock Cylinders: Install construction cores to secure building and areas during construction period.

Replace construction cores with permanent cores as indicated in keying schedule or if not indicated, as directed by Owner.

Key Control System: Tag keys and place them on markers and hooks in key control system cabinet, as determined by final keying schedule.

Boxed Power Supplies: Locate power supplies as indicated or, if not indicated, above accessible ceilings. Verify location with Architect.

Thresholds: Set thresholds for exterior doors in full bed of sealant indicated in Section 07 92 00 "Joint Sealants.".

ADJUSTING

Adjust and check each operating item of door hardware and each door to ensure proper operation or function of every unit. Replace units that cannot be adjusted to operate as intended. Adjust door control devices to compensate for final operation of heating and ventilating equipment and to comply with referenced accessibility requirements.

Electric Strikes: Adjust horizontal and vertical alignment of keeper to properly engage lock bolt.

Door Closers: Adjust sweep period to comply with accessibility requirements and requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.

CLEANING AND PROTECTION

Clean adjacent surfaces soiled by door hardware installation.

Clean operating items as necessary to restore proper function and finish.

Provide final protection and maintain conditions that ensure that door hardware is without damage or deterioration at time of Substantial Completion.

DEMONSTRATION

Engage a factory-authorized service representative to train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain door hardware and door hardware finishes.

HARDWARE GROUP SCHEDULE

<u>HG-1</u> DOUBLE-EGRESS PAIR - FAIL SAFE MAGNETIC LOCKS X ACCESS CONTROL READERS (BOTH SIDES)

 Doors: 1C108.1 Alt #2; 1C108.2 Alt #2, 1C125A.1 Alt #2, 1C125A.2 Alt #2, 1C151.1 Alt #2, 1C151.2 Alt #2, 1D108.1 Base Bid, 1D108.2 Base Bid, 1D124.1 Base Bid, 1D124.2 Base Bid, 1D151.1 Base Bid, 1D151.2 Base Bid, 1G164.1 Alt #2, 1G164.2 Alt #2, 1G175.1 Base Bid, 1G175.2 Base Bid

Note: Existing hardware to remain. Field verify existing conditions.

11	110	ite. Existing hardware to remain. I len	a verify existing conditions.	
12	1	Magnetic Lock	M680BD	SU
13	1	Door Position Switch	DPS	SU
14		Provide the following per pair of do	ors:	
15	1	Fire Alarm Reset	FAR	SU
16	1	Power Supply	BPS-24 Series (for magnetic lock)	SU
17	2	Access Control Reader	Furnished by Section 28 13 00	
18	1	REX-Push Button – IN	Furnished by Section 28 13 00	
19	1	REX-Push Button – OUT	Furnished by Section 28 13 00	

20 1 Keyswitch MK-Series (as required) Securitron
21 1 Mortise Cylinder 1-1/8" Match Facility Standard US26D Facility Std.

Locate Keyswitch behind Nurse Station. Keyswitch to control locking arrangements: one 16-bed unit or two 8-bed units.

Electrical Boxes, Conductors, and Final Connections to magnetic locks, power supplies, fire alarm reset, card reader and keyswitch shall be the responsibility of Division 26. Electrical Service to power supplies shall be the responsibility of Division 26.

Interfacing of Access Control equipment with hardware specified in this section shall be the responsibility of the Access Control System Supplier.

Functions:

- The doors are normally closed.
- Special Egress Arrangement (UNLOCKED): Turning keyswitch disrupts circuit to magnetic locks unlocking doors and GREEN LED is illuminated.
- Pushing door allows free egress.
- Special Egress Arrangement (Secured BOTH Directions): Turning keyswitch energizes magnetic locks securing doors both directions and RED LED is illuminated.
 - Presenting a valid credential to either access control reader or remote switch at Nurse's station disrupts circuit to magnetic locks allowing free passage for a preset time and then magnetic locks re-secure.
- Whenever the safety detector (smoke, fire, water flow, etc.) signals that an emergency condition is present, power is disrupted and both of the magnetic locks will unlock instantaneously, and the doors may be opened immediately in the usual manner by pushing through the opening. After authorized personnel reset the life safety detector system, the magnetic locks must be reset by actuation of the key cylinder in the Fire Alarm Reset located next to door. This will clear the alarm state and power will be allowed to both magnetic locks securing doors.
- In the event of a power loss, the magnetic locks become completely inactive, pushing through the opening will allow immediate egress.
- Unit requires 24-hour staffing. Staff to be within 3 floors or 300 ft horizontal distance of the
 access door to receive notice. In event of emergency, door can be remotely released at
 Nurse Station. Staff required releasing locks for evacuation within 2 minutes of alarm. Staff
 required carrying key to operate lock.
- Access Control System shall log unsecured violation if door is not closed within a preset time limit (programmed from Card Access System software).

MCK-25HD

MS1850S

HG-2 EXTERIOR – DEADLOCK – AUTO DOOR OPERATOR

Doors: 1C144 Alt #3, 1D101 Alt #1

5	1	Continuous Hinge
6	1	Deadlatch
7	2	Cylinders

,	_	Cymrucis
8	1	Magnetic Lock
9	1	Set Push-Pull Bars
10	1	Overhead Stop
11	1	Threshold

11 Rain Drip 1 12 Auto Door Bottom 1 13 1 Set Weatherstrip 14

Zone Light Panel 1 15 Door Position Switch 16 1 17 Latch Monitor 1 **Power Supply**

Auto Door Operator 19

to match existing key system US26D SU M680BD BF15847 US32D RO 1-x36 630 RX171 ΑL PE PΕ 346C MCK420 PK PE MCK379 R PE ZLP-1 SU **DPS** LMD-1 SU **BPS-24** SU

CLR

628

MK

AR

by others (Match Facility Standards)

20 21 22

18

Electrical Boxes, Conductors, and Final Connections to magnetic locks, door position switch and latchbolt monitor switch shall be the responsibility of Division 26. Electrical Service to power supplies shall be the responsibility of Division 26.

23 24 25

Interfacing of Access Control equipment with hardware specified in this section shall be the responsibility of the Access Control System Supplier.

26 27 28

Function:

Door at Rest: Door is closed and locked. Red LED inside indicates deadbolt is engaged and door is 29 secure. Deadbolt engagement disables automatic operator actuator both sides. 30

Operation: Rotating key in cylinder either side retracts deadbolt. Green LED indicates door is open. 31

Automatic operator actuators either side are activated. Door acts as push-pull or may be opened by 32 automatic operator. 33

34 Power Failure: In case of loss of power, magnetic lock releases and automatic operator is disabled. 35

Access Control System shall log unsecured violation if door is not closed within a preset time limit (programmed from Card Access System software).

36 37

38 39

END OF SECTION

SECTION 08 80 00 - GLAZING

PART 1 - GENERAL

RELATED DOCUMENTS

Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

SUMMARY

Glazing for the following applications, including those specified in other Sections where glazing requirements are specified by reference to this Section:

Doors.

Related Sections includes:

Division 08 Section "Aluminum Framed Entrances and Storefronts"

REFERENCES

ASTM: American Society for Testing and Materials

25 CFR: Code of Federal Regulations

GANA: Glass Association of North America

27 IGMA: The Insulation Glass Manufacturers Alliance

SIGMA: The Sealed Insulation Glass Manufacturers Alliance

DEFINITIONS

Glass Thickness: Indicated by thickness designations in millimeters according to ASTM C 1036.

Inter-space: Space between lites of an insulating-glass unit that contains dehydrated air or a specified gas.

Deterioration of Coated Glass: Defects developed from normal use that are attributed to the manufacturing process and not to causes other than glass breakage and practices for maintaining and cleaning coated glass contrary to manufacturer's written instructions. Defects include peeling, cracking, and other indications of deterioration in metallic coating.

Deterioration of Insulating Glass: Failure of hermetic seal under normal use that is attributed to the manufacturing process and not to causes other than glass breakage or practices for maintaining and cleaning insulating glass contrary to manufacturer's written instructions. Evidence of failure is the obstruction of vision by dust, moisture, or film on interior surfaces of glass.

PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

General: Provide glazing systems capable of withstanding normal thermal movement and wind and impact loads (where applicable) without failure, including loss or breakage of glass attributable to the following: defective manufacture, fabrication or installation; failure of sealants or gaskets to remain watertight or airtight; deterioration of glazing materials; or other defects in construction.

Thermal and Optical Performance Properties: Provide glass with performance properties specified based on manufacturer's published test data, as determined according to procedures indicated below:

For insulating-glass units, properties are based on units of thickness indicated for overall unit and for each lite.

Center-of-Glass Values: Based on using LBL-44789 WINDOW 5.0 computer program for the following methodologies:

U-Factors: NFRC 100 expressed as Btu/ sq. ft. x h x deg F. Solar Heat Gain Coefficient: NFRC 200.

Solar Optical Properties: NFRC 300.

SUBMITTALS

Product Data: For each glass product and glazing material indicated.

Samples: For the following products, in the form of 12-inch-square Samples for glass and of 12-inch long Samples for sealants. Install sealant samples between two strips of material representative in color of the adjoining framing system.

Insulating glass

Glazing Schedule: Use same designations indicated on Drawings for glazed openings in preparing a schedule listing glass types and thickness for each size opening and location.

Product Certificates: Signed by Manufacturers of glass and glazing products certifying that products furnished comply with requirements.

Qualification Data: For installers.

Pre-construction Adhesion and Compatibility Test Report: From glazing sealant manufacturer indicating glazing sealants were tested for adhesion to glass and glazing channel substrates and for compatibility with glass and other glazing materials.

Warranties: Special warranties specified in this Section.

QUALITY ASSURANCE

Installer Qualifications: An experienced installer who has completed glazing similar in material, design, and extent to that indicated for this Project; whose work has resulted in glass installations with a record of successful in-service performance; and who employs glass installers for this Project who are certified under the National Glass Association's Certified Glass Installer.

Source Limitations for Glass: Obtain each type of glass through one source from a single Manufacturer.

Source Limitations for Glazing Accessories: Obtain glazing accessories through one source from a single Manufacturer for each product and installation method indicated.

Glazing Publications: Comply with published recommendations of glass product manufacturers and organizations below, unless more stringent requirements are indicated. Refer to these publications for glazing terms not otherwise defined in this Section or in referenced standards.

IGMA Publication for Insulating Glass: SIGMA TM-3000, "Glazing Guidelines for Sealed Insulating Glass Units."

Insulating-Glass Certification Program: Permanently marked either on spacers or on at least one component lite of units with appropriate certification label of the following testing and inspecting agency:

Insulating Glass Certification Council.

Pre-installation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site to comply with requirements in Division 1 Section "Project Management and Coordination."

DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

Protect glazing materials according to manufacturer's written instructions and as needed to prevent damage to glass and glazing materials from condensation, temperature changes, direct exposure to sun, or other causes.

Environmental Limitations: Do not proceed with glazing when ambient and substrate temperature conditions are outside limits permitted by glazing material manufacturers or when glazing channel substrates are wet from rain, frost, condensation, or other causes.

WARRANTY

 Manufacturer's Special Warranty for Coated-Glass Products: Manufacturer's standard form, made out to Owner and signed by coated-glass Manufacturer agreeing to replace coated-glass units that deteriorate as defined in "Definitions" Article, f.o.b. the Project site, within specified warranty period indicated below.

Warranty Period: Ten (10) years from date of Substantial Completion.

Manufacturer's Special Warranty on Insulating Glass: Manufacturer's standard form, made out to Owner and signed by insulating-glass Manufacturer agreeing to replace insulating-glass units that deteriorate as defined in "Definitions" Article, f.o.b. the Project site, within specified warranty period indicated below.

Warranty Period: Ten (10) years from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

MANUFACTURERS

Match existing conditions, or approved equal.

GLASS PRODUCTS

Annealed Float Glass: ASTM C 1036, Type I (transparent flat glass), Quality-Q3; of class indicated.

Heat-Treated Float Glass: ASTM C 1048; Type I (transparent flat glass); Quality-Q3; of class, kind, and condition indicated.

Fabrication Process: By horizontal (roller-hearth) process with roll-wave distortion parallel to bottom edge of glass as installed, unless otherwise indicated. The deviation from flatness at any peak (peak to valley deviation) shall not exceed 0.003 inch in the center of a lite and shall not exceed 0.008 inch within 10.5 inches of the leading or trailing edge.

Furnaces must use a continuous sweeping quench to minimize "quench marks" on heat treated glass.

Fully tempered (FT) glass shall be heat soak tested to eliminate the potential of spontaneous breakage due to nickel-sulfite inclusions.

For uncoated glass, comply with requirements for Condition A.

For coated vision glass, comply with requirements for Condition C (other coated glass).

Insulating-Glass Units: Factory-assembled units consisting of sealed lites of glass separated by a dehydrated interspace, qualified according to ASTM E 2190, and complying with other requirements specified.

Sealing System: Dual seal, with manufacturer's standard primary and secondary sealants:

Spacer Material: Thermally improved warm edge type, fabricated from aluminum or steel with a polymer bridge, or extruded polymer.

Manufacturers:

Azon USA Approved substitute

Color: Selected by Architect from manufacturer's standard range.

Desiccant: Molecular sieve or silica gel, or blend of both.

GLAZING GASKETS

Dense Compression Gaskets: Molded or extruded gaskets of one of the materials indicated below, complying with standards referenced with name of elastomer indicated below, and of profile and hardness required to maintain watertight seal:

Neoprene, ASTM C 864. EPDM, ASTM C 864. Silicone, ASTM C 1115.

Thermoplastic polyolefin rubber, ASTM C 1115.

Soft Compression Gaskets: Extruded or molded, closed-cell, integral-skinned gaskets of one of the materials indicated below; complying with ASTM C 509, Type II, black; and of profile and hardness required to maintain watertight seal:

Neoprene.

EPDM.

Silicone.

Thermoplastic polyolefin rubber.

GLAZING SEALANTS

Compatibility: Select glazing sealants that are compatible with one another and with other materials they will contact, including glass products, seals of insulating-glass units, and glazing channel substrates, under conditions of service and application, as demonstrated by sealant manufacturer based on testing and field experience.

Suitability: Comply with sealant and glass Manufacturers' written instructions for selecting glazing sealants suitable for applications indicated and for conditions existing at time of installation.

Colors of Exposed Glazing Sealants: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.

Elastomeric Glazing Sealants: Comply with ASTM C 920 and other requirements indicated for each liquid-applied chemically curing sealant specified, including those referencing ASTM C 920 classifications for type, grade, class, and uses related to exposure and joint substrates.

Type and Grade: S (single component) and NS (non-sag).

Use Related to Exposure: NT (non-traffic). Uses Related to Glazing Substrates: M, G, A, and, as applicable to glazing substrates 3 indicated. O. 4 5 Use O Glazing Substrates: color anodic aluminum. 6 7 Applications: Glazing; toe, heel and cap beads. 8 9 Class 50 Neutral-Curing Silicone Glazing Sealant: 10 11 Products: 12 13 14 Dow Corning Corporation; 795. GE Silicones; SilPruf NB SCS9000. 15 Pecora Corporation; 895. 16 17 Tremco; Spectrem 2 or Spectrem 3. 18 Class 25 Neutral-Curing Silicone Glazing Sealant: 19 20

Products:

Dow Corning Corporation; 799. GE Silicones; UltraGlaze SSG4000. Tremco: Proglaze SSG

Glazing Sealants for Fire-Resistive Glazing Products: Identical to products used in test assemblies to obtain fire-protection rating.

GLAZING TAPES

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Back-Bedding Mastic Glazing Tapes: Preformed, butyl-based elastomeric tape with a solids content

of 100 percent; non-staining and non-migrating in contact with nonporous surfaces; with or without spacer rod as recommended in writing by tape and glass manufacturers for application indicated; packaged on rolls with a release paper backing; and complying with ASTM C 1281 and AAMA 800 for products indicated below:

AAMA 806.3 tape, for glazing applications in which tape is subject to continuous pressure.

AAMA 807.3 tape, for glazing applications in which tape is not subject to continuous pressure.

MISCELLANEOUS GLAZING MATERIALS

Provide products of material, size, and shape complying with referenced glazing standard, requirements of manufacturers of glass and other glazing materials for application indicated, and with a proven record of compatibility with surfaces contacted in installation.

Cleaners, Primers, and Sealers: Types recommended by sealant or gasket Manufacturer.

Setting Blocks: Elastomeric material with a Shore, Type A durometer hardness of 85, plus or minus

Spacers: Elastomeric blocks or continuous extrusions with a Shore, Type A durometer hardness required by glass manufacturer to maintain glass lites in place for installation indicated.

Edge Blocks: Elastomeric material of hardness needed to limit glass lateral movement (side walking).

Cylindrical Glazing Sealant Backing: ASTM C 1330, Type O (open-cell material), of size and density to control glazing sealant depth and otherwise produce optimum glazing sealant performance.

Perimeter Insulation for Fire-Resistive Glazing: Identical to product used in test assembly to obtain fire-resistance rating.

FABRICATION

Fabricate glazing units in sizes required to glaze openings indicated for Project, with edge and face clearances, edge and surface conditions, and bite complying with written instructions of product Manufacturer and referenced glazing publications, to comply with system performance requirements.

Minimum Glass Thickness: 6.0 mm (1/4-inch) unless otherwise indicated.

Insulating-Glass Units (IG):

Match existing conditions.

Overall Unit Thickness: 1-inch.

Inter-space Content: Air.

Outdoor Lite: Class1 (clear) float glass:

Annealed or heat-treated, Kind HS (heat-strengthened) where needed to resist thermal stresses induced by differential shading of individual glass lites, unless otherwise indicated.

Heat-treated, Kind FT (fully tempered) for exterior doors, sidelites, transoms and elsewhere as indicated.

Visible Light Transmittance: 70 percent minimum.

Winter Nighttime U-Factor: 0.29 maximum.

Summer Daytime U-Factor: 0.27 maximum.

Solar Heat Gain Coefficient: 0.39 maximum.

Outdoor Visible Reflectance: 11 percent maximum.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

EXAMINATION

Examine framing members to receive glass for compliance with the following:

Manufacturing and installation tolerances, including those for size, squareness, and offsets at corners.

Presence and functioning of weep system.

Minimum required face or edge clearances.

Effective sealing between joints of glass-framing members.

1 Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

PREPARATION

Clean glazing channels and other framing members receiving glass immediately before glazing. Remove coatings not firmly bonded to substrates.

GLAZING, GENERAL

Comply with combined written instructions of manufacturers of glass, sealants, gaskets, and other glazing materials, unless more stringent requirements are indicated, including those in referenced glazing publications.

Protect glass edges from damage during handling and installation. Remove damaged glass from Project site and legally dispose of.

Apply primers to joint surfaces where required for adhesion of sealants, as determined by preconstruction sealant-substrate testing.

Install setting blocks in sill rabbets, sized and located to comply with referenced glazing publications, unless otherwise required by glass manufacturer. Set blocks in thin course of compatible sealant suitable for heel bead.

Do not exceed edge pressures stipulated by glass Manufacturers for installing glass lites.

Provide spacers for glass lites where length plus width is larger than 50 inches as follows:

Locate spacers directly opposite each other on both inside and outside faces of glass. Install correct size and spacing to preserve required face clearances, unless gaskets and glazing tapes are used that have demonstrated ability to maintain required face clearances and to comply with system performance requirements.

Provide 1/8-inch minimum bite of spacers on glass and use thickness equal to sealant width. With glazing tape, use thickness slightly less than final compressed thickness of tape.

Provide edge blocking where indicated or needed to prevent glass lites from moving sideways in glazing channel, as recommended in writing by glass Manufacturer and according to requirements in referenced glazing publications.

Set glass lites in each series with uniform pattern, draw, bow, and similar characteristics.

TAPE GLAZING

Position tapes on fixed stops so that, when compressed by glass, their exposed edges are flush with or protrude slightly above sightline of stops.

Install tapes continuously, but not necessarily in one continuous length. Do not stretch tapes to make them fit opening.

 Cover vertical framing joints by applying tapes to heads and sills first and then to jambs. Cover horizontal framing joints by applying tapes to jambs and then to heads and sills.

Place joints in tapes at corners of opening with adjoining lengths butted together, not lapped. Seal joints in tapes with compatible sealant approved by tape manufacturer.

Do not remove release paper from tape until just before each glazing unit is installed.

1 Center glass lites in openings on setting blocks and press firmly against tape by inserting dense 2 compression gaskets formed and installed to lock in place against faces of removable stops. Start 3 gasket applications at corners and work toward centers of openings.

GASKET GLAZING (DRY)

Fabricate compression gaskets in lengths recommended by gasket manufacturer to fit openings exactly, with allowance for stretch during installation.

Insert soft compression gasket between glass and frame or fixed stop so it is securely in place with joints miter cut and bonded together at corners.

Center glass lites in openings on setting blocks and press firmly against soft compression gasket by inserting dense compression gaskets formed and installed to lock in place against faces of removable stops. Start gasket applications at corners and work toward centers of openings. Compress gaskets to produce a weather-tight seal without developing bending stresses in glass. Seal gasket joints with sealant recommended by gasket manufacturer.

Install gaskets so they protrude past face of glazing stops.

SEALANT GLAZING (WET)

Install continuous spacers, or spacers combined with cylindrical sealant backing, between glass lites and glazing stops to maintain glass face clearances and to prevent sealant from extruding into glass channel and blocking weep systems until sealants cure. Secure spacers or spacers and backings in place and in position to control depth of installed sealant relative to edge clearance for optimum sealant performance.

Force sealants into glazing channels to eliminate voids and to ensure complete wetting or bond of sealant to glass and channel surfaces.

Tool exposed surfaces of sealants to provide a substantial wash away from glass.

CLEANING AND PROTECTION

Protect exterior glass from damage immediately after installation by attaching crossed streamers to framing held away from glass. Do not apply markers to glass surface. Remove nonpermanent labels, and clean surfaces.

Protect glass from contact with contaminating substances resulting from construction operations, including weld splatter. If, despite such protection, contaminating substances do come into contact with glass, remove substances immediately as recommended by glass manufacturer.

Examine glass surfaces adjacent to or below exterior concrete and other masonry surfaces at frequent intervals during construction, but not less than once a month, for buildup of dirt, scum, alkaline deposits, or stains; remove as recommended in writing by glass manufacturer.

Remove and replace glass that is broken, chipped, cracked, or abraded or that is damaged from natural causes, accidents, and vandalism, during construction period.

Wash glass on both exposed surfaces not more than four days before date scheduled for inspections that establish date of Substantial Completion. Wash glass as recommended in writing by glass manufacturer.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 09	65 00 -	RESILIENT	FI CORING
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PART 1 - GENERAL

RELATED DOCUMENTS

Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

SUMMARY

Requirements for resilient flooring products indicated in Materials Schedule, including:

Sheet flooring Wall base

SUBMITTALS

Shop Drawings: For each type of flooring. Include flooring layouts, locations of seams, edges, columns, doorways, enclosing partitions, built-in furniture, cabinets, and cutouts.

Samples for Verification: Each color and pattern of required:

Sheet Flooring: Not less than 6-by-9-inch sections.

Resilient Wall Base and Stair Accessories: Not less than 12 inches long.

Relative Humidity, Calcium Chloride, Alkalinity and Adhesion Tests: Location diagrams and results showing compliance with requirements.

Maintenance Data: For resilient products to include in maintenance manuals.

QUALITY ASSURANCE

Installer Qualifications: A qualified installer who employs workers for this Project who are competent in techniques required by manufacturer for flooring installation [and seaming method] indicated.

Start of work without Architect approval of shop drawings is not permitted and unauthorized installations shall be replaced at Contractor's expense.

Pre-installation Meeting:

Review methods and procedure related to installation, including concrete subfloor testing and moisture mitigation, and manufacturer's written instructions, including recommendations for adhesives.

Examine project conditions for compliance with requirements, including temperature and humidity.

Review delivery and storage conditions before and during installation.

Review temporary protection requirements.

Review repair procedure after installation.

DELIVERY	STORAGE	AND HANDLING

1 2 3

Store resilient products and installation materials in dry spaces protected from the weather, with ambient temperatures maintained within range recommended by manufacturer, but not less than 50° F or more than 90° F.

PROJECT CONDITIONS

Maintain temperature within range recommended by manufacturer, but not less than 65° F nor more than 95° F, and maintain relative humidity below 60%, in spaces to receive resilient flooring for the following time periods:

48 hours before installation.

During entire installation.

48 hours after installation.

After post-installation period, maintain temperatures within range recommended by manufacturer, but not less than 55° F or more than 95° F.

Close spaces to traffic during flooring installation.

Close spaces to traffic for 48 hours after flooring installation.

Install resilient products after other finishing operations, including painting, have been completed.

WARRANTY

Special Installation Warranty: Installer's written warranty, co-signed by Contractor, agreeing to provide labor and materials to replace resilient flooring and accessories that do not comply with requirements or that fail due to defects in manufacturing or installation, including inadequate subfloor preparation and adhesion failures. Warranty does not include deterioration or failure due to vandalism or abuse.

Warranty Period: 5 years from date of Substantial Completion.

EXTRA MATERIALS

Furnish extra materials of each type, color, and pattern installed, and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.

Sheet flooring: Furnish not less than 10 linear feet for every 500 linear feet or fraction thereof, in roll form and in full roll width.

Resilient Wall Base: Furnish not less than 10 linear feet for every 500 linear feet or fraction thereof.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

MATERIALS

Provide products indicated in Material Schedule and, where applicable, in compliance with requirements below.

Resilient Wall Base:

Style: Cove (with top-set toe) at hard surface flooring, straight (toeless) at carpet.

Minimum Thickness: 0.125 inch.

Height: Match Existing.

Length: Coils in maximum length standard with manufacturer.

Outside Corners: Pre-molded.

Inside Corners: Job formed or pre-molded.

Surface: Smooth.

INSTALLATION MATERIALS

 Trowelable Leveling and Patching Compounds: Latex-modified, portland cement based or blended hydraulic cement based formulation provided or approved by resilient flooring manufacturer for applications indicated.

Specialty Coatings: As recommended by flooring and adhesive manufacturers to suit indicated resilient products and substrate conditions.

Adhesives: Water-resistant type recommended by flooring manufacturer to suit indicated resilient products and substrate conditions.

Heat-Welding Bead: Manufacturer's solid-strand product for heat welding seams.

Color: Match field color of flooring.

Resilient Leveler Strips: Homogeneous polyvinyl chloride composition, with maximum taper of 1/4 inch over 12 inch width, for installation under flooring to adjust edge thickness to match adjacent surfaces.

Product: Subfloor Leveler System; Johnsonite.

Metal Transition Strips: Extruded aluminum with mill finish of width shown, of height required to protect exposed edges of flooring, and in maximum available lengths to minimize running joints.

Floor Polish: Provide protective liquid floor polish products as recommended by flooring manufacturer.

Coordinate selection of floor polish with Owner's maintenance service.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

EXAMINATION

Examine substrates for compliance with requirements for maximum moisture content and other conditions affecting performance of the work.

Verify that finishes of substrates comply with tolerances and other requirements specified in other Sections and that substrates are free of cracks, ridges, depressions, scale, and foreign deposits that might interfere with adhesion of resilient products.

1	Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.
2	
3	PREPARATION

Prepare substrates according to manufacturer's written instructions to ensure adhesion of resilient flooring.

Concrete Substrates: Prepare according to ASTM F 710.

Verify that substrates are dry and free of curing compounds, sealers, and hardeners.

Remove substrate coatings and other substances that are incompatible with adhesives and that contain soap, wax, oil, or silicone; use mechanical methods recommended by manufacturer of flooring, adhesive or specialty coating (if required), whichever is more stringent. Do not use solvents.

Perform relative humidity, calcium chloride, alkalinity and adhesion tests indicated below and as additionally recommended by flooring and adhesive manufacturers.

Perform relative humidity tests using in situ probes per ASTM F 2170.

Conduct 3 tests for the first 1,000 square feet of flooring and one additional test for each 1,000 square feet thereafter.

Maximum relative humidity level measurement shall not exceed 75%

Conduct one test of each type indicated below for every 1,000 or less square feet of flooring. Conduct tests around the perimeters of the room and where moisture is evident.

Anhydrous calcium chloride test per ASTM F1869.

Maximum moisture-vapor-emission rate shall not exceed 3.0 pounds per 1,000 square feet per 24 hours.

Alkalinity Test: pH testing paper or phenolphthalein solution.

Acceptable range 5 – 9.

Adhesion Test: Adhere 3 foot x 3 foot sample of flooring to sub-floor and check for adhesion after 72 hours.

Use moisture mitigation techniques, including shotblasting and application of specialty coatings as recommended by flooring and adhesive manufacturers to bring substrates into compliance with above testing requirements and provide specified warranty.

Proceed with installation only after substrates pass testing and test results have been submitted to Architect.

Use trowelable leveling and patching compound to fill cracks, holes, and depressions in substrates.

Move resilient products and installation materials into spaces where they will be installed at least 48 hours in advance of installation.

Do not install resilient products until they are same temperature as space where they are to be installed.

Sweep and vacuum clean substrates to be covered by resilient products immediately before installation. After cleaning, examine substrates for moisture, alkaline salts, carbonation, and dust.

Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

INSTALLATION, GENERAL

Maintain reference markers, holes, and openings that are in place or marked for future cutting by repeating on floor tiles as marked on substrates. Use chalk or other nonpermanent, non-staining marking device.

Scribe, cut, and fit resilient flooring to butt neatly and tightly to vertical surfaces and permanent fixtures including built-in furniture, cabinets, pipes, outlets, edgings, doorframes, thresholds, and stair-nosings.

Extend flooring into toe spaces, door reveals, closets and similar openings.

Install flooring on covers for telephone and electrical ducts and similar items in finished floor areas. Maintain overall continuity of color and pattern between flooring installed on covers and adjoining flooring. Tightly adhere edges of flooring to substrates that abut covers and to cover perimeters.

Use trowelable leveling and patching compound or resilient leveler strips to provide flush surface transition from resilient flooring to adjacent floor finishes.

Adhere flooring to substrates using a full spread of adhesive applied to substrate, unless recommended otherwise by manufacturer, to produce a completed installation without open cracks, voids, raising and puckering at joints, telegraphing of adhesive spreader marks, and other surface imperfections.

Hand roll flooring at perimeter of each covered area to assure adhesion.

SHEET FLOORING INSTALLATION

Unroll sheet flooring and allow them to stabilize before cutting and fitting.

Lay out sheet flooring as follows:

Maintain uniformity of flooring direction.

Minimize number of seams; place seams in inconspicuous and low-traffic areas, at least 6 inches away from parallel joints in flooring substrates.

Match edges of flooring for color shading at seams.

Avoid cross seams.

Heat-Welded Seams: Comply with ASTM F 1516. Rout joints and use welding bead to permanently fuse sections into a seamless flooring. Prepare, weld, and finish seams to produce surfaces flush with adjoining flooring surfaces.

RESILIENT WALL BASE INSTALLATION

Apply wall base to walls, columns, pilasters, casework and cabinets in toe spaces, and other permanent fixtures in rooms and areas where base is required.

Install wall base in lengths as long as practicable without gaps at seams and with tops of adjacent pieces aligned.

Tightly adhere wall base to substrate throughout length of each piece, with base in continuous contact with horizontal and vertical substrates.

Do not stretch wall base during installation.

On masonry surfaces or other similar irregular substrates, fill voids along top edge of wall base with manufacturer's recommended adhesive filler material.

Pre-molded Corners: Install pre-molded corners before installing straight pieces.

Job-Formed Corners (Inside Corners): Use straight pieces of maximum lengths possible. Form by cutting an inverted V-shaped notch in toe of wall base at the point where corner is formed. Shave back of base where necessary to produce a snug fit to substrate.

CLEANING AND PROTECTING

Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for cleaning and protection of floor coverings.

Perform the following operations immediately after completing resilient product installation:

Remove adhesive and other blemishes from exposed surfaces.

Sweep and vacuum surfaces thoroughly.

Damp-mop surfaces to remove marks and soil.

Do not wash surfaces until after time period recommended by manufacturer.

Protect resilient products from mars, marks, indentations, and other damage from construction operations and placement of equipment and fixtures during remainder of construction period. Use protection methods recommended in writing by manufacturer.

Apply protective floor polish to horizontal surfaces that are free from soil, visible adhesive, and surface blemishes if recommended in writing by manufacturer.

Cover products installed on horizontal surfaces with un-dyed, untreated building paper until Substantial Completion.

Do not move heavy and sharp objects directly over surfaces. Place hardboard or plywood panels over flooring and under objects while they are being moved. Slide or roll objects over panels without moving panels.

Clean floor surfaces not more than four days before date scheduled for inspection intended to establish date of Substantial Completion.

Clean materials: according to manufacturer's written recommendations.

Before cleaning, strip protective floor polish that was applied after completing installation only if required to restore polish finish and if recommended by flooring manufacturer.

After cleaning, reapply polish to floor surfaces to restore protective floor finish only in strict compliance with flooring manufacturer's written recommendations. Coordinate with Owner's maintenance program.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 09 91 00 - PAINTING

PART 1 - GENERAL

RELATED DOCUMENTS

Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including Construction Documents and Supplementary Conditions and Division 00 & 01 Specification Sections, apply to work of this Section.

SUMMARY

Interior painting, including:

Surface preparation

Priming

Finish coats

Definitions: "Paint" as used herein means all coating systems materials, including primers, emulsions, enamels, stains, sealers and fillers, and other applied materials whether used as prime, intermediate or finish coats.

SUBMITTALS

Samples: Provide stepped samples, defining each coat, including block fillers and primers, for each color and finish. Indicate material and application method for each coat of each sample. Architect will furnish chips for colors matching if requested.

Paint: Minimum 8-inch x 10-inch drawdown.

QUALITY ASSURANCE

Single Source Responsibility: Provide primers and other undercoat paint produced by same manufacturer as finish coats. Use only thinners approved by paint manufacturer, and use only within recommended limits.

Coordination of Work: Review other Sections of these specifications in which prime paints are to be provided to ensure compatibility of coatings systems. Upon request from other trades, furnish information on finish materials to be provided, to ensure compatible prime coats are used.

Field Samples: Provide full coat samples on at least 100 sq. ft. of actual surfaces for each color and sheen required; simulate finished lighting conditions for review.

Final approval of submittals will be from field samples.

Maintain field samples during construction as a standard for judging the work.

Approved field sample in an undisturbed condition at the time of Substantial Completion may become part of the work.

DELIVERY AND STORAGE

Deliver materials to job site in original, unopened containers bearing Manufacturer's name and label, and the following information:

Name of material

Manufacturer's stock number and date of manufacture

58 Manufacturer's name

Contents by volume, for major pigment and vehicle constituents
Thinning instructions
Application instructions
Color name and number

Store materials not in use in tightly covered containers. Maintain containers used for storage of paint in a clean condition, free of foreign materials and residue.

Protect from freezing where necessary. Keep storage area neat and orderly. Remove oily rags and waste daily. Take precautions to ensure that workmen and work areas are adequately protected from fire hazards and health hazards resulting from handling, mixing and application of paints.

JOB CONDITIONS

Apply waterborne paints only when temperatures of surfaces to be painted and surrounding air are between 50 and 90 deg F and can be maintained thus for a minimum of three hours after application.

Apply solvent-thinned paints only when temperatures of surfaces to be painted and surrounding air are between 45 and 95 deg F.

EXTRA MATERIALS

Furnish an additional 5 percent, at least one gallon but not more than five gallons, of each sheen and color applied, that are from same production run (batch mix) as materials applied and that are packaged for storage and identified with labels describing contents, and identify locations applied.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

MANUFACTURERS

Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products indicated in Paint Schedules at end of this Section

Proprietary names used in Materials Schedule are used to designate colors; matching colors of other listed products are acceptable.

MATERIALS

Chemical Components of Field-Applied Interior Paints and Coatings: Provide products that comply with the following limits for VOC content, exclusive of colorants added to a tint base, when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24) and the following chemical restrictions; these requirements do not apply to primers or finishes that are applied in a fabrication or finishing shop:

Limits for VOC Content,

Primers: Not more than 200 g/L.

Flat Paints: Not more than 50 g/L.

Nonflat Paints: Not more than 150 g/L.

Dry Fall Coatings: Not more than 400 g/L.

Stains: Not more than 550 g/L.

Clear Finishes: Not more than 730 g/L.

1 **Chemical Restrictions:** 2 3 Aromatic Compounds: Paints and coatings shall not contain more than 1.0 percent 4 by weight of total aromatic compounds (hydrocarbon compounds containing one or 5 more benzene rings). 6 7 Restricted Components: Paints and coatings shall not contain any of the following: 8 9 Acrolein. 10 Acrylonitrile. 11 Antimony. 12 Benzene. 13 Butyl benzyl phthalate. 14 Cadmium. 15 Di (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate. 16 17 Di-n-butyl phthalate. Di-n-octyl phthalate. 18 1,2-dichlorobenzene. 19 Diethyl phthalate. 20 Dimethyl phthalate. 21 Ethylbenzene. 22 Formaldehyde. 23 Hexavalent chromium. 24 Isophorone. 25 Lead. 26 Mercury. 27 Methyl ethyl ketone. 28 Methyl isobutyl ketone. 29 Methylene chloride. 30 Naphthalene. 31 Toluene (methylbenzene). 32 1,1,1-trichloroethane. 33 Vinyl chloride. 34

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PART 3 - EXECUTION

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INSPECTION

42 43 44 Examine substrates, areas and conditions under which painting work is to be applied. Notify Architect in writing of conditions detrimental to proper and timely completion of work.

45 46 Verify suitability of substrates, including surface conditions and compatibility with existing finishes and primers.

47 48 49 Do not proceed with work until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected and are acceptable to Painting Contractor. Starting of painting work will be construed as Contractor's acceptance of surfaces and conditions.

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Do not paint over dirt, rust, scale, grease, moisture, scuffed surfaces or conditions otherwise detrimental to formation of a durable paint film.

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SURFACE PREPARATION

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Perform preparation and cleaning procedures in accordance with paint Manufacturer's instructions and as herein specified, for each substrate condition.

Remove hardware, hardware accessories, machined surfaces, outlet plates, lighting fixtures and similar items in place and not to be finish painted, or provide surface applied protection prior to surface preparation and painting operations. Following completion of painting of each space or area, reinstall removed items.

Clean surfaces to be painted. Remove paper labels, including adhesives. Remove oil and grease prior to mechanical cleaning. Program cleaning and painting so that contaminants from cleaning process will not fall onto wet, newly painted surfaces.

Provide barrier coats over incompatible primers or remove and re-prime. Notify Architect in writing of anticipated problems in using the specified coating systems over shop or factory primed surfaces.

 Wood: Clean wood surfaces to be painted of dirt, oil or other foreign substances with scrapers, mineral spirits and sandpaper, as required. Sandpaper smooth those finished surfaces exposed to view and dust off. Scrape and clean small, dry, seasoned knots and apply a thin coat of white shellac or other recommended knot sealer, before application of priming coat. After priming, fill holes and imperfections in finish surfaces with putty or plastic wood filler; sandpaper smooth when dried.

Prime, stain or seal wood required to be job painted immediately upon delivery to job. Prime edges, ends, faces, undersides and backsides of such wood, including cabinets, counters, cases, paneling.

When transparent finish is required, use spar varnish for back priming.

Seal unfinished tops, bottoms and cutouts of wood doors with a heavy coat of varnish or equivalent sealer immediately upon delivery to job.

Ferrous Metals: Clean ferrous surfaces which are not galvanized or shop coated, of oil, grease, dirt, loose mill scale and other foreign substances by solvent or mechanical methods.

Touch up shop applied prime coats wherever damaged or bare with same type shop primer.

Galvanized Surfaces: Clean free of oil and surface contaminants with non-petroleum based solvent. Rinse thoroughly and allow to dry.

MATERIALS PREPARATION

Mix and prepare painting materials in accordance with manufacturer's directions.

 Maintain containers used in mixing and application of paint in a clean condition, free of foreign materials and residue.

Stir materials before application to produce a mixture of uniform density, and stir as required during application. Do not stir surface film into material. Remove film and if necessary, strain material before using.

APPLICATION

General: Apply paint in accordance with Manufacturer's directions. Use applicators and techniques best suited for substrate and type of material being applied.

Provide finish coats compatible with prime paints used.

Apply additional coat(s) when undercoats, stains or other conditions show through final coat of paint, until paint film is of uniform finish, color and appearance. Give special attention to ensure that surfaces, including edges, corners, crevices, welds and exposed fasteners receive a dry film thickness equivalent to that of flat surfaces.

Sand lightly between each succeeding enamel or varnish coat.

Omit primer on metal surfaces that have been shop primed and touch up painted, unless otherwise indicated.

Scheduling Painting: Apply first coat material to surfaces that have been cleaned, pretreated or otherwise prepared for painting as soon as practicable after preparation and before subsequent surface deterioration.

Allow sufficient time between successive coatings to permit proper drying. Do not recoat until paint has dried to where it feels firms, does not deform or feel sticky under moderate thumb pressure and application of another coat of paint does not cause lifting or loss of adhesion of the undercoat.

Minimum Coating Thickness: Apply materials at not less than manufacturer's recommended spreading rate to establish a total dry film thickness as recommended by coating manufacturer.

Prime Coats: Apply prime coat to surfaces which are required to be painted and which have not been prime coated.

Recoat primed and sealed surfaces where there is evidence of suction spots or unsealed areas in first coat, to assure a finish coat with no burn through or other defects due to insufficient sealing.

Opaque Finishes: Completely cover to provide a smooth surface of uniform finish, color, appearance and coverage. Cloudiness, spotting, holidays, brush marks, runs, sags, ropiness or other surface imperfections will not be acceptable.

Roller Finish: Roll and redistribute paint to an even and fine texture. Leave no evidence of rolling such as laps, irregularity in texture, skid marks or other surface imperfections.

Transparent Finish: Use multiple coats to produce glass smooth surface film of even luster. Provide a finish free of laps, cloudiness, color irregularity, runs, brush marks, orange peel, nail holes or other surface imperfections.

Provide satin finish for final coats, unless otherwise indicated.

Completed Work: Match approved Field Samples for color, texture and coverage. Remove, refinish or repaint work not in compliance with specified requirements.

EXTENT OF PAINTING

 Except mechanical and electrical work and where self-finished or pre-finished materials are indicated, paint exposed surfaces., Paint non-scheduled surfaces the same as similar adjacent surfaces. Where color or finish requirements are unclear, request clarification from Architect.

Include field painting of steel, including doors, frames, lintels, railings and stairs, access panels, fire extinguisher cabinets, grilles and vents, and primed metal surfaces of equipment, except where otherwise indicated.

Paint surfaces behind movable equipment and furniture same as similar exposed surfaces.

Paint surfaces behind permanently fixed equipment and casework with prime coat only before final installation of equipment.

Finish exterior doors on tops, bottoms and side edges same as exterior faces, unless otherwise indicated.

Do not paint the following:

Concealed Surfaces: spaces above ceilings,

 Finished Metal Surfaces: anodized aluminum, stainless steel, chromium plate, copper, bronze and similar finished materials.

Code required labels, such as Underwriters' Laboratories and Factory Mutual, or other equipment identification, performance rating, name or nomenclature plates.

Operating Parts: moving parts of operating units, mechanical and electrical components such as valve and damper operators, linkages, sensing devices, motor and fan shafts.

FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

Owner and Architect reserve the right to use the following material testing procedure at any time, and any number of times during period of field painting:

Owner will engage services of an independent testing laboratory to sample paint being used. Samples of materials delivered to project site will be taken, identified and sealed and certified in presence of Contractor.

Testing laboratory will perform appropriate tests for any or all of following characteristics: Abrasion resistance, apparent reflectivity, flexibility, washability, absorption, accelerated weathering, dry opacity, accelerated yellowness, recoating, skinning, color retention, alkali resistance and quantitative materials analysis.

Owner may direct Contractor to stop painting if test results show material being used does not comply with specified requirements. Contractor shall remove non-complying paint from Project site, pay for testing, and repaint surfaces previously coated with the non-complying paint. If necessary, Contractor may be required to remove non-complying paint from previously painted surfaces if, on repainting with specified paint, the two coatings are incompatible

CLEAN UP AND PROTECTION

Clean Up: During progress of work, remove from site discarded painted materials, rubbish, cans and rags at end of each workday.

Upon completion of painting work, clean window glass and other paint-spattered surfaces. Remove spattered paint by proper methods of washing and scraping, using care not to scratch or otherwise damage the finished surfaces.

Protection: Protect work of other trades, whether to be painted or not, against damage by painting and finishing work. Correct any damage by cleaning, repairing or replacing and repainting, as acceptable to Architect.

Provide "Wet Paint" signs as required to protect newly painted finishes. Remove temporary protective wrappings provided by others for protection of their work, after completion of painting operations.

At completion of work of other trades, touch up and restore damaged or defaced painted surfaces.

INTERIOR PAINT SCHEDULE 2 3 WALLS AND CEILINGS 4 Primer for gypsum board; one coat: 5 6 Benjamin Moore 023 Fresh Start 100% Acrylic Primer 7 Diamond Vogel DU-1590 Healthcote Zero VOC Interior PVA Primer/Sealer 8 Hallman/Lindsay 221 Earthscapes Zero-VOC Latex Wall Primer 9 LM116 Prep & Prime Interior Water-Based Primer-Sealer Glidden Professional 10 Pittsburgh Paints 9-900 Pure Performance Interior Latex Primer r 11 Sherwin-Williams B11W900 Harmony Interior Latex Primer 12 13 Primer-sealer for gypsum board where epoxy 14 15 253 Super Spec Latex Enamel Undercoater & Primer Sealer Benjamin Moore 16 17 Diamond Vogel DU-1507 Interior PVA Primer/Sealer Hallman/Lindsay 220 Wonder Kote Latex Wall Primer 18 Glidden Professional 3210 Ultra-Hide "Gripper" Aquacrylic Primer - Sealer 19 Pittsburgh Paints 6-2 Speedhide Quick Drying Interior Latex Primer sealer 20 Sherwin-Williams Co Pre Rite Classic Primer B28U100 21 22 Flat Finish 23 24 Benjamin Moore 219 Eco Spec Latex Flat 25 DF-1591 Health Cote Interior Latex Flat Diamond Vogel 26 Hallman/Lindsay 261 Earthscapes Latex Flat Wall Paint 27 Glidden Professional 9100 Dulux Lifemaster Flat Interior Latex Enamel 28 Pittsburgh Paints 9-100 Pure Performance Interior Flat Latex 29 Sherwin-Williams BR Series Harmony Interior Latex Flat 30 31 Eggshell Finish 32 33 Benjamin Moore. 274 Moorcraft Super Spec Latex Eggshell Enamel 34 Diamond Vogel DE-Series Pro Plus Interior Latex Eggshell Enamel 35 284 Pro Kote Latex Eggshell Enamel Hallman Lindsay 36 1412 Glidden Ultra-Hide Latex Eggshell Wall and Trim Enamel Glidden Professional 37 Pittsburgh Paints 6-411 Speedhide Interior Enamel Eggshell Latex 38 Sherwin-Williams B20W2200 ProMar 200 Interior Latex Eg-Shel 39 40 Satin finish 41 42 310 Regal AquaPearl Benjamin Moore 43 DS-Series Pro Plus Interior Latex Semi-Gloss Enamel Diamond Vogel 44 Hallman Lindsay 294 Pro Kote Latex Satin Enamel 45 Glidden Professional 1414 Ultra-Hide Latex Low-Lustre Enamel 46 Pittsburgh Paints 80-510 Wallhide Interior Semi-Gloss Acrylic Latex 47 Sherwin-Williams B31W2200 ProMar 200 Interior Latex Semi-Gloss 48 49 Semi-Gloss finish 50 51 Benjamin Moore 276 Moorcraft Super Spec Latex Semi-Gloss Enamel 52 DH-Series Pro Plus Interior Gloss Latex Enamel Diamond Vogel 53 296 Pro Kote Latex Semi-Gloss Enamel Hallman Lindsay 54 1416 Glidden Ultra-Hide Interior Latex Semi-Gloss Enamel Glidden Professional 55 Pittsburgh Paints 6-500 Speedhide Interior Semi-Gloss Acrylic Latex 56

B31W2200 ProMar 200 Interior Latex Semi-Gloss

57 58 Sherwin-Williams

	Enovy Finish	
1	Epoxy Finish	
2		
3	Benjamin Moore & Co	256 Moorcraft Super Spec Acrylic Epoxy w/ 256-86 Epoxy Catalyst
4	Diamond Vogel Paints	MC-1245/1246 Aqua Pox Waterborne Epoxy 4/ MF-0245 Activator
5	Glidden Professional	4406 Tru-Glaze-WB
6	Mautz Paint Co.	962 Hydro-Glaze Water Based Epoxy - Satin Finish
7	Pittsburgh Paints	16-551/16599 Pitt-Glaze WB Water Borne Acrylic Epoxy Semi-Gloss
8	Sherwin-Williams Co	B70-200 Series Water Based Catalyzed Epoxy
9		
10		
11	END OF SECTION	

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SECTION 26 05 00 - BASIC ELECTRICAL REQUIREMENTS

2 PART 1 - GENERAL

3 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Requirements applicable to all Division 26 Sections. Also refer to Division 01 Basic Requirements. This section is also applicable to Fire Alarm and Detection Systems Section 28 31 00.
- B. All materials and installation methods shall conform to the applicable standards, guidelines and codes referenced in each specification section.

9 1.2 SCOPE OF WORK

- 10 A. This Specification and the associated drawings govern furnishing, installing, testing and placing into satisfactory operation the Electrical Systems.
- B. The Contractor shall furnish and install all new materials as indicated on the drawings, and/or in these specifications, and all items required to make his portion of the Electrical Work a finished and working system.
 - C. Description of Systems shall be as follows:
 - Electrical power system to and including equipment, devices, etc.
- 17 2. Fire alarm system.
 - Nurse call system.
- 19 4. Security system.
- 5. Wiring of equipment furnished by others.
- 21 6. Removal work and/or relocation and reuse of existing systems and equipment.
- 7. Technology Systems as described in Division 28 and on the T-series documents.

25 1.3 OWNER FURNISHED PRODUCTS

- A. The Owner will supply manufacturer's installation data for new equipment purchased by him for this project.
- B. This Contractor shall make all electrical system connections shown on the drawings **or** required for fully functional units.
- This Contractor is responsible for all damage to Owner furnished equipment caused during installation.

32 1.4 WORK SEQUENCE

A. All work that will produce excessive noise or interference with normal building operations, as determined by the Owner, shall be scheduled with the Owner. It may be necessary to schedule such work during unoccupied hours. The Owner reserves the right to determine when restricted construction hours are required.

1.5 DIVISION OF WORK BETWEEN ELECTRICAL AND TECHNOLOGY CONTRACTORS

A. Division of work is the responsibility of the Prime Contractor. Any scope of work described at any location on the contract document shall be sufficient for including said requirement in the project. The Prime Contractor shall be solely responsible for determining the appropriate subcontractor for the described scope. In no case shall the project be assessed an additional cost for scope that is described on the contract documents on bid day. The following division of responsibility is a guideline based on typical industry practice.

B. Definitions:

- 1. "Technology Contractors" refers to the Contractors furnishing and installing systems listed in Division 28 of this Specification.
- Low Voltage Technology Wiring: The wiring associated with the Technology Systems, used for analog or digital signals between equipment.
- 3. Telecommunications Rough-in: Relates specifically to the backboxes, necessary plaster rings and other miscellaneous hardware required for the installation or mounting of telecommunications information outlets.

C. General (Electrical/Technology):

- The purpose of these Specifications is to outline the Electrical and Technology Contractor's work responsibilities as related to Telecommunications Rough-in, conduit, cable tray, power wiring and Low Voltage Technology Wiring.
- The exact wiring requirements for much of the equipment cannot be determined until the systems have been purchased and submittals approved. Therefore, only known wiring, conduits, raceways and electrical power related to such items is shown on the Technology drawings. Other wiring, conduits, raceways, junction boxes and electrical power not shown on the Technology Drawings but required for operation of the systems is the responsibility of the Technology Contractor and included in said Contractor's bid.
- 3. Where the Electrical Contractor is required to install conduit, conduit sleeves and/or power connections in support of Technology systems, the final installation shall not be until a coordination meeting between the Electrical Contractor and the Technology Contractor has convened to determine the exact location and requirements of the installation.
- 4. Where the Electrical Contractor is required to install cable tray that will contain Low Voltage Technology Wiring, installation shall not begin prior to a coordination review of the cable tray shop drawings by the Technology Contractor.

D. Technology Contractor's Responsibility:

- 1. Assumes all responsibility for the Low Voltage Technology Wiring of all systems, including cable support where open cable is specified.
- 2. Assumes all responsibility for all required backboxes, conduit and power connections not specifically shown as being furnished and installed by the Electrical Contractor on the "Suggested Matrix of Scope Responsibility".

Assumes all responsibility for providing and installing all ladder rack and 3. 1 2 other cable management hardware (as defined in here-in). 4. Responsible for providing the Electrical Contractor with the required 3 grounding lugs or other hardware for each piece of Technology equipment 4 which is required to be bonded to the telecommunications ground bar. 5 5. This Contractor is responsible for coordination of utilities with all other 6 Contractors. If any field coordination conflicts are found, the Contractor shall 7 coordinate with other Contractors to determine a viable layout. 8 **QUALITY ASSURANCE** 1.6 A. Contractor's Responsibility Prior to Submitting Pricing/Bid Data: 10 1. The Contractor is responsible for constructing complete and operating 11 systems. The Contractor acknowledges and understands that the Contract 12 Documents are a two-dimensional representation of a three-dimensional 13 object, subject to human interpretation. This representation may include 14 imperfect data, interpreted codes, utility guides, three-dimensional conflicts, 15 and required field coordination items. Such deficiencies can be corrected 16 when identified prior to ordering material and starting installation. The 17 Contractor agrees to carefully study and compare the individual Contract 18 Documents and report at once in writing to the Architect/Engineer any 19 deficiencies the Contractor may discover. The Contractor further agrees to 20 require each subcontractor to likewise study the documents and report at 21 once any deficiencies discovered. 22 The Contractor shall resolve all reported deficiencies with the 23 2. Architect/Engineer prior to awarding any subcontracts, ordering material, or 24 starting any work with the Contractor's own employees. Any work performed 25 prior to receipt of instructions from the Architect/Engineer will be done at the 26 Contractor's risk. 27 B. Qualifications: 28 29 1. Only products of reputable manufacturers as determined by 30 Architect/Engineer are acceptable. All Contractors and subcontractors shall employ only workmen who are 2. 31 skilled in their trades. At all times, the number of apprentices at the job site 32 shall be less than or equal to the number of journeymen at the job site. 33 C. Compliance with Codes, Laws, Ordinances: 34 1. Conform to all requirements of the State of Wisconsin and Town of Verona 35 Codes, Laws, Ordinances and other regulations having jurisdiction over this 36 installation. 37

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equipment used.

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3. If the Contractor notes, at the time of bidding, any parts of the drawings or specifications that do not comply with the codes or regulations, he shall inform the Architect/Engineer in writing, requesting a clarification. If there is insufficient time for this procedure, he shall submit with his proposal a separate price to make the system comply with the codes and regulations.

If there is a discrepancy between the codes and regulations and these

specifications, the Architect/Engineer shall determine the method or

1 2 3		4.	All changes to the system made after the letting of the contract to comply with codes or the requirements of the Inspector, shall be made by the Contractor without cost to the Owner.
4 5		5.	If there is a discrepancy between manufacturer's recommendations and these specifications, the manufacturer's recommendations shall govern.
6 7		6.	If there are no local codes having jurisdiction, the current issue of the National Electrical Code shall be followed.
8	D.	Perm	its, Fees, Taxes, Inspections:
9		1.	Procure all applicable permits and licenses.
10 11 12		2.	Abide by all laws, regulations, ordinances, and other rules of the State or Political Subdivision where the work is done, or as required by any duly constituted public authority.
13		3.	Pay all charges for permits or licenses.
14 15		4.	Pay all fees and taxes imposed by State, Municipal, and other regulatory bodies.
16		5.	Pay all charges arising out of required inspections by an authorized body.
17 18 19		6.	Pay all charges arising out of required contract document reviews associated with the project and as initiated by the Owner or authorized agency/consultant.
20 21 22		7.	Where applicable, all fixtures, equipment and materials shall be listed by Underwriter's Laboratories, Inc. or a nationally recognized testing organization.
23 24		8.	Pay all telephone company charges related to the service or change in service.
25	E.	Exam	nination of Drawings:
26 27 28 29		1.	The drawings for the electrical work are completely diagrammatic, intended to convey the scope of the work and to indicate the general arrangements and locations of equipment, outlets, etc., and the approximate sizes of equipment.
30 31		2.	Contractor shall determine the exact locations of equipment and rough-ins, and the exact routing of raceways so as to best fit the layout of the job.
32 33		3.	Scaling of the drawings will not be sufficient or accurate for determining these locations.
34 35 36		4.	Where job conditions require reasonable changes in arrangements and locations, such changes shall be made by the Contractor at no additional cost to the Owner.
37 38 39 40		5.	Because of the scale of the drawings, certain basic items, such as junction boxes, pull boxes, conduit fittings, etc., may not be shown, but where required by other sections of the specifications or required for proper installation of the work, such items shall be furnished and installed.

1 2			6.	If an item is either shown on the drawings or called for in the specifications, it shall be included in this contract.
3 4 5 6			7.	The Contractor shall determine quantities and quality of material and equipment required from the documents. Where discrepancies arise between drawings, schedules and/or specifications, the greater and better quality number shall govern.
7 8 9 10			8.	Where used in electrical documents the word "furnish" shall mean supply for use, the word "install" shall mean connect up complete and ready for operation, and the word "provide" shall mean to supply for use and connect up complete and ready for operation.
11			9.	Any item listed as furnished shall also be installed unless otherwise noted.
12			10.	Any item listed as installed shall also be furnished unless otherwise noted.
13		F.	Electro	nic Media/Files:
14 15			1.	Construction drawings for this project have been prepared utilizing AutoCAD MEP.
16 17 18			2.	Contractors and Subcontractors may request electronic media files of the contract drawings and/or copies of the specifications. Specifications will be provided in PDF format.
19 20			3.	Upon request for electronic media, the Contractor shall complete and return a signed "Electronic File Transmittal" form provided by KJWW.
21 22 23			4.	If the information requested includes floor plans prepared by others, the Contractor will be responsible for obtaining approval from the appropriate Design Professional for use of that part of the document.
24 25 26			5.	The electronic contract documents can be used for preparation of shop drawings and as-built drawings only. The information may not be used in whole or in part for any other project.
27 28			6.	The drawings prepared by KJWW for bidding purposes may not be used directly for ductwork layout drawings or coordination drawings.
29 30 31			7.	The use of these CAD documents by the Contractor does not relieve them from their responsibility for coordination of work with other trades and verification of space available for the installation.
32 33 34 35			8.	The information is provided to expedite the project and assist the Contractor with no guarantee by KJWW as to the accuracy or correctness of the information provided. KJWW accepts no responsibility or liability for the Contractor's use of these documents.
36		G.	Field M	leasurements:
37 38			1.	Verify all pertinent dimensions at the job site before ordering any conduit, conductors, wireways, bus duct, fittings, etc.
39	1.7	SUBMI	ITTALS	
40 41		A.		tals shall be required for the following items, and for additional items where delsewhere in the specifications or on the drawings.
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

1 1. Submittals list:

	<u>R</u>	Referenced	Specification Section Submittal Item
2	A.		I Submittal Procedures: In addition to the provisions of Division 1, the g are required:
4		1.	Transmittal: Each transmittal shall include the following:
_			Pote.
5			a. Date
6			b. Owner's Project title and number
7			c. Contractor's name and address
8			d. Division of work (e.g., electrical, plumbing, heating, ventilating, etc.)
9			e. Description of items submitted and relevant specification number
0 1			f. Notations of deviations from the contract documentsg. Other pertinent data
2		2.	Submittal Cover Sheet: Each submittal shall include a cover sheet containing:
4			a. Date
5			b. Owner's Project title and number
6			c. Architect/Engineer
7			d. Contractor and subcontractors' names and addresses
8			e. Supplier and manufacturer's names and addresses
9			f. Division of work (e.g., electrical, plumbing, heating, ventilating, etc.)
20			g. Description of item submitted (using project nomenclature) and
21			relevant specification number
22			h. Notations of deviations from the contract documents
23			i. Other pertinent data
24			j. Provide space for Contractor's review stamps
25		3.	Composition:
26			a. Submittals shall be submitted using specification sections and the
27			project nomenclature for each item.
28			b. Individual submittal packages shall be prepared for items in each
29			specification section. All items within a single specification section
30			shall be packaged together where possible. An individual submittal
31			may contain items from multiple specifications sections if the items
32			are intimately linked (e.g., pumps and motors).
33 34			c. All sets shall contain an index of the items enclosed with a general topic description on the cover.
35		4.	Content: Submittals shall include all fabrication, erection, layout, and setting
36		т.	drawings; manufacturers' standard drawings; schedules; descriptive
37			literature, catalogs and brochures; performance and test data; wiring and
38			control diagrams; dimensions; shopping and operating weights; shipping
99			splits; service clearances; and all other drawings and descriptive data of
10 10			materials of construction as may be required to show that the materials,
10 11			equipment or systems and the location thereof conform to the requirements
12			of the contract documents.

1	5.	Contra	ctor's Approval Stamp:
2		a.	The Contractor shall thoroughly review and approve all shop
3		u.	drawings before submitting them to the Architect/Engineer. The
4 5			Contractor shall stamp, date and sign each submittal certifying it has been reviewed.
6		b.	Unstamped submittals will be rejected.
O		D.	·
7 8		C.	The Contractor's review shall include, but not be limited to, verification of the following:
9			Only approved manufacturers are used.
10			2) Addenda items have been incorporated.
			 Catalog numbers and options match those specified.
11			
12			4) Performance data matches that specified.
13			5) Electrical characteristics and loads match those specified.
14			6) Equipment connection locations, sizes, capacities, etc. have
15			been coordinated with other affected trades.
16			7) Dimensions and service clearances are suitable for the
17			intended location.
18			8) Equipment dimensions are coordinated with support steel,
19			housekeeping pads, openings, etc.
20			9) Constructability issues are resolved (e.g., weights and
			dimensions are suitable for getting the item into the building
21			
22			and into place, sinks fit into countertops, etc.).
23		d.	The Contractor shall review, stamp and approve all subcontractors'
24			submittals as described above.
25		e.	The Contractor's approval stamp is required on all submittals.
26			Approval will indicate the Contractor's review of all material
27			and a complete understanding of exactly what is to be
28			furnished. Contractor shall clearly mark all deviations from the
29			contract documents on all submittals. If deviations are not
30			marked by the Contractor, then the item shall be required to
31			meet all drawing and specification requirements.
32	6.	Submi	ttal Identification and Markings:
33		a.	The Contractor shall clearly mark each item with the same
34			nomenclature applied on the drawings or in the specifications.
35		b.	The Contractor shall clearly indicate the size, finish, material, etc.
36		C.	Where more than one model is shown on a manufacturer's sheet,
37		0.	the Contractor shall clearly indicate exactly which item and which
38			data is intended.
39		d.	All marks and identifications on the submittals shall be
40			unambiguous.
41	7.	Schad	ule submittals to expedite the project. Coordinate submission of
42	, .		die submittals to expedite the project. Coordinate submission of
		· Siatot	
43	8.	Identify	y variations from the contract documents and product or system
44			ons that may be detrimental to the successful performance of the
			eted work.

1			9.	Reproduction of contract documents alone is not acceptable for submittals.
2			10.	Incomplete submittals will be rejected without review. Partial submittals will only be reviewed with prior approval from the Architect/Engineer.
4 5			11.	Submittals not required by the contract documents may be returned without review.
6 7 8 9 10			12.	The Architect/Engineer's responsibility shall be to review one set of shop drawing submittals for each product. If the first submittal is incomplete or does not comply with the drawings and/or specifications, the Contractor shall be responsible to bear the cost for the Architect/Engineer to recheck and handle the additional shop drawing submittals.
11 12			13.	Submittals shall be reviewed and approved by the Architect/Engineer before releasing any equipment for manufacture or shipment.
13 14 15			14.	Contractor's responsibility for errors, omissions or deviation from the contract documents in submittals is not relieved by the Architect/Engineer's approval.
16		B.	Electro	onic Submittal Procedures:
17 18			1.	Distribution: Email submittals as attachments to all parties designated by the Architect/Engineer, unless a web-based submittal program is used.
19 20			2.	Transmittals: Each submittal shall include an individual electronic letter of transmittal.
21 22 23 24			3.	Format: Electronic submittals shall be in PDF format only. Scanned copies, in PDF format, of paper originals are acceptable. Submittals that are not legible will be rejected. Do not set any permission restrictions on files; protected, locked, or secured documents will be rejected.
25 26 27 28			4.	File Names: Electronic submittal file names shall include the relevant specification section number followed by a description of the item submitted, as follows. Where possible, include the transmittal as the first page of the PDF instead of using multiple electronic files.
29 30				 a. Submittal file name: 26 XX XX.description.YYYYMMDD b. Transmittal file name: 26 XX XX.description.YYYYMMDD
31 32			5.	File Size: Electronic file size shall be limited to a maximum of 4MB. Larger files shall be transmitted via a pre-approved method.
33	1.8	SCHE	DULE O	F VALUES
34		A.	The re	quirements herein are in addition to the provisions of Division 1.
35		B.	Forma	t:
36 37 38 39			1. 2. 3.	Use AIA Document Continuation Sheets G703 or another similar form approved by the Owner and Architect/Engineer. Submit in Excel format. Support values given with substantiating data.

1	C.	Prepar	ation:
2		1.	Itemize the cost for each of the following:
3			a. Overhead and profit.
4			b. Bonds.
5			c. Insurance.
6			d. General Requirements: Itemize all requirements.
7		2.	Itemize work required by each specification section and list all providers. All
8			work provided by subcontractors and major suppliers shall be listed on the
9			Schedule of Values. List each subcontractor and supplier by company
10			name.
4.4			a. Contractor's own labor forces.
11 12			a. Contractor's own labor forces.b. All subcontractors.
13			c. All major suppliers of products or equipment.
13			c. All major suppliers of products of equipment.
14		3.	Break down all costs into:
15			a. Material: Delivered cost of product with taxes paid.
16			b. Labor: Labor cost, excluding overhead and profit.
17		4.	For each line item having an installed cost of more than \$5,000, break down
18		•••	costs to list major products or operations under each item. At a minimum,
19			provide material and labor cost line items for the following:
20			a. Each piece of equipment requiring shop drawings. Use the
21			equipment nomenclature (SB-1, PANEL P-1, etc.) on the Schedule
22			of Values.
23			b. Each type of small unitary equipment (e.g., FDS, FCS, CS, etc.).
24			Multiple units of the same type can be listed together provided
25			quantities are also listed so unit costs can be determined.
26			c. Each conduit system (medium voltage, normal, emergency, low
27			voltage systems, etc.). In addition, for larger projects breakdown the
28			material and labor for each conduit system based on geography
29			(building, floor, and/or wing).
30			d. Fire alarm broken down into material and labor for the following:
31			1) Engineering
32			Controllers, devices, sensors, etc.
33			3) Conduit
34			4) Wiring
35			5) Programming
36			6) Commissioning
37			e. Site utilities (5' beyond building)
38			f. Seismic design
39			g. Testing
40			h. Commissioning
41			i. Record drawings
42			j. Punchlist and closeout
43	D.	Update	e Schedule of Values when:
44		1.	Indicated by Architect/Engineer.
45		2.	Change of subcontractor or supplier occurs.
46		3.	Change of product or equipment occurs.

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1.9 CHANGE ORDERS

- A. A detailed material and labor takeoff shall be prepared for each change order, along with labor rates and markup percentages. Change orders with inadequate breakdown will be rejected.
- 5 B. Change order work shall not proceed until authorized.

6 1.10 PRODUCT DELIVERY, STORAGE, HANDLING AND MAINTENANCE

- A. Exercise care in transporting and handling to avoid damage to materials. Store materials on the site to prevent damage.
 - B. Keep all materials clean, dry and free from damaging environments.
 - C. Coordinate the installation of heavy and large equipment with the General Contractor and/or Owner. If the Electrical Contractor does not have prior documented experience in rigging and lifting similar equipment, he/she shall contract with a qualified lifting and rigging service that has similar documented experience. Follow all equipment lifting and support guidelines for handling and moving.
 - D. Contractor is responsible for moving equipment into the building and/or site. Contractor shall review site prior to bid for path locations and any required building modifications to allow movement of equipment. Contractor shall coordinate his/her work with other trades.

19 1.11 WARRANTY

- A. Provide one-year warranty for all fixtures, equipment, materials, and workmanship.
 - B. The warranty period for all work in this specification Division shall commence on the date of Substantial Completion or successful system performance whichever occurs later. The warranty may also commence if a whole or partial system or any separate piece of equipment or component is put into use for the benefit of any party other than the installing contractor with prior written authorization of the Owner. In this instance, the warranty period shall commence on the date when such whole system, partial system or separate piece of equipment or component is placed in operation and accepted in writing by the Owner.
 - C. Warranty requirements extend to correction, without cost to the Owner, of all work found to be defective or nonconforming to the contract documents. The Contractor shall bear the cost of correcting all damage due to defects or nonconformance with contract documents excluding repairs required as a result of improper maintenance or operation, or of normal wear as determined by the Architect/Engineer.

1.12 INSURANCE

A. This Contractor shall maintain insurance coverage as set forth in Division 1 of these specifications.

1.13 MATERIAL SUBSTITUTION

A. Where several manufacturers' names are given, the manufacturer for which a catalog number is given is the basis of design and establishes the quality required.

- B. Equivalent equipment manufactured by the other named manufacturers may be used. Contractor shall ensure that all items submitted by these other manufacturers meet all requirements of the drawings and specifications, and fit in the allocated space. The Architect/Engineer shall make the final determination of whether a product is equivalent.
 - C. Any material, article or equipment of other unnamed manufacturers which will adequately perform the services and duties imposed by the design and is of a quality equal to or better than the material, article or equipment identified by the drawings and specifications may be used if approval is secured in writing from the Architect/Engineer via addendum. The Contractor assumes all costs incurred as a result of using the offered material, article or equipment, on his part or on the part of other Contractors whose work is affected.
- D. Voluntary add or deduct prices for alternate materials may be listed on the bid form.
 These items will not be used in determining the low bidder. This Contractor assumes all costs incurred as a result of using the offered material or equipment on his part or on the part of other Contractors whose work is affected.
- E. All material substitutions requested after the final addendum must be listed as voluntary changes on the bid form.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

20 2.1 GENERAL

A. All items of material having a similar function (e.g., safety switches, panelboards, switchboards, contactors, motor starters, dry type transformers) shall be of the same manufacturer unless specifically stated otherwise on drawings or elsewhere in specifications.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

26 3.1 JOBSITE SAFETY

A. Neither the professional activities of the Architect/Engineer, nor the presence of the Architect/Engineer or his or her employees and subconsultants at a construction site, shall relieve the Contractor and any other entity of their obligations, duties and responsibilities including, but not limited to, construction means, methods, sequence, techniques or procedures necessary for performing, superintending or coordinating all portions of the work of construction in accordance with the contract documents and any health or safety precautions required by any regulatory agencies. The Architect/Engineer and his or her personnel have no authority to exercise any control over any construction contractor or other entity or their employees in connection with their work or any health or safety precautions. The Contractor is solely responsible for jobsite safety. The Architect/Engineer and the Architect/Engineer's consultants shall be indemnified and shall be made additional insureds under the Contractor's general liability insurance policy.

3.2 ARCHITECT/ENGINEER OBSERVATION OF WORK

- A. The contractor shall provide seven (7) calendar days' notice to the Architect/Engineer prior to:
- Covering exterior walls, interior partitions and chases.
 - Installing hard or suspended ceilings and soffits.

1 2 3	B.	The Architect/Engineer will review the installation and provide a written report noting deficiencies requiring correction. The contractor's schedule shall account for these reviews and show them as line items in the approved schedule.		
4	C.	Above-Ceiling Final Observation:		
5 6		All work above the ceilings must be complete prior to the Architect/Engineer's review. This includes, but is not limited to:		
7 8		 All junction boxes are closed and identified in accordance with Section 26 05 53 Electrical Identification. 		
9		b. All wall penetrations have been sealed.		
10 11 12		 In order to prevent the Above-Ceiling Final Observation from occurring too early, the Contractor shall review the status of the work and certify, in writing, that the work is ready for the Above-Ceiling Final Observation. 		
13 14 15 16		 It is understood that if the Architect/Engineer finds the ceilings have been installed prior to this review and prior to seven days elapsing, the Architect/Engineer may not recommend further payments to the contractor until such time as full access has been provided. 		
17 3.3	PROJ	PROJECT CLOSEOUT		
18	A.	The following paragraphs supplement the requirements of Division 1.		
19	B.	Final Jobsite Observation:		
20 21 22		 In order to prevent the Final Jobsite Observation from occurring too early, the Contractor shall review the completion status of the project and certify that the job is ready for the final jobsite observation. 		
23 24 25 26 27		2. It is understood that if the Architect/Engineer finds the job not ready for the final observation and additional trips and observations are required to bring the project to completion, the cost of the additional time and expenses incurred by the Architect/Engineer will be deducted from the Contractor's final payment.		
28 29		 Contractor shall notify Architect/Engineer 48 hours prior to installation of ceilings or lay-in ceiling tiles. 		
30 31	C.	The following must be submitted before Architect/Engineer recommends final payment:		
32 33		 Operation and maintenance manuals with copies of approved shop drawings. 		
34 35		 As-built documents including marked-up or reproducible drawings and specifications. 		
36 37 38 39		3. A report documenting the instructions given to the Owner's representatives complete with the number of hours spent in the instruction. The report shall bear the signature of an authorized agent of this Contractor and shall be signed by the Owner's representatives.		
40 41 42		4. Provide spare parts, maintenance, and extra materials in quantities specified in individual specification sections. Deliver to project site and place in location as directed and submit receipt to Architect/Engineer.		

1			5.	Inspection and testing report by the fire alarm system manufacturer.
2			6.	Start-up reports on all equipment requiring a factory installation or start-up.
3	3.4	OPER	RATION	AND MAINTENANCE MANUALS
4		A.	Gener	al:
5 6 7 8 9			1.	Provide an electronic copy of the O&M manuals as described below for Architect/Engineer's review and approval. The electronic copy shall be corrected as required to address the Architect/Engineer's comments. Once corrected, electronic copies and paper copies shall be distributed as directed by the Architect/Engineer.
10 11 12			2.	Approved O&M manuals shall be completed and in the Owner's possession prior to Owner's acceptance and at least 10 days prior to instruction of operating personnel.
13		B.	Electro	onic Submittal Procedures:
14 15			1.	Distribution: Email the O&M manual as attachments to all parties designated by the Architect/Engineer.
16 17			2.	Transmittals: Each submittal shall include an individual electronic letter of transmittal.
18 19 20 21			3.	Format: Electronic submittals shall be in PDF format only. Scanned copies, in PDF format, of paper originals are acceptable. Submittals that are not legible will be rejected. Do not set any permission restrictions on files; protected, locked, or secured documents will be rejected.
22 23 24 25			4.	File Names: Electronic submittal file names shall include the relevant specification section number followed by a description of the item submitted, as follows. Where possible, include the transmittal as the first page of the PDF instead of using multiple electronic files.
26 27				 a. O&M file name: O&M.div26.contractor.YYYYMMDD b. Transmittal file name: O&Mtransmittal.div26.contractor.YYYYMMDD
28 29 30			5.	File Size: Electronic file size shall be limited to a maximum of 4MB. Larger files shall be divided into files that are clearly labeled as "1 of 2", "2 of 2", etc.
31 32 33 34 35			6.	Provide the Owner with an approved copy of the O&M manual on compact discs (CD), digital video discs (DVD), or flash drives with a permanently affixed label, printed with the title "Operation and Maintenance Instructions", title of the project and subject matter of disc/flash drive when multiple disc/flash drives are required.
36			7.	All text shall be searchable.
37 38 39 40			8.	Bookmarks shall be used, dividing information first by specification section, then systems, major equipment and finally individual items. All bookmark titles shall include the nomenclature used in the construction documents and shall be an active link to the first page of the section being referenced.

1	C.	Paper	Copy Submittal Procedures:
2		1.	Once the electronic version of the manuals has been approved by the
3		••	Architect/Engineer, three (3) paper copies of the O&M manual shall be
4			provided to the Owner. The content of the paper copies shall be identical to
5			the corrected electronic copy.
6		2.	Binder Requirements: The Contractor shall submit three sets of O&M
7			manuals in heavy duty, locking three ring binders. Incorporate clear vinyl
8			sheet sleeves on the front cover and spine for slip-in labeling. "Peel and
9			stick" labels are not acceptable. Sheet lifters shall be supplied at the front
10			of each notebook. The three-ring binders shall be 1/2" (12mm) thicker than
11			initial material to allow for future inserts. If more than one notebook is
12			required, label in consecutive order. For example; 1 of 2, 2 of 2. No other
13			form of binding is acceptable.
14 15		3.	Binder Labels: Label the front and spine of each binder with "Operation and Maintenance Instructions", title of project, and subject matter.
16		4.	Index Tabs: Divide information by specification section, major equipment, or
17			systems using index tabs. All tab titling shall be clearly printed under
18			reinforced plastic tabs. All equipment shall be labeled to match the
19			identification in the construction documents.
20	D.	Opera	tion and Maintenance Instructions shall include:
21		1.	Title Page: Include title page with project title, Architect, Engineer,
22			Contractor, all subcontractors, and major equipment suppliers, with
23			addresses, telephone numbers, website addresses, email addresses and
24 25			point of contacts. Website URLs and email addresses shall be active links in the electronic submittal.
26		2.	Table of Contents: Include a table of contents describing specification
27			section, systems, major equipment, and individual items.
28		3.	Copies of all final approved shop drawings and submittals. Include
29			Architect's/Engineer's shop drawing review comments. Insert the individual
30 31			shop drawing directly after the Operation and Maintenance information for the item(s) in the review form.
32		4.	Copies of all factory inspections and/or equipment startup reports.
33		5.	Copies of warranties.
		•	
34 35		6.	Schematic wiring diagrams of the equipment that have been updated for field conditions. Field wiring shall have label numbers to match drawings.
36		7.	Dimensional drawings of equipment.
37		8.	Detailed parts lists with lists of suppliers.
38		9.	Operating procedures for each system.
39 40		10.	Maintenance schedule and procedures. Include a chart listing maintenance requirements and frequency.

Repair procedures for major components.

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12. Replacement parts and service material requirements for each system and 1 2 the frequency of service required. Instruction books, cards, and manuals furnished with the equipment. 13. 3 14. Include record drawings of the one-line diagrams for each major system. 4 The graphic for each piece of equipment shown on the one-line diagram 5 shall be an active link to its associated Operation & Maintenance data. 6 3.5 INSTRUCTING THE OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE 7 A. Adequately instruct the Owner's designated representatives in the maintenance, 8 care, and operation of the complete systems installed under this contract. 9 B. Minimum hours of instruction time for each item and/or system shall be as indicated 10 in each individual specification section. 11 C. Operating Instructions: 12 Contractor is responsible for all instructions to the Owner's representatives 1. 13 for the electrical and specialized systems. 14 2. If the Contractor does not have staff that can adequately provide the 15 required instructions, he shall include in his bid an adequate amount to 16 reimburse the Owner for the Architect/Engineer to perform these services. 17 **AS-BUILT DOCUMENTS** 18 3.6 A. The following paragraphs supplement the requirements of Division 1. 19 В. Maintain at the job site a separate and complete set of electrical drawings and 20 specifications with all changes made to the systems clearly and permanently marked 21 in complete detail. 22 C. Mark drawings and specifications to indicate approved substitutions; Change 23 Orders, and actual equipment and materials used. All Change Orders, RFI 24 responses, Clarifications and other supplemental instructions shall be marked on the 25 documents. As-built documents that merely reference the existence of the above 26 items are not acceptable. Should this Contractor fail to complete As-built Documents 27 as required by this contract, this Contractor shall reimburse Architect/Engineer for all 28 costs to develop record documents that comply with this requirement. 29 30 Reimbursement shall be made at the Architect/Engineer's hourly rates in effect at the time of work. 31 D. Record changes daily and keep the marked drawings available for the 32 Owners/Architect/Engineer's examination at any normal work time. 33 E. Upon completing the job, and before final payment is made, give the marked-up 34 drawings to the Architect/Engineer. 35 3.7 **PAINTING** 36 Paint all equipment that is marred or damaged prior to the Owner's acceptance. Α. 37 Paint and color shall match original equipment paint and shall be obtained from the 38 equipment supplier if available. All equipment shall have a finished coat of paint 39

applied unless specifically allowed to be provided with a prime coat only.

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- B. Equipment in finished areas that will be painted to match the room decor will be painted by others. Should this Contractor install equipment in a finished area after the area has been painted, he shall have the equipment and all its supports, hangers, etc., painted to match the room decor. Painting shall be performed as described in project specifications.
 - C. Equipment cabinets, casings, covers, metal jackets, etc., located in equipment rooms or concealed spaces, shall be furnished in standard finish, free from scratches, abrasions, chippings, etc.
 - D. Equipment in occupied spaces, or if standard to the unit, shall have a baked primer with baked enamel finish coat free from scratches, abrasions, chipping, etc. If color option is specified or is standard to the unit, verify with the Architect his color preference before ordering.
 - E. Paint all equipment in unfinished areas such as boiler room, mechanical spaces, and storage rooms. Equipment furnished with a suitable factory finish need not be painted; provided the factory applied finish is not marred or spattered. If so, equipment shall be refinished with the same paint as was factory applied.
 - F. All electrical conduit and equipment, fittings, hangers, structural supports, etc., in unfinished areas, such as equipment and storage room area, shall be painted two (2) coats of oil paint of colors selected by the Architect.
- 20 G. Do NOT paint electric conduits in crawl spaces, tunnels, or spaces above suspended ceilings except that where conduit is in a damp location give exposed threads at joints two coats of sealer after joint is made up.
 - H. After surfaces have been thoroughly cleaned and are free of oil, dirt or other foreign matter, paint all raceway and equipment with the following:
 - 1. <u>Bare Metal Surfaces</u> Apply one coat of metal primer suitable for the metal being painted. Finish with two coats of Alkyd base enamel paint.
 - Plastic Surfaces Paint plastic surfaces with two coats of semi-gloss acrylic latex paint.

29 3.8 ADJUST AND CLEAN

- A. Thoroughly clean all equipment and systems prior to the Owner's final acceptance of the project.
- B. Clean all foreign paint, grease, oil, dirt, labels, stickers, etc. from all equipment.
- 33 C. Remove all rubbish, debris, etc., accumulated during construction from the premises.

35 3.9 SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Coordinate the installation of all equipment, controls, devices, etc., with other trades to maintain clear access area for servicing.
 - B. Install all equipment to maximize access to parts needing service or maintenance. Review the final location, placement, and orientation of equipment with the Owner's representative prior to setting equipment.
- Installation of equipment or devices without regard to coordination of access requirements and confirmation with the Owner's representative will result in removal and reinstallation of the equipment at the Contractor's expense.

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D. In accordance with LEED EQc4.1, Low-Emitting Materials - Adhesives and Sealants, all adhesives and sealants used on the interior of the building must comply with the following requirements: 3 1. Adhesives, sealants and sealant primers must comply with South Coast Air 4 Quality Management District (SCAQMD) Rule #1168. 5 2. Aerosol adhesives must comply with Green Seal Standard for Commercial 6 Adhesives GS-36 requirements in effect on October 19, 2000. 7 3.10 INDOOR AIR QUALITY (IAQ) MAINTENANCE FOR OCCUPIED FACILITIES UNDER 8 CONSTRUCTION 9 A. Within the limits of Construction: 10 The Electrical Contractor shall coordinate all work with the contractor 11 responsible for IAQ. 12 2. The means, methods and materials used by the Electrical Contractor shall 13 be coordinated with the contractor responsible for IAQ and shall comply with 14 the IAQ requirements set forth in Division of these specifications. 15 В. Outside the limits of Construction: 16 IAQ shall be the responsibility of the electrical contractor for work that is 1. 17 required outside the limits of construction. 18 2. The Electrical Contractor is responsible for the IAQ set forth in Division of 19 these specifications. 20 The Electrical Contractor shall review and coordinate all IAQ plans and 3. 21 procedures with the owner's IAQ representative. 22 SYSTEM COMMISSIONING 3.11 23 A. The electrical systems shall be complete and operating. System start-up, testing, 24 balancing, and satisfactory system performance is the responsibility of the 25 Contractor. This includes all calibration and adjustment of electrical controls, 26 balancing of loads, troubleshooting and verification of software, and final 27 28 adjustments that may be needed. 29 B. All operating conditions and control sequences shall be tested during the start-up 30 period. Testing all interlocks, safety shut-downs, controls, and alarms. 1. The Contractor, subcontractors, and equipment suppliers shall have skilled 31 technicians to ensure that all systems perform properly. If the 32 Architect/Engineer is requested to visit the job site for trouble shooting, 33 assisting in start-up, obtaining satisfactory equipment operation, resolving 34 installation and/or workmanship problems, equipment substitution issues or 35 unsatisfactory system performance, including call backs during the warranty 36 period, through no fault of the design; the Contractor shall reimburse the 37 Owner on a time and materials basis for services rendered at the 38 Architect/Engineer's standard hourly rates in effect when the services are 39 requested. The Contractor shall pay the Owner for services required that are 40

after services are rendered.

product, installation or workmanship related. Payment is due within 30 days

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3.12 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

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- Conduct all tests required during and after construction.
- Supply necessary instruments, meters, etc., for the tests. Supply competent technicians with training in the proper testing techniques.
 - All cables and wires shall be tested for shorts and grounds following installation and connection to devices. Replace shorted or grounded wires and cables.
 - 4. Any wiring device, electrical apparatus or lighting fixture, if grounded or shorted on any integral "live" part, shall have all defective parts or materials replaced.

B. Other Equipment:

- Give other equipment furnished and installed by the Contractor all standard tests normally made to assure that the equipment is electrically sound, all connections properly made, phase rotation correct, fuses and thermal elements suitable for protection against overloads, voltage complies with equipment nameplate rating, and full load amperes are within equipment rating.
- C. If any test results are not satisfactory, make adjustments, replacements and changes as needed and repeat the tests and make additional tests as the Architect/Engineer or authority having jurisdiction deem necessary.

22 END OF SECTION

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SECTION 26 05 03 - THROUGH PENETRATION FIRESTOPPING

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3	1.1	SECTION INCLUDES
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A. Through-Penetration Firestopping.

5 1.2 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer: Company specializing in manufacturing products specified in this Section.
- B. Installer: Individuals performing work shall be certified by the manufacturer of the system selected for installation.

10 1.3 REFERENCES

- 11 A. UL 723 Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials
- 12 B. ANSI/UL 1479 Fire Tests of Through Penetration Firestops
- 13 C. UL Fire Resistance Directory Through Penetration Firestop Systems (XHEZ)
- D. Warnock Hersey Directory of Listed Products
- 15 E. ASTM E84 Standard Test Method for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials
- 17 F. ASTM E814 Standard Test Method for Fire Tests of Through-Penetration Firestops
- 18 G. The Building Officials and Code Administrators National Building Code
- 19 H. 2009 Uniform Building Code
- 20 I. Wisconsin Administrative Code
- J. 2009 International Building Code
- 22 K. NFPA 5000 Building Construction Safety Code

23 1.4 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Store, protect and handle products on site. Accept material on site in factory containers and packing. Inspect for damage. Protect from deterioration or damage due to moisture, temperature changes, contaminants, or other causes. Follow manufacturer's instructions for storage.
- 28 B. Install material prior to expiration of product shelf life.

29 1.5 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. General: For penetrations through the following fire-resistance-rated constructions, including both empty openings and openings containing penetrating items, provide through-penetration firestop systems that are produced and installed to resist spread of fire according to requirements indicated, resist passage of smoke and other gases, and maintain original fire-resistance rating of construction penetrated.
 - 1. Fire-resistance-rated walls including fire partitions, fire barriers, and smoke barriers.
- Fire-resistance-rated horizontal assemblies including floors, floor/ceiling assemblies, and ceiling membranes of roof/ceiling assemblies.

B. Rated Systems: Provide through-penetration firestop systems with the following 2 ratings determined per UL 1479: 1. F-Rated Systems: Provide through-penetration firestop systems with F-3 ratings indicated, but not less than that equaling or exceeding fire-resistance 4 rating of constructions penetrated. 5 2. T-Rated Systems: For the following conditions, provide through-penetration 6 firestop systems with T-ratings indicated, as well as F-ratings: 7 Floor penetrations located outside wall cavities. 8 a. Floor penetrations located outside fire-resistance-rated shaft 9 b. enclosures. 10 Wall penetrations above corridor ceilings which are not part of a firec. 11 resistive assembly. 12 Wall penetrations below any ceiling that are larger than 4" diameter d. 13 or 16 square inches. 14 C. For through-penetration firestop systems exposed to light, traffic, moisture, or 15 physical damage, provide products that, after curing, do not deteriorate when 16 exposed to these conditions both during and after construction. 17 D. For through-penetration firestop systems exposed to view, provide products with 18 flame-spread and smoke-developed indexes of less than 25 and 450, respectively, 19 as determined per ASTM E 84. 20 E. 21 For through-penetration firestop systems in air plenums, provide products with flame-spread and smoke-developed indexes of less than 25 and 50, respectively, as 22 23 determined per ASTM E 84. **WARRANTY** 1.6 24 Α. Provide one year warranty on parts and labor. 25 В. Warranty shall cover repair or replacement of firestop systems which fail in joint 26 adhesion, cohesion, abrasion resistance, weather resistance, extrusion resistance, 27 migration resistance, stain resistance, general durability, or appear to deteriorate in 28 any manner not clearly specified by the manufacturer as an inherent quality of the 29 30 material. **PART 2 - PRODUCTS** 31 2.1 **MANUFACTURERS** 32 Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the through-A. 33 penetration firestop systems indicated for each application that are produced by one 34 of the following manufacturers. All firestopping systems installed shall be provided 35 by a single manufacturer. 36 3M: Fire Protection Produces Division. 1. 37 2. Hilti. Inc. 38 RectorSeal Corporation, Metacaulk. 3. 39 Tremco; Sealant/Weatherproofing Division. 4. 40 Johns-Manville. 5. 41 Specified Technologies Inc. (S.T.I.) 6. 42 Spec Seal Firestop Products 43 7. **AD Firebarrier Protection Systems** 44 8.

Wiremold/legrand: FlameStopper

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2.2 THROUGH PENETRATION FIRESTOP SYSTEMS

- Provide materials and systems classified by or listed by Warnock Hersey to provide 2 A. firestopping equal to time rating of construction being penetrated. 3
- В. All firestopping materials shall be free of asbestos, lead, PCB's, and other materials that would require hazardous waste removal. 5
- C. Firestopping shall be flexible to allow for normal penetrating item movement due to 6 expansion and contraction.
- 8 D. Firestopping systems for plumbing and wet pipe sprinkler piping shall be moisture resistant. 9
- E. Provide firestopping systems capable of supporting floor loads where systems are 10 exposed to possible floor loading or traffic. 11
 - F. Provide firestopping systems allowing continuous insulation for all insulated pipes.
 - G. Provide firestopping systems classified by UL or listed by Warnock Hersey for penetrations through all fire rated construction. Firestopping systems shall be selected from the UL or listed by Warnock Hersey Fire Resistance Directory Category XHEZ based on substrate construction and penetrating item size and material and shall fall within the range of numbers listed:
 - Combustible Framed Floors and Chase Walls 1 or 2 Hour Rated 1. F Rating = Floor/Wall Rating T Rating = Floor/Wall Rating

Penetrating Item	UL System No.
No Penetrating Item Metallic Pipe or Conduit Non-Metallic Pipe or Conduit Electrical Cables Cable Trays Insulated Pipes Bus Duct and Misc. Electrical	FC 0000-0999* FC 1000-1999 FC 2000-2999 FC 3000-3999 FC 4000-4999 FC 5000-5999 FC 6000-6999
Duct without Damper and Misc. Mechanical Multiple Penetrations	FC 7000-7999 FC 8000-8999

2. Non-Combustible Framed Walls - 1 or 2 Hour Rated F Rating = Wall Rating

T Rating = 0

Penetrating Item	UL System No.
No Penetrating Item Metallic Pipe or Conduit Non-Metallic Pipe or Conduit Electrical Cables Cable Trays Insulated Pipes Bus Duct and Misc. Electrical Duct without Damper and Misc. Mechanical Multiple Penetrations	WL 0000-0999* WL 1000-1999 WL 2000-2999 WL 3000-3999 WL 4000-4999 WL 5000-5999 WL 6000-6999 WL 7000-7999 WL 8000-8999

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Concrete or Masonry Floors and Walls - 1 or 2 Hour Rated
 F Rating = Wall/Floor Rating
 T Rating (Floors) = Floor Rating

Penetrating Item	UL System No.
No Penetrating Item	CAJ 0000-0999*
Metallic Pipe or Conduit	CAJ 1000-1999
Non-Metallic Pipe or Conduit	CAJ 2000-2999
Electrical Cables	CAJ 3000-3999
Cable Trays	CAJ 4000-4999
Insulated Pipes	CAJ 5000-5999
Bus Duct and Misc. Electrical	CAJ 6000-6999
Duct without Damper and Misc. Mechanical	CAJ 7000-7999
Multiple Penetrations	CAJ 8000-8999

- *Alternate method of firestopping is patching opening to match original rated construction.
- 6 H. Any opening in walls or floors not covered by the listed series of numbers shall be coordinated with the firestopping manufacturer.
 - I. Any openings in floors or walls not described in the UL or listed by Warnock Hersey Fire Resistance Directory, or outlined in manufacturer's information shall be sealed in a manner agreed upon by the Firestopping Manufacturer, Owner, and the Authority Having Jurisdiction.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

13 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Ensure all surfaces that contact seal materials are free of dirt, dust, grease, oil, rust, or loose materials. Clean and repair surfaces as required. Remove laitance and form-release agents from concrete.
- B. Ensure substrate and penetrating items have been permanently installed prior to installing firestopping systems. Ensure penetrating items have been properly spaced and have proper clearance prior to installing firestopping systems.
 - C. Surfaces to which sealing materials are to be installed must meet the selected UL or Warnock Hersey system substrate criteria.
- D. Prime substrates where recommended in writing by through-penetration firestop system manufacturer. Confine primer to area of bond.

24 3.2 INSTALLATION

A. In existing construction, provide firestopping of openings prior to and after installation of penetrating items. Remove any existing coatings on surfaces prior to firestopping installation. Temporary firestopping shall consist of packing openings with fire resistant mineral wool for the full thickness of substrate, or an alternate method approved by the Authority Having Jurisdiction. All openings shall be temporarily firestopped immediately upon their installation and shall remain so until the permanent UL or listed by Warnock Hersey listed firestopping system is installed.

- B. Install penetration seal materials in accordance with printed instructions of the UL or Warnock Hersey Fire Resistance Directory and with the manufacturer's printed application instructions.
- C. Install dams as required to properly contain firestopping materials within openings and as required to achieve required fire resistance rating. Remove combustible damming after appropriate curing.

7 3.3 CLEANING AND PROTECTING

- A. Clean excess fill materials adjacent to openings as Work progresses by methods and with cleaning materials that are approved in writing by through-penetration firestop system manufacturers and that do not cause damage.
- B. Provide final protection and maintain conditions during and after installation that ensure that through-penetration firestop systems are without damage or deterioration at time of Substantial Completion. If, despite such protection, damage or deterioration occurs, remove damaged or deteriorated through-penetration firestop systems immediately and install new materials to produce systems complying with specified requirements.

17 3.4 INSPECTION

- A. All penetrations shall be inspected by the manufacturer's representative to ensure proper installation.
- B. Access to firestop systems shall be maintained for examination by the Authority Having Jurisdiction at their request.
- C. Proceed with enclosing through-penetration firestop system with other construction only after inspection reports are issued and firestop installations comply with requirements.
 - D. The contractor shall allow for visual destructive review of 5% of installed firestop systems (minimum of one) to prove compliance with specifications and manufacturer's instructions and details. Destructive system removal shall be performed by the contractor and witnessed by the Architect/Engineer and manufacturer's factory representative. The Architect/Engineer shall have sole discretion of which firestop system installations will be reviewed. The contractor is responsible for all costs associated with this requirement including labor and material for removing and replacing the installed firestop system. If any firestop system is found to not be installed per manufacturer's specific instructions and details, all firestop systems are subject to destructive review and replacement at the Architect/Engineer's discretion and the contractor's expense.

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SECTION 26 05 05 - ELECTRICAL DEMOLITION FOR REMODELING

PART 1 - GENERAL 2

SECTION INCLUDES 3 1.1

Α. Electrical demolition

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT 2.1 6

Materials and equipment for patching and extending work shall be as specified in 7 Α. individual Sections.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

EXAMINATION 3.1 10

- THE DRAWINGS ARE INTENDED TO INDICATE THE SCOPE OF WORK Α. 11 REQUIRED AND DO NOT INDICATE EVERY BOX, CONDUIT, OR WIRE THAT 12 MUST BE REMOVED. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL VISIT THE SITE PRIOR TO 13 SUBMITTING A BID AND VERIFY EXISTING CONDITIONS. 14
- B. Where walls, ceilings, structures, etc., are indicated as being removed on general or 15 electrical drawings, the Contractor shall be responsible for the removal of all 16 electrical equipment, devices, fixtures, raceways, wiring, systems, etc., from the 17 removed area. 18
- C. Where ceilings, walls, structures, etc., are temporarily removed and replaced by 19 others, this Contractor shall be responsible for the removal, storage, and 20 replacement of equipment, devices, fixtures, raceways, wiring, systems, etc. 21
- D. Where technology equipment is indicated as being removed on electrical, 22 mechanical, or technology drawings, the Contractor shall be responsible for 23 disconnecting the equipment and removing all controllers, electrical equipment, 24 raceways, wiring, etc. associated with the device. 25
- E. Verify that abandoned wiring and equipment serve only abandoned equipment or 26 facilities. Extend conduit and wire to facilities and equipment that will remain in operation following demolition. Extension of conduit and wire to equipment shall be compatible with the surrounding area. Extended conduit and conductors to match existing size and material.
- F. Coordinate scope of work with all other Contractors and the Owner at the project 31 site. Schedule removal of equipment and electrical service to avoid conflicts. 32
- G. Bid submittal shall mean the Contractor has visited the project site and has verified 33 existing conditions and scope of work. 34

PREPARATION 3.2 35

A. The Contractor shall obtain approval from the Owner before turning off power to 36 circuits, feeders, panels, etc. Coordinate all outages with Owner. 37

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- B. Provide temporary wiring and connections to maintain existing systems in service during construction. When work must be performed on energized equipment or circuits use personnel experienced in such operations. Assume all equipment and systems must remain operational unless specifically noted otherwise on drawings.
 - Disconnect electrical systems in walls, floors, structures, and ceilings scheduled for removal.
 - D. Existing Fire Alarm System: Maintain existing system in service until new system is accepted. Disable system only to make switchovers and connections. Obtain permission from Owner at least 48 hours before partially or completely disabling system. Minimize outage duration. Make temporary connections to maintain service in areas adjacent to work area. Provide a watchman to make required premise observations during all outages, requirements as dictated by codes and Owner's insurance carrier.

14 3.3 DEMOLITION AND EXTENSION OF EXISTING ELECTRICAL WORK

- A. Demolish and extend existing electrical work under provisions of Division 1 of Specifications and this Section.
- B. Remove, relocate, and extend existing installations to accommodate new construction.
 - C. Remove abandoned wiring and raceway to source of supply. Existing conduit in good condition may be reused in place by including an equipment ground conductor in reused conduit. Relocating conduit shall not be allowed.
 - D. Remove exposed abandoned raceway, including abandoned raceway above accessible ceiling finishes. Cut raceway flush with walls and floors, and patch surfaces. Remove all associated clamps, hangers, supports, etc. associated with raceway removal.
 - E. Disconnect and remove outlets and devices that are to be demolished. Remove conduit, supports, and conductors back to source. Devices' back box and conduit mounted in walls that are to remain can be abandoned in place. Provide appropriate cover plate for all abandoned back boxes, matching cover plate material specified on project material list.
- F. Disconnect and remove electrical devices and equipment serving utilization equipment that has been removed.
 - G. Repair adjacent construction and finishes damaged during demolition and extension work. Patch openings to match existing surrounding finishes.
 - H. Maintain access to existing electrical installations that remain active. Modify installation or provide junction boxes and access panel as appropriate.
- I. Extend existing installations using materials and methods compatible with existing electrical installations, or as specified. Extended conduit and conductors to match existing size and material.
- J. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with governing EPA notification regulations before beginning demolition. Comply with hauling and disposal regulations of authorities having jurisdiction.

- K. Floor slabs may contain conduit systems. This Contractor is responsible for taking any measures required to ensure no conduits or other services are damaged. This includes x-ray or similar non-destructive means. Where conduit is in concrete slab, cut conduit flush with floor, pull out conductors, and plug conduit ends.
- 5 L. This Contractor is responsible for <u>all</u> costs incurred in repair, relocations, or replacement of any cables, conduits, or other services if damaged without proper investigation.

8 3.4 CLEANING AND REPAIR

- A. Clean and repair existing materials and equipment that remain or are to be reused.
- B. Panelboards: Clean exposed surfaces and check tightness of electrical connections. Replace damaged circuit breakers and provide closure plates for vacant positions. Provide typed circuit directory showing revised circuiting arrangement.
- 14 C. ELECTRICAL ITEMS (E.G., LIGHTING FIXTURES, RECEPTACLES, SWITCHES, 15 CONDUIT, WIRE, ETC.) REMOVED AND NOT RELOCATED REMAIN THE PROPERTY OF THE OWNER. CONTRACTOR SHALL PLACE ITEMS RETAINED BY THE OWNER IN A LOCATION COORDINATED WITH THE OWNER. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE DISPOSAL OF MATERIAL THE OWNER DOES NOT WANT.

20 3.5 INSTALLATION

A. Install relocated materials and equipment under the provisions of Division 1 of Specifications.

23 END OF SECTION

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1 SECTION 26 05 13 - WIRE AND CABLE

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3	1.1	SECTION INCLUDES	9
		SECTION INCLUDE:	•

- 4 A. Building wire
- 5 B. Remote control and signal cable
- 6 C. Fire rated cable
- D. Healthcare facilities cable
- 8 E. Armored cable (AC)
- 9 F. Metal-clad cable (MC)

10 1.2 REFERENCES

- 11 A. NEMA WC 70 Power Cables Rated 2,000V or Less for the Distribution of Electrical Energy
- 13 B. UL 44 Thermoset-Insulated Wires and Cables
- 14 C. UL 83 Thermoplastic-Insulated Wires and Cables
- D. UL 854 Service-Entrance Cables
- 16 E. UL 1581 Standard for Electrical Wires, Cables, and Flexible Cords

17 PART 2 - PRODUCTS

18 2.1 BUILDING WIRE

- Feeders and Branch Circuits Larger Than 6 AWG: Copper, stranded conductor, 600 volt insulation, THHN/THWN.
- B. Feeders and Branch Circuits Larger than 6 AWG in Underground Conduit: Copper, stranded conductor, 600 volt insulation, THWN.
- C. Feeders and Branch Circuits 6 AWG and Smaller: Copper conductor, 600 volt insulation, THHN/THWN. 6 and 8 AWG, stranded conductor; smaller than 8 AWG, solid or stranded conductor, unless otherwise noted on the drawings.
- D. Control Circuits: Copper, stranded conductor 600 volt insulation, THHN/THWN.
- E. Each 120 and 277 volt branch circuit shall have a dedicated neutral conductor.

 Neutral conductors shall be considered current-carrying conductors for wire derating.

30 2.2 REMOTE CONTROL AND SIGNAL CABLE

- A. Control Cable for Class 1 Remote Control and Signal Circuits: Copper conductor, 600 volt insulation, rated 60°C, individual conductors twisted together, shielded, and covered with a PVC jacket.
- B. Control Cable for Class 2 or Class 3 Remote Control and Signal Circuits: Copper conductor, 300 volt insulation, rated 60°C, individual conductors twisted together, shielded, and covered with a PVC jacket; UL listed.

Plenum Cable for Class 2 or Class 3 Remote Control and Signal Circuits: Copper conductor, 300 volt insulation, rated 60°C, individual conductors twisted together, shielded, and covered with a nonmetallic jacket; UL listed for use in air handling ducts, hollow spaces used as ducts, and plenums.

5 2.3 FIRE-RATED CABLE

A. Two-hour Fire Rated Mineral Insulated Cables: Copper conductor, 600 volt insulation, rated 90°C, Type MI.

8 PART 3 - EXECUTION

9 3.1 WIRE AND CABLE INSTALLATION SCHEDULE

- A. Above Accessible Ceilings: Building wire in raceways. Low voltage cable (less than 100 volts) may be installed without conduit. Low voltage cables in ducts, plenums and other air-handling spaces shall be plenum listed.
- B. All Other Locations: Building wire in raceway.
- Above Grade: All conductors installed above grade shall be type "THHN".
- 15 D. Underground or In Slab: All conductors shall be type "THWN".

16 3.2 WIRE FOR SPECIALIZED SYSTEMS

- A. Wire for the following specialized systems shall be as designated on the drawings, or elsewhere in these specifications. If not designated on the drawings or specifications, the system manufacturer's recommendations shall be followed:
- 20 1. Fire alarm
 - Low voltage switching
- 22 3. Nurse call

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- 4. Electronic control
- 5. Security

25 3.3 CONTRACTOR CHANGES

- A. The basis of design is copper conductors installed in raceway based on ambient temperature of 30°C, NEC Table 310.16.
- B. The Contractor shall be responsible for derating and sizing conductors and conduits to equal or exceed the ampacity of the basis of design circuits, if he/she chooses to use methods or materials other than the basis of design.

31 3.4 GENERAL WIRING METHODS

- 32 A. Use no wire smaller than 12 AWG for power and lighting circuits, and no smaller than 14 AWG for control wiring.
- 34 B. Use no wire smaller than 18 AWG for low voltage control wiring (<100 volts).
- Use 10 AWG conductor for 20 ampere, 120 volt branch circuit home runs longer than 75 feet, and for 20 ampere, 277 volt branch circuit home runs longer than 200 feet.
- 38 D. Use no wire smaller than 8 AWG for outdoor lighting circuits.

- The ampacity of multiple conductors in one conduit shall be derated per National Electrical Code, Article 310. In no case shall more than 4 conductors be installed in one conduit to such loads as motors larger than 1/4 HP, panelboards, motor control centers, etc.
- F. Where installing parallel feeders, place an equal number of conductors for each phase of a circuit in same raceway or cable.
- 7 G. Splice only in junction or outlet boxes.
- 8 H. Neatly train and lace wiring inside boxes, equipment, and panelboards.
- 9 I. Make conductor lengths for parallel circuits equal.
- J. All conductors shall be continuous in conduit from last outlet to their termination.
- 11 K. Terminate all spare conductors on terminal blocks, and label the spare conductors.
- L. Cables or wires shall not be laid out on the ground before pulling.
- M. Cables or wires shall not be dragged over earth or paving.
- N. Care shall be taken so as not to subject the cable or wire to high mechanical stresses that would cause damage to the wire and cable.
- O. At least six (6)-inch loops or ends shall be left at each outlet for installation connection of luminaires or other devices.
- P. All wires in outlet boxes not connected to fixtures or other devices shall be rolled up, spliced if continuity of circuit is required, and insulated.

20 3.5 WIRING INSTALLATION IN RACEWAYS

- 21 A. Pull all conductors into a raceway at the same time. Use UL listed wire pulling lubricant for pulling 4 AWG and larger wires.
- B. Install wire in raceway after interior of building has been physically protected from the weather and all mechanical work likely to injure conductors has been completed.
 - C. Pulling shall be continuous without unnecessary stops and starts with wire or cable only partially thru raceway.
- D. Where reels of cable or wire are used, they shall be set up on jacks close to the point where the wire or cable enters the conduit or duct so that the cable or wire may be unreeled and run into the conduit or duct with a minimum of change in the direction of the bend.
- E. Conductors shall not be pulled through conduits until plastering or masonry work is completed and conduits are free from moisture. Care shall be taken so that long pulls of wire or pulls around several bends are not made where the wire may be permanently stretched and the insulation damaged.
- F. Only nylon rope shall be permitted to pull cables into conduit and ducts.
- 36 G. Completely and thoroughly swab raceway system before installing conductors.

37 3.6 CABLE INSTALLATION

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38 A. Provide protection for exposed cables where subject to damage.

- 1 B. Use suitable cable fittings and connectors.
- 2 C. Run all open cable in a neat and symmetrical manner. Follow the routing as illustrated on the drawings as closely as possible. If routing is not illustrated then the Contractor shall choose his own routing, but in any case it shall be run in a manner previously stated.
- Open cable shall be supported by the appropriate size bridle rings or other means if called for on the drawings. Wire and cable from different systems shall not be installed in the same bridle rings.
- 9 E. Open cable installed above suspended ceilings shall not rest on the suspended ceiling ceiling construction, nor utilize the ceiling support system for wire and cable support.
- 11 F. Where open cables are grouped, they shall be neatly bundled and held together with 12 nylon tie wraps placed every 2.5 ft. on the bundle. Where tie bundle passes through 13 a bridle ring it shall be fastened to the ring with a tie wrap.
- G. Bridle ring supports shall be installed at a minimum of five foot (5') intervals. All rings shall be installed where completely accessible and not blocked by piping, ductwork, inaccessible ceilings, etc.
- H. Open cable shall only be installed where specifically shown on the drawings, or permitted in these specifications.

19 3.7 FIRE-RATED CABLE INSTRUCTIONS

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- A. Terminations of the fire-rated cable must be outside of the fire zone.
- B. Fire-rated cable shall be installed according to the manufacturer's recommendations.

23 3.8 WIRING CONNECTIONS AND TERMINATIONS

- A. Splice and tap only in accessible junction boxes.
- B. Use solderless, tin-plated copper, compression terminals (lugs) applied with circumferential crimp for copper conductor terminations, 8 AWG and larger.
- C. Use solderless, tin-plated, compression terminals (lugs) applied with indenter crimp for copper conductor terminations, 10 AWG and smaller.
- D. Use solderless pressure connectors with insulating covers for copper wire splices and taps, 8 AWG and smaller. For 10 AWG and smaller, use insulated spring wire connectors with plastic caps.
- Use copper, compression connectors applied with circumferential crimp for copper wire splices and taps, 6 AWG and larger. Tape uninsulated conductors and connectors with electrical tape to 150 percent of the insulation value of conductor.
- F. Thoroughly clean wires before installing lugs and connectors.
- G. Make splices, taps and terminations to carry full ampacity of conductors without perceptible temperature rise.
- H. Phase Sequence: All apparatus shall be connected to operate in the phase sequence A-B-C representing the time sequence in which the phase conductors so identified reach positive maximum voltage.

- I. As a general rule, applicable to switches, circuit breakers, starters, panelboards, switchgear and the like, the connections to phase conductors are intended thus:
- 1. Facing the <u>front and operating</u> side of the equipment, the phase identification shall be:
 - a. Left to Right A-B-C
 - b. Top to Bottom A-B-C
- 7 J. Connection revisions as required to achieve correct rotation of motors shall be made at the load terminals of the starters or disconnect switches.

9 3.9 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Field inspection and testing will be performed under provisions of Division 1.
- B. Building Wire and Power Cable Testing: Test shall be made by means of an insulation testing device such as a "Megger" using not less than 500 volts D.C. test potential.
- 14 C. Inspect wire and cable for physical damage and proper connection.
- D. Torque test conductor connections and terminations to manufacturers recommended values.
- 17 E. Perform continuity test on all power and equipment branch circuit conductors. Verify proper phasing connections.
- 19 END OF SECTION

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SECTION 26 05 27 - SUPPORTING DEVICES

3	1.1	SECTION INCLUDE	C
.3		SECTION INCLUDE	\cdot

- 4 A. Conduit and equipment supports
- 5 B. Fastening hardware

6 1.2 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Support systems shall be adequate for weight of equipment and conduit, including wiring, which they carry.

9 1.3 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate size, shape and location of concrete pads with Section 03 30 00 Cast-in-Place Concrete or Concrete Topping.

12 PART 2 - PRODUCTS

- 13 2.1 ACCEPTABLE MANUFACTURERS
- A. Allied Support Systems
- 15 B. Cooper B-Line
- 16 C. Erico, Inc.
- 17 D. Hilti
- 18 E. Power Fasteners

19 2.2 MATERIAL

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- A. Support Channel: Hot-dip galvanized for wet/damp locations; painted steel for interior/dry locations. All field cut ends shall be touched up with matching finish to inhibit rusting.
- B. Hardware: Corrosion resistant.
- 24 C. Anchorage and Structural Attachment Components:
- 25 1. Strength: Defined in reports by ICBO Evaluation Service or another agency acceptable to Authorities Having Jurisdiction.
 - a. Structural Safety Factor: Strength in tension and shear of components used shall be at least two times the maximum seismic forces to which they will be subjected.
- Through Bolts: Structural type, hex head, high strength. Comply with ASTM A 325.
- 32 3. Welding Lugs: Comply with MSS-SP-69, Type 57.
- Beam clamps for Steel Beams and Joists: Double sided. Single-sided type is not acceptable.
- 5. Bushings for Floor-Mounted Equipment Anchors: Neoprene units designed for seismically rated rigid equipment mountings, and matched to the type and size of anchor bolts and studs used.

- Bushing Assemblies for Wall-Mounted Equipment Anchorage: Assemblies of neoprene elements and steel sleeves designed for seismically rated rigid equipment mountings, and matched to the type and size of attachment devices used.
 - Concrete Anchors: Fasten to concrete using cast-in or post-installed anchors designed per the requirements of Appendix D of ACI 318-05. Postinstalled anchors shall be qualified for use in cracked concrete by ACI-355.2.
 - 8. <u>Masonry Anchors:</u> Fasten to concrete masonry units with expansion anchors or self-tapping masonry screws. For expansion anchors into hollow concrete block, use sleeve-type anchors designed for the specific application. Do not fasten in masonry joints. Do not use powder actuated fasteners, wooden plugs, or plastic inserts.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

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15 3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Fasten hanger rods, conduit clamps, and outlet and junction boxes to building structure using expansion anchors in concrete and beam clamps on structural steel.
 - B. Use toggle bolts or hollow wall fasteners in hollow masonry, plaster, or gypsum board partitions and walls; expansion anchors or preset inserts in solid masonry walls; self-drilling anchors or expansion anchor on concrete surfaces; sheet metal screws in sheet metal studs; and wood screws in wood construction.
- C. Do not fasten supports to ceiling systems, piping, ductwork, mechanical equipment, or conduit, unless otherwise noted.
 - D. Do not use powder-actuated anchors without specific permission.
- E. Do not drill structural steel members.
- F. Fabricate supports from structural steel or steel channel, rigidly welded or bolted to present a neat appearance. Use hexagon head bolts with spring lock washers under all nuts.
- G. In wet locations and on all building floors below exterior earth grade install free-standing electrical equipment on concrete pads.
- 31 H. Bridge studs top and bottom with channels to support flush-mounted cabinets and panelboards in stud walls.
 - I. Do not exceed 25 lbs. per hanger and a minimum spacing of 2'-0" on center when attaching to metal roof decking (excludes concrete on metal deck). This 25 lbs. load and 2'-0" spacing include adjacent electrical and mechanical items hanging from deck. If the hanger restrictions cannot be achieved, supplemental framing off steel framing will need to be added.
- 38 J. Refer to Section 26 05 33 for special conduit supporting requirements.

39 3.2 FINISH

A. Prime coat exposed steel hangers and supports. Hangers and supports in crawl spaces, pipe shafts, and above suspended ceiling spaces are not considered exposed.

- B. Trim all ends of exposed field fabricated steel hangers, slotted channel and threaded rod to within 1" of support or fastener to eliminate potential injury to personnel unless shown otherwise on the drawings. Smooth ends and install elastomeric insulation with two coats of latex paint if exposed steel is within 6'-6" of finish floor and presents potential injury to personnel.
- 6 END OF SECTION

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SECTION 26 05 33 - CONDUIT AND BOXES

2	PART 1 - GENERAL							
3	1.1	SECT	SECTION INCLUDES					
4 5 6 7		A. B. C. D. E.	Rigid metallic conduit and fittings Intermediate metallic conduit and fittings Electrical metallic tubing and fittings Flexible metallic conduit and fittings Liquidtight flexible metallic conduit and fittings					
8 9		F.	Rigid non-metallic conduit and fittings					
10		G.	Wall and ceiling outlet boxes					
11		О. Н.	Electrical connection					
12		l.	Pull and junction boxes					
13		J.	Rough-ins					
14		K.	Accessories					
15	1.2	REFE	RENCES					
16		A.	American National Standards Institute (ANSI):					
17			1. ANSI C80.1 - Rigid Steel Conduit, Zinc-Coated					
18			ANSI C80.3 - Electrical Metallic Tubing, Zinc-Coated and Fittings					
19			3. ANSI C80.4 - Fittings for Rigid Metal Conduit and Electrical Metallic Tubing					
20			4. ANSI C80.6 – Intermediate Metal Conduit, Zinc Coated					
21			5. ANSI/NEMA OS 1 - Sheet-Steel Outlet Boxes, Device Boxes, Covers and					
22			Box Supports					
23			6. ANSI/NEMA OS 2 - Nonmetallic Outlet Boxes, Device Boxes, Covers and					
24			Box Supports					
25		B.	Federal Specifications (FS):					
26			1. A-A-50553A - Fittings for Conduit, Metal, Rigid, (Thick-Wall and Thin-Wal					
27 28			(EMT) Type 2. A–A–55810 – Specification for Flexible Metal Conduit					
29		C.	NECA "Standards of Installation"					
30		D.	National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA):					
31			1. ANSI/NEMA FB 1 – Fittings, Cast Metal Boxes, and Conduit Bodies for					
32			Conduit, Electrical Metallic Tubing and Cable					
33			2. RN 1 – Polyvinyl chloride (PVC) Externally Coated Galvanized Rigid Stee					
34			Conduit and Intermediate Metal Conduit 3. TC 2 – Electrical Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Conduit					
35 36			 TC 2 – Electrical Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Conduit TC 9 – Fittings for PVC Plastic Utilities Duct for Underground Installation 					
37		E.	National Fire Protection Association (NFPA):					
38			1. ANSI/NFPA 70 – National Electrical Code					
39		F.	Underwriters Laboratories (UL): Applicable Listings					
40			1. UL 1 – Flexible Metal Conduit					
41			2. UL 6 – Rigid Metal Conduit					
42			3. UL 360 – Liquid Tight Flexible Steel Conduit					
43			4. UL514-B – Conduit Tubing and Cable Fittings					

1 2 3 4 5		5. 6. 7. 8. 9.	UL651-A – Type EB and a PVC Conduit and HDPE Conduit UL651-B – Continuous Length HDPE Conduit UL746A – Standard for Polymeric Materials – Short Term Property Evaluations UL797 – Electrical Metal Tubing UL1242 – Intermediate Metal Conduit
7	G.	Definiti	ons:
8		1.	Fittings: Conduit connection or coupling.
9 10		2.	Body: Enlarged fittings with opening allowing access to the conductors for pulling purposes only.
11 12 13 14		3.	Mechanical Spaces: Enclosed areas, usually kept separated from the general public, where the primary use is to house service equipment and to route services. These spaces generally have exposed structures, bare concrete and non-architecturally emphasized finishes.
15 16 17		4.	Finished Spaces: Enclosed areas where the primary use is to house personnel and the general public. These spaces generally have architecturally emphasized finishes, ceilings and/or floors.
18 19 20		5.	Concealed: Not visible by the general public. Often indicates a location either above the ceiling, in the walls, in or beneath the floor slab, in column coverings, or in the ceiling construction.
21 22 23		6.	Above Grade: Not directly in contact with the earth. For example, an <u>interior</u> wall located at an elevation below the finished grade shall be considered above grade but a wall retaining earth shall be considered below grade.
24 25		7.	Slab: Horizontal pour of concrete used for the purpose of a floor or sub-floor.
26	PART 2 - PRO	DUCTS	
27	2.1 RIGID	METALI	LIC CONDUIT (RMC) AND FITTINGS

A. Acceptable Manufacturers:

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- Acceptable Manufacturers: Allied, LTV, Steelduct, Wheatland Tube Co, O-Z Gedney, or approved equal.
- 2. Acceptable Manufacturers of RMC Conduit Fittings: Appleton Electric, O-Z/Gedney Co., Electroline, Raco, Bridgeport, Midwest, Regal, Thomas & Betts, Crouse-Hinds, Killark, or approved equal.
- B. Minimum Size Galvanized Steel: 3/4 inch (19mm), unless otherwise noted.
- 35 C. Fittings and Conduit Bodies:
- 1. End Bell Fittings: Malleable iron, hot dip galvanized, threaded flare type with provisions for mounting to form.
- 2. Expansion Joints: Malleable iron and hot dip galvanized providing a minimum of 4 inches of movement. Fitting shall be watertight with an insulating bushing and a bonding jumper.

3. Expansion Joint for Concrete Encased Conduit: Neoprene sleeve with 1 2 bronze end coupling, stainless steel bands and tinned copper braid bonding jumper. Fittings shall be watertight and concrete-tight. 3 4. Conduit End Bushings: Malleable iron type with molded-on high impact 4 phenolic thermosetting insulation. Where required elsewhere in the contract 5 documents, bushing shall be complete with ground conductor saddle and 6 clamp. High impact phenolic threaded type bushings are not 7 8 acceptable. All other fittings and conduit bodies shall be of malleable iron construction 5. 9 and hot dip galvanized. 10 D. PVC Externally Coated Conduit: NEMA RN 1; rigid steel conduit with external 20 40 11 mil PVC coating and internal galvanized surface. All fittings and conduit bodies shall 12 be complete with coating. Acceptable Manufacturers: Robroy, Permacote, or 13 approved equal. 14 2.2 INTERMEDIATE METALLIC CONDUIT (IMC) AND FITTINGS 15 A. Minimum Size Galvanized Steel: 3/4 inch, unless otherwise noted. 16 B. Acceptable Manufacturers: Allied, LTV, Steelduct, Wheatland Tube Co, O-Z 17 Gedney, or approved equal. 18 C. Fittings and Conduit Bodies: 19 1. End Bell Fittings: Malleable iron, hot dip galvanized, threaded flare type 20 with provisions for mounting to form. 21 2. Expansion Joints: Malleable iron and hot dip galvanized providing a 22 minimum of 4 inches of movement. Fitting shall be watertight with an 23 insulating bushing and a bonding jumper. 24 Expansion Joint for Concrete Encased Conduit: Neoprene sleeve with 25 3. bronze end coupling, stainless steel bands and tinned copper braid bonding 26 jumper. Fittings shall be watertight and concrete-tight. 27 28 4. Conduit End Bushings: Malleable iron type with molded-on high impact 29 phenolic thermosetting insulation. Where required elsewhere in the contract documents, bushing shall be complete with ground conductor saddle and 30 clamp. High impact phenolic threaded type bushings are not 31 acceptable. 32 All other fittings and conduit bodies shall be of malleable iron construction 33 5. and hot dip galvanized. 34 2.3 ELECTRICAL METALLIC TUBING (EMT) AND FITTINGS 35 A. Minimum Size Electrical Metallic Tubing: 3/4 inch, unless otherwise noted. 36 B. Acceptable Manufacturers of EMT Conduit: Allied, LTV, Steelduct, Wheatland Tube 37 Co, or approved equal. 38 C. Fittings and Conduit Bodies: 39

designed for their specific application.

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2" Diameter or Smaller: Compression or steel set screw type of steel

2. Larger than 2": Compression type of steel designed for their specific 1 2 application. Acceptable Manufacturers of EMT Conduit Fittings: 3. Appleton Electric, 3 O-Z/Gedney Co., Electroline, Raco, Bridgeport, Midwest, Regal, Thomas & 4 Betts, or approved equal. 5 2.4 FLEXIBLE METALLIC CONDUIT (FMC) AND FITTINGS 6 7 A. Minimum Size Galvanized Steel: 3/4 inch, unless otherwise noted. Lighting branch circuit wiring to an individual luminaire may be a manufactured, UL listed 3/8" flexible 8 metal conduit with #12 AWG THHN conductors and an insulated ground wire. B. Acceptable Manufacturers: American Flex, Alflex, Electri-Flex Co, or approved 10 equal. 11 C. Construction: Flexible steel, approved for conduit ground, zinc coated, threadless 12 type formed from a continuous length of spirally wound, interlocked zinc coated strip 13 steel. Provide a separate equipment grounding conductor when used for equipment 14 where flexibility is required. 15 D. Fittings and Conduit Bodies: 16 Threadless hinged clamp type, galvanized zinc coated cadmium plated 1. 17 malleable cast iron or screw-in type, die-cast zinc. 18 2. Fittings and conduit bodies shall include plastic or cast metal inserts 19 supplied by the manufacturer to protect conductors from sharp edges. 20 3. Acceptable Manufacturers: O-Z/Gedney Co., Thomas & Betts, Appleton 21 Electric, Electroline, Bridgeport, Midwest, Regal, or approved equal. 22 LIQUIDTIGHT FLEXIBLE METALLIC CONDUIT (LFMC) AND FITTINGS 2.5 23 Acceptable Manufacturers: Anaconda Type UA, Electri-Flex Type LA, Alflex, Carlon A. 24 (Lamson & Sessions), or approved equal. 25 Construction: Flexible steel, approved for conduit ground, zinc coated, threadless B. 26 type formed from a continuous length of spirally wound, interlocked zinc coated strip 27 steel and an extruded PVC cover. 28 C. 29 Fittings and Conduit Bodies: 30 1. Watertight, compression type, galvanized zinc coated cadmium plated malleable cast iron, UL listed. 31 32 2. Fittings and conduit bodies shall include plastic or cast metal inserts supplied by the manufacturer to protect conductors from sharp edges. 33 3. Acceptable Manufacturers: Appleton Electric, O-Z/Gedney Co., Electroline, 34 Bridgeport, Thomas & Betts, Midwest, Regal, Carlon (Lamson & Sessions). 35 or approved equal. 36 2.6 RIGID NON-METALLIC CONDUIT (RNC) AND FITTINGS 37

Minimum Size Rigid Smooth-Wall Nonmetallic Conduit: 3/4 inch, unless otherwise

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noted.

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- B. Acceptable Manufacturers: Carlon (Lamson & Sessions) Type 40, Cantex, J.M. Mfg., or approved equal.
- C. Construction: Schedule 40 and Schedule 80 rigid polyvinyl chloride (PVC), UL labeled for 90°C.
- D. Fittings and Conduit Bodies: NEMA TC 3; sleeve type suitable for and manufactured especially for use with the conduit by the conduit manufacturer.
- Plastic cement for joining conduit and fittings shall be provided as recommended by the manufacturer.

9 2.7 OUTLET BOXES

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- A. Sheet Metal Outlet Boxes: ANSI/NEMA OS 1; galvanized steel, minimum of 14 gauge, with 1/2 inch male fixture studs where required.
- B. Nonmetallic Outlet Boxes: ANSI/NEMA OS 2.
- C. Cast Boxes: NEMA FB1, Type FD, Aluminum or cast feralloy, deep type, gasketed cover, threaded hubs.
- D. Outlet boxes for luminaires to be not less than 1-1/2" deep, deeper if required by the number of wires or construction. The box shall be coordinated with surface luminaires to conceal the box from view or provide a finished trim plate.
 - E. Switch outlet boxes for local light control switches, dimmers and occupancy sensors shall be 4 inches square by 2-1/8 inches deep, with raised cover to fit flush with finish wall line. Multiple gang switch outlets shall consist of the required number of gang boxes appropriate to the quantity of switches comprising the gang. Where walls are plastered, provide a plaster raised cover. Where switch outlet boxes occur in exposed concrete block walls, boxes shall be installed in the block cavity with a raised square edge tile cover of sufficient depth to extend out to face of block or masonry boxes.
 - F. Outlet boxes for telephone substations in walls and columns shall be 4 inches square and 2-1/8 inches deep with single gang raised cover to fit flush with finished wall line equipped with flush telephone plate.
 - G. Wall or column receptacle outlet boxes shall be 4 inches square with raised cover to fit flush with finished wall line. Boxes in concrete block walls shall be installed the same as for switch boxes in block walls.

32 2.8 [ECONN]: ELECTRICAL CONNECTION

A. Electrical connection to equipment and motors, sized per NEC. Coordinate requirements with contractor furnishing equipment or motor. Refer to specifications and general installation notes for terminations to motors.

36 2.9 [JB]: PULL AND JUNCTION BOXES

- A. Sheet Metal Boxes: ANSI/NEMA OS 1; galvanized steel.
- B. Sheet metal boxes larger than 12 inches in any dimension that contain terminations or components: Continuous hinged enclosure with 1/4 turn latch and white back panel for mounting terminal blocks and electrical components.

- C. Cast Metal Boxes for Outdoor and Wet Location Installations: NEMA 250; Type 4 and Type 6, flat-flanged, surface-mounted junction box, UL listed as raintight. Galvanized cast iron box and cover with ground flange, neoprene gasket, and stainless steel cover screws.
- D. Cast Metal Boxes for Underground Installations: NEMA 250; Type 4, inside flanged, recessed cover box for flush mounting, UL listed as raintight. Galvanized cast iron box and plain cover with neoprene gasket and stainless steel cover screws.
- 8 E. Flanged type boxes shall be used where installed flush in wall.

9 2.10 ROUGH-IN

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- A. Provide with one (1) flush mount double gang box with single gang plaster ring and appropriate cover plate:
- B. Conduit stubbed to above the lay-in ceiling.
- 13 C. [RI-TECH]: Technology Rough-in:
 - 1. Rough-in shall have one (1) 1" conduit.
- D. [RI-TECH-W]: Technology Rough-in Wall Phone:
- 16 1. Mount on wall +54" or as noted in plans. Rough-in shall have one (1) 1" conduit.
- 18 E. **[RI-TV]**: Television Antenna Outlet Box Rough-in:
- 19 1. Rough-in shall have one (1) 3/4" conduit.

20 2.11 ACCESSORIES

- A. Fire Rated Moldable Pads: UL #9700, moldable sheet putty at required thickness on all five sides of back boxes. Kinetics Noise Control IsoBacker Pad, SpecSeal SSP Putty and Pads, 3M #MPP-4S or equal.
 - B. Sound Barrier Insulation Pads: Mastic, non-hardening, sheet material, minimum 1/8" thickness applied to all five sides of back boxes. Kinetics Noise Control SealTight Backer Pad, L.H. DOTTIE Co., #68 or equal.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

28 3.1 CONDUIT SIZING

- A. Size conduit as shown on the drawings and specifications. Where not indicated in the contract documents, conduit size shall be according to N.E.C. (Latest Edition). Conduit and conductor sizing shall be coordinated to limit conductor fill to less than 40%, maintain conductor ampere capacity as required by the National Electrical Code (to include enlarged conductors due to temperature and quantity derating values) and to prevent excessive voltage drop and pulling tension due to long conduit/conductor lengths.
- B. <u>Minimum</u> Conduit Size (Unless Noted Otherwise):
- 1. Above Grade: 3/4 inch. (The use of 1/2 inch would be allowed for installation conduit to individual light switches, individual receptacles and individual fixture whips from junction box.)

- 1 2. Below Grade 5' or less from Building Foundation: 3/4 inch.
- Below Grade More than 5' from Building Foundation: 3/4 inch.
- 3 4. Telecommunication Conduit: 1 inch.
- 4 5. Controls Conduit: 1/2 inch.
- 5 C. Conduit sizes shall change only at the entrance or exit to a junction box, unless specifically noted on the drawings.

7 3.2 CONDUIT ARRANGEMENT

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- A. In general, conduit shall be installed concealed in walls, in finished spaces and where possible or practical, or as noted otherwise. In unfinished spaces, mechanical and utility areas, conduit may run either concealed or exposed as conditions dictate and as practical unless noted otherwise on drawings. Installation shall maintain headroom in exposed vicinities of pedestrian or vehicular traffic.
- B. Conduit shall not share the same cell as structural reinforcement in masonry walls.
 - C. Conduit runs shall be routed as shown on large scale drawings. Conduit routing on drawings scaled 1/4"=1'-0" or less shall be considered diagrammatic, unless noted otherwise. The correct routing, when shown diagrammatically shall be chosen by the Contractor based on information in the contract documents, in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions, applicable codes, the NECA's "Standard of Installation", in accordance with recognized industry standards, and coordinated with other contractors.
 - D. Contractor shall adapt his work to the job conditions and make such changes as required and permitted by the Architect/Engineer, such as moving to clear beams and joists, adjusting at columns, avoiding interference with windows, etc., to permit the proper installation of other mechanical and/or electrical equipment.
 - E. Contractor shall cooperate with all Contractors on the project. He shall obtain details of other Contractor's work in order to ensure fit and avoid conflict. Any expense due to the failure of This Contractor to do so shall be paid for in full by him. The other trades involved as directed by the Architect/Engineer shall perform the repair of work damaged as a result of neglect or error by This Contractor. The resultant costs shall be borne by This Contractor.

3.3 CONDUIT SUPPORT

- A. Conduit runs installed above a suspended ceiling shall be properly supported. In no case shall conduit rest on the suspended ceiling construction, nor utilize ceiling support system for conduit support.
 - B. Conduit shall <u>not</u> be supported from ductwork, water, sprinkler piping, or other nonstructural members, unless approved by the Architect/Engineer. All supports shall be from structural slabs, walls, structural members, and bar joists, and coordinated with all other applicable contractors, unless noted otherwise.
- C. Conduit shall be held in place by the correct size of galvanized one-hole conduit clamps, two-hole conduit straps, patented support devices, clamp back conduit hangers, or by other means if called for on the drawings.
- D. Support individual horizontal raceways with separate, malleable-iron pipe hangers or clamps.

- E. Spring-steel conduit clips specifically designed for supporting single conduits or tubing may be used in lieu of malleable-iron hangers for 1" and smaller raceways serving lighting and receptacle branch circuits above accessible ceilings and for securing raceways to slotted channel and angle supports.
 - F. Group conduits in parallel runs where practical and use conduit racks or trapeze hangers constructed of steel channel, suspended with threaded solid rods or wall mounted from metal channels with conduit straps or clamps. Provide space in each rack or trapeze for 25% additional conduits.
 - G. Do not exceed 25 lbs. per hanger and a minimum spacing of 2'-0" on center when attaching to metal roof decking (excludes concrete on metal deck). This 25 lbs. load and 2'-0" spacing include adjacent electrical and mechanical items hanging from deck. If the hanger restrictions cannot be achieved, supplemental framing off steel framing will need to be added.
 - H. Arrange supports in vertical runs so the weight of raceways and enclosed conductors is carried entirely by raceway supports, with no weight load on raceway terminals.
 - I. Supports for metallic conduit shall be no greater than 10 feet. A smaller interval may be used if necessitated by building construction, but in no event shall support spans exceed the National Electrical Code requirements. Conduit shall be securely fastened within 3 feet of each outlet box, junction box, device box, cabinet, or fitting.
- J. Supports of flexible conduit shall be within 12 inches of each outlet box, junction box, device box, cabinet, or fitting and at intervals not to exceed 4.5 feet.
 - K. Supports for non-metallic conduit shall be at sufficiently close intervals to eliminate any sag in the conduit. The manufacturer's recommendations shall be followed, but in no event shall support spans exceed the National Electrical Code requirements.
 - L. Where conduit is to be installed in poured concrete floors or walls, provide concrete-tight conduit inserts securely fastened to forms to prevent conduit misplacement.

M. Finish:

- 1. Prime coat exposed steel hangers and supports. Hangers and supports in crawl spaces, pipe shafts, and above suspended ceiling spaces are not considered exposed.
- 2. Trim all ends of exposed field fabricated steel hangers, slotted channel and threaded rod to within 1" of support or fastener to eliminate potential injury to personnel unless shown otherwise on the drawings. Smooth ends and install elastomeric insulation with two coats of latex paint if exposed steel is within 6'-6" of finish floor and presents potential injury to personnel.

3.4 CONDUIT INSTALLATION

A. Conduit Connections:

- 1. Shorter than standard conduit lengths shall be cut square using industry standards. The ends of all conduits cut shall be reamed or otherwise finished to remove all rough edges.
- 2. Metallic conduit connections in slab on grade installation shall be sealed and one coat of rust inhibitor primer applied after the connection is made.

1 2 3		3.	Where conduits with tapered threads cannot be coupled with standard couplings, then approved split or Erickson couplings shall be used. Running threads will <u>not</u> be permitted.
4 5		4.	Install expansion/deflection joints where conduit crosses structure expansion/seismic joints.
6 7	B.		nit terminations for all low voltage wiring shall have nylon bushings installed on end of every conduit run.
8	C.	Condu	uit Bends:
9		1.	Use a hydraulic one-shot conduit bender or factory elbows for bends in
10 11			conduit 2" in size or larger. All steel conduit bending shall be done cold; no heating of steel conduit shall be permitted.
12 13		2.	All bends of rigid non-metallic conduit (RNC) shall be made with the manufacturer's approved bending equipment. The use of spot heating
14			devices will not be permitted (i.e. blow torches).
15 16		3.	A run of conduit shall not contain more than the equivalent of four (4) quarter bends (360°), including those bends located immediately at the
17			outlet or body.
18 19		4.	Telecommunications conduits shall have no more than two (2) 90 degree bends between pull points and contain no continuous sections longer than
20 21			100 feet. Insert pull points or pull boxes for conduits exceeding 100 feet in length.
22			a. A third bend is acceptable if:
23			 The total run is not longer than (33) feet. The conduit size is increased to the next trade size.
24			2) The conduit size is increased to the flext trade size.
25 26		5.	Telecommunications pull boxes shall not be used in lieu of a bend. Align conduits that enter into the pull box from opposite ends with each other. Pull
27 28			box size shall be twelve (12) times the diameter of the largest conduit. Slip sleeves or gutters can be used in place of a pull box.
29 30		6.	Telecommunications conduit bend radius shall be six (6) times the diameter for conduits under 2" and ten (10) times the diameter for conduits over 2".
00			
31		7.	Rigid non-metallic conduit (RNC) runs longer than 100 feet or runs which
32 33			have more than two 90° equivalent bends (regardless of length) shall use rigid metal elbows for bends.
34		8.	Use conduit bodies to make sharp changes in direction (i.e. around beams).
35	D.	Condu	it Placement:
36		1.	Conduit shall be mechanically continuous from source of current to all
37			outlets. Conduit shall be electrically continuous from source of current to all
38			outlets, unless a properly sized grounding conductor is routed within the
39 40			conduit. All metallic conduits shall be bonded per the National Electrical Code.

1 2 3 4	2.	Route exposed conduit and conduit above suspended ceilings (accessible or not) parallel/perpendicular to the building structural lines, and as close to building structure as possible. Wherever possible, route horizontal conduit runs above water and steam piping.
5 6 7 8	3.	Route conduit through roof openings provided for piping and ductwork where possible. If not provided or routing through provided openings is not possible, route through roof jack with pitch pocket. Coordinate roof penetrations with other trades.
9 10	4.	Conduits, raceway, and boxes shall not be installed in concealed locations in metal deck roofing or less than 1.5" below bottom of roof decking.
11 12	5.	Avoid moisture traps where possible. Where unavoidable, provide a junction box with drain fitting at conduit low point.
13 14 15 16 17 18	6.	All conduits through walls shall be grouted or sealed into openings. Where conduit penetrates firewalls and floors, seal with a UL listed sealant. Seal penetrations with intumescent caulk, putty, or sheet installed per manufacturer's recommendations. All materials used to seal penetrations of firewalls and floors shall be tested and certified as a system per ASTM E814 Standard for fire tests or through-penetration fire stops as manufactured by 3M or approved equal.
20 21 22 23 24	7.	CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL OPENINGS REQUIRED IN MASONRY OR EXTERIOR WALLS UNDER THIS DIVISION. A QUALIFIED MASON AT THE EXPENSE OF THIS CONTRACTOR SHALL REPAIR ALL OPENINGS TO MATCH EXISTING CONDITIONS.
25 26 27 28 29	8.	Seal interior of conduit at exterior entries, air handling units, coolers/freezers, etc., and where the temperature differential can potentially be greater than 20°F, to prevent moisture penetration. Seal shall be placed where conduit enters warm space. Conduit seal fitting shall be a drain/seal, with sealing compound, equal to O-Z/Gedney type EYD.
30 31 32 33 34	9.	Conduits, if run in concrete structure, shall be in middle one-third of slab thickness, and leave at least 3" min. concrete cover. Conduits shall run parallel to each other and spaced at least 8" apart centerline to centerline. Secure raceways to reinforcing rods to prevent sagging or shifting during concrete placement. Maximum conduit outside diameter 1".
35 36	10.	No conduits are allowed in concrete on metal deck unless expressly approved in writing by the Architect.
37	11.	Do not route conduits across each other in slabs on grade.
38 39	12.	Rigid non-metallic conduit (RNC) shall be installed when material surface temperatures and ambient temperature are greater than 40°F.
40 41 42 43 44	13.	Where rigid non-metallic conduit (RNC) conduit is used below grade, in a slab, below a slab, etc., a transition to rigid galvanized steel or PVC-coated steel conduit shall be installed before conduit exits earth. The metallic conduit shall extend a minimum of 6" into the surface concealing the non-metallic conduit.

14. Contractor shall provide suitable mechanical protection around all conduits 1 2 stubbed out from floors, walls or ceilings during construction to prevent bending or damaging of stubs due to carelessness with construction 3 equipment. 4 15. Contractor shall provide a polypropylene pull cord with 2000 lbs. tensile 5 strength in each empty conduit (indoor and outdoor), except in sleeves and 6 7 nipples. 16. Telecommunications conduits that protrude through the structural floor shall 8 be installed 1 to 3" above finished floor (AFF). 9 17. Telecommunications conduits that enter into Telecommunications rooms 10 below the finished ceiling shall terminate a minimum of 4" below ceiling and 11 as close to the wall as possible. 12 18. Telecommunications conduits that are below grade and enter into a building 13 shall terminate a minimum of 4" above finished floor (AFF) and as close to 14 the wall as possible. 15 **CONDUIT TERMINATIONS** 3.5 16 Where conduit bonding is indicated or required in the contract documents, the 17 Α. bushings shall be a grounding type sized for the conduit and ground bonding 18 conductor as manufactured by O-Z/Gedney, Appleton, Thomas & Betts, Burndy, 19 Regal, or approved equal. 20 B. Conduits with termination fittings shall be threaded for one (1) lock nut on the 21 outside and one (1) lock nut and bushing on the inside of each box. 22 C. Where conduits terminate in boxes with knockouts, they shall be secured to the 23 boxes with lock nuts and provided with approved screw type tinned iron bushings or 24 fittings with plastic inserts. 25 D. Where conduits terminate in boxes, fittings, or bodies with threaded openings, they 26 shall be tightly screwed against the shoulder portion of the threaded openings. 27 E. Conduit terminations to all motors shall be made with flexible metallic conduit (FMC), 28 unless noted otherwise. Final connections to roof exhaust fans, or other exterior 29 motors and motors in damp or wet locations shall be made with liquidtight flexible 30 metallic conduit (LFMC). Motors in hazardous areas, as defined in the National 31 Electrical Code, shall be connected using flexible conduit rated for the environment. 32 Flexible conduit shall not exceed 6' in length. Route equipment ground conductors 33 from circuit ground to motor ground terminal through flexible conduit. 34 F. Rigid non-metallic conduit (RNC) conduit shall be terminated using fittings and 35 bodies produced by the manufacturer of the conduit, unless noted otherwise. 36 Prepare conduit as per manufacturer's recommendations before joining. All joints 37 shall be solvent welded by applying full even coat of plastic cement to the entire 38 areas that will be joined. Turn the conduit at least a quarter to one half turn in the 39 fitting and let the joint cure for 1-hour minimum or as per the manufacturer's 40

All conduit ends shall be sealed with plastic immediately after installation to prevent

the entrance of any foreign matter during construction. The seals shall be removed

and the conduits blown clear of any and all foreign matter prior to any wires or pull

recommendations.

cords being installed.

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3.6 UNDERGROUND CONDUIT INSTALLATION

ο Δ	Conduit Connections
/ A.	COHOUN CONNECTIONS

- Conduit joints in a multiple conduit run shall be staggered at least one foot apart.
- B. Conduit Bends (Lateral):
 - 1. Conduits shall have long sweep radius elbows instead of standard elbows wherever special bends are indicated and noted on the drawings, or as required by the manufacturer of the equipment or system being served.
 - 2. Telecommunications conduit bend radius shall be six times the diameter for conduits under 2" and ten times the diameter for conduits over 2". Where long cable runs are involved, sidewall pressures may require larger radius bends. Coordinate with Architect/Engineer prior to conduit installation to determine bend radius.
- C. Conduit Elbows (vertical):
 - 1. <u>Minimum</u> metal or RTRC elbow radiuses shall be 30 inches for primary conduits (>600V) and 18 inches for secondary conduits (<600V). Increase radius, as required, based on pulling tension calculation requirements.
 - D. Conduit Placement:
 - 1. Conduit runs shall be pitched a minimum of 4" per 100 feet to drain toward the terminations. Duct runs shall be installed deeper than the minimum wherever required to avoid any conflicts with existing or new piping, tunnels, etc.
 - For parallel runs, use suitable separators and chairs installed not greater than 4' on centers. Band conduit together with suitable banding devices. Securely anchor conduit to prevent movement during concrete placement or backfilling.
 - 3. Where concrete is required, the materials for concreting shall be thoroughly mixed to a minimum f'c = 2500 and immediately placed in the trench around the conduits. No concrete that has been allowed to partially set shall be used.
 - 4. Before the Contractor pulls any cables into the conduit he shall have a mandrel 1/4" smaller than the conduit inside diameter pulled through each conduit and if any concrete or obstructions are found, the Contractor shall remove them and clear the conduit. Spare conduit shall also be cleared of all obstructions.
 - 5. Conduit terminations in manholes, masonry pull boxes, or masonry walls shall be with malleable iron end bell fittings.
 - 6. All spare conduits not terminated in a covered enclosure shall have its terminations plugged as described above.
 - 7. Ductbanks and conduit shall be installed a minimum of 24" below finished grade, unless otherwise noted on the drawings or elsewhere in these specifications.

1 2			8.	All nor rigid.	n-metallic conduit installed underground outside of a slab shall be		
3		E.	Horizo	Horizontal Directional Drilling:			
4 5 6 7			1.	placed system	drill path shall be accurately surveyed, with entry and exit stakes and coordinated with other contractors. If using a magnetic guidance, entire drill path shall be surveyed for any surface geo-magnetic ons or anomalies.		
8 9 10			2.	location	ility locates within 20 feet of the bore path shall have the exact n physically verified by hand digging or vacuum excavation. Restore tion holes to original condition after verification.		
11		F.	Racew	ay Seal:			
12 13 14 15			1.	sealing must b	a raceway enters a building or structure, it shall be sealed with a bushing or duct seal to prevent the entry of liquids or gases. Seal e compatible with conductors and raceway system. Spare or unused by shall also be sealed.		
16 17 18 19			2.	cables	communications conduits and innerducts, including those containing shall be plugged at the building and vault with "JackMoon" or lent duct seal, capable of withstanding a 10 foot head of water (5		
20	3.7	COND	UIT INS	IIT INSTALLATION SCHEDULE			
21 22 23 24 25		A.	require from th outline	In the event the location of conduit installation represents conflicting installation requirements as specified in the following schedule, a clarification shall be obtained from the Architect/Engineer. If This Contractor is unable to obtain a clarification as outlined above, concealed rigid galvanized steel conduit installed per these specifications and the National Electrical Code shall be required.			
26 27 28		B.	applica	e following schedule shall be adhered to unless they constitute a violation of clicable codes or are noted otherwise on the drawings. The installation of RMC duit will be permitted in place of any and all conduit specified in this schedule.			
29			1.	Expose	ed:		
30				a.	Branch Circuits (lighting, receptacles, controls, etc.): EMT.		
31				b.	Controls: EMT painted blue or dyed blue.		
32			2.	Finishe	ed Spaces/Concealed: EMT.		
33 34			3.		Damp Locations: RMC conduit, boxes and fittings, installed and ed so as to prevent water from entering the conduit system.		
35			4.	Site Co	onduits:		
36 37 38 39				a.	Within 5' from the Exterior Perimeter of a Building Foundation: RMC conduit with a minimum of 3" thickness between the surface of the concrete and the nearest conduit. Concrete to be doweled into the foundation.		
40 41				b.	5' or Greater from the Exterior Perimeter of a Building Foundation: RNC.		

1			5.	Interio	r Locations:		
2				a.	Exposed: EMT conduit.		
3					1) Exposed Controls Conduit: EMT painted blue or dyed blue.		
4				b.	Concealed: EMT.		
5 6			6.		dous Locations as Defined by the National Electrical Code: RMC it complete with screwed fittings and conduit seals.		
7	3.8	вох	INSTALL	_ATION :	SCHEDULE		
8		A.	Galva	Galvanized steel boxes may be used in:			
9 10 11 12 13			1. 2. 3. 4.	Expos ceiling Direct	ealed interior locations above ceilings and in hollow studded partitions. ed interior locations in mechanical rooms and in rooms withou s; higher than 8' above the highest platform level. contact with concrete except slab on grade. esed in stud wall of kitchens and laundries.		
14		B.	Cast b	ooxes sh	all be used in:		
15 16 17 18 19 20			1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6.	Hazar Expos Direct Direct Wet lo	or locations. dous locations. ed interior locations within 8' of the highest platform level. contact with earth. contact with concrete in slab on grade. coations.		
21	2.0	0001			ns and laundries when exposed on wall surface.		
22	3.9	COOI	KDINATI	ON OF I	BOX LOCATIONS		
23 24		A.			cal boxes as shown on the drawings, and as required for splices, taps quipment connections, and code compliance.		
25 26 27		B.	dimen		locations shown on the Contract Drawings are approximate, unless Verify location of floor boxes and outlets in offices and work areas in.		
28 29 30 31		C.	structo Coord	ure, equi linate loc	stall boxes to allow access. Avoid interferences with ductwork, piping ipment, etc. Where installation is inaccessible, provide access doors cations and sizes of required access doors with the Architect/Enginee contractor.		
32		D.	Locate	e and ins	stall to maintain headroom and to present a neat appearance.		
33		E.	Coord	linate loc	eations with Heating Contractor to avoid baseboard radiation cabinets.		
34	3.10	OUTL	ET BOX INSTALLATION				
35		A.	Do no	t install b	poxes back-to-back in walls.		
36 37 38 39			1.	installe separa	le a minimum horizontal separation of 6 inches between boxes ed on opposite sides of non-rated stud walls. When the minimum ation cannot be maintained, install sound insulation pads on all five of the back box in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.		

- 2. Provide a minimum horizontal separation of 24 inches between boxes 1 installed on opposite sides of fire-rated walls. 2 When the minimum separation cannot be maintained, install fire-rated moldable pads to all five 3 sides of the back box to maintain the fire rating of the wall. Install moldable 4 pads in accordance with UL listing for the specific product. Sound insulation 5 pads are not acceptable for use in fire-rated wall applications unless the 6 product carries the necessary fire rating. 7
- B. Install sound insulation pads on all five sides of the back of all boxes in sound-rated wall assemblies. Sound-rated wall assemblies are defined as partition types carrying a Sound Transmission Class (STC) rating.
- The Contractor shall anchor switch and outlet box to wall construction so that it is flush with the finished masonry, paneling, drywall, plaster, etc. The Contractor shall check the boxes as the finish wall surface is being installed to assure that the box is flush. (Provide plaster rings as necessary.)
- D. Mount at heights shown or noted on the drawings or as generally accepted if not specifically noted.
- E. Locate boxes in masonry walls to require cutting of masonry unit corner only. Coordinate masonry cutting to achieve neat openings for boxes.
- 19 F. Provide knockout closures for unused openings.
- 20 G. Support boxes independently of conduit.
- 21 H. Use multiple-gang boxes where more than one device are mounted together; do not use sectional boxes. Provide barriers to separate wiring of different voltage systems.
- 23 I. Install boxes in walls without damaging wall insulation.
- J. Coordinate mounting heights and locations of outlets mounted above counters, benches, backsplashes, and below baseboard radiation.
- 26 K. Position outlets to locate luminaires as shown on reflected ceiling drawings.
- 27 L. In inaccessible ceiling areas, position outlets and junction boxes within 6 inches of recessed luminaire, to be accessible through luminaire ceiling opening.
- M. Provide recessed outlet boxes in finished areas; secure boxes to interior wall and partition studs, accurately positioned to allow for surface finish thickness. Use stamped steel stud bridges for flush outlets in hollow stud wall, and adjustable steel channel fasteners for flush ceiling outlet boxes.
 - N. Align wall-mounted outlet boxes for switches, thermostats, and similar devices.
- O. Provide cast outlet boxes in exterior locations and wet locations, and where exposed rigid or intermediate conduit is used.

36 3.11 FLOOR BOX INSTALLATION

- 37 A. Set boxes level and flush with finish flooring material.
- B. Use cast iron floor boxes for installations in slab on grade. Trim shall match floor covering to be used.
- 40 C. Provide a minimum horizontal offset of 24 inches between boxes.

3.12 PULL AND JUNCTION BOX INSTALLATION

- A. Locate pull boxes and junction boxes above accessible ceilings or in unfinished areas.
 - B. Support pull and junction boxes independent of conduit.
- 5 C. Do not install boxes back-to-back in walls.
 - 1. Provide a minimum horizontal separation of 6 inches between boxes installed on opposite sides of non-rated stud walls. When the minimum separation cannot be maintained, install sound insulation pads on all five sides of the back box in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.
 - 2. Provide a minimum horizontal separation of 24 inches between boxes installed on opposite sides of fire-rated walls. When the minimum separation cannot be maintained, install fire-rated moldable pads to all five sides of the back box to maintain the fire rating of the wall. Install moldable pads in accordance with UL listing for the specific product. Sound insulation pads are not acceptable for use in fire-rated wall applications unless the product carries the necessary fire rating.
 - D. Install sound insulation pads on all five sides of the back of all boxes in sound-rated wall assemblies. Sound-rated wall assemblies are defined as partition types carrying a Sound Transmission Class (STC) rating.

20 3.13 EXPOSED BOX INSTALLATION

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- A. Boxes shall be secured to the building structure with proper size screws, bolts, hanger rods, or structural steel elements.
 - B. On brick, block and concrete walls or ceilings, exposed boxes shall be supported with no less than two (2) Ackerman-Johnson, Paine, Phillips, or approved equal screw anchors or expansion shields and round head machine screws. Cast boxes shall not be drilled.
- C. On steel structures, exposed boxes shall be supported to the steel member by drilling and tapping the member and fastening the boxes by means of round head machine screws.
- D. Boxes may be supported on steel members by APPROVED beam clamps if conduit is supported by beam clamps.
- Boxes shall be fastened to wood structures by means of a minimum of two (2) wood screws adequately large and long to properly support. (Quantity depends on size of box.)
 - F. Wood, plastic, or fiber plugs shall not be used for fastenings.
 - G. Explosive devices shall not be used unless specifically allowed.

SECTION 26 05 53 - ELECTRICAL IDENTIFICATION

2 PART 1 - GENERAL

3	1.1	SECTION INCLUDES	3

- 4 A. Nameplates and tape labels
- 5 B. Wire and cable markers
- 6 C. Conduit labeling
- 7 D. Conduit color coding
- 8 E. Conductor color coding
- 9 F. Electrical gear labeling
- 10 G. Power distribution equipment labeling
- 11 H. Transformer equipment labeling
- 12 I. Series rating identification
- J. Pole identification

14 1.2 REFERENCES

- A. ANSI C2 National Electrical Safety Code
- 16 B. NFPA 70 National Electrical Code
- 17 C. ANSI A13.1 Standard for Pipe Identification
- D. ANSI Z535.4 Standard for Product Safety Signs and Labels

19 PART 2 - PRODUCTS

20 2.1 ELECTRICAL IDENTIFICATION PRODUCTS

- A. Colored Adhesive Marking Tape for banding Raceways, Wires, and Cables: Selfadhesive vinyl tape not less than 3 mils thick by 1 inch to 2 inches in width.
- B. Pretensioned Flexible Wraparound Colored Plastic Sleeves for Cable Identification: flexible acrylic bands sized to suit the cable diameter and arranged to stay in place by pre-tensioned gripping action when coiled around the cable.
- C. Wire/Cable Designation Tape Markers: Vinyl or vinyl-cloth, self-adhesive, wraparound, cable/conductor markers with preprinted numbers and letter.
- D. Cable Ties: Fungus-inert, self-extinguishing, one-piece, self-locking nylon cable ties,
 0.18-inch minimum width, 50-lb minimum tensile strength, and suitable for a
 temperature range from minus 50°F to 350°F. Provide ties in specified colors when
 used for color coding.
- Underground Plastic Markers: Bright colored continuously printed plastic ribbon tape of not less than 6 inches wide by 4 mil thick, printed legend indicating type of underground line, manufactured for direct burial service. Tape shall contain a continuous metallic wire to allow location with a metal detector.
- F. Aluminum, Wraparound Marker Bands: 1" in width, .014 inch thick aluminum bands with stamped or embossed legend, and fitted with slots or ears for permanently securing around wire or cable jacket or around groups of conductors.
- G. Brass or aluminum Tags: 2" by 2" by .05-inch metal tags with stamped legend, punched for fastener.

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H. Indoor/Outdoor Number and Letters: Outdoor grade vinyl label, minimum of 3/4" high x 9/16" wide, with acrylic adhesive designed for permanent application in severe indoor and outdoor environments.

4 2.2 NAMEPLATES AND SIGNS

- A. Engraved, Plastic-Laminated Labels, Signs and Instruction Plates: Engraving stock melamine plastic laminate, 1/16-inch minimum thick for signs up to 20 square inches, or 8 inches in length; 1/8 inch thick for larger sizes. Labels shall be punched for mechanical fasteners. Engraving legend shall be as follows:
 - Black letters on white face for normal power.
- 10 2. White letters on red face for emergency power.
- 11 3. White letters on green face for grounding.
- 4. Black letter on yellow face for Caution or UPS.
- B. Baked–Enamel Signs for interior Use: Preprinted aluminum signs, punched, or drilled for fasteners, with colors, legend, and size required for application. Mounting 1/4 grommets in corners.
- 16 C. Exterior, Metal-Backed, Butyrate Signs: Weather-resistant, nonfading, preprinted, cellulose-acetate butyrate signs with .0396 inch galvanized-steel backing: and with colors, legend, and size required for application. Mounting ¼" grommets in corners.
- D. Safety Signs: Comply with 29 CFR, Chapter XVII, Part 1910.145.
- E. Fasteners for Plastic-Laminated Signs; Self-tapping stainless steel screws or number 10/32 stainless steel machine screws with nuts and flat and lock washers.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

23 3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Lettering and Graphics: Coordinate names, abbreviations, colors, and other designations used in electrical identification work with corresponding designations specified or indicated. Install numbers, lettering, and colors as required by code.
- B. Install identification devices in accordance with manufacturer's written instruction and requirements of NEC.
- 29 C. Sequence of Work: Where identification is to be applied to surfaces that require finish, install identification after completion of finish work. All mounting surfaces shall be cleaned and degreased prior to identification installation.
 - D. Identify Junction, Pull and Connection Boxes: Labeling shall be 3/8-inch Kroy tape or permanent magic marker (color coded), neatly hand printed. In rooms that are painted out, provide labeling on inside of cover.
- E. Circuit Identification: Tag or label conductors as follows:
 - Multiple Power or Lighting Circuits in Same Enclosure: Where multiple branch circuits are terminated or spliced in a box or enclosure, label each conductor with source and circuit number.

- 2. Multiple Control Wiring and Communication/Signal Circuits in Same 1 2 Enclosure: For control and communications/signal wiring, use wire/cable 3 marking tape at terminations in wiring boxes, troughs, and control cabinets. Use consistent letter/number conductor designations throughout on 4 wire/cable marking tape. 5 3. Match identification markings with designations used in panelboards shop 6 drawings, Contract Documents, and similar previously established 7 8 identification schemes for the facility's electrical installations. F. Apply warning, caution and instruction signs as follows: 9 1. Install warning, caution or instruction signs where required by NEC, where 10 indicated, or where reasonably required to assure safe operation and 11 maintenance of electrical systems and of the items to which they connect. 12 Install engraved plastic-laminated instruction signs with approved legend 13 where instructions or explanations are needed for system or equipment 14 operation. Install metal-backed butyrate signs for outdoor items. 15 2. Emergency Operating Signs: Install, where required by NEC, where 16 indicated, or where reasonably required to assure safe operation and 17 maintenance of electrical systems and of the items to which they connect, 18 engraved laminate signs with white legend on red background with minimum 19 3/8-inch high lettering for emergency instructions on power transfer, load 20 shedding, or other emergency operations. 21 G. Apply circuit/control/item designation labels of engraved plastic laminate for 22 23 pushbuttons, pilot lights, alarm/signal components, and similar items, except where labeling is specified elsewhere. 24 Н. Install labels parallel to equipment lines at locations as required and at locations for 25 best convenience of viewing without interference with operation and maintenance of 26 equipment. 27 Underground Electrical Lines: For exterior underground power, control, signal, and I. 28 communication lines, install continuous underground plastic line marker located 29 directly above line at 6 to 8 inches below grade. Where width of multiple lines 30 installed in a common trench or concrete envelope does not exceed 16 inches 31 overall, use a single marker. 32 3.2 RECEPTACLE COVER PLATES 33 Provide identification on all receptacle cover plates indicated. Identification shall A. 34 indicate source and circuit number serving the device (i.e. "C1A #24"). 35 B. Identification material to be a clear, 3/8-inch Kroy tape or Brother self-laminating 36 37
 - B. Identification material to be a clear, 3/8-inch Kroy tape or Brother self-laminating vinyl label with black letters in normal size "Swiss 721 Bold" font. Letter and number size to 3/16-inch high. Embossed Dymo-Tape labels are not acceptable. Permanently affix identification label to cover plates, centered above the receptacle openings.

41 3.3 BOX LABELING

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- A. All junction, pull, and connection boxes shall be identified as follows:
- 1. For power and lighting circuits, indicate system voltage and identity of contained circuits ("120V, 1LA1-3,5,7").

1 2			2.		er wiring, indicate system type and description of wiring ("FIRE NAC #1").				
3		B.	Box co	vers shall	be painted to correspond with system type as follows:				
4 5 6 7			1. 2. 3. 4.		rm: Red Emergency Branch: Yellow ature Control/Building Automation: Blue				
8	3.4	COND	UCTOR	COLOR (CODING				
9 10 11 12		A.	vaults, made.	manholes The sam	all be applied at all panels, switches, junction boxes, pull boxes, setc., where the wires and cables are visible and terminations are e color coding shall be used throughout the entire electrical system, ining proper phasing throughout the entire project.				
13 14 15		B.	identific	cation of	an one nominal voltage system exists in a building or facility, the color coding used in the panelboard or equipment shall be sted on the interior of the door or cover.				
16 17 18 19 20 21		C.	sub-matape. Tape shinch ce	All wires and cables, 6 AWG or larger, used in motor circuits, main feeders sub-main feeders and branch circuits, shall be coded by the application of plasticape. The tape shall be 3-M, Plymouth or Permacel, in colors specified below. The tape shall be applied at each conductor termination with two 1-inch tape bands at 6 nch centers. Contractor option to use colored cabling in lieu of the tape at each enforced conductor 6 AWG to 500 KCM.					
22		D.	Wire ar	nd cables	smaller than 6 AWG shall be color coded by the manufacturer.				
23 24 25		E.	conduc	tor at eac	es shall be applied in groups of three ties of specified color to each ch terminal or splice point starting 3 inches from the termination and nes centers. Tighten to a snug fit, and cut off excess length.				
26 27 28		F.	ungrou	Where more than one nominal voltage system exists in a building or facility, each ungrounded conductor of a multi-wire branch circuit, where accessible, shall be identified by phase and system.					
29		G.	Conduc	ctors shall	l be color coded as follows:				
30			1.	120/240	Volt, 3-Wire:				
31 32 33 34				b. I	A-Phase – Black B-Phase – Red Neutral – White Ground Bond – Green				
35			2.	208Y/12	0 Volt, 4-Wire:				
36 37 38 39 40				b. I c. 0 d. I	A-Phase – Black B-Phase – Red C-Phase – Blue Neutral – White Ground Bond – Green				
41			3.	480Y/27	7 Volt, 4-Wire:				
42 43					A-Phase – Brown B-Phase – Orange				

1 2				c. d.	C-Phase – Yellow Neutral – Gray
				-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
3				e.	Ground Bond – Green
4			4.	120 V	olt, 2-Wire Isolated (Ungrounded) Power System:
5				a.	A-Phase – Orange
6				b.	B-Phase – Brown
7				C.	Ground Reference – Green
8			5.	120/20	08 Volt, 3-Wire, Isolated (Ungrounded) Power System:
9				a.	A-Phase - Orange with distinctive colored stripe other than white,
10					green or gray
11				b.	B-Phase - Brown with distinctive colored stripe other than white,
12					green or gray
13				C.	C-Phase - Yellow with distinctive colored stripe other than white,
14					green or gray
15				d.	Ground Reference – Green
16	3.5	ELEC.	TRICAL	GEAR L	ABELING
17		A.	Exterio	or electri	cal gear shall be identified with vinyl label names and numbers to be
18					exterior of the gear. The labels shall correspond to the 1-line
19					and identify each cubicle of multi-section gear.
					,

20 END OF SECTION

1 SECTION 28 05 00 - BASIC ELECTRONIC SAFETY AND SECURITY SYSTEM

2 REQUIREMENTS

3 PART 1 - GENERAL

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4 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

A. Basic Safety and Security System Requirements (herein referred to Security) specifically applicable to Division 28 sections, in addition to Division 1 - Basic Requirements.

8 1.2 SCOPE OF WORK

- A. This Specification and the accompanying drawings govern the work involved in furnishing, installing, testing and placing into satisfactory operation the security systems as shown on the drawings and specified herein.
- B. Each Contractor shall provide all new materials as indicated in the schedules on the drawings, and/or in these specifications, and all items required to make their portion of the security systems a finished and working system.
 - C. Description of systems include but are not limited to the following:
- 16 1. Electronic Access Control System
 - Low Voltage Security Wiring (less than +120VAC) as specified and required for proper system control and communications.
 - 3. All associated electrical backboxes, conduit, miscellaneous cabling, and power supplies required for proper system installation and operation as defined in the "Suggested Matrix of Scope Responsibility".
 - 4. Firestopping of penetrations of fire-rated construction as described in Specification Section 28 05 03.

24 1.3 OWNER FURNISHED PRODUCTS

- A. Mortise cylinders for key switches.
- 26 B. Electronic access control credentials.

27 1.4 WORK SEQUENCE

A. All construction work that will produce excessive noise levels and interference with normal building operations, as determined by the Owner, shall be scheduled with the Owner. It may be necessary to schedule such work during non-occupied hours. The Owner shall reserve the right to set policy as to when restricted construction hours will be required.

1.5 ALTERNATES

- A. Base Bid: Unit 'D' Security Door operation as indicated within Construction Documents.
- B. Alternate No. 1: Unit 'D' Exterior Patio as indicated within Construction Documents.
- 37 C. Alternate No. 2: Unit 'C' Security Door operation as indicated within Construction Documents and refer to details of Building 'D' to be similar at Building 'C'.

D. Alternate No. 3: Unit 'C' Exterior Patio as indicated within Construction Documents and refer to details of Building 'D' to be similar at Building 'C'.

3 1.6 DIVISION OF WORK BETWEEN ELECTRICAL AND SECURITY CONTRACTORS

A. Division of work is the responsibility of the Prime Contractor. Any scope of work described in the contract document shall be sufficient for including said requirement in the project. The Prime Contractor shall be solely responsible for determining the appropriate subcontractor for the described scope. In no case shall the project be assessed an additional cost for scope that is described in the contract documents. The following division of responsibility is a guideline based on typical industry practice.

B. Definitions:

- "Electrical Contractor" as referred to herein refers to the Contractors listed in Division 26 of this Specification.
- 2. "Electrical Contractor" shall also refer to the Contractor listed in Division 28 of this specification when the "Suggested Matrix of Scope Responsibility" indicates the work shall be provided by the EC. Refer to the Contract Documents for the "Suggested Matrix of Scope Responsibility".
- 3. "Security Contractor" as referred to herein refers to the Contractors listed in Division 28 of this Specification.
- 4. Low Voltage Security Wiring: The wiring (less than 120VAC) associated with the Security Systems, used for analog and/or digital signals between equipment.

C. General:

- 1. The purpose of these Specifications is to outline typical Electrical and Security Contractor's work responsibilities as related to Security Systems including conduit, J-hooks, power wiring, and Low Voltage Security Wiring. The Prime Contractor is responsible for all divisions of work.
- 2. The exact wiring requirements for much of the equipment cannot be determined until the systems have been purchased and submittals are approved. Therefore, only known wiring, conduits, raceways, and electrical power as related to such items is shown on the Security Drawings. Other wiring, conduits, raceways, junction boxes, and electrical power not shown on the Security Drawings but required for the successful operation of the systems shall be the responsibility of the Security Contractor and included in the Contractor's bid.
- 3. Where the Electrical Contractor is required to install conduit, conduit sleeves, and/or power connections in support of Security systems, the final installation shall not begin until a coordination meeting between the Electrical Contractor and the Security Contractor has convened to determine the exact location and requirements of the installation.

4. This Contractor shall establish Electrical and Security utility elevations prior 1 to fabrication and installation. The Security Contractor shall cooperate with 2 the Electrical Contractor and the determined elevations in accordance with 3 the guidelines below. This Contractor shall coordinate utility elevations with 4 other trades. When a conflict arises, priority shall be as follows: 5 **Lighting Fixtures** 6 a. Gravity Flow Piping, including Steam and Condensate 7 b. Sheet Metal 8 c. **Electrical Busduct** d. 9 Cable Trays, including 12" access space e. 10 Sprinkler Piping and other Piping f. 11 Conduit and Wireway 12 g. Open Cabling h. 13 D. Electrical Contractor's Responsibility: 14 Assumes all responsibility for all required conduit and power connections 1. 15 when shown on the "Suggested Matrix of Scope Responsibility" to be 16 provided by the Electrical Contractor. 17 2. Responsible for Security Systems grounding and bonding. 18 3. This Contractor is responsible for coordination of utilities with all other 19 Contractors. If any field coordination conflicts are found, the Contractor shall 20 coordinate with other Contractors to determine a viable layout. 21 E. Security Contractor's Responsibility: 22 Assumes all responsibility for the Low Voltage Security Wiring of all 1. 23 systems, including cable support where open cable is specified. 24 Assumes all responsibility for all required backboxes, conduit, and power 25 2. connections not specifically shown as being provided by the Electrical 26 Contractor on the "Suggested Matrix of Scope Responsibility." 27 3. Responsible for providing the Electrical Contractor with the required 28 grounding lugs or other hardware for each piece of Security equipment 29 which is required to be bonded to the telecommunications ground system. 30 This Contractor is responsible for coordination of utilities with all other 31 4. Contractors. If any field coordination conflicts are found, the Contractor shall 32 coordinate with other Contractors to determine a viable layout. 33 **QUALITY ASSURANCE** 1.7 34 Qualifications: A. 35 1. Only products of reputable manufacturers as determined by 36 Architect/Engineer will be acceptable. 37 2. Each Contractor and their subcontractors shall employ only workers who are 38 skilled in their respective trades and fully trained. All workers involved in the 39 installation, termination, testing, and placing into operation electronic 40 security devices shall be individually trained by the manufacturer. 41

The Contractor shall be experienced in all aspects of this work.

3.

1 2 3		4.	The Contractor shall own and maintain tools and equipment necessary for successful installation and testing of electronic security devices and have personnel adequately trained in the use of such tools and equipment.
4	B.	Compli	ance with Codes, Laws, Ordinances:
5 6 7		1.	This Contractor shall conform to all requirements of the Town of Verona, Wisconsin Codes, Laws, Ordinances, and other regulations having jurisdiction over this installation.
8 9		2.	In the event there are no local codes having jurisdiction over this job, the current issue of the National Electrical Code shall be followed.
10 11 12		3.	If there is a discrepancy between the codes and regulations having jurisdiction over this installation and these specifications, the codes and regulations shall determine the method or equipment used.
13 14 15 16 17		4.	If the Contractor notes, at the time of bidding, any parts of the drawings and specifications which are not in accordance with the applicable codes or regulations, he shall inform the Architect/Engineer in writing, requesting a clarification. If there is insufficient time to follow this procedure, he shall submit, with the proposal, a separate price required to make the system shown on the drawings comply with the codes and regulations.
19 20 21		5.	All changes to the system made after the letting of the contract in order to comply with the applicable codes or the requirements of the Inspector shall be made by the Contractor without cost to the Owner.
22	C.	Permits	s, Fees, Taxes, Inspections:
22 23	C.	Permits	s, Fees, Taxes, Inspections: Procure all applicable permits and licenses.
	C.		
23 24 25	C.	1.	Procure all applicable permits and licenses. Abide by all applicable laws, regulations, ordinances, and other rules of the State or Political Subdivision wherein the work is done, or as required by
23 24 25 26	C.	1. 2.	Procure all applicable permits and licenses. Abide by all applicable laws, regulations, ordinances, and other rules of the State or Political Subdivision wherein the work is done, or as required by any duly constituted public authority.
23 24 25 26 27 28	C.	 1. 2. 3. 	Procure all applicable permits and licenses. Abide by all applicable laws, regulations, ordinances, and other rules of the State or Political Subdivision wherein the work is done, or as required by any duly constituted public authority. Pay all applicable charges for such permits or licenses that may be required. Pay all applicable fees and taxes imposed by the State, Municipal and/or
23 24 25 26 27 28 29	C.	 1. 2. 3. 4. 	Procure all applicable permits and licenses. Abide by all applicable laws, regulations, ordinances, and other rules of the State or Political Subdivision wherein the work is done, or as required by any duly constituted public authority. Pay all applicable charges for such permits or licenses that may be required. Pay all applicable fees and taxes imposed by the State, Municipal and/or other regulatory bodies. Pay all charges arising out of required inspections due to codes, permits,
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	C.	 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 	Procure all applicable permits and licenses. Abide by all applicable laws, regulations, ordinances, and other rules of the State or Political Subdivision wherein the work is done, or as required by any duly constituted public authority. Pay all applicable charges for such permits or licenses that may be required. Pay all applicable fees and taxes imposed by the State, Municipal and/or other regulatory bodies. Pay all charges arising out of required inspections due to codes, permits, licenses, or as otherwise may be required by an authorized body. Pay all charges arising out of required contract document reviews associated with the project and as initiated by the Owner or authorized

D. Examination of Drawings: 1 The drawings for the Security Systems work are diagrammatic, intended to convey the scope of the work and to indicate the general arrangements and 3 locations of equipment, etc. and the approximate sizes of equipment. 4 2. Contractor shall determine the exact locations of equipment and the exact 5 routing of cabling so as to best fit the layout of the job. Scaling of the 6 drawings will not be sufficient or accurate for determining this layout. Where 7 a specific route is required, such route will be indicated on the drawings. 8 Where job conditions require reasonable changes in indicated arrangements 9 3. and locations, such changes shall be made by the Contractor at no 10 additional cost to the Owner. 11 4. If an item is either shown on the drawings, called for in the specifications, or 12 required for proper operation of the system, it shall be considered sufficient 13 for including same in this contract. 14 5. The determination of quantities of material and equipment required shall be 15 made by the Contractor from the drawings. Schedules on the drawings and 16 in the specifications are completed as an aid to the Contractor but, where 17 discrepancies arise, the greater number shall govern. 18 6. Where words "provide", "install", or "furnish" are used on the drawings or in 19 the specifications, it shall be taken to mean to furnish, install, terminate, and 20 make completely ready for operation the items mentioned. 21 E. Electronic Media/Files: 22 Construction drawings for this project have been prepared utilizing AutoCAD 23 1. 24 2. Contractors and Subcontractors may request electronic media files of the 25 contract drawings and/or copies of the specifications. Specifications will be 26 provided in PDF format. 27 Upon request for electronic media, the Contractor shall complete and return 28 3. a signed "Electronic File Transmittal" form provided by KJWW. 29 30 4. If the information requested includes floor plans prepared by others, the Contractor will be responsible for obtaining approval from the appropriate 31 Design Professional for use of that part of the document. 32 The electronic contract documents can be used for preparation of shop 33 5. drawings and as-built drawings only. The information may not be used in 34 whole or in part for any other project. 35 6. The drawings prepared by KJWW for bidding purposes may not be used 36 directly for ductwork layout drawings or coordination drawings. 37 The use of these CAD documents by the Contractor does not relieve them 7. 38 from their responsibility for coordination of work with other trades and 39 verification of space available for the installation. 40 8. The information is provided to expedite the project and assist the Contractor 41 with no guarantee by KJWW as to the accuracy or correctness of the 42

information provided. KJWW accepts no responsibility or liability for the

Contractor's use of these documents.

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F. Field Measurements: 1 Before ordering any materials, this Contractor shall verify all pertinent dimensions at the job site and be responsible for their accuracy. 3 **SUBMITTALS** 1.8 A. Submittals shall be required for the following items, and for additional items where 5 required elsewhere in the specifications or on the drawings. 6 7 1. Submittals list: **Referenced Specification Section Submittal Item** 28 05 03 Through-Penetration Firestopping 28 05 26 Electronic Safety and Security System Bonding 28 13 00 **Electronic Access Control** В. General Submittal Procedures: In addition to the provisions of Division 1, the 8 following are required: 1. Transmittal: Each transmittal shall include the following: 10 Date a. 11 Owner's Project title and number b. 12 Contractor's name and address 13 c. Division of work (e.g., plumbing, heating, ventilating, etc.) d. 14 Description of items submitted and relevant specification number e. 15 f. Notations of deviations from the contract documents 16 Other pertinent data 17 g. 2. Submittal Cover Sheet: Each submittal shall include a cover sheet 18 containing: 19 a. Date 20 Owner's Project title and number 21 b. Architect/Engineer 22 C. d. Contractor and subcontractors' names and addresses 23 Supplier and manufacturer's names and addresses 24 e. f. Division of work (e.g., plumbing, heating, ventilating, etc.) 25 Description of item submitted (using project nomenclature) and 26 g. relevant specification number 27 h. Notations of deviations from the contract documents 28 Other pertinent data i. 29 Provide space for Contractor's review stamps į. 30 3. Composition: 31 Submittals shall be submitted using specification sections and the a. 32 project nomenclature for each item. 33 Individual submittal packages shall be prepared for items in each 34 b. specification section. All items within a single specification section 35 shall be packaged together where possible. An individual submittal 36 may contain items from multiple specifications sections if the items 37 are intimately linked (e.g., pumps and motors). 38 All sets shall contain an index of the items enclosed with a general 39 c.

topic description on the cover.

data is intended.

1 2			d. All marks and identifications on the submittals shall be unambiguous.
3 4		7.	Schedule submittals to expedite the project. Coordinate submission of related items.
5 6 7		8.	Identify variations from the contract documents and product or system limitations that may be detrimental to the successful performance of the completed work.
8		9.	Reproduction of contract documents alone is not acceptable for submittals.
9 10		10.	Incomplete submittals will be rejected without review. Partial submittals will only be reviewed with prior approval from the Architect/Engineer.
11 12		11.	Submittals not required by the contract documents may be returned without review.
13 14 15 16 17		12.	The Architect/Engineer's responsibility shall be to review one set of shop drawing submittals for each product. If the first submittal is incomplete or does not comply with the drawings and/or specifications, the Contractor shall be responsible to bear the cost for the Architect/Engineer to recheck and handle the additional shop drawing submittals.
18 19		13.	Submittals shall be reviewed and approved by the Architect/Engineer before releasing any equipment for manufacture or shipment.
20 21 22		14.	Contractor's responsibility for errors, omissions, or deviation from the contract documents in submittals is not relieved by the Architect/Engineer's approval.
23	C.	Electro	nic Submittal Procedures:
24 25		1.	Distribution: Email submittals as attachments to all parties designated by the Architect/Engineer, unless a web-based submittal program is used.
26 27		2.	Transmittals: Each submittal shall include an individual electronic letter of transmittal.
21			
28 29 30 31 32		3.	Format: Electronic submittals shall be in PDF format only. Clear and legible scanned copies, in PDF format, of paper originals are acceptable. Submittals that are not clear and legible will be rejected. Do not set any permission restrictions on files; protected, locked, or secured documents will be rejected.
28 29 30 31		 4. 	scanned copies, in PDF format, of paper originals are acceptable. Submittals that are not clear and legible will be rejected. Do not set any permission restrictions on files; protected, locked, or secured documents will
28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35			scanned copies, in PDF format, of paper originals are acceptable. Submittals that are not clear and legible will be rejected. Do not set any permission restrictions on files; protected, locked, or secured documents will be rejected. File Names: Electronic submittal file names shall include the relevant specification section number followed by a description of the item submitted, as follows. Where possible, include the transmittal as the first page of the

1.9 SCHEDULE OF VALUES

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A. The requirements herein are in addition to the provisions of Division 1.

1		B.	Format	:	
2			1.		AIA Document Continuation Sheets G703 or another similar form yed by the Owner and Architect/Engineer.
4			2.		t in Excel format.
5			3.		rt values given with substantiating data.
6		C.	Prepar		
7			1.	Itemize	e the cost for each of the following:
8				a.	Overhead and profit.
9				b.	Bonds.
10				C.	Insurance.
11				d.	General Requirements: Itemize all requirements.
12			2.	Itemize	e work required by each specification section and list all providers. All
13					provided by subcontractors and major suppliers shall be listed on the
14					ule of Values. List each subcontractor and supplier by company
15				name.	
16				a.	Contractor's own labor forces.
17				b.	All subcontractors.
18				C.	All major suppliers of products or equipment.
19			3.	Break	down all costs into:
			O.		
20 21				a. b.	Material: Delivered cost of product with taxes paid. Labor: Labor cost, excluding overhead and profit.
21				υ.	Labor. Labor Cost, excluding overnead and profit.
22			4.	For ea	ch line item having an installed cost of more than \$5,000, break down
23				costs t	to list major products or operations under each item. At a minimum,
24					e material and labor cost line items for the following:
25				a.	Access Control
26		D.	Update	Sched	ule of Values when:
27			1.	Indicat	ed by Architect/Engineer.
28			2.		e of subcontractor or supplier occurs.
29			3.		e of product or equipment occurs.
		0			
30	1.10	CHAN	GE ORD	ERS	
31		A.	A detai	led mat	erial and labor takeoff shall be prepared for each change order, along
32			with la	abor ra	tes and markup percentages. Change orders with inadequate
33					be rejected.
34		В.	Change	e order	work shall not proceed until authorized.
35	1.11	PROD	UCT DE	LIVERY	, STORAGE, HANDLING & MAINTENANCE
00		۸	Гу <u>аа</u> !-		in transporting and handling to prove the description of finitings.
36		A.			n transporting and handling to prevent damage to fixtures, equipment,
37			and ma	aterials.	
38		B.	Store n	naterials	s on the site so as to prevent damage.

Keep fixtures, equipment, and materials clean, dry and free from harmful conditions.

C.

1.12 WARRANTY

- At a minimum, provide a one (1) year warranty for all equipment, materials, and workmanship. Individual specifications sections within Division 28 may require additional warranty requirements for specific equipment or systems.
 - B. The warranty period for the entire installation described in this Division of the specifications shall commence on the date of substantial completion unless a whole or partial system or any separate piece of equipment or component is put into use for the benefit of any party other than the installing contractor with prior written authorization. In this instance, the warranty period shall commence on the date when such whole system, partial system, or separate piece of equipment or component is placed in operation and accepted in writing by the Owner or their representative.
 - C. Warranty requirements shall extend to correction, without cost to the final user, of all work and/or equipment found to be defective or nonconforming to the contract documents. The Contractor shall bear the cost of correcting all damage resulting from such defects or nonconformance with contract documents exclusive of repairs required as a result of improper maintenance or operation, or of normal wear as determined by the Architect/Engineer.

19 1.13 INSURANCE

A. This Contractor shall maintain insurance coverage as set forth in Division 1 of these specifications.

22 1.14 MATERIAL

- A. Where several manufacturers' names are given, the first named manufacturer constitutes the basis for job design and establishes the equipment quality required to be used in this contract.
 - B. Unless otherwise noted, equivalent equipment manufactured by the other named manufacturers may be used. Contractor shall ensure that all items submitted by these other manufacturers meets all requirements of the drawings and specifications and fits in the allocated space. The Architect/Engineer shall make the final determination of whether a product is equivalent.
 - C. Any material, article, or equipment of other unnamed manufacturers which will adequately perform the services and duties imposed by the design and is of a quality equal to or better than the material, article, or equipment identified by the drawings and specifications may be used if approval is secured in writing from the Architect/Engineer not later than ten (10) days prior to the bid opening date. The Contractor bears full responsibility for the unnamed manufacturers equipment adequately meeting the intent of design. The Architect/Engineer may reject manufacturer at time of shop drawing submittal. The Contractor assumes all costs incurred by other trades on the project as a result of changes necessary to accommodate the offered material, equipment, or installation method.
 - D. Should this Contractor be unable to secure approval from the Architect/Engineer for other unnamed manufacturers as outlined above, this Contractor may list voluntary add or deduct prices for alternate materials on the bid form. These items will not be used in determining the low bidder. Should a voluntary alternate material be accepted, This Contractor shall assume all costs that may be incurred as a result of using the offered material, article, or equipment necessitating extra expense on This Contractor or on the part of other Contractors whose work is affected.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2 2.1 REFER TO INDIVIDUAL SECTIONS

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 JOBSITE SAFETY

A. Neither the professional activities of the Owner or Architect/Engineer, nor the presence of the Owner or Architect/Engineer or his or her employees and subconsultants at a construction site, shall relieve the Contractor and any other entity of their obligations, duties, and responsibilities including, but not limited to, construction means, methods, sequence, techniques, or procedures necessary for performing, superintending, or coordinating all portions of the work of construction in accordance with the contract documents and any health or safety precautions required by any regulatory agencies. The Architect/Engineer and his or her personnel have no authority to exercise any control over any construction contractor or other entity or their employees in connection with their work or any health or safety precautions. The Contractor is solely responsible for jobsite safety. The Owner and Architect/Engineer and the Owner and Architect/Engineer's consultants shall be indemnified and shall be made additional insureds under the Contractor's general liability insurance policy.

3.2 GENERAL INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS

- A. Installation of all conduit and cabling shall comply with Sections 26 05 33 and 26 05 13. Additional conduit requirements described within this Division shall be supplemental to the requirement described in Section 26 05 33. Should conflicts exist between the two Divisions, the more stringent (more expensive material and labor) condition shall prevail until bidding addendum or construction clarification or RFI can be submitted and responded to. In no case shall the Contractor carry the least stringent condition in the pricing.
- B. It is the Contractor's responsibility to survey the site and include all necessary costs to perform the installation as specified.
 - C. The Contractor shall be responsible for identifying and reporting to the Architect/Engineer any existing conditions including, but not limited to, damage to walls, flooring, ceiling, and/or furnishings prior to start of work. All damage to interior spaces caused by this Contractor shall be repaired at this Contractor's expense to pre-existing conditions, including final colors and finishes.
 - D. All cables and devices installed in damp or wet locations, including any underground or underslab location, shall be listed as suitable for use in such environments. Follow manufacturer's recommended installation practices for installing cables and devices in damp or wet locations. Any cable or device that fails as a result of being installed in a damp or wet location shall be replaced at the Contractor's expense.

3.3 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. General:

- Refer to specific Division 28 sections for further requirements.
- 2. The Contractor shall conduct all tests required and applicable to the work both during and after construction of the work.

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- 3. The necessary instruments and materials required to conduct or make the 1 2 tests shall be supplied by the Contractor who shall also supply competent 3 personnel for making the tests who has been schooled in the proper testing techniques. 4 In the event the results obtained in the tests are not satisfactory. This 5 4. Contractor shall make such adjustments, replacements, and changes as are 6 necessary and shall then repeat the test or tests which disclose faulty or 7 defective work or equipment and shall make such additional tests as the
 - В. Protection of cable from foreign materials:
 - It is the Contractor's responsibility to provide adequate physical protection to 1. prevent foreign material application or contact with any cable type. Foreign material is defined as any material that would negatively impact the validity of the manufacturer's performance warranty. This includes, but is not limited to, overspray of paint (accidental or otherwise), drywall compound, or any other surface chemical, liquid, or compound that could come in contact with the cable, cable jacket, or cable termination components.

Architect/Engineer or code enforcing agency deems necessary.

Application of foreign materials of any kind on any cable, cable jacket, or 2. cable termination component will not be accepted. It shall be the Contractor's responsibility to replace any component containing overspray, in its entirety, at no additional cost to the project. Cleaning of the cables with harsh chemicals is not allowed. This requirement is regardless of the PASS/FAIL test results of the cable containing overspray. Should the manufacturer and warrantor of the structured cabling system desire to physically inspect the installed condition and certify the validity of the structured cabling system (via a signed and dated statement by an authorized representative of the structured cabling manufacturer), the Owner may, at their sole discretion, agree to accept said warranty in lieu of having the affected cables replaced. In the case of plenum cabling, in addition to the statement from the manufacturer, the Contractor shall also present to the Owner a letter from the local Authority Having Jurisdiction stating that they consider the plenum rating of the cable to be intact and acceptable.

PROJECT CLOSEOUT 3.4

- A. Refer to the Division 1 Section: BASIC REQUIREMENTS for requirements. The 35 following paragraphs supplement the requirements of Division 1. 36
 - B. Final Jobsite Observation:
 - 1. The Architect/Engineer will not perform a final jobsite observation until the This is not dictated by schedule but, rather, by project is ready. completeness of the project.
- 41 C. Before final payment will be authorized, this Contractor must have completed the following: 42
 - 1. Submitted operation and maintenance manuals to the Architect/Engineer for review.
 - 2. Submitted bound copies of approved shop drawings.

1 2 3			3.	As-built documents including edited drawings and specifications accurately reflecting field conditions, inclusive of all project revisions, change orders, and modifications.
4 5 6 7 8			4.	Submitted a report stating the instructions given to the Owner's representative complete with the number of hours spent in the instruction. The report shall bear the signature of an authorized agent of This Contractor and shall be signed by the Owner's representative as having received the instructions.
9			5.	Submitted testing reports for all systems requiring final testing as described herein.
1			6.	Submitted start-up reports on all equipment requiring a factory installation inspection and/or start.
3	3.5	OPER	ATION A	AND MAINTENANCE MANUALS
4		A.	Genera	al:
5 6 7 8			1.	Provide an electronic copy of the O&M manuals as described below for Architect/Engineer's review and approval. The electronic copy shall be corrected as required to address the Architect/Engineer's comments. Once corrected, electronic copies and paper copies shall be distributed as directed by the Architect/Engineer.
20 21 22			2.	Approved O&M manuals shall be completed and in the Owner's possession prior to Owner's acceptance and at least 10 days prior to instruction of operating personnel.
23		B.	Electro	onic Submittal Procedures:
24 25			1.	Distribution: Email the O&M manual as attachments to all parties designated by the Architect/Engineer.
26 27			2.	Transmittals: Each submittal shall include an individual electronic letter of transmittal.
28 29 30 31			3.	Format: Electronic submittals shall be in PDF format only. Clear, legible scanned copies, in PDF format, of paper originals are acceptable. Submittals that are not clear and legible will be rejected. Do not set any permission restrictions on files; protected, locked, or secured documents will be rejected.
33 34 35 36			4.	File Names: Electronic submittal file names shall include the relevant specification section number followed by a description of the item submitted, as follows. Where possible, include the transmittal as the first page of the PDF instead of using multiple electronic files.
37 38				 a. O&M file name: O&M.div28.contractor.YYYYMMDD b. Transmittal file name: O&Mtransmittal.div28.contractor.YYYYMMDD
39 10 11			5.	File Size: Electronic file size shall be limited to a maximum of 4MB. Larger files shall be divided into files that are clearly labeled as "1 of 2", "2 of 2", etc.

6. Provide the Owner with an approved copy of the O&M manual on compact 1 discs (CD), digital video discs (DVD), or flash drives with a permanently 2 affixed label, printed with the title "Operation and Maintenance Instructions", 3 title of the project and subject matter of disc/flash drive when multiple 4 disc/flash drives are required. 5 7. All text shall be searchable. 6 8. 7 Bookmarks shall be used, dividing information first by specification section, then systems, major equipment, and finally individual items. All bookmark R titles shall include the nomenclature used in the construction documents and 9 shall be an active link to the first page of the section being referenced. 10 C. Paper Copy Submittal Procedures: 11 1. Once the electronic version of the manuals has been approved by the 12 Architect/Engineer, three (3) paper copies of the O&M manual shall be 13 provided to the Owner. The content of the paper copies shall be identical to 14 the corrected electronic copy. 15 2. Binder Requirements: The Contractor shall submit three sets of O&M 16 manuals in heavy duty locking three ring binders. Incorporate clear vinyl 17 sheet sleeves on the front cover and spine for slip-in labeling. "Peel and 18 stick" labels are not acceptable. Sheet lifters shall be supplied at the front 19 of each notebook. The three-ring binders shall be a minimum of 1/2" 20 (12mm) thicker than initial material to allow for future inserts. If more than 21 one notebook is required, label in consecutive order. For example; 1 of 2, 2 22 23 of 2. No other form of binding is acceptable. 3. Binder Labels: Label the front and spine of each binder with "Operation and 24 Maintenance Instructions", title of project, and subject matter. 25 4. Index Tabs: Divide information by specification section, major equipment, or 26 systems using index tabs. All tab titling shall be clearly printed under 27 reinforced plastic tabs. All equipment shall be labeled to match the 28 identification in the construction documents. 29 30 D. Operation and Maintenance Instructions shall include: 1. Title Page: Include title page with project title, Architect, Engineer, 31 Contractor, all subcontractors, and major equipment suppliers, with 32 addresses, telephone numbers, website addresses, email addresses, and 33 point of contacts. Website URLs and email addresses shall be active links in 34 the electronic submittal. 35 2. Table of Contents: Include a table of contents describing specification 36 section, systems, major equipment, and individual items. 37 Copies of all final approved shop drawings and submittals. Include 3. 38 Architect's/Engineer's shop drawing review comments. Insert the individual 39 shop drawing directly after the Operation and Maintenance information for 40 the item(s) in the review form. 41 4. Copy of final approved test and balance reports. 42 Copies of all factory inspections and/or equipment startup reports. 43 5.

Copies of warranties.

6.

7. Schematic wiring diagrams of the equipment that have been updated for 2 field conditions. Field wiring shall have label numbers to match drawings. 8. Dimensional drawings of equipment. 3 9. Capacities and utility consumption of equipment. 10. Detailed parts lists with lists of suppliers. 5 6 11. Operating procedures for each system. 12. Maintenance schedule and procedures. Include a chart listing maintenance requirements and frequency. 13. Repair procedures for major components. 9 14. List of lubricants in all equipment and recommended frequency of 10 lubrication. 11 15. Instruction books, cards, and manuals furnished with the equipment. 12 16. Manufacturers' contact information. 13 17. Suppliers' contact information. 14 3.6 INSTRUCTING THE OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE 15 Α. Adequately instruct the Owner's designated representative or representatives in the 16 maintenance, care, and operation of the complete systems installed under this 17 contract. 18 В. Provide verbal and written instructions to the Owner's representative or 19 representatives by FACTORY PERSONNEL in the care, maintenance, and 20 operation of the equipment and systems. 21 C. The Architect/Engineer shall be notified of the time and place for the verbal 22 instructions to be given to the Owner's representative so that their representative 23 can be present if desirable. D. Refer to the individual specification sections for minimum hours of instruction time 25 for each system. 26 E. Operating Instructions: 27 The Contractor is responsible for all instructions to the Owner and/or 28 1. Owner's operating staff on the security systems. 29 2. If the Contractor does not have Engineers and/or Technicians on staff that 30 can adequately provide the required instructions on system operation, 31 performance, troubleshooting, care and maintenance, they shall include in 32 the bid an adequate amount to reimburse the Owner for the 33 Architect/Engineer to perform these services. 34

3.7 SYSTEM COMMISSIONING

- A. The security systems included in the construction documents are to be complete and operating systems. The Architect/Engineer will make periodic job site observations during the construction period. The system start-up, testing, configuration, and satisfactory system performance is the responsibility of the Contractor. This shall include all calibration and adjustments of electrical equipment controls, equipment settings, software configuration, troubleshooting, and verification of software and final adjustments that may be required.
- B. All operating conditions and control sequences shall be simulated and tested during the start-up period.
- C. The Contractor, subcontractors, and equipment suppliers are expected to have skilled technicians to insure that the system performs as designed. If the Architect/Engineer is requested to visit the job site for the purpose of trouble shooting, assisting in the satisfactory start-up, obtaining satisfactory equipment operation, resolving installation and/or workmanship problems, equipment substitution issues, or unsatisfactory system performance, including call backs during the warranty period through no fault of the design, the Contractor shall reimburse the Owner on a time and material basis for services rendered at the Architect/Engineer's standard hourly rates in effect at the time the services are requested. The Contractor shall be responsible for making payment to the Owner for services required that are product, installation, or workmanship related. Payment is due within 30 days after services are rendered.

23 3.8 AS-BUILT DOCUMENTS

- A. Refer to the Division 1 Section: BASIC REQUIREMENTS for requirements. The following paragraphs supplement the requirements of Division 1.
 - B. Mark specifications to indicate approved substitutions, change orders, and actual equipment and materials used.
 - C. This Contractor shall maintain, at the job site, a separate and complete set of Security Drawings which shall be clearly and permanently marked and noted in complete detail any changes made to the location and arrangement of equipment or made to the Technology Systems and wiring as a result of building construction conditions or as a result of instructions from the Architect or Engineer. All Change Orders, RFI responses, Clarifications, and other supplemental instructions shall be marked on the documents. As-built documents that merely reference the existence of the above items are not acceptable. Should This Contractor fail to complete Asbuilt Documents as required by this contract, This Contractor shall reimburse Architect/Engineer for all costs to develop As-built Documents that comply with this requirement. Reimbursement shall be made at the Architect/Engineer's hourly rates in effect at the time of work.
- D. The above record of changes shall be made available for the Architect and Engineer's examination during any regular work time.
- 42 E. Upon completion of the job and before final payment is made, This Contractor shall give the marked-up drawings to the Architect/Engineer.

3.9 ADJUST AND CLEAN

A. Contractor shall thoroughly clean all equipment and systems prior to the Owner's final acceptance of the project.

- B. Contractor shall clean all foreign paint, grease, oil, dirt, labels, stickers, and other foreign material from equipment.
- C. Contractor shall remove all rubbish, debris, etc., accumulated during the Contractor's operations from the premises.

5 END OF SECTION

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SECTION 28 05 03 - THROUGH PENETRATION FIRESTOPPING

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3	1.1	SECTION INCLUDES
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A. Through-Penetration Firestopping.

5 1.2 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer: Company specializing in manufacturing products specified in this Section.
- B. Installer: Individuals performing work shall be certified by the manufacturer of the system selected for installation.

10 1.3 REFERENCES

- 11 A. UL 723 Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials
- 12 B. ANSI/UL 1479 Fire Tests of Through Penetration Firestops
- 13 C. UL Fire Resistance Directory Through Penetration Firestop Systems (XHEZ)
- D. Warnock Hersey Directory of Listed Products
- 15 E. ASTM E84 Standard Test Method for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials
- 17 F. ASTM E814 Standard Test Method for Fire Tests of Through-Penetration Firestops
- 18 G. Wisconsin Administrative Code
- 19 H. 2012 International Building Code
- 20 I. NFPA 5000 Building Construction Safety Code

21 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit under provisions of Section 28 05 00.
- Submit Firestopping Installers Certification for all installers on the project.
- C. Shop Drawings: Submit for each condition requiring firestopping. Include descriptions of the specific penetrating item, actual wall/floor construction, manufacturer's installation instructions, and UL or Warnock Hersey Assembly number.
- D. Through-Penetration Firestop System Schedule: Indicate locations of each through-penetration firestop system, along with the following information:
 - Types of penetrating items.
 - 2. Types of constructions penetrated, including fire-resistance ratings and, where applicable, thicknesses of construction penetrated.
 - 3. Through-penetration firestop systems for each location identified by firestop design designation of qualified testing and inspecting agency.
 - 4. F and T ratings for each firestop system.
- 56 E. Maintain a notebook on the job site at all times that contains copies of approved submittals for all through penetration firestopping to be installed. Notebook shall be made available to the Authority Having Jurisdiction at their request and turned over to the Owner at the end of construction as part of the O&M Manuals.
- F. Submit VOC rating of firestopping material in g/L (less water) with documentation that it meets the limits set forth in SCAQMD Rule 1168.

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1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Store, protect and handle products on site. Accept material on site in factory containers and packing. Inspect for damage. Protect from deterioration or damage due to moisture, temperature changes, contaminants, or other causes. Follow manufacturer's instructions for storage.
 - B. Install material prior to expiration of product shelf life.

7 1.6 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. General: For penetrations through the following fire-resistance-rated constructions, including both empty openings and openings containing penetrating items, provide through-penetration firestop systems that are produced and installed to resist spread of fire according to requirements indicated, resist passage of smoke and other gases, and maintain original fire-resistance rating of construction penetrated.
 - 1. Fire-resistance-rated walls including fire partitions, fire barriers, and smoke barriers.
 - 2. Fire-resistance-rated horizontal assemblies including floors, floor/ceiling assemblies, and ceiling membranes of roof/ceiling assemblies.
- B. Rated Systems: Provide through-penetration firestop systems with the following ratings determined per UL 1479:
 - 1. F-Rated Systems: Provide through-penetration firestop systems with F-ratings indicated, but not less than that equaling or exceeding fire-resistance rating of constructions penetrated.
 - 2. T-Rated Systems: For the following conditions, provide through-penetration firestop systems with T-ratings indicated, as well as F-ratings:
 - a. Floor penetrations located outside wall cavities.
 - b. Floor penetrations located outside fire-resistance-rated shaft enclosures.
 - C. For through-penetration firestop systems exposed to light, traffic, moisture, or physical damage, provide products that, after curing, do not deteriorate when exposed to these conditions both during and after construction.
 - D. For through-penetration firestop systems exposed to view, provide products with flame-spread and smoke-developed indexes of less than 25 and 450, respectively, as determined per ASTM E 84.
- E. For through-penetration firestop systems in air plenums, provide products with flame-spread and smoke-developed indexes of less than 25 and 50, respectively, as determined per ASTM E 84.

1.7 MEETINGS

- A. Pre-installation meeting: A pre-installation meeting shall be scheduled and shall include the Construction Manager, General Contractor, all Subcontractors associated with the installation of systems penetrating fire barriers, Firestopping Manufacturer's Representative, and the Owner.
- Review foreseeable methods related to firestopping work.
- Tour representative areas where firestopping is to be installed; inspect and discuss each type of condition and each type of substrate that will be encountered, and preparation to be performed by other trades.

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1.8 WARRANTY

- 2 A. Provide one year warranty on parts and labor.
- B. Warranty shall cover repair or replacement of firestop systems which fail in joint adhesion, cohesion, abrasion resistance, weather resistance, extrusion resistance, migration resistance, stain resistance, general durability, or appear to deteriorate in any manner not clearly specified by the manufacturer as an inherent quality of the material.

8 PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the throughpenetration firestop systems indicated for each application that are produced by one of the following manufacturers. All firestopping systems installed shall be provided by a single manufacturer.
 - 3M: Fire Protection Produces Division.
- 15 2. Hilti, Inc.
- 16 3. RectorSeal Corporation, Metacaulk.
- 17 4. Tremco; Sealant/Weatherproofing Division.
- 18 5. Johns-Manville.
- 19 6. Specified Technologies Inc. (S.T.I.)
- Spec Seal Firestop Products
- 21 8. AD Firebarrier Protection Systems
- 22 9. Wiremold/Legrand: FlameStopper

23 2.2 THROUGH PENETRATION FIRESTOP SYSTEMS

- A. Provide materials and systems classified by or listed by Warnock Hersey to provide firestopping equal to time rating of construction being penetrated.
 - B. All firestopping materials shall be free of asbestos, lead, PCB's, and other materials that would require hazardous waste removal.
- C. Firestopping shall be flexible to allow for normal penetrating item movement due to expansion and contraction.
 - Firestopping systems for plumbing and wet pipe sprinkler piping shall be moisture resistant.
- E. Provide firestopping systems capable of supporting floor loads where systems are exposed to possible floor loading or traffic.
- F. Provide firestopping systems allowing continuous insulation for all insulated pipes.
- G. Provide firestopping systems classified by UL or listed by Warnock Hersey for penetrations through all fire rated construction. Firestopping systems shall be selected from the UL or listed by Warnock Hersey Fire Resistance Directory Category XHEZ based on substrate construction and penetrating item size and material and shall fall within the range of numbers listed:

1 2 3		1.	Combustible Framed Floors and Chase Walls F Rating = Floor/Wall Rating T Rating = Floor/Wall Rating	- 1 or 2 Hour Rated
			Penetrating Item	UL System No.
			No Penetrating Item Metallic Pipe or Conduit Non-Metallic Pipe or Conduit Electrical Cables Cable Trays Insulated Pipes Bus Duct and Misc. Electrical Duct without Damper and Misc. Mechanical Multiple Penetrations	FC 0000-0999* FC 1000-1999 FC 2000-2999 FC 3000-3999 FC 4000-4999 FC 5000-5999 FC 6000-6999 FC 7000-7999 FC 8000-8999
4 5 6		2.	Non-Combustible Framed Walls - 1 or 2 Hour F Rating = Wall Rating T Rating = 0	
			Penetrating Item	UL System No.
			No Penetrating Item Metallic Pipe or Conduit Non-Metallic Pipe or Conduit Electrical Cables Cable Trays Insulated Pipes Bus Duct and Misc. Electrical Duct without Damper and Misc. Mechanical Multiple Penetrations	WL 0000-0999* WL 1000-1999 WL 2000-2999 WL 3000-3999 WL 4000-4999 WL 5000-5999 WL 6000-6999 WL 7000-7999 WL 8000-8999
7 8 9		3.	Concrete or Masonry Floors and Walls - 1 or 2 F Rating = Wall/Floor Rating T Rating (Floors) = Floor Rating	2 Hour Rated
			Penetrating Item	UL System No.
			No Penetrating Item Metallic Pipe or Conduit Non-Metallic Pipe or Conduit Electrical Cables Cable Trays Insulated Pipes Bus Duct and Misc. Electrical Duct without Damper and Misc. Mechanical Multiple Penetrations	CAJ 0000-0999* CAJ 1000-1999 CAJ 2000-2999 CAJ 3000-3999 CAJ 4000-4999 CAJ 5000-5999 CAJ 6000-6999 CAJ 7000-7999 CAJ 8000-8999
10 11			*Alternate method of firestopping is patching construction.	ppening to match original rated
12 13	H.		pening in walls or floors not covered by the list nated with the firestopping manufacturer.	ed series of numbers shall be

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1 I. Any openings in floors or walls not described in the UL or listed by Warnock Hersey
2 Fire Resistance Directory, or outlined in manufacturer's information shall be sealed
3 in a manner agreed upon by the Firestopping Manufacturer, Owner, and the
4 Authority Having Jurisdiction.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

6 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Ensure all surfaces that contact seal materials are free of dirt, dust, grease, oil, rust, or loose materials. Clean and repair surfaces as required. Remove laitance and form-release agents from concrete.
- B. Ensure substrate and penetrating items have been permanently installed prior to installing firestopping systems. Ensure penetrating items have been properly spaced and have proper clearance prior to installing firestopping systems.
- C. Surfaces to which sealing materials are to be installed must meet the selected UL or Warnock Hersey system substrate criteria.
- D. Prime substrates where recommended in writing by through-penetration firestop system manufacturer. Confine primer to area of bond.

17 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. In existing construction, provide firestopping of openings prior to and after installation of penetrating items. Remove any existing coatings on surfaces prior to firestopping installation. Temporary firestopping shall consist of packing openings with fire resistant mineral wool for the full thickness of substrate, or an alternate method approved by the Authority Having Jurisdiction. All openings shall be temporarily firestopped immediately upon their installation and shall remain so until the permanent UL or listed by Warnock Hersey listed firestopping system is installed.
- B. Install penetration seal materials in accordance with printed instructions of the UL or Warnock Hersey Fire Resistance Directory and with the manufacturer's printed application instructions.
- C. Install dams as required to properly contain firestopping materials within openings and as required to achieve required fire resistance rating. Remove combustible damming after appropriate curing.

32 3.3 CLEANING AND PROTECTING

- A. Clean excess fill materials adjacent to openings as Work progresses by methods and with cleaning materials that are approved in writing by through-penetration firestop system manufacturers and that do not cause damage.
- B. Provide final protection and maintain conditions during and after installation that ensure that through-penetration firestop systems are without damage or deterioration at time of Substantial Completion. If, despite such protection, damage or deterioration occurs, remove damaged or deteriorated through-penetration firestop systems immediately and install new materials to produce systems complying with specified requirements.

3.4 INSPECTION

- A. Access to firestop systems shall be maintained for examination by the Authority Having Jurisdiction at their request.
 - B. Proceed with enclosing through-penetration firestop system with other construction only after inspection reports are issued and firestop installations comply with requirements.
 - C. The contractor shall allow for visual destructive review of 5% of installed firestop systems (minimum of one) to prove compliance with specifications and manufacturer's instructions and details. Destructive system removal shall be performed by the contractor and witnessed by the engineer and manufacturer's factory representative. The engineer shall have sole discretion of which firestop system installations will be reviewed. The contractor is responsible for all costs associated with this requirement including labor and material for removing and replacing the installed firestop system. If any firestop system is found to not be installed per manufacturer's specific instructions and details, all firestop systems are subject to destructive review and replacement at the engineer's discretion and the contractor's expense.

18 END OF SECTION

1 SECTION 28 05 26 - ELECTRONIC SAFETY AND SECURITY SYSTEM

2 BONDING

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4	1.1	SECTION INCLUDES
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- 5 A. Bonding Conductors
- 6 B. Bonding Connectors

7 1.2 RELATED WORK

- 8 A. Section 26 05 33 Conduit
- 9 B. Section 26 05 13 Wire and Cable
- 10 C. Section 26 05 26 Grounding and Bonding
- 11 D. Section 28 05 00 Basic Electronic Safety and Security Systems Requirements
- E. Section 28 05 03 Through Penetration Firestopping

13 1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Refer to Section 28 05 00 for relevant standards.
- B. Communications bonding system component, device, equipment, and material manufacturer(s) shall have a minimum of five (5) years documented experience in the manufacture of communications bonding products.
- The entire installation shall comply with all applicable electrical codes, safety codes, and standards. All applicable components, devices, equipment, and material shall be listed by Underwriters' Laboratories, Inc.

21 1.4 REFERENCES

- A. ANSI/IEEE 1100 Recommended Practice for Power and Grounding Sensitive Electronic Equipment in Industrial and Commercial Power Systems
- B. ANSI-J-STD-607-A Commercial Building Grounding (Earthing) and Bonding Requirements for Telecommunications
- C. IEEE 81 IEEE Guide for Measuring Earth Resistivity, Ground Impedance, and Earth Surface Potentials of a Ground System Part 1: Normal Measurements
- D. IEEE 837 IEEE Standard for Qualifying Permanent Connections Used in Substation Grounding
- 30 E. NFPA 70 National Electrical Code
- F. UL 467 Grounding and Bonding Equipment

32 1.5 SUBMITTALS

A. Submit product data and shop drawings under provisions of Section 28 05 00 and Division 1.

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- B. Provide manufacturer's technical product specification sheet for each individual component type. Submitted data shall show the following:
 - Compliance with each requirement of these documents. The submittal shall acknowledge each requirement of this section, item-by-item, including construction, materials, ratings, and all other parameters identified in Part 2 - Products.
 - Manufacturer's installation instructions indicating application conditions and limitations of use stipulated by product testing agency. Include instructions for storage, handling, protection, examination, preparation, installation, and starting of product.
 - C. Provide CAD-generated, project-specific system shop drawings as follows:
 - 1. Provide a system block diagram indicating system configuration, system components, interconnection between components, and conductor routing. The diagram shall clearly indicate all wiring and connections required in the system. When multiple devices or pieces of equipment are required in the exact same configuration (e.g., multiple identical equipment racks or sections of ladder tray), the diagram may show one device and refer to the others as "typical" of the device shown. The diagram shall list room numbers where system equipment will be located.
 - 2. Installation details for all system components.
 - Provide system checkout test procedure to be performed at acceptance.
- 22 1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING
- A. Deliver products to the site under the provisions of Section 28 05 00.
- B. Store and protect products under the provisions of Section 28 05 00.
- C. Contractor shall exercise care to prevent corrosion of any products prior to installation. Corroded products shall not be acceptable for use on this project.

27 1.7 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

- A. This section describes the requirements for the furnishing, installation, adjusting, and testing of additional components and conductors added to an existing bonding system, including connection to the electrical ground grid.
- B. Performance Statement: This specification section and the accompanying drawings are performance based, describing the minimum material quality, required features, operational requirements, and performance of the system. These documents do not convey every wire that must be installed, every equipment connection that must be made, or every feature and function that must be configured. Based on the equipment constraints described and the performance required of the system as presented in these documents, the Contractor is solely responsible for determining all components, devices, equipment, wiring, connections, and terminations required for a complete and operational system that provides the required performance.
- C. This document describes the major components of the system. All additional hardware, subassemblies, supporting equipment, and other miscellaneous equipment required for complete, proper system installation and operation shall be provided by the Contractor.

1. A complete communications bonding infrastructure is reproject. Refer to the drawings and the requirements of AN and NFPA 70 for complete information. 2. The bonding system shall include, but not be limited to, the components: 3. Bonding Conductor for Telecommunications (BCT) 4. Bonding Conductor for Telecommunications (BCT) 5. Telecommunications Main Grounding Busbar (TMGE) 6. Telecommunications Bonding Backbone (TBB) 7. C. Telecommunications Grounding Busbar (TMGE) 8. Telecommunications Grounding Busbar (S) (TGB) 9. Rack mount Telecommunications Grounding Busbar 10. Bonding Conductor(s) (BC) 11. Bonding Connectors 12. This project will add new bonding devices and conductors bonding system as necessary to provide bonding and grounding system as necessary to provide bonding system syst	
components: a. Bonding Conductor for Telecommunications (BCT) b. Telecommunications Main Grounding Busbar (TMGE) c. Telecommunications Bonding Backbone (TBB) d. Telecommunications Grounding Busbar(s) (TGB) e. Rack mount Telecommunications Grounding Busbar f. Bonding Conductor(s) (BC) g. Bonding Connectors This project will add new bonding devices and conductors bonding system as necessary to provide bonding and grounding and grounding system.	
b. Telecommunications Main Grounding Busbar (TMGE) c. Telecommunications Bonding Backbone (TBB) d. Telecommunications Grounding Busbar(s) (TGB) e. Rack mount Telecommunications Grounding Busbar f. Bonding Conductor(s) (BC) g. Bonding Connectors This project will add new bonding devices and conductors bonding system as necessary to provide bonding and grounding and grounding busbar (TMGE) to the project will add new bonding devices and conductors bonding system as necessary to provide bonding and grounding systems.	e following majo
bonding system as necessary to provide bonding and gro	,
systems devices and equipment installed as part of this projection.	ounding for new
17 1.8 PROJECT RECORD DOCUMENTS	
A. Submit documents under the provisions of Section 28 05 00.	
B. Provide final system block diagram showing any deviations from drawing submittal.	approved shop
C. Provide floor plans that document the following:	
1. Actual locations of system components, devices, and equipm 2. Actual conductor routing. 2. Actual system component, device, equipment, and conducto	
D. Provide statement that system checkout test, as outlined in the drawing submittal, is complete and test results were satisfactory.	approved shop
E. Complete all operation and maintenance manuals as described below	W.
28 1.9 OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE DATA	
29 A. Submit under provisions of Section 28 05 00.	
B. Submitted data shall include:	
1. Approved shop drawings.	
2. Descriptions of recommended system maintenance procedure	ires, including:
33 a. Inspection 34 b. Periodic preventive maintenance 35 c. Fault diagnosis 36 d. Repair or replacement of defective components	

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1 PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2 2.1 BONDING CONDUCTORS

- 3 A. Bare Copper:
- 4 1. Annealed uncoated stranded conductor.
 - Minimum size 6 AWG.
- 6 B. Insulated Copper:
- 7 1. Annealed uncoated stranded conductor.
- 8 2. Insulation:
- 9 a. PVC insulation with nylon outer jacket.
- 10 b. Rated ≥ 600 volts.
- 11 c. Green.
- 12 3. Minimum size 6 AWG.
 - C. All bonding conductors shall be listed and recognized by a nationally recognized testing laboratory as being suitable for the intended purpose and for installation in the space in which they are installed.
- 16 D. Bonding Conductor Sizing
 - All Communications bonding system conductors shall be sized by length as follows:

Length	Size
Linear ft (m)	(AWG)
Less than 13 (4)	6
14 - 20 (4 - 6)	4
21 - 26 (6 - 8)	3
27 - 33 (8 - 10)	2
34 - 41 (10 - 13)	1
42 - 52 (13 - 16)	1/0
53 - 66 (16 - 20)	2/0
Greater than 66 (20)	3/0

The BCT shall be the same size as the TBB or larger.

20 2.2 BONDING CONNECTORS

- 21 A. Acceptable Types:
- 22 1. Two-hole compression lug
- 23 2. Exothermic weld
- 24 3. Irreversible compression
- B. Connectors shall be provided in kit form and selected per manufacturer's written instructions.
- C. Connectors shall comply with IEEE 837 and UL 467 and be listed for use for specific types, sizes, and combinations of conductors and connected items.

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PART 3 - EXECUTION

2 3.1 INSTALLATION

- 3 A. General Bonding Requirements:
 - 1. The communications bonding system shall be a complete system. Contractor shall furnish and install all necessary miscellaneous components, devices, equipment, material, and hardware, including, but not limited to, lock washers, paint-piercing washers, hex nuts, compression lugs, insulators, mounting screws, lugs, etc., to provide a complete system.
 - 2. A licensed electrician shall perform all bonding.
 - 3. Comply with the manufacturer's instructions and recommendations for installation of all products.
 - B. Metallic Interior Communication Pathway Bonding Requirements:
 - 1. All metallic interior continuous communication cable pathways, including, but not limited to, conduit, conduit sleeves, fire-rated cable pathway devices, cable tray, basket tray, and ladder rack, shall be bonded to the communications bonding system.
 - C. Bonding Conductor Requirements:
 - 1. Bonding conductors shall be green or marked with a distinctive green color.
 - Bonding conductors shall be routed parallel and perpendicular to building structure along shortest and straightest paths possible. Number of bends and changes in direction should be minimized. Install and secure conductors in a manner that protects the conductors from impact and from physical or mechanical strain or damage.
 - 3. Bonding conductors shall not be installed in metallic conduit.
 - 4. All conductors, including, but not limited, to the BCT, TBB, GE(s), and BC(s), shall be installed splice-free. If the Contractor believes that site conditions do not allow a splice-free installation, the Contractor may request permission from the Architect/Engineer to splice a specific communications bonding system conductor.
 - a. Where documented permission to splice a conductor is granted:
 - 1) The number of splices shall be limited to as few as possible.
 - Splices shall be made using exothermic welding or irreversible compression-type connections only. Splice hardware shall be listed for grounding and bonding. Solder is not an acceptable means of splicing conductors.
 - Splices shall be made in telecommunications spaces in accessible locations to facilitate future inspection and maintenance.
 - 4) Splices shall be adequately supported and protected from impact and from physical or mechanical strain or damage.

5. Interior water piping is not acceptable for use as a communications bonding 2 system bonding conductor. Metallic cable shields are not acceptable for use as communications 6. 3 bonding system bonding conductors. 4 D. **Bonding Connection Requirements:** 5 1. Make all connections in accessible locations to facilitate future inspection and maintenance. 2. Communications bonding system connections shall be made using 8 exothermic welding, two-hole compression lugs, or other irreversible 9 compression-type connections. The use of 1-hole lugs is prohibited, except 10 for connections to a rack-mount telecommunications ground bar. 11 Connection hardware shall be listed for grounding and bonding. Sheet 12 metal screws shall not be used to make communications bonding system 13 connections. 14 3. Thoroughly clean conductors before installing lugs and connectors. 15 4. Install and tighten all connectors in accordance with manufacturer's 16 instructions, using the appropriate purpose-designed tool(s) recommended 17 by the manufacturer for that purpose. Exercise care not to tighten 18 connectors beyond manufacturer's recommendations. 19 5. Where necessary, remove paint and/or use paint-piercing washers to 20 provide proper electrical bond at all connections. 21 All bonding connections shall be coated in anti-oxidant joint compound that 6. 22 is purpose-designed and purpose-manufactured for that use. Anti-oxidant 23 joint compound shall be applied in accordance with manufacturer's 24 recommendations and instructions. 25 7. All installed connectors on conductors installed in damp locations shall be 26 sealed with dielectric grease and then covered with heat shrink tubing to 27 protect against moisture ingress. Applied heat shrink tubing shall overlap 28 conductor's outer jacket a minimum of four (4) inches past connector and be 29 installed in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations and 30 instructions. 31 3.2 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL 32 Field inspection and testing shall be performed under provisions of Section 33 Α. 28 05 00. 34 B. Where these specifications require a product or assembly without the use of a brand 35 or trade name, provide a product from a reputable manufacturer that meets the 36 requirements of the specifications. 37 Periodic observations will be performed during construction to verify compliance with C. 38 the requirements of the specifications. These services do not relieve the Contractor 39 of responsibility for compliance with the contract documents. 40

3.3 ADJUSTING

- A. Adjust work under provisions of Section 28 05 00.
- B. Contractor shall make any and all adjustments to the communications bonding system necessary to ensure that the installed system meets all requirements listed herein. Modifications necessary to comply with listed requirements or to provide specified performance shall be completed by the Contractor at no additional cost to the Owner.
- 8 END OF SECTION

SECTION 28 13 00 - ELECTRONIC ACCESS CONTROL

2 PART 1 - GENERAL

3	1.1	SECTION INCLUD	= Q
.3		SECTION INCLUD	-5

- 4 A. Server Hardware/Software.
- 5 B. Client Workstations.
- 6 C. Intelligent System Controllers.
- D. Operator Interface Software.
- 8 E. Application Software.
- 9 F. Graphical User Interface (GUI).
- 10 G. Readers and Credentials.
- 11 H. Interfaces and Integrations

12 1.2 RELATED WORK

- A. Section 28 05 00 Basic Electronic Safety and Security System Requirements.
- 14 B. Section 26 05 33 Conduit & Boxes
- 15 C. Section 26 05 13 Wire and Cable.
- D. Section 28 31 00 Fire Alarm and Detection Systems.

17 1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer: The manufacturer shall have a minimum of five (5) years documented experience.
- B. Installer: The installing dealer must be a factory-authorized service and support company specializing in the selected manufacturer's product, with prior experience with the selected manufacturer's system installation and programming.

23 1.4 REFERENCES

- A. NFPA 70 National Electrical Code.
- B. UL 294 Standard for Access Control Systems.

26 1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit shop drawings and product data under provisions of Section 28 05 00.
- B. Product Data Submittal: Provide manufacturer's technical product specification sheet for each individual component type. Submitted data shall show the following:
- 1. Compliance with each requirement of these documents. The submittal shall acknowledge each requirement of this section, item-by-item.
- 32 2. All component options and accessories specific to this project.
- Electrical power consumption rating and voltage including UPS sizing.
- 4. Heat generation for all power consuming devices.
- 5. Wiring requirements.

- 1 C. System Drawings: Project-specific system CAD drawings shall be provided as follows:
 - 1. Provide a system block diagram noting system components and interconnection between components. The interconnection of components shall clearly indicate all wiring required in the system. When multiple pieces of equipment are required in the exact same configuration (e.g., multiple identical controllers), the diagram may show one device and refer to the others as "typical" of the device shown. The diagram should list room numbers where each controller will be located.
 - Provide a schedule of all controllers and the doors/points each controller controls.
 - 3. Provide schedules describing each system input location by an architecturally familiar reference (e.g., Door 312A). The architectural door schedule shall be used as the basis.
- D. Submit sample format of site specific programming guides to be used for system planning/programming conference with Owner.
 - E. Submit meeting agenda for planning/programming conference required in Part 3 of this specification.
 - F. Submit detailed description of Owner training to be conducted at project end, including specific training times.
- 21 G. Quality Assurance:
 - Provide system checkout test procedure to be performed at acceptance.
 Test procedures shall include all external alarm events.

24 1.6 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

- A. This specification section describes the furnishing, installation, commissioning and programming of additional equipment added to an existing security management system.
- B. Performance Statement: This specification section and the accompanying access control-specific design documents are performance based, describing the minimum material quality, required features, and operational requirements of the system. These documents do not convey every wire that must be installed and every equipment connection that must be made. Based on the equipment constraints described and the performance required of the system as presented in these documents, the vendor and the Contractor are solely responsible for determining all wiring, programming, and miscellaneous equipment required. The Contractor shall be responsible for determining quantities of materials required for a complete and operational system. Floor plan drawings and schedules have been developed to aid the Contractor in determining device quantities and installation locations but, where discrepancies between floor plans and schedules arise, the greater number shall govern.
- C. Basic System Description: The security management system (SMS) shall provide an integrated hardware and software solution for access control and additional modules as described herein.

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1.7 LICENSING REQUIREMENTS

- A. All user licenses required for system operation shall be included in the Contractor's bid. User licenses shall include, but not be limited to, server and workstation software, network controllers, card readers, printers, badging stations, and any other licensing that is required by the manufacturer for operation of any system component.
 - 1. Licenses shall be provided on a one-to-one basis. One license shall be provided for each device requiring a license. In the event the manufacturer requires the purchase of a block of licenses, the minimum standard licensing package to support all devices shall be provided.
 - 2. The system described herein is an extension of an existing Vykon system. All licensing shall be new for each installed device. The Contractor shall not use any of the Owner's existing (spare) licenses for any new components.

14 1.8 PROJECT RECORD DOCUMENTS

- A. Submit documents under the provisions of Section 28 05 00.
- B. Provide final system block diagram showing any deviations from shop drawing submittal.
- C. Provide statement that system checkout test, as outlined in the shop drawing submittal, is complete and satisfactory.
 - D. Provide schedules documenting:
- 1. Controller installation locations including specific door numbers being controlled.
 - All terminal block wiring, including cable numbers.
- 24 E. Warranty: Submit written warranty and complete all Owner registration forms.
 - F. Complete all operation and maintenance manuals as described below.

26 1.9 OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE DATA

- A. Submit documents under the provisions of Section 28 05 00.
 - B. Manuals: Final copies of the manuals shall be delivered within 14 days after completing the installation test. Each manual's contents shall be identified on the cover. The manual shall include names, addresses, and telephone numbers of the contractor responsible for the installation and maintenance of the system and the factory representatives for each item of equipment for each system. The manuals shall have a table of contents and labeled sections. The final copies delivered after completion of the installation test shall include all modifications made during installation, checkout, and acceptance testing. Manuals shall be submitted in both hardcopy and electronic format. The manuals shall consist of the following:
 - 1. Functional Design Manual: The functional design manual shall identify the operational requirements for the system and explain the theory of operation, design philosophy, and specific functions. A description of hardware and software functions, interfaces, and requirements shall be included.

1 2			2.	including:
3 4 5 6 7 8				 a. General description and specifications. b. Installation and check out procedures. c. Equipment layout and electrical schematics to the component level. d. System layout drawings and schematics. e. Alignment and calibration procedures. f. Manufacturers repair parts list indicating sources of supply.
9 10 11			3.	Software Manual: The software manual shall describe the functions of all software and shall include all other information necessary to enable proper loading, testing, and operation. The manual shall include:
12 13 14 15 16				 a. Definition of terms and functions. b. System use and application software. c. Initializations, startup, and shutdown. d. Reports generation. e. Details on forms customization and field parameters.
17 18			4.	Operator's Manual: The operators manual shall fully explain all procedures and instructions for the operation of the system including:
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28				 a. Computers and peripherals. b. System startup and shut down procedures. c. Use of system, command, and applications software. d. Recovery and restart procedures. e. Graphic alarm presentation. f. Use of report generator and generation of reports. g. Data entry. h. Operator commands. i. Alarm messages and reprinting formats. j. System permissions functions and requirements.
29 30 31 32			5.	Maintenance Manual: The maintenance manual shall include descriptions of maintenance for all equipment including inspection, periodic preventive maintenance, fault diagnosis, and repair or replacement of defective components.
33	1.10	WARF	RANTY	
34 35		A.		s otherwise noted, provide warranty for one (1) year after Date of Substantial etion for all materials and labor.
36	PART	2 - PRC	DUCTS	
37	2.1	ELEC	TRONIC	ACCESS CONTROL SYSTEM MANUFACTURERS
38		A.	Vykon	
39	2.2	SERV	ER HAR	DWARE/SOFTWARE
40		A.	Existin	g to remain.

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1 2.3 CLIENT WORKSTATIONS

- 2 A. Existing to remain.
- 3 2.4 INTELLIGENT SYSTEM CONTROLLERS (ISC)
- 4 A. Controllers shall be native 10/100/1000 BaseT, Ethernet devices.
- B. The controllers shall be a distributed architecture with full peer-to-peer networking capability. Master/Slave controller configurations are not acceptable. All controllers in the system shall be capable of operating in a standalone mode if communication is lost with the server or main controller (if used). In no case shall a controller depend on communication with an upstream controller for proper standalone operation.
 - C. The communications bus shall be supervised for wiring integrity. If a communication failure is detected, the system shall report the loss. All controllers unable to receive communication shall operate as standalone devices including grant/deny decisions, complete with event buffers. All events shall be uploaded to the server upon restoration of communications.
- D. Controllers shall be AES 128-bit symmetrical block encryption devices conforming to FIPS-197.
- 18 E. Controllers shall support SHA-1 authentication security.
- F. The controllers shall utilize flash memory or similar technology, allowing program updates to be downloaded from the server. Program storage shall be in ROM.
- 21 G. Controllers shall have internal battery backup with four (4) hour minimum capacity.
- H. The controllers shall have the capacity for 15,000 cardholders and 45,000 transactions. All access decisions involving these cardholders shall be made at the lowest controller level without communication to the server.
- I. The controllers shall have the following functionality:
 - 32-bit microprocessor controlled.
- 27 2. Handle all non-host related access control monitoring and decision making.
- 28 3. Provide for local, internal input/output linking.
- Reporting of transactions and status information to the server.
 - 5. Interface with standard reader technologies without special interface hardware, additional logic panels or other integrators. Supported technologies shall include:
 - a. 13.56 MHz Contactless Smart (e.g., iClass) (with or without biometrics or keypad).
 - b. 13.56 MHz Multi-technology Smart.
 - c. Proximity (with or without keypad).
 - d. Magnetic Stripe (with or without keypad).
 - e. Wiegand.
 - f. Bar Code.
 - g. Keypad.
- h. Biometric (with Wiegand output).

1 2	6.		ntroller, or each controller card (if more than one card is provided in a er cabinet) shall support at a minimum:					
3 4 5 6		a. b. c. d.	Two readers. Four door status switches (supervised). Two request-to-exit devices (supervised). Outputs to operate two sets of electrified door hardware.					
7	7.	Input C	ontrol M	lodule (I	CM):			
8 9 10 11 12		a.	alarm condition	The Input Control Module shall provide UL 1076 Grade B, A or AA alarm input zones and monitor/report line fault conditions, alarm conditions, power faults and tampers. Status LEDs shall provide information about the alarm zone inputs, cabinet tamper, and power fault.				
13			1)	In addi	tion, the ICM shall incorporate the following features:			
14				a)	UL 294 listed.			
15 16				b)	Automatic alarm contact status scanning at not less than 1/10th of a second per zone.			
17 18				c)	Electronic assignment of unit addresses and communications speed.			
19 20				d)	Elevator control support for number of floors shown on the drawings.			
21				e)	Line supervision.			
22				f)	Noise rejection filtering to prevent false alarms.			
23 24		b.	The SM Module		I provide the following options for the Input Control			
25 26			1)		Masking: The ability to mask the alarm input on a ne basis.			
27 28 29			2)		Linkage: The ability to locally link outputs with inputs attached to the same ICM/Output Control Module			
30 31			3)		e Output: The ability to activate an output tied to the CM on a time zone basis.			
32 33			4)	Activate always	e Output Always: The ability to activate an output			
34 35 36 37			5)	amoun	uration of Debounce Times: The ability to control the t of time that an input state change must remain ent in order for it to be considered a real change of			
38 39 40			6)		uration of Hold Times: When configuring an Alarm a hold-time setting shall be settable from 0-15 ls.			

1 2				7)		point: The ability to configure an input as a ated stop on one or more guard tours.
3 4				8)		ised Input: The ability to specify if a specific alarm on the ICM is a supervised or unsupervised contact.
5 6				9)		xit Delay: The ability to set up entry/exit delays for hat are attached to any ICM. This shall include:
7					a)	Non-Latched Entry: When an input activates, the
8					u,	alarm will not be reported until the Entry delay
9						expires. If the input is still active when the entry
10						delay expires, the alarm will be reported. If the input
11						is not active when the entry delay expires, then the
12						alarm will not report.
13					b)	Latched Entry: When an input activates, the alarm
14						will not be reported until the Entry delay expires. If
15						the input is still active when the entry delay expires
16						AND the alarm has NOT BEEN MASKED, the
17						alarm will be reported. If the input has been masked
18						when the entry delay expires, then the alarm will not
19						report.
20					c)	Exit Delay: When an input activates, the alarm will
21						not be reported (operates as if masked) until the
22						Exit delay expires. If the input is still active when the
23						exit delay expires, the alarm will be reported. If the
24						input is not active when the exit delay expires, the
25						alarm will not be reported.
26		8.	Output	Control	Module	(OCM):
27			a.	The Ou	utput Co	ntrol Module(s) shall provide Form-C relay contacts
28						ing. The relays shall be configurable for fail-safe or
29						eration. Each relay shall support "On" "Off" and
30				"Pulse."	,	
31				1)	Onboa	rd termination jumpers.
32				2)	Selecta	ble addressing.
33				3)	Status	LEDs for communication to the host, heartbeat and
34				,	relay st	·
				4)	-	a control commant for according a file control control of
35				4)		or control, support for number of floors shown on the
36					drawing	J S.
37	J.	All con	troller ca	abinets s	shall be	provided with a key lockable door, all keyed alike.
38						ervised with a tamper switch input, alarming at the
39		worksta			·	
40 41	K.			interna		cabinet shall provide all necessary power for the
				1		

1 2 3 4 5		L.	specifi configu Vendo	Controllers are <u>NOT</u> shown on the plans. Refer to the installation section of this specification for allowable controller mounting locations. The required number and configuration of controllers required is the responsibility of the Contractor and SMS Vendor, based on the inherent characteristics of each product line and the restrictions described in this document.					
6	2.5	OPER	ATOR II	NTERFACE SOFTWARE					
7		A.	Existin	g to remain.					
8	2.6	APPLI	CATION	ISOFTWARE					
9		A.	Existin	g to remain.					
10	2.7	READ	ADERS						
11		A.	Proxim	nity Readers: Operable at 125 kHz, FCC Certified, 26-bit H10301 format.					
12 13			1.	Provide with a multi-colored LED and audible device, which shall change state on presentation of a valid proximity card.					
14			2.	All readers shall perform an internal self-diagnostic procedure at power-up.					
15			3.	Provide tamper switch for notification to the system of reader tampering.					
16 17 18			4.	Readers shall employ compensation circuitry or other process that allows it to be mounted directly to metal surfaces. The reader shall be immune to metallic distortion from keys, coins and other metallic objects.					
19			5.	Operating Range: -22°F to 150°F.					
20 21			6.	Provide all necessary backboxes and mounting brackets required for installation of the reader where shown on the plans.					
22			7.	Range: Read range of 5" to 9" standard.					
23 24			8.	Readers shall be constructed in a weatherproof Lexan or polycarbonate housing suitable for indoor or outdoor use.					
25			9.	Readers shall be provided with a lifetime warranty.					
26	2.8	CRED	ENTIAL	S					

A. By Owner.

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28 2.9 ELECTRONIC ACCESS CONTROL SYSTEM CABLE

- A. All Electronic Access Control System cable shall meet or exceed published minimum requirements identified by equipment, device, material, and hardware manufacturers. Where manufacturer's published minimum hardware requirements differ from those listed in the project documents, the more stringent performance requirement shall govern.
- B. Cabling shall be plenum rated when installed outside of conduit in plenum ceilings.

1	C.	Creder	ntial Reader Cable				
2		1.	18 AW	G, 9 conductor shielded with drain wire			
3			a.	Conductor Type: Bare copper, stranded			
4			b.	Voltage Capacity: ≥ 300 volts RMS			
5			C.	Current Capacity: ≥ 3.5 amps per conductor			
6			d.	Nominal Conductor DC Resistance: ≤ 0.0065 Ohms/ft			
7 8			e.	Nom. Capacitance, Conductor to Other Conductor and Shield: \leq 30 pF/ft			
9			f.	Jacket: CMP			
10		2.	Basis o	f Design: Belden 6307FE			
11	D.	Electrif	ied Lock	ing Hardware Cable			
12		1.	14 AW	G, 2conductor			
13			a.	Conductor Type: Bare copper, stranded			
14			b.	Voltage Capacity: ≥ 150 volts RMS			
15			C.	Current Capacity: ≥ 8 amps per conductor			
16			d.	Nominal Conductor DC Resistance: ≤ 0.0027 Ohms/ft			
17			e.	Nom. Capacitance, Conductor to Other Conductor: ≤ 36 pF/ft			
18			f.	Jacket: CMP			
19		2.	Basis o	f Design: Belden 6100UE			
20	E.	Magne	tic Bond	Sensor Cable			
21		1.	18 AW	G, 2 conductor			
22			a.	Conductor Type: Bare copper, stranded			
23			b.	Voltage Capacity: ≥ 300 volts RMS			
24			C.	Current Capacity: ≥ 5 amps per conductor			
25			d.	Nominal Conductor DC Resistance: ≤ 0.0065 Ohms/ft			
26			e.	Nom. Capacitance, Conductor to Other Conductor: ≤ 30 pF/ft			
27			f.	Jacket: CMP			
28		2.	Basis o	f Design: Belden 6300UE			

1	F.	Door F	Position Sensor Cable			
2		1.	18 AW	/G, 2 conductor		
3			a.	Conductor Type: Bare copper, stranded		
4			b.	Voltage Capacity: ≥ 300 volts RMS		
5			C.	Current Capacity: ≥ 5 amps per conductor		
6			d.	Nominal Conductor DC Resistance: ≤ 0.0065 Ohms/ft		
7			e.	Nom. Capacitance, Conductor to Other Conductor: ≤ 30 pF/ft		
8			f.	Jacket: CMP		
9		2.	Basis	of Design: Belden 6300UE		
10	G.	Key S	witch Ca	ble		
11		1.	18 AW	/G, 6 conductor		
12			a.	Conductor Type: Bare copper, stranded		
13			b.	Voltage Capacity: ≥ 300 volts RMS		
14			C.	Current Capacity: ≥ 3.5 amps per conductor		
15			d.	Nominal Conductor DC Resistance: ≤ 0.0065 Ohms/ft		
16			e.	Nom. Capacitance, Conductor to Other Conductor: ≤ 30 pF/ft		
17			f.	Jacket: CMP		
18		2.	Basis	of Design: Belden 6304UE		
19	H.	Key S	witch Ca	ble		
20		1.	18 AW	/G, 4 conductor		
21			a.	Conductor Type: Bare copper, stranded		
22			b.	Voltage Capacity: ≥ 300 volts RMS		
23			C.	Current Capacity: ≥ 3.5 amps per conductor		
24			d.	Nominal Conductor DC Resistance: ≤ 0.0065 Ohms/ft		
25			e.	Nom. Capacitance, Conductor to Other Conductor: ≤ 30 pF/ft		
26			f.	Jacket: CMP		
27		2.	Basis	of Design: Belden 6302UE		
28	l.	Nurse	Call Re	ay Integration Cable		
29		1.	18 AW	/G, 2 conductor		
30			a.	Conductor Type: Bare copper, stranded		

1				b.	Voltage Capacity: ≥ 300 volts RMS			
2				C.	Current Capacity: ≥ 5 amps per conductor			
3				d.	Nominal Conductor DC Resistance: ≤ 0.0065 Ohms/ft			
4				e.	Nom. Capacitance, Conductor to Other Conductor: ≤ 30 pF/ft			
5				f.	Jacket: CMP			
6			2.	Basis o	of Design: Belden 6300UE			
7		J.	Ethern	et Cable				
8			1.	18 AW	G, 2 conductor			
9				a.	EIA/TIA Category: Category 6			
10				b.	Jacket: CMP			
11			2.	Basis o	of Design: Belden 7882A			
12	2.10	COND	UIT	JIT				
13 14		A.		All conduit for Electronic Access Control System cabling shall be a minimum of 1/2" trade size.				
15		B.	Flexible	Flexible conduit shall not be installed for Electronic Access Control System cabling.				
16		C.	Refer t	Refer to Specification Section 26 05 33 for additional requirements.				
17	2.11	INTER	FACES	AND IN	TEGRATIONS			
18		A.	Nurse	Call.				
19 20 21 22			1.	. Electronic Access Control system shall provide a unique, dedicated supervised relay output to a unique, dedicated supervised relay input on the Owner's existing Rauland Nurse Call system for each door listed in the Access Control Schedule on the project documents.				
23			2.	Refer t	o Part 3 of this Specification Section for additional information.			
24		B.	Fire Ala	Fire Alarm				
25 26 27			1.	locking	ssable Fire Alarm system relays shall be installed in-line in electrified hardware circuits to interrupt power to locking hardware and unlock led doors in the event of a fire alarm.			

PART 3 - EXECUTION

29 3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with the manufacturer's instructions and recommendations for installation of all products.
- B. Provide all system wiring between all components as directed by the manufacturer.

1 2 3 4 5		C.	indicate coordir Engine	rk controllers shall be installed adjacent to existing system equipment, as ed on the plans. Mount controllers to the structural walls, in a location nated with other utilities. Coordinate exact location with Owner and KJWW tering prior to installation. Provide +120 VAC emergency power circuit to the lers using #12 AWG wiring from the nearest panelboard.				
6 7		D.		all readers where shown on plans in accordance with Americans with ities Act (ADA) requirements.				
8 9 10 11 12		E.	interface Call. T The fin	ontractor shall be required to provide all cabling and hardware required for the cing of the access control system to other building systems, such as Nurse his Contractor shall provide wiring up to the location of the remote system. It is all terminations to remote system shall be made by the Contractor designated responsible party for that system.				
13 14		F.		e all server and workstation programming and configuration to integrate new s into existing system.				
15 16		G.		voltage security shall be routed and supported separately from all other mmunications cabling.				
17		H.	Cabling	g shall be plenum rated when installed outside of conduit in plenum ceilings.				
18	3.2	KEY S	WITCHE	VITCHES				
19 20 21		A.	configu	Configure and program Electronic Access Control system to facilitate automatic configuration of system-controlled doors in project areas for either one 16-bed unit operation or two 8-bed unit operation via key switches.				
22 23		B.		Desired mode of operation shall be user-selectable via mortise cylinder key switches in locations indicated on floor plans.				
24 25			1.	Key switches shall incorporate labeled LED indicator lights to continuously indicate selected mode of operation.				
26 27			2.	One LED indicator light shall be labeled, "One 16-Bed Unit" and the other shall be labeled, "Two 8-Bed Units".				
28 29			3.	System shall be configured and programmed such that the indicator lights accurately follow and annuciate the active mode of operation in real-time.				
30		C.	Modes	Modes of Operation				
31			1.	One 16-Bed Unit				
32 33 34 35 36 37 38				a. In one 16-bed configuration, the outer set of interior unit double doors will be locked, and the two inner sets of interior unit double doors and the set of interior unit double doors in the dining areas will all be unlocked. Exterior unit patio doors will all be unlocked. Alarm-free travel through locked doors will be facilitated by credential readers. All locked doors will be unlocked in the event of a fire alarm.				

1			2.	Two 8-Bed Units
2 3 4 5 6				a. In two 8-bed configuration, all unit doors will be locked except the outer set of interior unit double doors. Exterior unit patio doors wil all be unlocked. Alarm-free travel through locked doors will be facilitated by credential readers. All locked doors will be unlocked in the event of a fire alarm.
7	3.3	KEY C	VERRIE	DE SWITCHES
8 9 10		A.	associ	ure and wire switches to interrupt power to electrified locking hardware at the ated door, to allow key-facilitated passage through the doorways in the even emergency.
11 12		B.		ure and wire indicator lights to follow and annunciate whether the switch is pting power to the electrified locking hardware at the door.
13	3.4	INTER	RFACES	AND INTEGRATIONS
14		A.	Nurse	Call.
15 16 17 18			1.	Provide a unique dedicated supervised relay output from the Electronic Access Control system to a unique, dedicated supervised relay input on the Owner's existing Rauland Nurse Call system for each door listed in the Access Control Schedule on the project documents.
19 20 21 22			2.	These relay connections shall be configured and programmed within both systems to provide a unique door alarm notification for each door listed in the Access Control Schedule on the project documents, to be annunciated on the Owner's existing Ascom Nurse Call system wireless handsets.
23 24			3.	Alarm notification shall be initiated via door position and magnetic bond sensor inputs on the electronic Access Control system.
25 26			4.	Alarm notification on handsets shall include a unique door identifier to direc staff to the door in alarm.
27 28 29 30 31			5.	All wiring, terminations, equipment, modules, accessories, configuration programming, and testing necessary for both the Electronic Access Contro system and the Nurse Call system to provide and complete this integration and make it completely ready for operation shall be provided by This Contractor.
32		B.	Fire Al	arm
33 34 35			1.	Addressable Fire Alarm system relays shall be installed in-line in electrified locking hardware circuits to interrupt power to locking hardware and unlock controlled doors in the event of a fire alarm.
36	3.5	EIEI D	ΟΠΔΙ ΙΤ	TY CONTROL

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Where these specifications require a product or assembly without the use of a brand or trade name, provide a product that meets the requirements of the specifications, A. as supplied and warranted by the system vendor. If the product or assembly is not available from the system vendor, provide product or assembly as recommended by the system vendor.

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B. Periodic observations will be performed during construction to verify compliance with the requirements of the specifications. These services do not relieve the Contractor of responsibility for compliance with the Contract Documents.

4 3.6 MANUFACTURER'S FIELD SERVICES

- A. Installation shall be performed by a factory-trained and certified Contractor Installer.
- B. The Installer shall provide a comprehensive, site-specific customer planning guide for the system. The installer shall conduct a conference with the Owner prior to any installation to discuss the programming options of the system and the planning guide. The result of this planning guide shall be the determination of the system access policies for each point.
- C. The Installer shall include labor for all planning and all programming activities required to implement the Owner's access policies for each system point. Any software programmable access policy, within the bounds of the hardware specified, shall be included.
 - D. It shall be the responsibility of the Contractor/Installer to provide a complete, functional system as described by the design documents. These responsibilities include:
 - 1. Complete hardware setup, installation, wiring and software configuration of the system server, all workstations and all peripheral hardware.
 - 2. Complete programming of all operator software in accordance with the Owner's access policies determined by the planning guide conference.
 - 3. Configuration of the Windows 2003 server network software for operation of the system. Templates shall be established representative of all user access right levels.
 - 4. Programming of all custom graphic GUI screens including devices.
 - Complete system diagnostic verification.
- E. The SMS Installation Contractor shall be present at two (2) two-hour meetings at the project site to coordinate all door hardware requirements with the door hardware vendor.

30 3.7 SYSTEM ACCEPTANCE

- A. The SMS Vendor shall submit for review a formal acceptance and system checkout program. The system checkout procedures shall include all system components and software, including but not limited to all system computers, field controllers, card reader devices, biometric readers and remote system interfaces. The Contractor shall perform the tests and document all results under the supervision of the manufacturer's systems engineer.
- B. All operational scenarios, as defined by the customer planning guide, shall be tested to simulate the actual use of the system in the normal operating environment. The successful completion of these operational scenarios shall be documented.

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3.8

SYSTEM DOCUMENTATION

2 3	A.	Compl describ	ete documentation shall be provided for the system. The documentation shall be:
4		1.	All operational parameters of the system.
5		2.	Complete documentation of programming and access policies.
6		3.	All data sets.
7		4.	Complete operating instructions for all hardware and software.
8	B.	The fo	llowing sections shall be provided in the system documentation:
9 10 11		1.	System Administrator Manual: Provides an overview and a step-by-step guide and instructions detailing all system administrator responsibilities and functions.

- 2. User Manual: A step-by-step guide and instructions detailing all system user functions.
- 3. Alarm Monitoring Manual: A step-by-step guide and instructions detailing all alarm monitoring system functions and responsibilities.
- 4. Technical Maintenance Manual: A comprehensive document providing all maintenance actions, system testing schedules, troubleshooting flowcharts, functional system layout, wiring diagrams, block diagrams and schematic diagrams.

20 END OF SECTION

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SECTION 28 31 00 - FIRE ALARM AND DETECTION SYSTEMS

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3	1.1	SECTION INCLUDE:	9
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A. Fire alarm and detection systems

5 1.2 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer: A factory-authorized licensed electrical or security contractor with five years' experience in the design, installation and maintenance of fire alarm systems by that manufacturer.
 - B. Qualifications: The person managing/overseeing the preparation of shop drawings and the system installation/programming/testing shall be trained and certified by the system manufacturer and shall be Fire Alarm Certified by NICET, minimum Level 2. This person's name and certification number shall appear on the start-up and testing reports.

14 1.3 REFERENCES

- 15 A. NFPA 70 National Electrical Code
- 16 B. NFPA 72 National Fire Alarm and Signaling Code
- 17 C. NFPA 101 Life Safety Code

18 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit shop drawings and product data under provisions of Section 26 05 00 and as noted below.
 - Failure to comply with all of the following and all of the provisions in 26 05 00 will result in the shop drawing submittal being rejected without review.
 - 2. Failure to submit the fire alarm without all requirements fulfilled in a single comprehensive submittal will be grounds to require a complete resubmittal.
 - B. Provide product catalog data sheets as shop drawings.
 - 1. Provide a product catalog data sheet for each item shown on the General Electrical Equipment Schedule and for each piece of equipment that is not shown on the drawings, but required for the operation of the system.
 - Where a particular General Electrical Equipment Schedule item has one or more variations (such as those denoted by subscripts, etc) a separate additional product catalog data sheet shall be provided for <u>each</u> variation that requires a different part number to be ordered. The corresponding General Electrical Equipment Schedule symbol shall be shown on the top of each sheet.
 - 3. Where multiple items and options are shown on one data sheet, the part number and options of the item to be used shall be clearly denoted.
 - Submit photocopy proof of NICET certification of the person overseeing the preparation of drawings and installation/testing.

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- D. When required to comply with local or state regulatory reviews, the fire alarm submittal shall have a Professional Engineer's stamp and signature of the state in which the project is completed. NOTE: The Architect/Engineer cannot stamp and seal submittal drawings not prepared under their supervision.
- 5 1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING
- 6 A. Deliver products to site under provisions of Section 26 05 00.
- 7 B. Store and protect products under provisions of Section 26 05 00.
- 8 1.6 REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS
- 9 A. System: UL or FM Global listed.
- B. Conform to requirements of NFPA 101.
- 11 C. Conform to requirements of Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA).
- D. Conform to UL 864 Fire Alarm and UL 1076 Security.

13 1.7 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

- A. Performance Statement: This specification section and the accompanying fire alarm specific design documents describe the minimum material quality, required features, and operational requirements of the system. These documents do not convey every wire that must be installed and every equipment connection that must be made. Based on the equipment described and the performance required of the system, as presented in these documents, the Vendor and the Contractor are solely responsible for determining all wiring, programming and miscellaneous equipment required for a complete and operational system.
- B. Extending the existing fire alarm system: Provide all items, components, devices, hardware, software, programming, expansion components, conduit, wiring etc. needed to extend the existing fire alarm system. This includes but is not limited to additional power supplies, initiating devices and circuits, signaling devices and circuits, monitoring devices and circuits, auxiliary control and related devices such as, door holders and their control. The existing fire alarm system shall be extended such that the existing fire alarm system's functionality, integrity and annunciation shall be equivalent to pre-construction conditions unless noted otherwise. The functionality and integrity shall be maintained during construction.
- C. Drawings: Only device layouts and some equipment have been shown on the contract drawings. Wiring and additional equipment to make a complete and functioning system has not been shown, but shall be submitted on the shop drawings.
- 35 1.8 PROJECT RECORD DOCUMENTS
 - A. Submit documents under the provisions of Section 26 05 00.
- 37 1.9 OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE DATA
 - A. Submit data under provisions of Section 26 05 00.
- 39 B. Include operating instructions, and maintenance and repair procedures.
- 40 C. Include shop drawings as reviewed by the Architect/Engineer and the local Authority Having Jurisdiction.

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1.10 WARRANTY

- 2 A. Provide one (1) year warranty on all materials and labor from Date of Substantial Completion.
- B. Warranty requirements shall include furnishing and installing all software upgrades issued by the manufacturer during the one (1) year warranty period.

6 PART 2 - PRODUCTS

7 2.1 SIGNALING LINE CIRCUIT DEVICES

- A. Addressable Relays:
- Relay that represents an addressable control point used primarily for the control of auxiliary devices as indicated on the drawings. Contractor to provide additional slave relay(s), as required, rated for the electrical load being controlled (contractor to match voltage, amps, etc.).
- Relay shall connect directly to an SLC loop and receive power from a separate 24 VDC circuit.
 - 3. The relay shall be mounted in an enclosure located in an accessible service location as near as possible to the device(s) being controlled, unless otherwise shown on the drawings. All mounting hardware shall be provided.
 - 4. The relay shall supply 24 VDC power to the device(s) being controlled, unless otherwise indicated on the drawings.

20 2.2 WIRING

- A. Fire alarm wiring/cabling shall be furnished and installed by the Contractor in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations and pursuant to National Fire Codes. Cabling shall be UL listed and labeled as complying with NFPA 70, Article 760 for power-limited fire alarm signal service.
- B. Approved manufacturers of fire alarm cable:
- 26 1. Comtran Corp.
 - Helix/HiTemp Cables, Inc.
 - Rockbestos-Suprenant Cable Corp.
 - West Penn Wire/CDT.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 SEQUENCES OF FIRE ALARM OPERATION

A. General:

 All system output programs assigned via control-by-event equations to be activated by the particular point in alarm shall be executed, and the associated system outputs (alarm notification appliances and/or relays) shall be activated.

1		B.	Card Reader Release Sequence:				
2			1.		e alarm system shall utilize an addressable relay to open the 'hold circuitry, integral to the card access device.		
4			2.	All card	readers throughout the building shall release simultaneously.		
5	3.2	INSTAI	LLATION				
6		A.	Install system in accordance with manufacturer's instructions and referenced codes.				
7		B.	Devices:				
8			1.	Genera	ı·		
Ü				Ochora			
9 10 11 12 13				a.	All ceiling-mounted devices shall be located where shown on the reflected ceiling and floor plans. If not shown on the reflected ceiling or reflected floor drawings, the devices shall be installed in the relative locations shown on the floor drawings in a neat and uniform pattern.		
14 15 16 17				b.	All devices shall be coordinated with luminaires, diffusers, sprinkle heads, piping and other obstructions to maintain a neat and operable installation. Mounting locations and spacing shall no exceed the requirements of NFPA 72.		
18 19				C.	Where the devices are to be installed in a grid type ceiling system the detectors shall be centered in the ceiling tile.		
20 21 22 23 24 25				d.	The location of all fire alarm devices shall be coordinated with other devices mounted in the proximity. Where a conflict arises with other items or with architectural elements that will not allow the device to be mounted at the location or height shown, the Contractor shall adjust location of device so that new location meets all requirements in NFPA 72 and all applicable building codes.		
26			2.	Address	sable Relays and Monitor Modules:		
27 28 29				a.	Modules shall be located as near to the respective monitor of control devices as possible, unless otherwise indicated on the drawings.		
30 31				b.	All modules shall be mounted in or on a junction box in ar accessible location.		
32 33 34				C.	Where not visible from a floor standing position, a remote indicator shall be installed to allow inspection of the device status from a local floor standing location.		
35		C.	Wiring:				
36 37			1.		rm wiring/cabling shall be provided by the Contractor in accordance manufacturer's recommendations and pursuant to National Fire		
38				Codes.			

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drawings.

2. Wiring shall be installed in conduit from device to above accessible ceilings. 1 Exposed plenum-rated cable (FPLP) shall be used above accessible 2 ceilings supported every 4 feet or run in cable trays (if applicable) 3 maintaining a minimum of 5-inches clearance from all lighting ballasts. Fire 4 alarm cabling shall not be installed in the same bridle rings or cable trays 5 designated for the cabling of other systems. 6 7 3. All junction boxes shall be painted red with SLC and NAC circuits identified 8 on cover. Fire Alarm Power Branch Circuits: Building wiring as specified in Section 9 4. 26 05 13. 10 5. Notification Appliance Circuits shall not span floors or smoke compartments. 11 Refer to architectural drawings for smoke compartments. 12 6. Signal line circuits connecting devices shall not span floors or two-hour 13 smoke compartments. 14 7. No wiring other than that directly associated with fire alarm detection, alarm 15 or auxiliary fire protection functions shall be in fire alarm conduits. Wiring 16 splices shall be avoided to the extent possible, and if needed, they shall be 17 made only in junction boxes, and enclosed by plastic wire nut type 18 connectors. Transposing or changing color coding of wires shall not be 19 permitted. All conductors in conduit containing more than one wire shall be 20 labeled on each end, in all junction boxes, and at each device with "E-Z 21 Markers" or equivalent. Conductors in cabinets shall be carefully formed 22 and harnessed so that each drops off directly opposite to its terminal. 23 Cabinet terminals shall be numbered and coded, and no unterminated 24 conductors are permitted in cabinets or control panels. All controls, function 25 switches, etc. shall be clearly labeled on all equipment panels. 26 D. Fire Alarm Cabling Color Code: Provide circuit conductors with insulation color 27 coding as follows, or using colored tape at each conductor termination and in each 28 junction box. 29 1. Power branch circuit conductors: In accordance with Section 26 05 53. 30 2. Signaling line circuit: Overall red jacket with black and red conductors. 31 DC power supply circuit: Overall red jacket with violet and brown 3. 32 conductors. 33 4. Notification appliance circuit: Overall red jacket with blue and white 34 conductors. 35 5. Door release circuit: Gray conductors. 36 Central station trip circuit: Orange conductors. 6. 37 Central station fire alarm loop: Black and white conductors. 7. 38 39 E. Devices surface mounted in finished areas shall be mounted on surface backboxes 40 furnished by fire alarm equipment supplier. Backboxes shall be painted to match 41 device, shall be the same shape and size as the device shall not have visible knockouts. 42 F. Make conduit and wiring connections to door release devices, sprinkler flow and 43 pressure switches, sprinkler valve monitor switches, fire suppression system control 44

panels, duct analog smoke detectors and all other system devices shown or noted

on the Contract Documents or required in the manufacturer's product data and shop

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FIELD QUALITY CONTROL 3.3

- A. Field inspection and testing will be performed under provisions of Section 26 05 00. 2
- B. Test in accordance with NFPA 72, Chapter 14 and local fire department 3 requirements. Submit documentation with O & M manuals in accordance with 5 Section 14.6 of the Code.

MANUFACTURER'S FIELD SERVICES 3.4

- 7 Α. Provide manufacturer's field services under provisions of Section 26 05 00.
- Include services of certified technician to supervise installation, adjustments, final 8 B. connections, and system testing. 9
- C. Note that room numbers depicted on the architectural/engineering drawings will not necessarily reflect the actual room (signage) numbers that the Owner selects. The Contractor and fire alarm manufacturer shall coordinate the actual room numbers as 12 the Owner directs to identify each device. This list shall be a part of the floor plan record drawing to be turned in at the project closeout.

END OF SECTION 15

SECTION 31 10-00 - SITE CLEARING

PART 1 - GENERAL

RELATED DOCUMENTS

Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including Construction Documentsl and Supplementary Conditions and Division 00 & 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

SUMMARY

- 13 Protecting existing trees and plants to remain.
- 14 Removing existing trees and plants.
- 15 Clearing and grubbing.
- Disconnecting, capping or sealing, and removing site utilities.
- 17 Stripping and stockpiling topsoil.
- 18 Removing site improvements.

DEFINITIONS

Topsoil: Natural or cultivated surface soil layer containing organic matter and sand, silt, and clay particles that is friable, pervious, and reasonably free of clay lumps more than 2 inches in diameter; gravel, subsoil, weeds, roots, toxic materials, or other non-topsoil materials.

Tree Protection Zone: Area surrounding individual trees or groups of trees to be protected during construction, and defined by the drip line of individual trees or the perimeter drip line of groups of trees, unless otherwise indicated.

MATERIAL OWNERSHIP

Except for materials indicated to remain Owner's property, cleared materials will become Contractor's property and shall be removed from Project site.

PROJECT CONDITIONS

Traffic: Minimize interference with adjoining roads, streets, walks, and other adjacent occupied or used facilities during site-clearing operations.

Salvage: Carefully remove items indicated to be salvaged and store on premises in location approved by Owner.

Utility Locator Service: Notify utility locator service for area where Project is located before site clearing.

Erosion Control: Do not commence site-clearing operations until temporary erosion and sedimentation control measures are in place.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not used)

PART 3 - EXECUTION

PREPARATION

Protect and maintain benchmarks and survey control points from disturbance during construction.

Locate and clearly flag trees and vegetation to remain or to be relocated. Protect existing site improvements to remain from damage during construction. TREE PROTECTION Erect and maintain temporary fencing around tree protection zones before starting site clearing. Remove fences when construction is complete. Do not store construction materials, debris, or excavated material within fenced area. Do not permit vehicles, equipment, or foot traffic within fenced area. Maintain fenced area free of weeds and trash. Where excavation for new construction is required within tree protection zones, clear and excavate by hand methods to minimize damage to root systems. Use narrow-tine spading forks, comb soil to expose roots, and cleanly cut roots as close to excavation as possible. Cover exposed roots with burlap and water regularly. Temporarily support and protect roots from damage until they are permanently redirected and covered with soil. Coat cut faces of roots more than 1-1/2 inches in diameter with emulsified asphalt or other approved coating formulated for use on damaged plant tissues. Back-fill with soil, as soon as possible. **CLEARING AND GRUBBING** Remove obstructions, trees, shrubs, grass, and other vegetation to permit installation of new construction. Do not remove trees, shrubs, and other vegetation indicated to remain or to be relocated. Cut minor roots and branches of trees indicated to remain in a clean and careful manner where such roots and branches obstruct installation of new construction. Grind stumps and remove roots, obstructions, and debris extending to a minimum depth of 18 inches below exposed sub-grade. UTILITIES Locate, identify, disconnect, and seal or cap off utilities indicated to be removed or abandoned. Arrange with utility companies to shut off utilities as required for performance of the work. Do not interrupt utilities serving occupied facilities unless permitted under the following conditions

Notify Architect not less than two days in advance of proposed utility interruptions.

Do not proceed with utility interruptions without Architect's written permission.

Excavate for and remove underground utilities indicated to be removed.

TOPSOIL STRIPPING

Limit topsoil striping to areas required to be disturbed for Project construction. 3 Remove sod and grass before stripping topsoil. 4 Strip topsoil to depths encountered. 5 6 Stockpile topsoil materials away from edge of excavations without intermixing with subsoil. Grade 7 and shape stockpiles to drain surface water. Cover to prevent windblown dust. 8 9 Limit height of topsoil stockpiles to 72 inches. 10 11 Do not stockpile topsoil within tree protection zones. 12 13 SITE IMPROVEMENTS 14 15 Remove existing improvements as required for new construction and elsewhere as indicated. 16 17 Remove below grade construction to 12 inches below elevation required for excavation for 18 new construction or to at least 12 inches below final grade. 19 20 Neatly saw cut existing pavement at termination line before removal. Saw-cut faces 21 vertically. 22 23 Paint cut ends of steel reinforcement to remain with liquid, two-part, epoxy coating complying 24 with ASTM A 775/A 775M to prevent corrosion. 25 26 RESTORATION 27 Restore damaged improvements to their original condition. 28 29 Repair or replace trees and vegetation indicated to remain that are damaged by construction 30 operations. 31 32

Employ an arborist, licensed in jurisdiction where Project is located, to submit details of proposed repairs and to repair damage to trees and shrubs.

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Replace trees that cannot be repaired and restored to full-growth status.

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END OF SECTION

SECTION 31 20 00 - EARTH MOVING

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PART 1 - GENERAL

RELATED DOCUMENTS

Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

SUMMARY

- Preparing sub grades for slabs-on-grade, walks, pavements, lawns and grasses and exterior plants.
- 14 Excavating and backfilling for buildings and structures.
- 15 Drainage course for slabs-on-grade.
- Sub base course for concrete walks and pavements.
- 17 Sub base course for asphalt paving.
- 18 Excavating and backfilling of utility trenches.
- Excavating and backfilling trenches for buried mechanical and electrical utilities and pits for buried utility structures.

Related Sections include:

Division 31 Section "Site Clearing" for protection of existing trees indicated to remain, site clearing and grubbing, stripping and stockpiling topsoil, and removal of site improvements.

DEFINITIONS

Backfill: Soil material or controlled low-strength material used to fill an excavation.

Base Course: Course placed between the sub-base course and hot-mix asphalt paving.

Bedding Course: Course placed over the excavated sub-grade in a trench before laying pipe.

Borrow Soil: Satisfactory soil imported from off-site for use as fill or backfill.

Drainage Course: Course supporting the slab-on-grade that also minimizes upward capillary flow of pore water.

Excavation: Removal of material encountered above sub-grade elevations and to lines and dimensions indicated.

Unauthorized Excavation: Excavation below sub-grade elevations or beyond indicated lines and dimensions without direction by Architect. Unauthorized excavation, as well as remedial work directed by Architect, shall be without additional compensation.

Fill: Soil materials used to raise existing grades.

Structures: Buildings, footings, foundations, retaining walls, slabs, tanks, curbs, mechanical and electrical appurtenances, or other man-made stationary features constructed above or below the ground surface.

Sub-base Course: Course placed between the sub-grade and base course for hot-mix asphalt pavement, or course placed between the sub-grade and a cement concrete pavement or a cement concrete or hot-mix asphalt walk.

Sub-grade: Surface or elevation remaining after completing excavation, or top surface of a fill or backfill immediately below sub-base, drainage fill, or topsoil materials.

Utilities: On-site underground pipes, conduits, ducts, and cables, as well as underground services within buildings.

SUBMITTALS

Product Data: For controlled low-strength material, including design mixture.

Material Test Reports: From a qualified testing agency indicating and interpreting test results for compliance of the following with requirements indicated:

Classification according to ASTM D 2487 of each on-site and borrow soil material proposed for fill and backfill.

QUALITY ASSURANCE

Geotechnical Testing Agency Qualifications: A testing agency qualified according to ASTM E 329 to conduct soil materials testing, as documented according to ASTM D 3740 and ASTM E 548.

Pre-excavation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site to comply with requirements in Division 1 Section "Project Management and Coordination."

PROJECT CONDITIONS

Existing Utilities: Do not interrupt utilities serving facilities occupied by Owner or others unless permitted in writing by Architect and then only after arranging to provide temporary utility services according to requirements indicated.

Notify Architect not less than two days in advance of proposed utility interruptions.

Do not proceed with utility interruptions without Architect's written permission.

Contact utility-locator service for area where Project is located before excavating.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

SOIL MATERIALS

General: Provide borrow soil materials when sufficient satisfactory soil materials are not available from excavations.

Satisfactory Soils: ASTM D 2487 Soil Classification Groups GW, GP, GM, SW, SP, and SM, or a combination of these groups; free of rock or gravel larger than 3 inches in any dimension, debris, waste, frozen materials, vegetation, and other deleterious matter.

Unsatisfactory Soils: Soil Classification Groups GC, SC, CL, ML, OL, CH, MH, OH, and PT according to ASTM D 2487, or a combination of these groups.

Unsatisfactory soils also include satisfactory soils not maintained within 2 percent of optimum moisture content at time of compaction.

Sub-base Material: Approved Naturally or artificially graded mixture of natural or crushed gravel, crushed stone and natural or crushed sand; subsection 212.2 of the State of Wisconsin Department of Transportation Standard Specifications for Highway and Structure Construction, 1996 Edition; or engineered fill.

Engineered Fill: Naturally or artificially graded mixture of natural or crushed gravel, crushed stone, and natural or crushed sand; ASTM D 2940; with at least 90 percent passing a 1-1/2-inch sieve and not more than 12 percent passing a No. 200 sieve.

Bedding Course: Naturally or artificially graded mixture of natural or crushed gravel, crushed stone, and natural or crushed sand; ASTM D 2940; except with 100 percent passing a 1-inch sieve and not more than 8 percent passing a No. 200 sieve.

Drainage Fill: Narrowly graded mixture of washed crushed stone, or crushed or uncrushed gravel;
ASTM D 448; coarse-aggregate grading Size 57; with 100 percent passing a 1-1/2-inch sieve and 0 to 5 percent passing a No. 8 sieve.

CONTROLLED LOW-STRENGTH MATERIAL

Low-density, self-compacting, flowable concrete material as follows:

Portland Cement: ASTM C 150, Type I II or III.

Fly Ash: ASTM C 618, Class C or F.

Normal-Weight Aggregate: ASTM C 33, 3/8-inch nominal maximum aggregate size.

Water: ASTM C 94/C 94M.

Air-Entraining Admixture: ASTM C 260.

Compressive Strength: 80-psi when tested according to ASTM C 495.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

PREPARATION

Protect structures, utilities, sidewalks, pavements, and other facilities from damage caused by settlement, lateral movement, undermining, washout, and other hazards created by earthwork operations.

Protect and maintain erosion and sedimentation controls during earthwork operations.

Provide protective insulating materials to protect sub-grades and foundation soils against freezing temperatures or frost.

DEWATERING

Prevent surface water and ground water from entering excavations, from ponding on prepared subgrades, and from flooding Project site and surrounding area.

Protect sub-grades from softening, undermining, washout, and damage by rain or water accumulation.

Reroute surface water runoff away from excavated areas. Do not allow water to accumulate in excavations. Do not use excavated trenches as temporary drainage ditches.

EXCAVATION, GENERAL

Explosives: Do not use explosives.

Excavate to subgrade elevations. Material to be excavated will be classified as earth or rock.

Earth excavation includes excavating soil, boulders and other materials not classified as rock or unauthorized excavation.

Intermittent drilling, ram hammering or ripping of material not classified as rock excavation is earth excavation.

EXCAVATION FOR STRUCTURES

Excavate to indicated elevations and dimensions within a tolerance of plus or minus 1 inch. If applicable, extend excavations a sufficient distance from structures for placing and removing concrete formwork, for installing services and other construction, and for inspections.

Excavations for Footings and Foundations: Do not disturb bottom of excavation. Excavate by hand to final grade just before placing concrete reinforcement. Trim bottoms to required lines and grades to leave solid base to receive other work.

EXCAVATION FOR WALKS AND PAVEMENTS

Excavate surfaces under walks and pavements to indicated lines, cross sections, elevations, and sub-grades.

EXCAVATION FOR UTILITY TRENCHES

Excavate trenches to indicated gradients, lines, depths, and elevations.

Beyond building perimeter, excavate trenches to allow installation of top of pipe below frost line.

Excavate trenches to uniform widths to provide 12-inches clearance on each side of pipe or conduit. Excavate trench walls vertically from trench bottom to 12 inches higher than top of pipe or conduit, unless otherwise indicated.

Trench Bottoms: Excavate trenches 4 inches deeper than bottom of pipe elevation to allow for bedding course. Hand excavate for bell of pipe.

SUBGRADE INSPECTION

Notify Architect when excavations have reached required subgrade.

If Architect determines that unsatisfactory soil is present, continue excavation and replace with compacted backfill or fill material as directed.

Proof-roll sub-grade below the building slabs and pavements with heavy pneumatic-tired equipment to identify soft pockets and areas of excess yielding. Do not proof-roll wet or saturated sub-grades.

Completely proof-roll sub-grade in one direction, repeating proof-rolling in direction perpendicular to first direction. Limit vehicle speed to 3 mph.

Proof-roll with a loaded 10-wheel tandem-axle dump-truck weighing not less than 15 tons.

Excavate soft spots, unsatisfactory soils, and areas of excessive pumping or rutting, as determined by Architect, and replace with compacted backfill or fill as directed.

Authorized additional excavation and replacement material will be paid for according to Contract provisions for changes in the Work.

Reconstruct sub-grades damaged by freezing temperatures, frost, rain, accumulated water, or construction activities, as directed by Architect, without additional compensation.

UNAUTHORIZED EXCAVATION

Fill unauthorized excavation under foundations or wall footings by extending bottom elevation of concrete foundation or footing to excavation bottom, without altering top elevation. Lean concrete fill, with 28-day compressive strength of 2500 psi, may be used when approved by Architect.

Fill unauthorized excavations under other construction or utility pipe as directed by Architect.

STORAGE OF SOIL MATERIALS

 Stockpile borrow-soil materials and excavated satisfactory soil materials without intermixing. Place, grade, and shape stockpiles to drain surface water. Cover to prevent windblown dust.

Stockpile soil materials away from edge of excavations. Do not store within drip line of remaining trees.

FILL, GENERAL

Place fill, including back-fill, sub-base and drainage courses, on sub-grades free of mud, frost, snow, or ice.

BACKFILL

Place and compact backfill in excavations promptly, but not before completing the following:

Construction below finish grade including, where applicable, sub-drainage, damp proofing, waterproofing, and perimeter insulation.

Surveying locations of underground utilities for Record Documents.

Testing and inspecting underground utilities.

Removing concrete formwork.

Removing trash and debris.

Removing temporary shoring and bracing, and sheeting.

Installing permanent or temporary horizontal bracing on horizontally supported walls.

UTILITY TRENCH BACKFILL

Place and compact bedding course on trench bottoms and where indicated. Shape bedding course to provide continuous support for bells, joints, and barrels of pipes and for joints, fittings, and bodies of conduits.

Backfill trenches excavated under footings, up to 18 inches below bottom of footings, with satisfactory soil; fill with concrete to elevation of bottom of footings.

Provide 4-inch- thick, concrete-base slab support for piping or conduit less than 30 inches below surface of roadways. After installing and testing, completely encase piping or conduit in a minimum of 4 inches of concrete before backfilling or placing roadway sub-base.

Place and compact initial backfill of engineered fill, free of particles larger than 1 inch in any dimension, or Controlled Low-Strength Material, to a height of 12 inches over the utility pipe or conduit.

Carefully compact initial engineered fill backfill under pipe haunches and compact evenly up on both sides and along the full length of utility piping or conduit to avoid damage or displacement of piping or conduit. Coordinate backfilling with utilities testing.

Backfill voids with satisfactory soil while installing and removing shoring and bracing.

Place and compact final backfill of satisfactory soil to final sub-grade elevation.

SOIL FILL

Plow, scarify, bench, or break up sloped surfaces steeper than 1 vertical to 4 horizontal so fill material will bond with existing material.

Place and compact fill material in layers to required elevations as follows:

Under grass and planted areas, use satisfactory soil material.

Under walks and pavements, use sub-base material.

Under steps and ramps, use engineered fill.

Under building slabs, use engineered fill.

SOIL MOISTURE CONTROL

Uniformly moisten or aerate sub-grade and each subsequent fill or backfill soil layer before compaction to within 2 percent of optimum moisture content.

Remove and replace, or scarify and air dry otherwise satisfactory soil material that exceeds optimum moisture content by 2 percent and is too wet to compact to specified dry unit weight.

COMPACTION OF BACKFILLS AND FILLS

Place backfill and fill soil materials in layers not more than 8 inches in loose depth for material compacted by heavy compaction equipment, and not more than 4 inches in loose depth for material compacted by hand-operated tampers.

Place backfill and fill soil materials evenly on all sides of structures to required elevations, and uniformly along the full length of each structure.

Compact soil materials to not less than the following percentages of maximum dry unit weight according to ASTM D 1557:

Under structures, building slabs, steps, and pavements, scarify and re-compact top 12 inches of existing sub-grade and each layer of backfill or fill soil material at 95 percent.

Under walkways, scarify and re-compact top 6 inches below sub-grade and compact each layer of backfill or fill soil material at 92 percent.

Under lawn or unpaved areas, scarify and re-compact top 6 inches below sub-grade and compact each layer of backfill or fill soil material at 85 percent.

GRADING

General: Uniformly grade areas to a smooth surface, free of irregular surface changes. Comply with compaction requirements and grade to cross sections, lines, and elevations indicated.

Provide a smooth transition between adjacent existing grades and new grades.

Cut out soft spots, fill low spots, and trim high spots to comply with required surface tolerances.

Site Grading: Slope grades to direct water away from buildings and to prevent ponding. Finish subgrades to required elevations within the following tolerances:

Lawn or Unpaved Areas: Plus or minus 1 inch.

Walks: Plus or minus 1 inch.

Pavements: Plus or minus 1/2 inch.

Grading inside Building Lines: Finish sub-grade to a tolerance of 1/2-inch when tested with a 10-foot straightedge and 3/4-inch over the entire excavation.

SUBBASE COURSES

On prepared sub-grade, place sub-base course under pavements and walks as follows:

Shape sub-base course to required crown elevations and cross-slope grades.

Place sub-base course 6 inches or less in compacted thickness in a single layer.

Place sub-base course that exceeds 6 inches in compacted thickness in layers of equal thickness, with no compacted layer more than 6 inches thick or less than 3 inches thick.

Compact sub-base course at optimum moisture content to required grades, lines, cross sections, and thickness to not less than 95 percent of maximum dry unit weight according to ASTM D 1557.

Pavement Shoulders: Place shoulders along edges of sub-base and base course to prevent lateral movement. Construct shoulders, at least 12 inches wide, of satisfactory soil materials and compact simultaneously with each sub-base and base layer to not less than 95 percent of maximum dry unit weight according to ASTM D 1557.

DRAINAGE COURSE

On prepared sub-grade, place and compact drainage fill under cast-in-place concrete slabs-on-grade as follows:

Place drainage course 6 inches or less in compacted thickness in a single layer.

Place drainage course that exceeds 6 inches in compacted thickness in layers of equal thickness, with no compacted layer more than 6 inches thick or less than 3 inches thick.

Compact each layer of drainage course to required cross sections and thickness to not less than 95 percent of maximum dry unit weight according to ASTM D 698.

FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

Testing Agency: Engage a qualified geotechnical engineering testing agency to perform field quality control testing.

Allow testing agency to inspect and test sub-grades and each fill or backfill layer. Proceed with subsequent earthwork only after test results for previously completed work show compliance with requirements.

Footing Sub-grade: At footing sub-grades, at least one test of each soil stratum shall be performed to verify design bearing-capacities. Subsequent verification and approval of other footing sub-grades may be based on a visual comparison of sub-grade with tested sub-grade when approved by Architect.

Testing agency shall test compaction of soils in place according to ASTM D 1556, ASTM D 2167, ASTM D 2922, and ASTM D 2937, as applicable. Tests will be performed at the following locations and frequencies:

Paved and Building Slab Areas: At sub-grade and at each compacted fill and backfill layer, at least one (1) test for every 2500 sq. ft. or less of paved area or building slab, but in no case fewer than three (3) tests.

Foundation Wall Backfill: At each compacted backfill layer, at least one (1) test for each 100 feet or less of wall length, but no fewer than two (2) tests.

Trench Backfill: At each compacted initial and final backfill layer, at least one (1) test for each 150 feet or less of trench length, but no fewer than two (2) tests.

When testing agency reports that sub-grades, fills, or backfills have not achieved degree of compaction specified, scarify and moisten or aerate, or remove and replace soil to depth required; re-compact and retest until specified compaction is obtained.

PROTECTION

Protecting Graded Areas: Protect newly graded areas from traffic, freezing, and erosion. Keep free of trash and debris.

Repair and reestablish grades to tolerances specified where completed or partially completed surfaces become eroded, rutted, settled, or where they lose compaction due to subsequent construction operations or weather conditions.

Where settling occurs before Project correction period elapses, remove finished surfacing, backfill with additional soil material, compact, and reconstruct surfacing.

Restore appearance, quality, and condition of finished surfacing to match adjacent work, and eliminate evidence of restoration to greatest extent possible.

DISPOSAL OF SURPLUS AND WASTE MATERIALS

Disposal: Remove surplus satisfactory soil and waste material, including unsatisfactory soil, trash, and debris, and legally dispose of it off Owner's property.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 32	13 13 -	CONCRETE	PAVING
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PART 1 - GENERAL

RELATED DOCUMENTS

Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including Construction Documents and Supplementary Conditions and Division 00 & 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

SUMMARY

Exterior cement concrete pavement including:

Walkways

Curbs and gutters

Related Sections include:

Division 03 Section "Cast-in-Place Concrete" for concrete materials and mix requirements. Division 32 Section "Earth Moving" for sub-grade preparation, grading and sub-base course

SUBMITTALS

Design Mixtures: For each concrete pavement mixture. Include alternate mixture designs when characteristics of materials, Project conditions, weather, test results, or other circumstances warrant adjustments.

Field quality-control test reports.

QUALITY ASSURANCE

Manufacturer Qualifications: Manufacturer of ready-mixed concrete products who complies with ASTM C 94/C 94M requirements for production facilities and equipment.

Testing Agency Qualifications: An agency qualified according to ASTM C 1077 and ASTM E 329 for testing indicated, as documented according to ASTM E 548.

ACI Publications: Comply with ACI 301, "Specification for Structural Concrete," unless modified by requirements in the Contract Documents.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

FORMS

Form Materials: Plywood, metal, metal-framed plywood, or other approved panel-type materials to provide full-depth, continuous, straight, smooth exposed surfaces.

Use flexible or curved forms for curves with a radius 100 feet or less.

Form-Release Agent: Commercially formulated form-release agent that will not bond with, stain, or adversely affect concrete surfaces and will not impair subsequent treatments of concrete surfaces.

STEEL REINFORCEMENT

Plain-Steel Welded Wire Reinforcement: ASTM A 185, fabricated from as-drawn steel wire into flat sheets.

Reinforcing Bars: ASTM A 615/A 615M, Grade 60 deformed. 3 Joint Dowel Bars: Plain steel bars, ASTM A 615/A 615M, Grade 60. Cut bars true to length with 4 ends square and free of burrs. 5 6 Bar Supports: Bolsters, chairs, spacers, and other devices for spacing, supporting, and fastening 7 reinforcing bars, welded wire reinforcement, and dowels in place. Manufacture bar supports 8 according to CRSI's "Manual of Standard Practice" from steel wire, plastic, or precast concrete of q greater compressive strength than concrete, and as follows: 10 11 **CURING MATERIALS** 12 13 Evaporation Retarder: Waterborne, monomolecular film forming; manufactured for application to 14 fresh concrete. 15 16 17 Products: 18 Conspec Marketing & Manufacturing Co., Inc.; Aguafilm. 19 Euclid Chemical Company (The); Eucobar. 20 Kaufman Products, Inc.; Vapor Aid. 21 L&M Construction Chemicals, Inc.; E-Con. 22 Meadows, W. R., Inc.; Sealtight Evapre. 23 Sika Corporation, Inc.; SikaFilm. 24 25 White Waterborne Membrane-Forming Curing Compound: ASTM C 309, Type 2, Class B. 26 27 Products: 28 29 Conspec Marketing & Manufacturing Co., Inc.; W.B. Resin Cure. 30 Euclid Chemical Company (The); Kurez VOX White Pigmented. 31 Kaufman Products, Inc.; Thinfilm 450. 32 L&M Construction Chemicals, Inc.; L&M Cure R-2. 33 Meadows, W. R., Inc.; 1200-White. 34 35 **RELATED MATERIALS** 36 37 Expansion-Joint and Isolation-Joint-Filler Strips: ASTM D 1751, asphalt-saturated cellulosic fiber or 38 ASTM D 1752, cork or self-expanding cork. 39 40 Bonding Agent: ASTM C 1059, Type II, non-redispersible, acrylic emulsion or styrene butadiene. 41 42 Epoxy Bonding Adhesive: ASTM C 881, two-component epoxy resin, capable of humid curing and 43 bonding to damp surfaces, of class suitable for application temperature and of grade to 44 requirements, and as follows: 45 46 Types I and II, non-load bearing, for bonding hardened or freshly mixed concrete to 47 hardened concrete. 48 49 50 Detectable Warning Surfaces: Tactile pattern of raised, truncated domes complying with ANSI A117.1 (705.3.1). 51 52 Available Manufacturers: 53

Pre-Cast Concrete Pavers

Mutual Materials Tile Tech Pavers

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55 56

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1 Vitrified Polymer Composite Panels
3 ADA Solutions Inc.
5 Armor-Tile

Engage a qualified testing agency to design concrete mixtures.

CONCRETE MIXTURES

Project-Site Mixing: Measure, batch, and mix concrete materials and concrete according to ASTM C 94. Mix concrete materials in appropriate drum-type batch machine mixer.

For concrete mixes of 1 cu. yd. or smaller, continue mixing at least 1-1/2 minutes, but not more than 5 minutes after ingredients are in mixer, before any part of batch is released.

For concrete mixes larger than 1 cu. yd., increase mixing time by 15 seconds for each additional 1 cu. yd.

Provide batch ticket for each batch discharged and used in the Work, indicating Project identification name and number, date, mixture type, mixing time, quantity, and amount of water added.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

EXAMINATION

Examine exposed subgrades and subbase surfaces for compliance with requirements for dimensional, grading and elevation tolerances.

Proof-roll prepared subbase surface below concrete pavements to identify soft pockets and areas of excess yielding.

Subbase with soft spots and areas of pumping or rutting exceeding depth of 1/2 inch require correction according to requirements in Division 2 Section "Earth Moving."

Proceed with concrete pavement operations only after nonconforming conditions have been corrected and subgrade is ready to receive pavement.

PREPARATION

Remove loose material from compacted subbase surface immediately before placing concrete.

EDGE FORMS AND SCREED CONSTRUCTION

 Set, brace, and secure edge forms, bulkheads, and intermediate screed guides for pavement to required lines, grades, and elevations. Install forms to allow continuous progress of work and so forms can remain in place at least 24 hours after concrete placement.

Clean forms after each use and coat with form-release agent to ensure separation from concrete without damage.

STEEL REINFORCEMENT

Comply with CRSI's "Manual of Standard Practice" for fabricating, placing, and supporting reinforcement.

Clean reinforcement of loose rust and mill scale, earth, ice, or other bond-reducing materials.

Install welded wire reinforcement in lengths as long as practicable. Lap adjoining pieces at least one full mesh, and lace splices with wire. Offset laps of adjoining widths to prevent continuous laps in either direction.

JOINTS

General: Form construction, isolation, and contraction joints and tool edgings true to line with faces perpendicular to surface plane of concrete. Construct transverse joints at right angles to centerline, unless otherwise indicated.

When joining existing pavement, place transverse joints to align with previously placed joints, unless otherwise indicated.

Construction Joints: Provide construction joints at side and end terminations of pavement and at locations where pavement operations are stopped for more than one-half hour unless pavement terminates at isolation joints.

Keyed Joints: Provide preformed keyway-section forms or bulkhead forms with keys, unless otherwise indicated. Embed keys at least 1-1/2 inches into concrete.

Isolation and Expansion Joints: Form joints using preformed joint-filler strips.

Provide isolation joints abutting concrete curbs, catch basins, manholes, inlets, structures, walks, other fixed objects, and where indicated.

Provide expansion joints at minimum intervals of 50 feet, unless otherwise indicated on Drawings.

Extend joint fillers full width and depth of joint.

Terminate joint filler not less than 1/2 inch or more than 1 inch below finished surface if joint sealant is indicated.

Place top of joint filler flush with finished concrete surface if joint sealant is not indicated.

Furnish joint fillers in one-piece lengths. Where more than one length is required, lace or clip joint-filler sections together.

Protect top edge of joint filler during concrete placement with metal, plastic, or other temporary preformed cap. Remove protective cap after concrete has been placed on both sides of joint.

Contraction Joints: Form weakened-plane contraction joints, sectioning concrete into areas as indicated. Construct contraction joints for a depth equal to at least one-fourth of the concrete thickness, as follows. Where applicable, match jointing of existing adjacent concrete pavement:

Grooved Joints: Form contraction joints after initial floating by grooving and finishing each edge of joint with grooving tool to a 1/4-inch radius. Repeat grooving of contraction joints after applying surface finishes. Eliminate groover marks on concrete surfaces.

Edging: Tool edges of pavement, gutters, curbs, and joints in concrete after initial floating with an edging tool to a 1/4-inch radius. Repeat tooling of edges after applying surface finishes. Eliminate tool marks on concrete surfaces.

CONCRETE PLACEMENT

Inspection: Before placing concrete, inspect and complete formwork installation, steel reinforcement, and items to be embedded or cast in. Notify other trades to permit installation of their work.

Remove snow, ice, or frost from subbase surface and reinforcement before placing concrete. Do not place concrete on frozen surfaces.

Moisten subbase to provide a uniform dampened condition at time concrete is placed. Do not place concrete around manholes or other structures until they are at required finish elevation and alignment.

Comply with ACI 301 requirements for measuring, mixing, transporting and placing concrete.

Do not add water to concrete during delivery or at Project site.

Deposit and spread concrete in a continuous operation between transverse joints. Do not push or drag concrete into place or use vibrators to move concrete into place.

Consolidate concrete according to ACI 301 by mechanical vibrating equipment supplemented by hand spading, rodding, or tamping.

Consolidate concrete along face of forms and adjacent to transverse joints with an internal vibrator. Keep vibrator away from joint assemblies, reinforcement, or side forms. Use only square-faced shovels for hand spreading and consolidation. Consolidate with care to prevent dislocating reinforcement, dowels, and joint devices.

Screed pavement surfaces with a straightedge and strike off.

Commence initial floating using bull floats or darbies to impart an open textured and uniform surface plane before excess moisture or bleed water appears on the surface. Do not further disturb concrete surfaces before beginning finishing operations or spreading surface treatments.

Curbs and Gutters: When automatic machine placement is used for curb and gutter placement, submit revised mix design and laboratory test results that meet or exceed requirements. Produce curbs and gutters to required cross section, lines, grades, finish, and jointing as specified for formed concrete. If results are not approved, remove and replace with formed concrete.

Cold-Weather Placement: Comply with ACI 306.1 and as follows. Protect concrete work from physical damage or reduced strength that could be caused by frost, freezing actions, or low temperatures.

When air temperature has fallen to or is expected to fall below 40 deg F, uniformly heat water and aggregates before mixing to obtain a concrete mixture temperature of not less than 50 deg F and not more than 80 deg F at point of placement.

Do not use frozen materials or materials containing ice or snow.

Do not use calcium chloride, salt, or other materials containing antifreeze agents or chemical accelerators unless otherwise specified and approved in mix designs.

Hot-Weather Placement: Comply with ACI 301 and as follows when hot-weather conditions exist:

Cool ingredients before mixing to maintain concrete temperature below 90 deg F at time of placement. Chilled mixing water or chopped ice may be used to control temperature, provided water equivalent of ice is calculated to total amount of mixing water. Using liquid nitrogen to cool concrete is Contractor's option.

Cover steel reinforcement with water-soaked burlap so steel temperature will not exceed ambient air temperature immediately before embedding in concrete.

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Fog-spray forms, steel reinforcement, and subgrade just before placing concrete. Keep subgrade moisture uniform without standing water, soft spots, or dry areas.

FINISHING

General: Do not add water to concrete surfaces during finishing operations.

Float Finish: Begin the second floating operation when bleed-water sheen has disappeared and concrete surface has stiffened sufficiently to permit operations. Float surface with power-driven floats, or by hand floating if area is small or inaccessible to power units. Finish surfaces to true planes. Cut down high spots and fill low spots. Refloat surface immediately to uniform granular texture.

Broom Finish: Draw a soft bristle broom across float-finished concrete surface perpendicular to line of traffic to provide a uniform, fine-line texture.

Detectable Warning Surfaces: At curb cuts and other locations indicated or required by code, provide stamped cast-in-place concrete, pre-cast concrete pavers or cast-in vitrified polymer composite panels complying with ANSI A117.1 (705.3.1).

CONCRETE PROTECTION AND CURING

General: Protect freshly placed concrete from premature drying and excessive cold or hot temperatures.

Comply with ACI 306.1 for cold-weather protection.

Evaporation Retarder: Apply evaporation retarder to concrete surfaces if hot, dry, or windy conditions cause moisture loss approaching 0.2 lb/sq. ft. x h before and during finishing operations. Apply according to manufacturer's written instructions after placing, screeding, and bull floating or darbying concrete, but before float finishing.

Curing Compound: Begin curing after finishing concrete but not before free water has disappeared from concrete surface.

Apply uniformly in continuous operation by power spray or roller according to manufacturer's written instructions. Recoat areas subjected to heavy rainfall within three hours after initial application. Maintain continuity of coating and repair damage during curing period.

PAVEMENT TOLERANCES

Comply with tolerances of ACI 117 and as follows:

Elevation: 1/4 inch.

Thickness: Plus 3/8 inch, minus 1/4 inch.

Surface: Gap below 10-foot- long, unleveled straightedge not to exceed 1/4 inch.

Joint Spacing: 3 inches.

Contraction Joint Depth: Plus 1/4 inch, no minus.

Joint Width: Plus 1/8 inch, no minus.

FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

Testing Agency: Engage a qualified independent testing and inspecting agency to perform field tests and inspections and prepare test reports.

Testing Frequency: Obtain at least 1 composite sample per ASTM C 172 for each 5000 sq. ft. or fraction thereof of each concrete mix placed each day.

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When frequency of testing will provide fewer than five compressive-strength tests for each concrete mixture, testing shall be conducted from at least five randomly selected batches or from each batch if fewer than five are used.

Slump: ASTM C 143/C 143M; one test at point of placement for each composite sample, but not less than one test for each day's pour of each concrete mix. Perform additional tests when concrete consistency appears to change.

Air Content: ASTM C 231, pressure method; one test for each composite sample, but not less than one test for each day's pour of each concrete mix.

Concrete Temperature: ASTM C 1064; one test hourly when air temperature is 40 deg F and below and when 80 deg F and above, and one test for each composite sample.

Compression Test Specimens: ASTM C 31; cast and laboratory cure one set of three standard cylinder specimens for each composite sample.

Compressive-Strength Tests: ASTM C 39; test 1 specimen at 7 days and 2 specimens at 28 days.

A compressive-strength test shall be the average compressive strength from 2 specimens obtained from same composite sample and tested at 28 days.

Strength of each concrete mix will be satisfactory if average of any 3 consecutive compressive-strength tests equals or exceeds specified compressive strength and no compressive-strength test value falls below specified compressive strength by more than 500 psi.

Test results will be reported in writing to Architect, concrete manufacturer, and Contractor within 48 hours of testing. Reports of compressive-strength tests shall contain Project identification name and number, date of concrete placement, name of concrete testing and inspecting agency, location of concrete batch in Work, design compressive strength at 28 days, concrete mixture proportions and materials, compressive breaking strength, and type of break for both 7- and 28-day tests.

Nondestructive Testing: Impact hammer, sonoscope, or other nondestructive device may be permitted by Architect but will not be used as sole basis for approval or rejection of concrete.

Additional Tests: Testing and inspecting agency shall make additional tests of concrete when test results indicate that slump, air entrainment, compressive strengths, or other requirements have not been met, as directed by Architect.

Remove and replace concrete pavement where test results indicate that it does not comply with specified requirements.

Additional testing and inspecting, at Contractor's expense, will be performed to determine compliance of replaced or additional work with specified requirements.

REPAIRS AND PROTECTION

Remove and replace concrete pavement that is broken, damaged, or defective or that does not comply with requirements in this Section.

Drill test cores, where directed by Architect, when necessary to determine magnitude of cracks or defective areas. Fill drilled core holes in satisfactory pavement areas with portland cement concrete bonded to pavement with epoxy adhesive.

Protect concrete from damage. Exclude traffic from pavement for at least 14 days after placement.
When construction traffic is permitted, maintain pavement as clean as possible by removing surface stains and spillage of materials as they occur.

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Maintain concrete pavement free of stains, discoloration, dirt, and other foreign material. Sweep concrete pavement not more than two days before date scheduled for Substantial Completion inspections.

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END OF SECTION

APPENDIX:	FOR EXPOSED	AGGREGATE AN	D COLORED FINISHES
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Samples: 10-lb sample of exposed aggregate.

Mockup: Cast mockup of full-size section of concrete pavement to demonstrate typical joints, surface finish, texture, color, and standard of workmanship.

Build 5-feet x 5-feet mockup in location approved by Architect.

Exposed Aggregate: Selected, hard, and durable; washed; free of materials with deleterious reactivity to cement or that cause staining; from a single source, with gap-graded coarse aggregate as follows:

Aggregate Sizes: 3/8 to 5/8 inch nominal.

Clear Waterborne Membrane-Forming Curing Compound: ASTM C 309, Type 1, Class B.

Products:

Conspec Marketing & Manufacturing Co., Inc.; W.B. Resin Cure.

Euclid Chemical Company (The); Kurez DR VOX.

Kaufman Products, Inc.; Thinfilm 420.

L&M Construction Chemicals, Inc.; L&M Cure R.

Meadows, W. R., Inc.; 1100 Clear.

Chemical Surface Retarder: Water-soluble, liquid-set retarder with color dye, for horizontal concrete surface application, capable of temporarily delaying final hardening of concrete to a depth of 1/8 to 1/4 inch.

Products:

Conspec Marketing & Manufacturing Co., Inc.; Delay S. Euclid Chemical Company (The); Surface Retarder S.

Kaufman Products, Inc.; Expose. Scofield, L. M. Company; Lithotex.

Sika Corporation, Inc.; Rugasol-S.

Pigmented Mineral Dry-Shake Hardener: Factory-packaged dry combination of portland cement, graded quartz aggregate, color pigments, and plasticizing admixture. Use color pigments that are finely ground, non-fading mineral oxides inter-ground with cement.

Products:

Conspec Marketing & Manufacturing Co., Inc.; Conshake 600 Colortone.

Metalcrete Industries; Floor Quartz.

Scofield, L. M. Company; Lithochrome Color Hardener.

Symons Corporation; Hard Top.

Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range

EXPOSED-AGGREGATE FINISH

Immediately after initial floating, spread a single layer of aggregate uniformly on pavement surface. Tamp aggregate into plastic concrete, and float finish to entirely embed aggregate with mortar cover of 1/16 inch.

Spray-apply chemical surface retarder to pavement according to manufacturer's written instructions.

Cover pavement surface with plastic sheeting, sealing laps with tape, and remove sheeting when ready to continue finishing operations. 2 3 Without dislodging aggregate, remove excess mortar by lightly brushing surface with a stiff, 4 nylon-bristle broom. 5 6 Fine-spray surface with water and brush. Repeat water flushing and brushing cycle until 7 cement film is removed from aggregate surfaces to depth required. 8 9 PIGMENTED MINERAL DRY-SHAKE HARDENER FINISH 10 11 After initial floating, apply dry-shake materials to pavement surface according to manufacturer's 12 written instructions and as follows: 13 14 Uniformly spread dry-shake hardener at a rate of 100 lb/100 sq. ft., unless greater amount is 15 recommended by manufacturer to match pavement color required. 16 17 18 Uniformly distribute approximately two-thirds of dry-shake hardener over pavement surface with mechanical spreader, allow to absorb moisture, and embed by power floating. Follow power floating 19 20 with a second dry-shake hardener application, uniformly distributing remainder of material at right angles to first application to ensure uniform color, and embed by power floating. 21 22 After final floating, apply a hand-trowel finish followed by a broom finish to concrete. 23 24 Cure concrete with clear curing compound recommended by dry-shake hardener manufacturer. 25 Apply curing compound immediately after final finishing.

END OF APPENDIX

26 27 28

SECTION 32	13 13 -	CONCRETE	PAVING
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PART 1 - GENERAL

RELATED DOCUMENTS

Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

SUMMARY

Exterior cement concrete pavement including:

Walkways

 Curbs and gutters

Related Sections include:

 Division 03 Section "Cast-in-Place Concrete" for concrete materials and mix requirements. Division 32 Section "Earth Moving" for sub-grade preparation, grading and sub-base course

SUBMITTALS

Design Mixtures: For each concrete pavement mixture. Include alternate mixture designs when characteristics of materials, Project conditions, weather, test results, or other circumstances warrant adjustments.

Field quality-control test reports.

QUALITY ASSURANCE

Manufacturer Qualifications: Manufacturer of ready-mixed concrete products who complies with ASTM C 94/C 94M requirements for production facilities and equipment.

Testing Agency Qualifications: An agency qualified according to ASTM C 1077 and ASTM E 329 for testing indicated, as documented according to ASTM E 548.

ACI Publications: Comply with ACI 301, "Specification for Structural Concrete," unless modified by requirements in the Contract Documents.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

FORMS

Form Materials: Plywood, metal, metal-framed plywood, or other approved panel-type materials to provide full-depth, continuous, straight, smooth exposed surfaces.

Use flexible or curved forms for curves with a radius 100 feet or less.

Form-Release Agent: Commercially formulated form-release agent that will not bond with, stain, or adversely affect concrete surfaces and will not impair subsequent treatments of concrete surfaces.

STEEL REINFORCEMENT

Plain-Steel Welded Wire Reinforcement: ASTM A 185, fabricated from as-drawn steel wire into flat sheets.

Reinforcing Bars: ASTM A 615/A 615M, Grade 60 deformed. 3 Joint Dowel Bars: Plain steel bars, ASTM A 615/A 615M, Grade 60. Cut bars true to length with 4 ends square and free of burrs. 5 6 Bar Supports: Bolsters, chairs, spacers, and other devices for spacing, supporting, and fastening 7 reinforcing bars, welded wire reinforcement, and dowels in place. Manufacture bar supports 8 according to CRSI's "Manual of Standard Practice" from steel wire, plastic, or precast concrete of q greater compressive strength than concrete, and as follows: 10 11 **CURING MATERIALS** 12 13 Evaporation Retarder: Waterborne, monomolecular film forming; manufactured for application to 14 fresh concrete. 15 16 17 Products: 18 Conspec Marketing & Manufacturing Co., Inc.; Aguafilm. 19 Euclid Chemical Company (The); Eucobar. 20 Kaufman Products, Inc.; Vapor Aid. 21 L&M Construction Chemicals, Inc.; E-Con. 22 Meadows, W. R., Inc.; Sealtight Evapre. 23 Sika Corporation, Inc.; SikaFilm. 24 25 White Waterborne Membrane-Forming Curing Compound: ASTM C 309, Type 2, Class B. 26 27 Products: 28 29 Conspec Marketing & Manufacturing Co., Inc.; W.B. Resin Cure. 30 Euclid Chemical Company (The); Kurez VOX White Pigmented. 31 Kaufman Products, Inc.; Thinfilm 450. 32 L&M Construction Chemicals, Inc.; L&M Cure R-2. 33 Meadows, W. R., Inc.; 1200-White. 34 35 **RELATED MATERIALS** 36 37 Expansion-Joint and Isolation-Joint-Filler Strips: ASTM D 1751, asphalt-saturated cellulosic fiber or 38 ASTM D 1752, cork or self-expanding cork. 39 40 Bonding Agent: ASTM C 1059, Type II, non-redispersible, acrylic emulsion or styrene butadiene. 41 42 Epoxy Bonding Adhesive: ASTM C 881, two-component epoxy resin, capable of humid curing and 43 bonding to damp surfaces, of class suitable for application temperature and of grade to 44 requirements, and as follows: 45 46 Types I and II, non-load bearing, for bonding hardened or freshly mixed concrete to 47 hardened concrete. 48 49 50 Detectable Warning Surfaces: Tactile pattern of raised, truncated domes complying with ANSI A117.1 (705.3.1). 51 52 Available Manufacturers: 53

Pre-Cast Concrete Pavers

Mutual Materials Tile Tech Pavers

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Vitrified Polymer Composite Panels 3 ADA Solutions Inc. 4 Armor-Tile 5 6 **CONCRETE MIXTURES** 7 8 Engage a qualified testing agency to design concrete mixtures. 9 10 Ready-Mixed Concrete: Refer to Division 3 Section "Cast-in-Place Concrete." 11 12 Measure, batch, and mix concrete materials and concrete according to 13 Project-Site Mixing: ASTM C 94. Mix concrete materials in appropriate drum-type batch machine mixer. 14 15 For concrete mixes of 1 cu. yd. or smaller, continue mixing at least 1-1/2 minutes, but not 16 17 more than 5 minutes after ingredients are in mixer, before any part of batch is released. 18 For concrete mixes larger than 1 cu. yd., increase mixing time by 15 seconds for each 19 additional 1 cu. yd.. 20 21 Provide batch ticket for each batch discharged and used in the Work, indicating Project 22 identification name and number, date, mixture type, mixing time, quantity, and amount of 23 water added. 24 25 26 **PART 3 - EXECUTION** 27 28 **EXAMINATION** 29 30 Examine exposed subgrades and subbase surfaces for compliance with requirements for 31 dimensional, grading and elevation tolerances. 32 33 Proof-roll prepared subbase surface below concrete pavements to identify soft pockets and areas of 34 excess yielding. 35 36 Subbase with soft spots and areas of pumping or rutting exceeding depth of 1/2 inch require 37 correction according to requirements in Division 2 Section "Earthwork." 38 39 40 Proceed with concrete pavement operations only after nonconforming conditions have been corrected and subgrade is ready to receive pavement. 41 42 **PREPARATION** 43 44 Remove loose material from compacted subbase surface immediately before placing concrete. 45 46 EDGE FORMS AND SCREED CONSTRUCTION 47 48 Set, brace, and secure edge forms, bulkheads, and intermediate screed guides for pavement to 49 50 required lines, grades, and elevations. Install forms to allow continuous progress of work and so 51 forms can remain in place at least 24 hours after concrete placement. 52 Clean forms after each use and coat with form-release agent to ensure separation from concrete 53 without damage. 54 55 56

STEEL REINFORCEMENT

Comply with CRSI's "Manual of Standard Practice" for fabricating, placing, and supporting reinforcement.

Clean reinforcement of loose rust and mill scale, earth, ice, or other bond-reducing materials.

Install welded wire reinforcement in lengths as long as practicable. Lap adjoining pieces at least one full mesh, and lace splices with wire. Offset laps of adjoining widths to prevent continuous laps in either direction.

JOINTS

General: Form construction, isolation, and contraction joints and tool edgings true to line with faces perpendicular to surface plane of concrete. Construct transverse joints at right angles to centerline, unless otherwise indicated.

When joining existing pavement, place transverse joints to align with previously placed joints, unless otherwise indicated.

Construction Joints: Provide construction joints at side and end terminations of pavement and at locations where pavement operations are stopped for more than one-half hour unless pavement terminates at isolation joints.

Keyed Joints: Provide preformed keyway-section forms or bulkhead forms with keys, unless otherwise indicated. Embed keys at least 1-1/2 inches into concrete.

Isolation and Expansion Joints: Form joints using preformed joint-filler strips.

Provide isolation joints abutting concrete curbs, catch basins, manholes, inlets, structures, walks, other fixed objects, and where indicated.

Provide expansion joints at minimum intervals of 50 feet, unless otherwise indicated on Drawings.

Extend joint fillers full width and depth of joint.

Terminate joint filler not less than 1/2 inch or more than 1 inch below finished surface if joint sealant is indicated.

Place top of joint filler flush with finished concrete surface if joint sealant is not indicated.

Furnish joint fillers in one-piece lengths. Where more than one length is required, lace or clip joint-filler sections together.

Protect top edge of joint filler during concrete placement with metal, plastic, or other temporary preformed cap. Remove protective cap after concrete has been placed on both sides of joint.

Contraction Joints: Form weakened-plane contraction joints, sectioning concrete into areas as indicated. Construct contraction joints for a depth equal to at least one-fourth of the concrete thickness, as follows.

Grooved Joints: Form contraction joints after initial floating by grooving and finishing each edge of joint with grooving tool to a 1/4-inch radius. Repeat grooving of contraction joints after applying surface finishes. Eliminate groover marks on concrete surfaces.

Edging: Tool edges of pavement, gutters, curbs, and joints in concrete after initial floating with an edging tool to a 1/4-inch radius. Repeat tooling of edges after applying surface finishes. Eliminate tool marks on concrete surfaces.

CONCRETE PLACEMENT

Inspection: Before placing concrete, inspect and complete formwork installation, steel reinforcement, and items to be embedded or cast in. Notify other trades to permit installation of their work.

Remove snow, ice, or frost from subbase surface and reinforcement before placing concrete. Do not place concrete on frozen surfaces.

Moisten subbase to provide a uniform dampened condition at time concrete is placed. Do not place concrete around manholes or other structures until they are at required finish elevation and alignment.

Comply with ACI 301 requirements for transporting and placing concrete.

Do not add water to concrete during delivery or at Project site.

Deposit and spread concrete in a continuous operation between transverse joints. Do not push or drag concrete into place or use vibrators to move concrete into place.

Consolidate concrete according to ACI 301 by mechanical vibrating equipment supplemented by hand spading, rodding, or tamping.

Consolidate concrete along face of forms and adjacent to transverse joints with an internal vibrator. Keep vibrator away from joint assemblies, reinforcement, or side forms. Use only square-faced shovels for hand spreading and consolidation. Consolidate with care to prevent dislocating reinforcement, dowels, and joint devices.

Screed pavement surfaces with a straightedge and strike off.

Commence initial floating using bull floats or darbies to impart an open textured and uniform surface plane before excess moisture or bleed water appears on the surface. Do not further disturb concrete surfaces before beginning finishing operations or spreading surface treatments.

Curbs and Gutters: When automatic machine placement is used for curb and gutter placement, submit revised mix design and laboratory test results that meet or exceed requirements. Produce curbs and gutters to required cross section, lines, grades, finish, and jointing as specified for formed concrete. If results are not approved, remove and replace with formed concrete.

Cold-Weather Placement: Comply with ACI 306.1 and as follows. Protect concrete work from physical damage or reduced strength that could be caused by frost, freezing actions, or low temperatures.

When air temperature has fallen to or is expected to fall below 40 deg F, uniformly heat water and aggregates before mixing to obtain a concrete mixture temperature of not less than 50 deg F and not more than 80 deg F at point of placement.

Do not use frozen materials or materials containing ice or snow.

Do not use calcium chloride, salt, or other materials containing antifreeze agents or chemical accelerators unless otherwise specified and approved in mix designs.

Hot-Weather Placement: Comply with ACI 301 and as follows when hot-weather conditions exist:

Cool ingredients before mixing to maintain concrete temperature below 90 deg F at time of placement. Chilled mixing water or chopped ice may be used to control temperature, provided water equivalent of ice is calculated to total amount of mixing water. Using liquid nitrogen to cool concrete is Contractor's option.

Cover steel reinforcement with water-soaked burlap so steel temperature will not exceed ambient air temperature immediately before embedding in concrete.

Fog-spray forms, steel reinforcement, and subgrade just before placing concrete. Keep subgrade moisture uniform without standing water, soft spots, or dry areas.

FINISHING

General: Do not add water to concrete surfaces during finishing operations.

Float Finish: Begin the second floating operation when bleed-water sheen has disappeared and concrete surface has stiffened sufficiently to permit operations. Float surface with power-driven floats, or by hand floating if area is small or inaccessible to power units. Finish surfaces to true planes. Cut down high spots and fill low spots. Refloat surface immediately to uniform granular texture.

Broom Finish: Draw a soft bristle broom across float-finished concrete surface perpendicular to line of traffic to provide a uniform, fine-line texture.

Detectable Warning Surfaces: At curb cuts and other locations indicated or required by code, provide stamped cast-in-place concrete, pre-cast concrete pavers or cast-in vitrified polymer composite panels complying with ANSI A117.1 (705.3.1).

CONCRETE PROTECTION AND CURING

General: Protect freshly placed concrete from premature drying and excessive cold or hot temperatures.

Comply with ACI 306.1 for cold-weather protection.

Evaporation Retarder: Apply evaporation retarder to concrete surfaces if hot, dry, or windy conditions cause moisture loss approaching 0.2 lb/sq. ft. x h before and during finishing operations. Apply according to manufacturer's written instructions after placing, screeding, and bull floating or darbying concrete, but before float finishing.

Curing Compound: Begin curing after finishing concrete but not before free water has disappeared from concrete surface.

Apply uniformly in continuous operation by power spray or roller according to manufacturer's written instructions. Recoat areas subjected to heavy rainfall within three hours after initial application. Maintain continuity of coating and repair damage during curing period.

PAVEMENT TOLERANCES

Comply with tolerances of ACI 117 and as follows:

Elevation: 1/4 inch.

Thickness: Plus 3/8 inch, minus 1/4 inch.

Surface: Gap below 10-foot- long, unleveled straightedge not to exceed 1/4 inch.

Joint Spacing: 3 inches.

Contraction Joint Depth: Plus 1/4 inch, no minus.

Joint Width: Plus 1/8 inch, no minus.

FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

Testing Frequency: Obtain at least 1 composite sample per ASTM C 172 for each 5000 sq. ft. or fraction thereof of each concrete mix placed each day.

 When frequency of testing will provide fewer than five compressive-strength tests for each concrete mixture, testing shall be conducted from at least five randomly selected batches or from each batch if fewer than five are used.

Slump: ASTM C 143/C 143M; one test at point of placement for each composite sample, but not less than one test for each day's pour of each concrete mix. Perform additional tests when concrete consistency appears to change.

Air Content: ASTM C 231, pressure method; one test for each composite sample, but not less than one test for each day's pour of each concrete mix.

Concrete Temperature: ASTM C 1064; one test hourly when air temperature is 40 deg F and below and when 80 deg F and above, and one test for each composite sample.

Compression Test Specimens: ASTM C 31; cast and laboratory cure one set of three standard cylinder specimens for each composite sample.

Compressive-Strength Tests: ASTM C 39; test 1 specimen at 7 days and 2 specimens at 28 days.

A compressive-strength test shall be the average compressive strength from 2 specimens obtained from same composite sample and tested at 28 days.

Strength of each concrete mix will be satisfactory if average of any 3 consecutive compressive-strength tests equals or exceeds specified compressive strength and no compressive-strength test value falls below specified compressive strength by more than 500 psi.

Test results will be reported in writing to Architect, concrete manufacturer, and Contractor within 48 hours of testing. Reports of compressive-strength tests shall contain Project identification name and number, date of concrete placement, name of concrete testing and inspecting agency, location of concrete batch in Work, design compressive strength at 28 days, concrete mixture proportions and materials, compressive breaking strength, and type of break for both 7- and 28-day tests.

Nondestructive Testing: Impact hammer, sonoscope, or other nondestructive device may be permitted by Architect but will not be used as sole basis for approval or rejection of concrete.

Additional Tests: Testing and inspecting agency shall make additional tests of concrete when test results indicate that slump, air entrainment, compressive strengths, or other requirements have not been met, as directed by Architect.

Remove and replace concrete pavement where test results indicate that it does not comply with specified requirements.

Additional testing and inspecting, at Contractor's expense, will be performed to determine compliance of replaced or additional work with specified requirements.

REPAIRS AND PROTECTION

Remove and replace concrete pavement that is broken, damaged, or defective or that does not comply with requirements in this Section.

Drill test cores, where directed by Architect, when necessary to determine magnitude of cracks or defective areas. Fill drilled core holes in satisfactory pavement areas with portland cement concrete bonded to pavement with epoxy adhesive.

4

Protect concrete from damage. Exclude traffic from pavement for at least 14 days after placement. When construction traffic is permitted, maintain pavement as clean as possible by removing surface stains and spillage of materials as they occur.

7 8 9

6

Maintain concrete pavement free of stains, discoloration, dirt, and other foreign material. Sweep concrete pavement not more than two days before date scheduled for Substantial Completion inspections.

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14 END OF SECTION

15 16

Bid No. 314001

SECTION 32 60 00 - ORNAMENTAL PICKET FENCES

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PART 1 - GENERAL

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Scope: All labor, material, equipment, and related services to furnish and install fencing as shown on the Drawings.

8

REFERENCE STANDARDS

9 10

ASTM A653 / A653M – Standard Specification for Steel Sheet, Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) or Zinc-Iron Alloy Coated (Galvannealed) by the Hot-Dip Process

13

14 ASTM B117 – Practice for Operating Salt-Spray (Fog) Apparatus

15

16 ASTM D523 – Test Method for Specular Gloss

17

ASTM D822 – Practice for Conducting Tests on Paint and Related Coating and Materials using Filtered Open-Flame Carbon-Arc Light and Water Exposure Apparatus

20

ASTM D1654 – Test Method for Evaluation of Painted or Coated Specimens Subjected to Corrosive environments

23 24

24 ASTM D2244 – Test Method for Calculation of Color Differences from Instrumentally Measured Color Coordinates

26

27 ASTM D2794 – Test Method for Resistance of Organic Coatings to the Effects of Rapid Deformation (Impact)

29

30 ASTM D3359 – Test Method for Measuring Adhesion by Tape Test

31

32 SUBMITTALS

33

Shop Drawings: Layout of fences and gates with dimensions, details, and finishes of components, accessories, and post foundations.

36

37 Product Data: Manufacturer's catalog cuts indicating material compliance and specified options.

38

Sample: Color selection for polymer finishes. If requested, samples of materials (e.g., finials, caps, and accessories).

41 42

QUALITY ASSURANCE

43

Installer Qualifications: Engage and experienced installer who has at least three years experience and has completed at least five steel fence projects with same material and of similar scope to that indicated for this project with a successful construction record in-service performance.

47

Single-Source Responsibility: Obtain steel fences and gates, including accessories, fittings, and fastenings, from a single source.

50 51

PROJECT CONDITIONS

52

Field measurements: Verify layout information for fences and gates shown on the Drawings in relation to the property survey and existing structures. Verify dimensions by field measurements.

55 56 57

ı WARRANTY

2

3 Manufacturer's warranty: Two years – installation; ten years – materials and finishes.

4 5

PRODUCT HANDING AND STORAGE

6 7

8

Upon receipt at the job site, all materials shall be checked to ensure that no damage occurred during shipping or handling. Materials shall be stored in such a manner to ensure proper ventilation and drainage, and to protect against damage, weather, vandalism, and theft.

9 10 11

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

12 13 14

STEEL PRODUCTS

15 16

17

Recycled Content of Steel Products: Provide products with an average recycled content of steel products so postconsumer recycled content plus one-half of pre-consumer recycled content is not less than 20 percent.

18 19 20

FENCE MATERIALS

21

General: Provide steel fence materials as manufactured by "Qualline Fence Corp" or approved equal. Review existing conditions.

24

25 Galvanized steel sheet conforming to requirements of ASTM A653, G90 designation.

26

27 Tensile strength – 58,000 psi (400 Mpa) minimum.

28

29 Yield strength – 50,000 psi (344 Pa) minimum.

30

31 Color: black.

32

Height: as noted on detail with 6" concave sweep down at center of panel. Minimum height above adjacent grade will be 7'-0". Field verify existing conditions.

35

36 Color: black powder-coated.

37

38 Pickets: 3/4" x 3/4" x 16 ga. ASTM 787 steel, pressed top.

39

40 Picket spacing: 3-15/16".

41 42

Rails: 1-1/2" x 1-1/2" x 14 ga. ASTM A787 steel – two rails.

43 44

45 Posts: 2-1/2" x 2-1/2" x 12 ga. sleeves over 2-1/2" Sch. 20 round posts.

46

47 Post caps: formed steel.

48

Coating: multi-stage pre-treatment / wash (with zinc phosphate) Zinc-rich Epoxy Primer; glossy polyester TGIC power top coat finish.

51

52 CONCRETE

53

Provide concrete consisting of portland cement per ASTM C150, aggregates per ASTM C33, and potable water. Mix materials to obtain concrete with a minimum 28-day compressive strength of 3000 PSI.

57

KEYLOCK

3 Key lock shall be Lok-Latch Pro manufactured by D & D Technologies or Owner-approved equal.

GATE HINGES

Gate hinges shall be Trie-Close adjustable gate hinges by D & D Technologies or Owner-approved equal.

PART 3 – EXECUTION

INSTALLATION - GENERAL

Install fence in compliance with manufacturers written instructions. During installation components shall be carefully handled and stored to avoid contact with abrasive surfaces. Install components in sequence as recommended by fence manufacturer.

FENCE INSTALLATION

EXCAVATION: Drill or hand-excavate holes for posts to diameters and spacings indicated, in firm, undisturbed or compacted soil. If note indicated on Drawings, excavate holes for each post to a minimum depth of 36".

POSTS: Install posts in one piece, plumb and in line. Space as detailed. Enlarge excavation as required to provide clearance indicated between post and side of excavation.

Protect portion of posts above ground from concrete splatter. Place concrete around posts and vibrate or tamp for consolidation. Check each post for vertical and top alignment and hold in position during placement and finishing operations.

Unless otherwise indicated, terminate top of concrete footing 3" below adjacent grade and trowel to a crown to shed water.

FABRICATION

Pickets, rails, and posts shall be pre-cut to specified lengths. ForeRunner[™] rails shall be pre-punched to accept pickets.

Grommets shall be inserted into the pre-punched holes in the rails and pickets shall be inserted through the grommets so that pre-drilled picket holes align with the internal upper raceway of the ForeRunnerTM rails. (Note: This can best be accomplished by using an alignment template.) Retaining rods shall be inserted into each ForeRunnerTM rail so that they pass through the pre-drilled holes in each picket, thus completing the panel assembly.

Completely panels shall be capable of supporting a 400 lb. load (applied at mid-span) without permanent deformation. Panels without rings shall be bias able to a 25% change in grade; panels with rings shall be bias able to a 12.5% change in grade.

Swing gates shall be fabricated in a manner similar to panels with security hardware. Gates may be single or double door.

GATE INSTALLATION

Assemble gate prior to fence installation to accurately locate hinge and latch post. Align gate horizontal rails with fence horizontal rails.

Install gates plumb, level, and secure for full opening without interference according to manufacturer's instructions.

Bid No. 314001

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2	Provide gates with specified key locks and hinges. Adjust gates for smooth, trouble-free operation.
3 4	ADJUSTING AND CLEANING
5 6	Remove all traces or dirt and soiled areas.
7	
8	DEMONSTRATION
9	
10	Instruct the owner's personnel on proper operation and maintenance of fence components.
11	
12	Employ an arborist, licensed in jurisdiction where Project is located, to submit details of
13	proposed repairs and to repair damage to trees and shrubs.
14	
15	Replace trees that cannot be repaired and restored to full-growth status.
16	
17	
18	END OF SECTION

Bid No. 314001

SECTION 32 91 13 – SOIL PREPARATION

PART 1 - GENERAL

RELATED DOCUMENTS

Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

SUMMARY

Section includes planting soils and layered soil assemblies specified by composition of the mixes. Related Requirements:

Section 311000 "Site Clearing" for topsoil stripping and stockpiling.

Section 329200 "Turf and Grasses" for placing planting soil for turf and grasses.

Section 329300 "Plants" for placing planting soil for plantings.

Section 329600 "Transplanting" for placing planting soil in tree planting pits.

DEFINITIONS

AAPFCO: Association of American Plant Food Control Officials.

Backfill: The earth used to replace or the act of replacing earth in an excavation. This can be amended or unamended soil as indicated.

CEC: Cation exchange capacity.

Compost: The product resulting from the controlled biological decomposition of organic material that has been sanitized through the generation of heat and stabilized to the point that it is beneficial to plant growth.

Duff Layer: A surface layer of soil, typical of forested areas, that is composed of mostly decayed leaves, twigs, and detritus.

Imported Soil: Soil that is transported to Project site for use.

Layered Soil Assembly: A designed series of planting soils, layered on each other, that together produce an environment for plant growth.

Manufactured Soil: Soil produced by blending soils, sand, stabilized organic soil amendments, and other materials to produce planting soil.

NAPT: North American Proficiency Testing Program. An SSSA program to assist soil-, plant-, and water-testing laboratories through interlaboratory sample exchanges and statistical evaluation of analytical data.

Organic Matter: The total of organic materials in soil exclusive of undecayed plant and animal tissues, their partial decomposition products, and the soil biomass; also called "humus" or "soil organic matter."

Planting Soil: Existing, on-site soil; imported soil; or manufactured soil that has been modified as specified with soil amendments and perhaps fertilizers to produce a soil mixture best for plant growth.

RCRA Metals: Hazardous metals identified by the EPA under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act.

1 2

SSSA: Soil Science Society of America.

Subgrade: Surface or elevation of subsoil remaining after excavation is complete, or the top surface of a fill or backfill before planting soil is placed.

Subsoil: Soil beneath the level of subgrade; soil beneath the topsoil layers of a naturally occurring soil profile, typified by less than 1 percent organic matter and few soil organisms.

Surface Soil: Soil that is present at the top layer of the existing soil profile. In undisturbed areas, surface soil is typically called "topsoil"; but in disturbed areas such as urban environments, the surface soil can be subsoil.

14 USCC: U.S. Composting Council.

PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS

Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

ACTION SUBMITTALS

Product Data: For each type of product.

Include recommendations for application and use.

Include test data substantiating that products comply with requirements.

Include sieve analyses for aggregate materials.

Material Certificates: For each type of imported soil and soil amendment and fertilizer before delivery to the site, according to the following:

Manufacturer's qualified testing agency's certified analysis of standard products.

Analysis of fertilizers, by a qualified testing agency, made according to AAPFCO methods for testing and labeling and according to AAPFCO's SUIP #25.

Analysis of nonstandard materials, by a qualified testing agency, made according to SSSA methods, where applicable.

LEED Submittals: None

Samples: For each bulk-supplied material, 1-quart (1-L) volume of each in sealed containers labeled with content, source, and date obtained. Each Sample shall be typical of the lot of material to be furnished; provide an accurate representation of composition, color, and texture.

INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

Qualification Data: For each testing agency.

Preconstruction Test Reports: For preconstruction soil analyses specified in "Preconstruction Testing" Article.

Field quality-control reports.

QUALITY ASSURANCE

Testing Agency Qualifications: An independent, state-operated, or university-operated laboratory; experienced in soil science, soil testing, and plant nutrition; with the experience and capability to conduct the testing indicated; and that specializes in types of tests to be performed.

Multiple Laboratories: At Contractor's option, work may be divided among qualified testing laboratories specializing in physical testing, chemical testing, and fertility testing.

PRECONSTRUCTION TESTING

Preconstruction Testing Service: Engage a qualified testing agency to perform preconstruction soil analyses on existing, on-site soil and imported soil.

Notify Architect seven days in advance of the dates and times when laboratory samples will be taken.

 Preconstruction Soil Analyses: For each unamended soil type, perform testing on soil samples and furnish soil analysis and a written report containing soil-amendment and fertilizer recommendations by a qualified testing agency performing the testing according to "Soil-Sampling Requirements" and "Testing Requirements" articles.

Have testing agency identify and label samples and test reports according to sample collection and labeling requirements.

SOIL-SAMPLING REQUIREMENTS

General: Extract soil samples according to requirements in this article.

Sample Collection and Labeling: Have samples taken and labeled by Contractor in presence of Architect under the direction of the testing agency.

Number and Location of Samples: Minimum of three representative soil samples from varied locations for each soil to be used or amended for landscaping purposes.

Procedures and Depth of Samples: According to USDA-NRCS's "Field Book for Describing and Sampling Soils.".

Division of Samples: Split each sample into two, equal parts. Send half to the testing agency and half to Owner for its records.

Labeling: Label each sample with the date, location keyed to a site plan or other location system, visible soil condition, and sampling depth.

TESTING REQUIREMENTS

General: Perform tests on soil samples according to requirements in this article.

Physical Testing:

Soil Texture: Soil-particle, size-distribution analysis by one of the following methods according to SSSA's "Methods of Soil Analysis - Part 1-Physical and Mineralogical Methods":

Sieving Method: Report sand-gradation percentages for very coarse, coarse, medium, fine, and very fine sand; and fragment-gradation (gravel) percentages for fine, medium, and coarse fragments; according to USDA sand and fragment sizes.

Hydrometer Method: Report percentages of sand, silt, and clay.

 Total Porosity: Calculate using particle density and bulk density according to SSSA's "Methods of Soil Analysis - Part 1-Physical and Mineralogical Methods."

 Water Retention: According to SSSA's "Methods of Soil Analysis - Part 1-Physical and Mineralogical Methods."

Saturated Hydraulic Conductivity: According to SSSA's "Methods of Soil Analysis - Part 1-Physical and Mineralogical Methods"; at 85% compaction according to ASTM D 698 (Standard Proctor).

Chemical Testing:

CEC: Analysis by sodium saturation at pH 7 according to SSSA's "Methods of Soil Analysis - Part 3- Chemical Methods."

Clay Mineralogy: Analysis and estimated percentage of expandable clay minerals using CEC by ammonium saturation at pH 7 according to SSSA's "Methods of Soil Analysis - Part 1-Physical and Mineralogical Methods."

Metals Hazardous to Human Health: Test for presence and quantities of RCRA metals including aluminum, arsenic, barium, copper, cadmium, chromium, cobalt, lead, lithium, and vanadium. If RCRA metals are present, include recommendations for corrective action.

Phytotoxicity: Test for plant-available concentrations of phytotoxic minerals including aluminum, arsenic, barium, cadmium, chlorides, chromium, cobalt, copper, lead, lithium, mercury, nickel, selenium, silver, sodium, strontium, tin, titanium, vanadium, and zinc.

> Fertility Testing: Soil-fertility analysis according to standard laboratory protocol of SSSA NAPT NCR-13 including the following:

Percentage of organic matter.

CEC, calcium percent of CEC, and magnesium percent of CEC.

Soil reaction (acidity/alkalinity pH value).

Buffered acidity or alkalinity.

Nitrogen ppm.

Phosphorous ppm.

Potassium ppm.

Manganese ppm.

Manganese-availability ppm.

Zinc ppm.

Zinc availability ppm.

Copper ppm.

Sodium ppm and sodium absorption ratio.

Soluble-salts ppm.

Presence and quantities of problem materials including salts and metals cited in the Standard protocol. If such problem materials are present, provide additional recommendations for corrective action.

Other deleterious materials, including their characteristics and content of each.

Organic-Matter Content: Analysis using loss-by-ignition method according to SSSA's "Methods of Soil Analysis - Part 3- Chemical Methods."

Recommendations: Based on the test results, state recommendations for soil treatments and soil amendments to be incorporated to produce satisfactory planting soil suitable for healthy, viable plants indicated. Include, at a minimum, recommendations for nitrogen, phosphorous, and potassium fertilization, and for micronutrients.

Fertilizers and Soil Amendment Rates: State recommendations in weight per 1000 sq. ft. (100 sq. m) for 6-inch (150-mm)depth of soil.

Soil Reaction: State the recommended liming rates for raising pH or sulfur for lowering pH according to the buffered acidity or buffered alkalinity in weight per 1000 sq. ft. (100 sq. m) for 6-inch (150-mm)depth of soil.

DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

Packaged Materials: Deliver packaged materials in original, unopened containers showing weight, certified analysis, name and address of manufacturer, and compliance with state and Federal laws if applicable.

Bulk Materials:

Do not dump or store bulk materials near structures, utilities, walkways and pavements, or on existing turf areas or plants.

Provide erosion-control measures to prevent erosion or displacement of bulk materials, discharge of soil-bearing water runoff, and airborne dust reaching adjacent properties, water conveyance systems, or walkways.

Do not move or handle materials when they are wet or frozen.

Accompany each delivery of bulk fertilizers and soil amendments with appropriate certificates.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

MATERIALS

Regional Materials: Imported soil, manufactured planting soil and soil amendments and fertilizers shall be manufactured within 500 miles (800 km) of Project site from materials that have been extracted, harvested, or recovered, as well as manufactured, within 500 miles (800 km) of Project site.

PLANTING SOILS SPECIFIED BY COMPOSITION

General: Soil amendments, fertilizers, and rates of application specified in this article are guidelines that may need revision based on testing laboratory's recommendations after preconstruction soil analyses are performed.

Planting-Soil Type Existing, on-site surface topsoil, with the duff layer, if any, retained; and stockpiled on-site; modified to produce viable planting soil. Blend existing, on-site surface soil with the following soil amendments and fertilizers in the following quantities to produce planting soil:

Ratio of Loose Compost to Soil: 1:4 by volume.

Weight of Slow-Release Fertilizer: 1000 sq. ft. (100 sq. m) 6 inches (150 mm) of soil depth.

Planting-Soil Type: Imported, naturally formed soil from off-site sources and consisting of loam or silt loam soil according to USDA textures; and modified to produce viable planting soil.

Sources: Take imported, unamended soil from sources that are naturally well-drained sites where topsoil occurs at least 4 inches (100 mm) deep, not from agricultural land, bogs, or marshes; and that do not contain undesirable organisms; disease-causing plant pathogens;

or obnoxious weeds and invasive plants including, but not limited to, quackgrass, Johnsongrass, poison ivy, nutsedge, nimblewill, Canada thistle, bindweed, bentgrass, wild garlic, ground ivy, perennial sorrel, and bromegrass.

Additional Properties of Imported Soil before Amending: Soil reaction of pH 6 to 7 and minimum of 6 percent organic-matter content, friable, and with sufficient structure to give good tilth and aeration.

Unacceptable Properties: Clean soil of the following:

Unacceptable Materials: Concrete slurry, concrete layers or chunks, cement, plaster, building debris, oils, gasoline, diesel fuel, paint thinner, turpentine, tar, roofing compound, acid, and other extraneous materials that are harmful to plant growth.

Unsuitable Materials: Stones, roots, plants, sod, clay lumps, and pockets of coarse sand that exceed a combined maximum of 8 percent by dry weight of the imported soil.

Large Materials: Stones, clods, roots, clay lumps, and pockets of coarse sand exceeding 2 inches (50 mm) in any dimension.

Amended Soil Composition: Blend imported, unamended soil with the following soil amendments and fertilizers in the following quantities to produce planting soil:

Ratio of Loose Compost to Soil: 1:4 by volume.

Weight of Slow-Release Fertilizer: per 1000 sq. ft. (100 sq. m) per 6 inches (150 mm) of soil depth.

INORGANIC SOIL AMENDMENTS

Lime: ASTM C 602, agricultural liming material containing a minimum of 80 percent calcium carbonate equivalent and as follows:

Class: T, with a minimum of 99 percent passing through a No. 8 (2.36-mm) sieve and a minimum of 75 percent passing through a No. 60 (0.25-mm) sieve.

Class: O, with a minimum of 95 percent passing through a No. 8 (2.36-mm) sieve and a minimum of 55 percent passing through a No. 60 (0.25-mm) sieve.

Form: Provide lime in form of ground dolomitic limestone or calcitic limestone

Sulfur: Granular, biodegradable, and containing a minimum of 90 percent elemental sulfur, with a minimum of 99 percent passing through a No. 6 (3.35-mm) sieve and a maximum of 10 percent passing through a No. 40 (0.425-mm) sieve.

Iron Sulfate: Granulated ferrous sulfate containing a minimum of 20 percent iron and 10 percent sulfur.

Perlite: Horticultural perlite, soil amendment grade.

Agricultural Gypsum: Minimum 90 percent calcium sulfate, finely ground with 90 percent passing through a No. 50 (0.30-mm) sieve.

Sand: Clean, washed, natural or manufactured, free of toxic materials, and according to ASTM C 33/C 33M.

ORGANIC SOIL AMENDMENTS

Compost: Well-composted, stable, and weed-free organic matter produced by composting feedstock, and bearing USCC's "Seal of Testing Assurance," and as follows:

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Reaction: pH of 5.5 to 8.

Soluble-Salt Concentration: Less than 4 dS/m. Moisture Content: 35 to 55 percent by weight.

Organic-Matter Content: 50 to 60 percent of dry weight.

Particle Size: Minimum of 98 percent passing through a 1-inch (25-mm) sieve.

FERTILIZERS

Slow-Release Fertilizer: Granular or pelleted fertilizer consisting of 50 percent water-insoluble nitrogen, phosphorus, and potassium in the following composition:

Composition: 20 percent nitrogen, 10 percent phosphorous, and 10 percent potassium, by weight.

Composition: Nitrogen, phosphorous, and potassium in amounts recommended in soil reports from a qualified testing agency.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

GENERAL

Place planting soil and fertilizers according to requirements in other Specification Sections.

Verify that no foreign or deleterious material or liquid such as paint, paint washout, concrete slurry, concrete layers or chunks, cement, plaster, oils, gasoline, diesel fuel, paint thinner, turpentine, tar, roofing compound, or acid has been deposited in planting soil.

Proceed with placement only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

PREPARATION OF UNAMENDED, ON-SITE SOIL BEFORE AMENDING

Excavation: Excavate soil from designated area(s) to a depth of 6 inches (150 mm) and stockpile until amended.

Unacceptable Materials: Clean soil of concrete slurry, concrete layers or chunks, cement, plaster, building debris, oils, gasoline, diesel fuel, paint thinner, turpentine, tar, roofing compound, acid, and other extraneous materials that are harmful to plant growth.

Unsuitable Materials: Clean soil to contain a maximum of 8 percent by dry weight of stones, roots, plants, sod, clay lumps, and pockets of coarse sand.

Screening: Pass unamended soil through a 2-inch (50-mm) sieve to remove large materials.

PLACING AND MIXING PLANTING SOIL OVER EXPOSED SUBGRADE

General: Apply and mix unamended soil with amendments on-site to produce required planting soil. Do not apply materials or till if existing soil or subgrade is frozen, muddy, or excessively wet.

Subgrade Preparation: Till subgrade to a minimum depth of 8 inches (200 mm). Remove stones larger than 1-1/2 inches (38 mm) in any dimension and sticks, roots, rubbish, and other extraneous matter and legally dispose of them off Owner's property.

Apply, add soil amendments, and mix approximately half the thickness of unamended soil over prepared, loosened subgrade according to "Mixing" Paragraph below. Mix thoroughly into top 4 inches (100 mm) of subgrade. Spread remainder of planting soil.

Mixing: Spread unamended soil to total depth of 8 inches (200 mm), but not less than required to meet finish grades after mixing with amendments and natural settlement. Do not spread if soil or subgrade is frozen, muddy, or excessively wet.

Amendments: Apply soil amendments and fertilizer, if required, evenly on surface, and thoroughly blend them with unamended soil to produce planting soil.

Mix fertilizer with planting soil no more than seven days before planting.

Lifts: Apply and mix unamended soil and amendments in lifts not exceeding 8 inches (200 mm) in loose depth for material compacted by compaction equipment, and not more than 4 inches (100 mm) in loose depth for material compacted by hand-operated tampers.

Compaction: Compact each blended lift of planting soil to 75 to 82 percent of maximum Standard Proctor density according to ASTM D 698 and tested in-place.

Finish Grading: Grade planting soil to a smooth, uniform surface plane with loose, uniformly fine texture. Roll and rake, remove ridges, and fill depressions to meet finish grades.

BLENDING PLANTING SOIL IN PLACE

General: Mix amendments with in-place, unamended soil to produce required planting soil. Do not apply materials or till if existing soil or subgrade is frozen, muddy, or excessively wet.

Preparation: Till unamended, existing soil in planting areas to a minimum depth of 8 inches (200 mm). Remove stones larger than 1-1/2 inches (38 mm) in any dimension and sticks, roots, rubbish, and other extraneous matter and legally dispose of them off Owner's property.

Mixing: Apply soil amendments and fertilizer, if required, evenly on surface, and thoroughly blend them into full depth of unamended, in-place soil to produce planting soil.

Mix fertilizer with planting soil no more than seven days before planting.

Compaction: Compact blended planting soil to 75 to 82 percent of maximum Standard Proctor density according to ASTM D 698.

Finish Grading: Grade planting soil to a smooth, uniform surface plane with loose, uniformly fine texture. Roll and rake, remove ridges, and fill depressions to meet finish grades.

FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

Testing Agency: Engage a qualified testing agency to perform tests and inspections.

Perform the following tests:

Compaction: Test planting-soil compaction after placing each lift and at completion using a densitometer or soil-compaction meter calibrated to a reference test value based on laboratory testing according to ASTM D 698. Space tests at no less than one for each 1000 sq. ft. (100 sq. m) of in-place soil or part thereof.

Soil will be considered defective if it does not pass tests.

Prepare test reports.

Label each sample and test report with the date, location keyed to a site plan or other location system, visible conditions when and where sample was taken, and sampling depth.

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PROTECTION

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6 Protection Zone: Identify protection zones according to Section 015639 "Temporary Tree and Plant Protection."

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Protect areas of in-place soil from additional compaction, disturbance, and contamination. Prohibit the following practices within these areas except as required to perform planting operations:

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Storage of construction materials, debris, or excavated material.

Parking vehicles or equipment.

14 Vehicle traffic.

Foot traffic.

Erection of sheds or structures.

17 Impoundment of water.

Excavation or other digging unless otherwise indicated.

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If planting soil or subgrade is overcompacted, disturbed, or contaminated by foreign or deleterious materials or liquids, remove the planting soil and contamination; restore the subgrade as directed by Architect and replace contaminated planting soil with new planting soil.

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CLEANING

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Protect areas adjacent to planting-soil preparation and placement areas from contamination. Keep adjacent paving and construction clean and work area in an orderly condition.

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Remove surplus soil and waste material including excess subsoil, unsuitable materials, trash, and debris and legally dispose of them off Owner's property unless otherwise indicated.

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Dispose of excess subsoil and unsuitable materials on-site where directed by Owner.

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END OF SECTION

SECTION 32 92 00 - TURF AND GRASSES

PART 1 - GENERAL

RELATED DOCUMENTS

Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

SUMMARY

Section Includes:

Turf renovation.

Related Requirements:

Section 329300 "Plants" for trees, shrubs, ground covers, and other plants as well as border edgings and mow strips.

DEFINITIONS

Finish Grade: Elevation of finished surface of planting soil.

Pesticide: A substance or mixture intended for preventing, destroying, repelling, or mitigating a pest. Pesticides include insecticides, miticides, herbicides, fungicides, rodenticides, and molluscicides. They also includes substances or mixtures intended for use as a plant regulator, defoliant, or desiccant.

Pests: Living organisms that occur where they are not desired or that cause damage to plants, animals, or people. Pests include insects, mites, grubs, mollusks (snails and slugs), rodents (gophers, moles, and mice), unwanted plants (weeds), fungi, bacteria, and viruses.

Planting Soil: Existing, on-site soil; imported soil; or manufactured soil that has been modified with soil amendments and perhaps fertilizers to produce a soil mixture best for plant growth. See Section 329113 "Soil Preparation" and drawing designations for planting soils.

Subgrade: The surface or elevation of subsoil remaining after excavation is complete, or the top surface of a fill or backfill before planting soil is placed.

INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

Qualification Data: For landscape Installer.

Certification of Grass Seed: From seed vendor for each grass-seed monostand or mixture, stating the botanical and common name, percentage by weight of each species and variety, and percentage of purity, germination, and weed seed. Include the year of production and date of packaging.

Product Certificates: For fertilizers, from manufacturer.

Pesticides and Herbicides: Product label and manufacturer's application instructions specific to Project.

QUALITY ASSURANCE

Installer Qualifications: A qualified landscape installer whose work has resulted in successful turf establishment.

Professional Membership: Installer shall be a member in good standing of either the American Nursery and Landscape Association.

Experience: Three years' experience in turf installation in addition to requirements in Section 014000 "Quality Requirements."

Installer's Field Supervision: Require Installer to maintain an experienced full-time supervisor on Project site when work is in progress.

Pesticide Applicator: State licensed, commercial.

DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

Seed and Other Packaged Materials: Deliver packaged materials in original, unopened containers showing weight, certified analysis, name and address of manufacturer, and indication of compliance with state and Federal laws, as applicable.

Bulk Materials:

Do not dump or store bulk materials near structures, utilities, walkways and pavements, or on existing turf areas or plants.

Provide erosion-control measures to prevent erosion or displacement of bulk materials; discharge of soil-bearing water runoff; and airborne dust reaching adjacent properties, water conveyance systems, or walkways.

Accompany each delivery of bulk materials with appropriate certificates.

FIELD CONDITIONS

Planting Restrictions: Plant during one of the following periods. Coordinate planting periods with initial maintenance periods to provide required maintenance from date of planting completion.

Spring Planting: May 1 – June 15. Fall Planting: September 1 – October 15.

Weather Limitations: Proceed with planting only when existing and forecasted weather conditions permit planting to be performed when beneficial and optimum results may be obtained. Apply products during favorable weather conditions according to manufacturer's written instructions.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

SEED

Grass Seed: Fresh, clean, dry, new-crop seed complying with AOSA's "Rules for Testing Seeds" for purity and germination tolerances.

Seed Species:

Quality: State-certified seed of grass species as listed below for solar exposure.

Quality: Seed of grass species as listed below for solar exposure, with not less than 85 percent germination, not less than 95 percent pure seed, and not more than 0.5 percent weed seed:

Full Sun: Kentucky bluegrass (Poa pratensis), a minimum of three cultivars.

Sun and Partial Shade: Proportioned by weight as follows: 50 percent Kentucky bluegrass (Poa pratensis). 30 percent chewings red fescue (Festuca rubra variety). 10 percent perennial ryegrass (Lolium perenne). 10 percent redtop (Agrostis alba). Shade: Proportioned by weight as follows: 50 percent chewings red fescue (Festuca rubra variety). 35 percent rough bluegrass (Poa trivialis). 15 percent redtop (Agrostis alba).

FERTILIZERS

Commercial Fertilizer: Commercial-grade complete fertilizer of neutral character, consisting of fastand slow-release nitrogen, 50 percent derived from natural organic sources of urea formaldehyde, phosphorous, and potassium in the following composition:

Composition: 1 lb/1000 sq. ft. (0.45 kg/92.9 sq. m) of actual nitrogen, 4 percent phosphorous, and 2 percent potassium, by weight.

Composition: Nitrogen, phosphorous, and potassium in amounts recommended in soil reports from a qualified soil-testing laboratory.

MULCHES

Straw Mulch: Provide air-dry, clean, mildew- and seed-free, salt hay or threshed straw of wheat, rye, oats, or barley.

PESTICIDES

General: Pesticide, registered and approved by the EPA, acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and of type recommended by manufacturer for each specific problem and as required for Project conditions and application. Do not use restricted pesticides unless authorized in writing by authorities having jurisdiction.

Pre-Emergent Herbicide (Selective and Nonselective): Effective for controlling the germination or growth of weeds within planted areas at the soil level directly below the mulch layer.

Post-Emergent Herbicide (Selective and Nonselective): Effective for controlling weed growth that has already germinated.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

EXAMINATION

Examine areas to be planted for compliance with requirements and other conditions affecting installation and performance of the Work.

Verify that no foreign or deleterious material or liquid such as paint, paint washout, concrete slurry, concrete layers or chunks, cement, plaster, oils, gasoline, diesel fuel, paint thinner, turpentine, tar, roofing compound, or acid has been deposited in soil within a planting area.

Suspend planting operations during periods of excessive soil moisture until the moisture content reaches acceptable levels to attain the required results.

Uniformly moisten excessively dry soil that is not workable or which is dusty.

Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

If contamination by foreign or deleterious material or liquid is present in soil within a planting area, remove the soil and contamination as directed by Architect and replace with new planting soil.

PREPARATION

Protect structures; utilities; sidewalks; pavements; and other facilities, trees, shrubs, and plantings from damage caused by planting operations.

Install erosion-control measures to prevent erosion or displacement of soils and discharge of soilbearing water runoff or airborne dust to adjacent properties and walkways.

TURF AREA PREPARATION

General: Prepare planting area for soil placement and mix planting soil according to Section 329113 "Soil Preparation."

Placing Planting Soil: Place and mix planting soil in place over exposed subgrade.

Reduce elevation of planting soil to allow for soil thickness of sod.

Moisten prepared area before planting if soil is dry. Water thoroughly and allow surface to dry before planting. Do not create muddy soil.

Before planting, obtain Architect's acceptance of finish grading; restore planting areas if eroded or otherwise disturbed after finish grading.

SEEDING

Sow seed with spreader or seeding machine. Do not broadcast or drop seed when wind velocity exceeds 5 mph (8 km/h).

Evenly distribute seed by sowing equal quantities in two directions at right angles to each other.

Do not use wet seed or seed that is moldy or otherwise damaged.

Do not seed against existing trees. Limit extent of seed to outside edge of planting saucer.

Sow seed at a total rate of 3 to 4 lb/1000 sq. ft. (1.4 to 1.8 kg/92.9 sq. m)].

Rake seed lightly into top 1/8 inch (3 mm) of soil, roll lightly, and water with fine spray.

Protect seeded areas with slopes not exceeding 1:6 by spreading straw mulch. Spread uniformly at a minimum rate of 2 tons/acre (42 kg/92.9 sq. m) to form a continuous blanket 1-1/2 inches (38 mm) in loose thickness over seeded areas. Spread by hand, blower, or other suitable equipment.

Anchor straw mulch by crimping into soil with suitable mechanical equipment.

TURF RENOVATION

Renovate existing turf where indicated.

Renovate turf damaged by Contractor's operations, such as storage of materials or equipment and movement of vehicles.

Reestablish turf where settlement or washouts occur or where minor regrading is required. Install new planting soil as required.

Remove sod and vegetation from diseased or unsatisfactory turf areas; do not bury in soil.

Remove topsoil containing foreign materials, such as oil drippings, fuel spills, stones, gravel, and other construction materials resulting from Contractor's operations, and replace with new planting soil.

Mow, dethatch, core aerate, and rake existing turf.

Remove weeds before seeding. Where weeds are extensive, apply selective herbicides as required. Do not use pre-emergence herbicides.

Remove waste and foreign materials, including weeds, soil cores, grass, vegetation, and turf, and legally dispose of them off Owner's property.

Till stripped, bare, and compacted areas thoroughly to a soil depth of 6 inches (150 mm).

Apply soil amendments and initial fertilizer required for establishing new turf and mix thoroughly into top 4 inches (100 mm) of existing soil. Install new planting soil to fill low spots and meet finish grades.

Soil Amendment(s): according to requirements of Section 329113 "Soil Preparation".

Initial Fertilizer: Commercial fertilizer applied according to manufacturer's recommendations.

Apply seed and protect with straw mulch as required for new turf.

Water newly planted areas and keep moist until new turf is established.

TURF MAINTENANCE

General: Maintain and establish turf by watering, fertilizing, weeding, mowing, trimming, replanting, and performing other operations as required to establish healthy, viable turf. Roll, regrade, and replant bare or eroded areas and remulch to produce a uniformly smooth turf. Provide materials and installation the same as those used in the original installation.

Fill in as necessary soil subsidence that may occur because of settling or other processes. Replace materials and turf damaged or lost in areas of subsidence.

In areas where mulch has been disturbed by wind or maintenance operations, add new mulch and anchor as required to prevent displacement.

Apply treatments as required to keep turf and soil free of pests and pathogens or disease. Use integrated pest management practices whenever possible to minimize the use of pesticides and reduce hazards.

Watering: Install and maintain temporary piping, hoses, and turf-watering equipment to convey water from sources and to keep turf uniformly moist to a depth of 4 inches (100 mm).

Schedule watering to prevent wilting, puddling, erosion, and displacement of seed or mulch. Lay out temporary watering system to avoid walking over muddy or newly planted areas.

Water turf with fine spray at a minimum rate of 1 inch (25 mm) per week unless rainfall precipitation is adequate.

Mow turf as soon as top growth is tall enough to cut. Repeat mowing to maintain specified height without cutting more than one-third of grass height. Remove no more than one-third of grass-leaf growth in initial or subsequent mowings. Do not delay mowing until grass blades bend over and become matted. Do not mow when grass is wet. Schedule initial and subsequent mowings to maintain the following grass height:

Mow Kentucky bluegrass to a height of 1-1/2 to 2 inches (38 to 50 mm).

Turf Postfertilization: Apply commercial fertilizer after initial mowing and when grass is dry.

Use fertilizer that provides actual nitrogen of at least 1 lb/1000 sq. ft. (0.45 kg/92.9 sq. m) to turf area.

SATISFACTORY TURF

Turf installations shall meet the following criteria as determined by Architect:

Satisfactory Seeded Turf: At end of maintenance period, a healthy, uniform, close stand of grass has been established, free of weeds and surface irregularities, with coverage exceeding 90 percent over any 10 sq. ft. (0.92 sq. m) and bare spots not exceeding 5 by 5 inches (125 by 125 mm).

Use specified materials to reestablish turf that does not comply with requirements, and continue maintenance until turf is satisfactory.

PESTICIDE APPLICATION

Apply pesticides and other chemical products and biological control agents according to requirements of authorities having jurisdiction and manufacturer's written recommendations. Coordinate applications with Owner's operations and others in proximity to the Work. Notify Owner before each application is performed.

Post-Emergent Herbicides (Selective and Nonselective): Apply only as necessary to treat already-germinated weeds and according to manufacturer's written recommendations.

CLEANUP AND PROTECTION

Promptly remove soil and debris created by turf work from paved areas. Clean wheels of vehicles before leaving site to avoid tracking soil onto roads, walks, or other paved areas.

Remove surplus soil and waste material, including excess subsoil, unsuitable soil, trash, and debris, and legally dispose of them off Owner's property.

Erect temporary fencing or barricades and warning signs as required to protect newly planted areas from traffic. Maintain fencing and barricades throughout initial maintenance period and remove after plantings are established.

Remove nondegradable erosion-control measures after grass establishment period.

MAINTENANCE SERVICE

Turf Maintenance Service: Provide full maintenance by skilled employees of landscape Installer. Maintain as required in "Turf Maintenance" Article. Begin maintenance immediately after each area is planted and continue until acceptable turf is established, but for not less than the following periods:

Seeded Turf: 60 days from date of planting completion.

When initial maintenance period has not elapsed before end of planting season, or if turf is not fully established, continue maintenance during next planting season.

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END OF SECTION

SECTION 32 93 00 - PLANTS

PART 1 - GENERAL

RELATED DOCUMENTS

Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

SUMMARY

Section Includes:

Plants.

Tree stabilization.

Tree-watering devices.

Landscape edgings.

Tree grates.

Related Requirements:

Section 329200 "Turf and Grasses" for turf (lawn) and erosion-control materials.

Section 329600 "Transplanting" for transplanting non-nursery-grown trees.

DEFINITIONS

Backfill: The earth used to replace or the act of replacing earth in an excavation.

Balled and Burlapped Stock: Plants dug with firm, natural balls of earth in which they were grown, with a ball size not less than diameter and depth recommended by ANSI Z60.1 for type and size of plant required; wrapped with burlap, tied, rigidly supported, and drum laced with twine with the root flare visible at the surface of the ball as recommended by ANSI Z60.1.

Container-Grown Stock: Healthy, vigorous, well-rooted plants grown in a container, with a well-established root system reaching sides of container and maintaining a firm ball when removed from container. Container shall be rigid enough to hold ball shape and protect root mass during shipping and be sized according to ANSI Z60.1 for type and size of plant required.

Finish Grade: Elevation of finished surface of planting soil.

Pesticide: A substance or mixture intended for preventing, destroying, repelling, or mitigating a pest. Pesticides include insecticides, miticides, herbicides, fungicides, rodenticides, and molluscicides. They also include substances or mixtures intended for use as a plant regulator, defoliant, or desiccant. Some sources classify herbicides separately from pesticides.

Pests: Living organisms that occur where they are not desired or that cause damage to plants, animals, or people. Pests include insects, mites, grubs, mollusks (snails and slugs), rodents (gophers, moles, and mice), unwanted plants (weeds), fungi, bacteria, and viruses.

Planting Area: Areas to be planted.

Planting Soil: Existing, on-site soil; imported soil; or manufactured soil that has been modified with soil amendments and perhaps fertilizers to produce a soil mixture best for plant growth. See Section 329113 "Soil Preparation" for drawing designations for planting soils.

Plant; Plants; Plant Material: These terms refer to vegetation in general, including trees, shrubs, vines, ground covers, ornamental grasses, bulbs, corms, tubers, or herbaceous vegetation.

Root Flare: Also called "trunk flare." The area at the base of the plant's stem or trunk where the stem or trunk broadens to form roots; the area of transition between the root system and the stem or trunk.

Stem Girdling Roots: Roots that encircle the stems (trunks) of trees below the soil surface.

Subgrade: The surface or elevation of subsoil remaining after excavation is complete, or the top surface of a fill or backfill before planting soil is placed.

COORDINATION

Coordination with Turf Areas (Lawns): Plant trees, shrubs, and other plants after finish grades are established and before planting turf areas unless otherwise indicated.

When planting trees, shrubs, and other plants after planting turf areas, protect turf areas, and promptly repair damage caused by planting operations.

PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS

Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

ACTION SUBMITTALS

Product Data: For each type of product.

Plant Materials: Include quantities, sizes, quality, and sources for plant materials.

Samples for Verification: For each of the following:

Organic Mulch: 1-quart (1-L) volume of each organic mulch required; in sealed plastic bags labeled with composition of materials by percentage of weight and source of mulch. Each Sample shall be typical of the lot of material to be furnished; provide an accurate representation of color, texture, and organic makeup.

Slow-Release, Tree-Watering Device: One unit of each size required.

INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

Qualification Data: For landscape Installer. Include list of similar projects completed by Installer demonstrating Installer's capabilities and experience. Include project names, addresses, and year completed, and include names and addresses of owners' contact persons.

Product Certificates: For each type of manufactured product, from manufacturer, and complying with the following:

Manufacturer's certified analysis of standard products.

Analysis of other materials by a recognized laboratory made according to methods established by the Association of Official Analytical Chemists, where applicable.

Pesticides and Herbicides: Product label and manufacturer's application instructions specific to Project.

Sample Warranty: For special warranty.

CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

 Maintenance Data: Recommended procedures to be established by Owner for maintenance of plants during a calendar year. Submit before expiration of required maintenance periods.

. . . .

QUALITY ASSURANCE

Installer Qualifications: A qualified landscape installer whose work has resulted in successful establishment of plants.

Professional Membership: Installer shall be a member in good standing of the American Nursery and Landscape Association.

Experience: Three years' experience in landscape installation in addition to requirements.

Installer's Field Supervision: Require Installer to maintain an experienced full-time supervisor on Project site when work is in progress.

Provide quality, size, genus, species, and variety of plants indicated, complying with applicable requirements in ANSI Z60.1.

Selection of plants purchased under allowances is made by Architect, who tags plants at their place of growth before they are prepared for transplanting.

Measurements: Measure according to ANSI Z60.1. Do not prune to obtain required sizes.

Trees and Shrubs: Measure with branches and trunks or canes in their normal position. Take height measurements from or near the top of the root flare for field-grown stock and container-grown stock. Measure main body of tree or shrub for height and spread; do not measure branches or roots tip to tip. Take caliper measurements 6 inches (150 mm) above the root flare for trees up to 4-inch (100-mm) caliper size, and 12 inches (300 mm) above the root flare for larger sizes.

Other Plants: Measure with stems, petioles, and foliage in their normal position.

Plant Material Observation: Architect may observe plant material either at place of growth or at site before planting for compliance with requirements for genus, species, variety, cultivar, size, and quality. Architect may also observe trees and shrubs further for size and condition of balls and root systems, pests, disease symptoms, injuries, and latent defects and may reject unsatisfactory or defective material at any time during progress of work. Remove rejected trees or shrubs immediately from Project site.

Notify Architect of sources of planting materials pre construction meeting.

DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

Packaged Materials: Deliver packaged materials in original, unopened containers showing weight, certified analysis, name and address of manufacturer, and indication of compliance with state and Federal laws if applicable.

Bulk Materials:

Do not dump or store bulk materials near structures, utilities, walkways and pavements, or on existing turf areas or plants.

Provide erosion-control measures to prevent erosion or displacement of bulk materials; discharge of soil-bearing water runoff; and airborne dust reaching adjacent properties, water conveyance systems, or walkways.

Accompany each delivery of bulk materials with appropriate certificates.

Do not prune trees and shrubs before delivery. Protect bark, branches, and root systems from sun scald, drying, wind burn, sweating, whipping, and other handling and tying damage. Do not bend or bind-tie trees or shrubs in such a manner as to destroy their natural shape. Provide protective covering of plants during shipping and delivery. Do not drop plants during delivery and handling.

Handle planting stock by root ball.

Apply antidesiccant to trees and shrubs using power spray to provide an adequate film over trunks (before wrapping), branches, stems, twigs, and foliage to protect during digging, handling, and transportation.

If deciduous trees or shrubs are moved in full leaf, spray with antidesiccant at nursery before moving and again two weeks after planting.

Wrap trees and shrubs with burlap fabric over trunks, branches, stems, twigs, and foliage to protect from wind and other damage during digging, handling, and transportation.

Deliver plants after preparations for planting have been completed, and install immediately. If planting is delayed more than six hours after delivery, set plants and trees in their appropriate aspect (sun, filtered sun, or shade), protect from weather and mechanical damage, and keep roots moist.

Set balled stock on ground and cover ball with soil, peat moss, sawdust, or other acceptable material.

Do not remove container-grown stock from containers before time of planting.

Water root systems of plants stored on-site deeply and thoroughly with a fine-mist spray. Water as often as necessary to maintain root systems in a moist, but not overly wet condition.

FIELD CONDITIONS

Field Measurements: Verify actual grade elevations, service and utility locations, irrigation system components, and dimensions of plantings and construction contiguous with new plantings by field measurements before proceeding with planting work.

Planting Restrictions: Plant during one of the following periods. Coordinate planting periods with maintenance periods to provide required maintenance from date of Substantial Completion.

Spring Planting: May 1 – June 30. Fall Planting: September 1- October 15.

 Weather Limitations: Proceed with planting only when existing and forecasted weather conditions permit planting to be performed when beneficial and optimum results may be obtained. Apply products during favorable weather conditions according to manufacturer's written instructions and warranty requirements.

WARRANTY

Special Warranty: Installer agrees to repair or replace plantings and accessories that fail in materials, workmanship, or growth within specified warranty period. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:

Death and unsatisfactory growth, except for defects resulting from abuse, lack of adequate maintenance, or neglect by Owner.

Structural failures including plantings falling or blowing over.

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Deterioration of metals, metal finishes, and other materials beyond normal weathering.

 Warranty Periods: From date of planting completion.

Trees, Shrubs, Vines, and Ornamental Grasses: 12 months.

Ground Covers, Perennials, and Other Plants: 12 months.

Include the following remedial actions as a minimum:

Immediately remove dead plants and replace unless required to plant in the succeeding planting season.

Replace plants that are more than 25 percent dead or in an unhealthy condition at end of warranty period.

A limit of one replacement of each plant is required except for losses or replacements due to failure to comply with requirements.

Provide extended warranty for period equal to original warranty period, for replaced plant material.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

PLANT MATERIAL

General: Furnish nursery-grown plants true to genus, species, variety, cultivar, stem form, shearing, and other features indicated in Plant List, Plant Schedule, or Plant Legend indicated on Drawings and complying with ANSI Z60.1; and with healthy root systems developed by transplanting or root pruning. Provide well-shaped, fully branched, healthy, vigorous stock, densely foliated when in leaf and free of disease, pests, eggs, larvae, and defects such as knots, sun scald, injuries, abrasions, and disfigurement.

Trees with damaged, crooked, or multiple leaders; tight vertical branches where bark is squeezed between two branches or between branch and trunk ("included bark"); crossing trunks; cut-off limbs more than 3/4 inch (19 mm) in diameter; or with stem girdling roots are unacceptable.

Collected Stock: Do not use plants harvested from the wild, from native stands, from an established landscape planting, or not grown in a nursery unless otherwise indicated.

Provide plants of sizes, grades, and ball or container sizes complying with ANSI Z60.1 for types and form of plants required. Plants of a larger size may be used if acceptable to Architect, with a proportionate increase in size of roots or balls.

Root-Ball Depth: Furnish trees and shrubs with root balls measured from top of root ball, which begins at root flare according to ANSI Z60.1. Root flare shall be visible before planting.

Labeling: Label at least one plant of each variety, size, and caliper with a securely attached, waterproof tag bearing legible designation of common name and full scientific name, including genus and species. Include nomenclature for hybrid, variety, or cultivar, if applicable for the plant.

If formal arrangements or consecutive order of plants is indicated on Drawings, select stock for uniform height and spread, and number the labels to assure symmetry in planting.

FERTILIZERS

Planting Tablets: Tightly compressed chip-type, long-lasting, slow-release, commercial-grade planting fertilizer in tablet form. Tablets shall break down with soil bacteria, converting nutrients into a form that can be absorbed by plant roots.

Nutrient Composition: 20 percent nitrogen, 10 percent phosphorous, and 5 percent potassium, by weight plus micronutrients.

MULCHES

Organic Mulch: Free from deleterious materials and suitable as a top dressing of trees and shrubs, consisting of one of the following:

Type: Shredded hardwood bark.

Color: Natural.

PESTICIDES

General: Pesticide registered and approved by the EPA, acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and of type recommended by manufacturer for each specific problem and as required for Project conditions and application. Do not use restricted pesticides unless authorized in writing by authorities having jurisdiction.

Pre-Emergent Herbicide (Selective and Nonselective): Effective for controlling the germination or growth of weeds within planted areas at the soil level directly below the mulch layer.

Post-Emergent Herbicide (Selective and Nonselective): Effective for controlling weed growth that has already germinated.

TREE-STABILIZATION MATERIALS

Trunk-Stabilization Materials:

 Upright Stakes: Rough-sawn, sound, new hardwood or softwood with specified wood pressure-preservative treatment, free of knots, holes, cross grain, and other defects, 2-by-2-inch nominal (38-by-38-mm actual) by length indicated, pointed at one end.

Tree-Tie Webbing: UV-resistant polypropylene or nylon webbing with brass grommets.

MISCELLANEOUS PRODUCTS

Antidesiccant: Water-insoluble emulsion, permeable moisture retarder, film forming, for trees and shrubs. Deliver in original, sealed, and fully labeled containers and mix according to manufacturer's written instructions.

Burlap: Non-synthetic, biodegradable.

Planter Drainage Gravel: Washed, sound crushed stone or gravel complying with ASTM D 448 for Size No. 8.

Planter Filter Fabric: Woven geotextile manufactured for separation applications and made of polypropylene, polyolefin, or polyester fibers or combination of them.

Mycorrhizal Fungi: Dry, granular inoculant containing at least 5300 spores per lb (0.45 kg) of vesicular-arbuscular mycorrhizal fungi and 95 million spores per lb (0.45 kg) of ectomycorrhizal fungi, 33 percent hydrogel, and a maximum of 5.5 percent inert material.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

EXAMINATION

Examine areas to receive plants, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements and conditions affecting installation and performance of the Work.

Verify that no foreign or deleterious material or liquid such as paint, paint washout, concrete slurry, concrete layers or chunks, cement, plaster, oils, gasoline, diesel fuel, paint thinner, turpentine, tar, roofing compound, or acid has been deposited in soil within a planting area.

Verify that plants and vehicles loaded with plants can travel to planting locations with adequate overhead clearance.

Suspend planting operations during periods of excessive soil moisture until the moisture content reaches acceptable levels to attain the required results.

Uniformly moisten excessively dry soil that is not workable or which is dusty.

If contamination by foreign or deleterious material or liquid is present in soil within a planting area, remove the soil and contamination as directed by Architect and replace with new planting soil.

Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

PREPARATION

Protect structures, utilities, sidewalks, pavements, and other facilities and turf areas and existing plants from damage caused by planting operations.

Install erosion-control measures to prevent erosion or displacement of soils and discharge of soil-bearing water runoff or airborne dust to adjacent properties and walkways.

Lay out individual tree and shrub locations and areas for multiple plantings. Stake locations, outline areas, adjust locations when requested, and obtain Architect's acceptance of layout before excavating or planting. Make minor adjustments as required.

Lay out plants at locations directed by Architect. Stake locations of individual trees and shrubs and outline areas for multiple plantings.

PLANTING AREA ESTABLISHMENT

General: Prepare planting area for soil placement and mix planting soil according to Section 329113 "Soil Preparation.

Placing Planting Soil: Place and mix planting soil in-place over exposed subgrade.

Before planting, obtain Architect's acceptance of finish grading; restore planting areas if eroded or otherwise disturbed after finish grading.

Application of Mycorrhizal Fungi: At time directed by Architect, broadcast dry product uniformly over prepared soil at application rate according to manufacturer's written recommendations.

EXCAVATION FOR TREES AND SHRUBS

Planting Pits and Trenches: Excavate circular planting pits.

Excavate planting pits with sides sloping inward at a 45-degree angle. Excavations with vertical sides are unacceptable. Trim perimeter of bottom leaving center area of bottom

raised slightly to support root ball and assist in drainage away from center. Do not further disturb base. Ensure that root ball will sit on undisturbed base soil to prevent settling. Scarify sides of planting pit smeared or smoothed during excavation.

Excavate approximately three times as wide as ball diameter for balled and burlapped and container-grown stock.

Do not excavate deeper than depth of the root ball, measured from the root flare to the bottom of the root ball.

If area under the plant was initially dug too deep, add soil to raise it to the correct level and thoroughly tamp the added soil to prevent settling.

Maintain angles of repose of adjacent materials to ensure stability. Do not excavate subgrades of adjacent paving, structures, hardscapes, or other new or existing improvements.

Maintain supervision of excavations during working hours.

Keep excavations covered or otherwise protected after working hours.

Backfill Soil: Subsoil removed from excavations may not be used as backfill soil unless otherwise indicated.

Obstructions: Notify Architect if unexpected rock or obstructions detrimental to trees or shrubs are encountered in excavations.

Hardpan Layer: Drill 6-inch- (150-mm-) diameter holes, 24 inches (600 mm) apart, into free-draining strata or to a depth of 10 feet (3 m), whichever is less, and backfill with free-draining material.

Drainage: Notify Architect if subsoil conditions evidence unexpected water seepage or retention in tree or shrub planting pits.

Fill excavations with water and allow to percolate away before positioning trees and shrubs.

TREE, SHRUB, AND VINE PLANTING

Inspection: At time of planting, verify that root flare is visible at top of root ball according to ANSI Z60.1. If root flare is not visible, remove soil in a level manner from the root ball to where the top-most root emerges from the trunk. After soil removal to expose the root flare, verify that root ball still meets size requirements.

Roots: Remove stem girdling roots and kinked roots. Remove injured roots by cutting cleanly; do not break.

Balled and Burlapped Stock: Set each plant plumb and in center of planting pit or trench with root flare 2 inches (50 mm) above adjacent finish grades.

Backfill: Planting soil.

After placing some backfill around root ball to stabilize plant, carefully cut and remove burlap, rope, and wire baskets from tops of root balls and from sides, but do not remove from under root balls. Remove pallets, if any, before setting. Do not use planting stock if root ball is cracked or broken before or during planting operation.

Backfill around root ball in layers, tamping to settle soil and eliminate voids and air pockets. When planting pit is approximately one-half filled, water thoroughly before placing remainder of backfill. Repeat watering until no more water is absorbed.

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Place planting tablets equally distributed around each planting pit when pit is approximately one-half filled. Place tablets beside the root ball about 1 inch (25 mm) from root tips; do not place tablets in bottom of the hole.

Quantity: Three for each caliper inch of plant.

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Continue backfilling process. Water again after placing and tamping final layer of soil.

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Container-Grown Stock: Set each plant plumb and in center of planting pit or trench with root flare adjacent finish grades.

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Backfill: Planting soil

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Carefully remove root ball from container without damaging root ball or plant.

18 19 20

Backfill around root ball in layers, tamping to settle soil and eliminate voids and air pockets. When planting pit is approximately one-half filled, water thoroughly before placing remainder of backfill. Repeat watering until no more water is absorbed.

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Place planting tablets equally distributed around each planting pit when pit is approximately one-half filled. Place tablets beside the root ball about 1 inch (25 mm) from root tips; do not place tablets in bottom of the hole.

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Quantity: Two per plant.

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Continue backfilling process. Water again after placing and tamping final layer of soil.

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TREE, SHRUB, AND VINE PRUNING

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Remove only dead, dying, or broken branches. Do not prune for shape.

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Prune, thin, and shape trees, shrubs, and vines as directed by Architect. Prune, thin, and shape trees, shrubs, and vines according to standard professional horticultural and arboricultural practices. Unless otherwise indicated by Architect, do not cut tree leaders; remove only injured, dying, or dead branches from trees and shrubs; and prune to retain natural character.

Do not apply pruning paint to wounds.

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TREE STABILIZATION

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Trunk Stabilization by Upright Staking and Tying: Install trunk stabilization as follows unless otherwise indicated:

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Upright Staking and Tying: Stake trees of 2- through 5-inch (50- through 125-mm) caliper. Stake trees of less than 2-inch (50-mm) caliper only as required to prevent wind tip out. Use a minimum of two stakes of length required to penetrate at least 18 inches (450 mm) below bottom of backfilled excavation and to extend one-third of trunk height above grade. Set vertical stakes and space to avoid penetrating root balls or root masses.

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In "Upright Staking and Tying" Subparagraph below, one stake may be acceptable for highbranched trees in semiprotected locations.

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Upright Staking and Tying: Stake trees with two stakes for trees up to 12 feet (3.6 m) high and 2-1/2 inches (63 mm) or less in caliper; three stakes for trees less than 14 feet (4.2 m) high and up to 4 inches (100 mm) in caliper. Space stakes equally around trees.

Support trees with bands of flexible ties at contact points with tree trunk. Allow enough slack to avoid rigid restraint of tree.

PLACING SOIL IN PLANTERS

 Place a layer of drainage gravel at least 4 inches (100 mm) thick in bottom of planter. Cover bottom with filter fabric and wrap filter fabric 6 inches (150 mm) up on all sides. Duct tape along the entire top edge of the filter fabric, to secure the filter fabric against the sides during the soil-filling process.

Fill planter with planting soil. Place soil in lightly compacted layers to an elevation of 1-1/2 inches (38 mm) below top of planter, allowing natural settlement.

GROUND COVER AND PLANT PLANTING

Set out and space ground cover and plants other than trees, shrubs, and 24 inches (600 mm) apart or as indicated on Drawings in even rows with triangular spacing.

18 Use planting soil for backfill.

20 Dig holes large enough to allow spreading of roots.

For rooted cutting plants supplied in flats, plant each in a manner that minimally disturbs the root system but to a depth not less than two nodes.

Work soil around roots to eliminate air pockets and leave a slight saucer indentation around plants to hold water.

Water thoroughly after planting, taking care not to cover plant crowns with wet soil.

Protect plants from hot sun and wind; remove protection if plants show evidence of recovery from transplanting shock.

PLANTING AREA MULCHING

Mulch backfilled surfaces of planting areas and other areas indicated.

Organic Mulch in Planting Areas: Apply 3-inch (75-mm) average thickness of organic mulch over whole surface of planting area, and finish level with adjacent finish grades. Do not place mulch within 3 inches (75 mm) of trunks or stems.

EDGING INSTALLATION

Shovel-Cut Edging: Separate mulched areas from turf areas with a 45-degree, 4- to 6-inch- (100- to 150-mm-) deep, shovel-cut edge.

PLANT MAINTENANCE

Maintain plantings by pruning, cultivating, watering, weeding, fertilizing, mulching, restoring planting saucers, adjusting and repairing tree-stabilization devices, resetting to proper grades or vertical position, and performing other operations as required to establish healthy, viable plantings.

Fill in, as necessary, soil subsidence that may occur because of settling or other processes. Replace mulch materials damaged or lost in areas of subsidence.

Apply treatments as required to keep plant materials, planted areas, and soils free of pests and pathogens or disease. Use integrated pest management practices when possible to minimize use of pesticides and reduce hazards. Treatments include physical controls such as hosing off foliage, mechanical controls such as traps, and biological control agents.

PESTICIDE APPLICATION

Apply pesticides and other chemical products and biological control agents according to authorities having jurisdiction and manufacturer's written recommendations. Coordinate applications with Owner's operations and others in proximity to the Work. Notify Owner before each application is performed.

Pre-Emergent Herbicides (Selective and Nonselective): Apply to tree, shrub, and ground-cover areas according to manufacturer's written recommendations. Do not apply to seeded areas.

Post-Emergent Herbicides (Selective and Nonselective): Apply only as necessary to treat alreadygerminated weeds and according to manufacturer's written recommendations.

REPAIR AND REPLACEMENT

General: Repair or replace existing or new trees and other plants that are damaged by construction operations, in a manner approved by Architect.

Submit details of proposed pruning and repairs.

Perform repairs of damaged trunks, branches, and roots within 24 hours, if approved.

Replace trees and other plants that cannot be repaired and restored to full-growth status, as determined by Architect.

Remove and replace trees that are more than 25 percent dead or in an unhealthy condition before the end of the corrections period or are damaged during construction operations that Architect determines are incapable of restoring to normal growth pattern.

Provide new trees of same size as those being replaced for each tree.

Species of Replacement Trees: Same species being replaced.

CLEANING AND PROTECTION

During planting, keep adjacent paving and construction clean and work area in an orderly condition. Clean wheels of vehicles before leaving site to avoid tracking soil onto roads, walks, or other paved areas.

Remove surplus soil and waste material including excess subsoil, unsuitable soil, trash, and debris and legally dispose of them off Owner's property.

Protect plants from damage due to landscape operations and operations of other contractors and trades. Maintain protection during installation and maintenance periods. Treat, repair, or replace damaged plantings.

After installation and before Substantial Completion, remove nursery tags, nursery stakes, tie tape, labels, wire, burlap, and other debris from plant material, planting areas, and Project site.

At time of Substantial Completion, verify that tree-watering devices are in good working order and leave them in place. Replace improperly functioning devices.

MAINTENANCE SERVICE

Maintenance Service for Trees and Shrubs: Provide maintenance by skilled employees of landscape Installer. Maintain as required in "Plant Maintenance" Article. Begin maintenance immediately after plants are installed and continue until plantings are acceptably healthy and well established, but for not less than maintenance period below:

Maintenance Period: 12 months from date of planting completion.

Maintenance Service for Ground Cover and Other Plants: Provide maintenance by skilled employees of landscape Installer. Maintain as required in "Plant Maintenance" Article. Begin maintenance immediately after plants are installed and continue until plantings are acceptably healthy and well established, but for not less than maintenance period below:

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Maintenance Period: 12 months from date of planting completion.

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END OF SECTION

SECTION 32 96 00- TRANSPLANTING

1 2 3

PART 1 - GENERAL

RELATED DOCUMENTS

Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

SUMMARY

Section includes transplanting non-nursery-grown trees.

Related Requirements:

Section 015639 "Temporary Tree and Plant Protection" for protecting, trimming, pruning, repairing, and replacing existing trees to remain that interfere with, or are affected by, execution of the Work.

Section 329300 "Plants" for new trees from nursery-grown sources.

DEFINITIONS

General: See definitions in ANSI A300 (Part 6) and in ANSI Z60.1 pertaining to field-grown trees, except as otherwise defined in this Section.

Caliper: Diameter of a trunk as measured by a diameter tape at a height 6 inches (150 mm) above the root flair for trees up to, and including, 4-inch (100-mm) size at this height; and as measured at a height of 12 inches (300 mm) above the root flair for trees larger than 4-inch (100-mm) size.

Caliper (DBH): Diameter breast height; diameter of a trunk as measured by a diameter tape the average of the smallest and largest diameters at a height 54 inches (1372 mm) above the ground line for trees with caliper of 8 inches (200 mm) or greater as measured at a height of 12 inches (300 mm) above the root flair.

Root-Ball Depth: Measured from bottom of trunk flare to the bottom of root ball.

Root-Ball Width: Measured horizontally across the root ball with an approximately circular form or the least dimension for non-round root balls, not necessarily centered on the tree trunk, but within tolerance according to ANSI Z60.1.

Root Flare: Also called "trunk flare." The area at the base of the tree's stem or trunk where the stem or trunk broadens to form roots; the area of transition between the root system and the stem or trunk.

INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

Qualification Data: For qualified tree-service firm and arborist.

Certification: From arborist, certifying that transplanted trees have been protected during construction and that trees were promptly and properly treated and repaired when damaged.

Maintenance Recommendations: From arborist, recommended procedures to be established by Owner for care and protection of trees after completing the Work.

Submit before completing the Work.

Existing Conditions: Documentation of existing trees indicated to be transplanted, which establishes preconstruction conditions that might be misconstrued as damage caused by construction activities.

Use sufficiently detailed color photographs or video recordings. Color shall accurately depict hue condition of foliage and bark.

Include drawings and notations to indicate specific wounds and damage conditions of each tree designated to be transplanted.

Tree-Transplanting Program: Submit before work begins.

12 Sample Warranties: For special warranties.

Tree-maintenance reports.

QUALITY ASSURANCE

Tree-Service Firm Qualifications: An experienced landscaping contractor or tree-moving firm that has successfully completed transplanting work similar to that required for this Project and that will assign an experienced, qualified arborist to Project site during execution of the Work.

Arborist Qualifications: Certified Arborist as certified by ISA.

DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

Packaged Materials: Deliver packaged materials in original, unopened containers showing weight, certified analysis, name and address of manufacturer, and indication of conformance with state and federal laws if applicable.

Bulk Materials:

Do not dump or store bulk materials near structures, utilities, walkways and pavements, or on existing turf areas or trees.

Provide erosion-control measures to prevent erosion or displacement of bulk materials, discharge of soil-bearing water runoff, and airborne dust reaching adjacent properties, water conveyance systems, or walkways.

Accompany each delivery with appropriate certificates.

Protect bark, branches, and root systems from sun scald, drying, wind burn, sweating, whipping, and other handling and tying damage. Do not bend or bind-tie trees in such a manner as to destroy their natural shape.

Completely cover foliage when transporting trees while they are in foliage.

Handle trees by root ball. Do not drop trees.

Move trees after preparations for planting have been completed, and install immediately. If planting is delayed more than six hours after moving, set trees in their appropriate aspect (sun, filtered sun, or shade), protect from weather and mechanical damage, and keep roots moist.

FIELD CONDITIONS

Field Measurements: Verify final grade elevations and final locations of trees and construction contiguous with trees by field measurements before proceeding with transplanting work. Perform transplanting only after finish grades are established.

Seasonal Restrictions: Transplant trees during the following in-season periods: Spring: May 1 - May 30. 3 4 Fall: September 1 - 30. 5 6 Weather Limitations: Proceed with transplanting only when existing and forecasted weather 7 conditions permit planting to be performed when beneficial and optimum results may be obtained. Do 8 not transplant during excessively wet or frozen conditions. Apply products during favorable weather 9 conditions according to manufacturer's written instructions and warranty requirements. 10 11 Coordination with Turf Areas (Lawns): Perform transplanting before planting turf areas unless 12 otherwise indicated. 13 14 When transplanting after planting turf areas, protect turf areas, and promptly repair damage 15 caused by transplanting operations. 16 17 Coordination with Planting Beds: Perform transplanting before planting bedded areas unless 18 otherwise indicated. 19 20 When transplanting after planting bedded areas, protect bedding plants, and promptly repair 21 damage caused by transplanting operations. 22 23 WARRANTY 24 25 Installer's Special Warranty: Tree-service firm agrees to repair or replace trees and related materials 26 that fail within specified warranty period. 27 28 29 Failures include, but are not limited to, the following: 30 Death and unsatisfactory growth except for defects resulting from abuse, lack of 31 adequate maintenance, or neglect by Owner, or incidents that are beyond 32 Contractor's control. 33 34 Death and unsatisfactory growth is defined as more than 25 percent dead or in an 35 unhealthy condition or failure to meet general performance requirements at end of 36 warranty period. 37 38 Structural failures including trees falling or blowing over. 39 40 Warranty Periods from Date of Transplanting Completion: 41 42 Trees: 12 months. 43 44 45 Include the following remedial actions as a minimum: 46 Remove dead trees and trees with unsatisfactory growth at end of warranty period: 47 replace when directed. 48 49 50 A limit of one replacement of each tree will be required except for losses or replacements due to failure to comply with requirements. 51 52 Replace materials and devices related to tree plantings. 53 54 Provide extended warranty for period equal to original warranty period, for replaced 55

56 57 58 trees.

MAINTENANCE SERVICE

Initial Maintenance Service: Provide tree maintenance by skilled employees of tree-service firm and as required in Part 3. Begin maintenance immediately after trees are installed and continue until plantings are healthy and well established but for not less than maintenance period below.

Maintenance Period: 12 months from date of transplanting completion.

Continuing Maintenance Proposal: From tree-service firm to Owner, in the form of a standard yearly (or other period) maintenance agreement, starting on date initial maintenance service is concluded. State services, obligations, conditions, and terms for agreement period and for future renewal options.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

General Performance: Transplanted trees shall be healthy and resume vigorous growth within one year of transplanting without dieback due to defective extracting, handling, planting, maintenance, or other defects in the Work.

PLANTING MATERIALS

Backfill Soil: Excavated soil mixed with planting soil of suitable moisture content and granular texture for placing and compacting in planting pit around tree, and free of stones, roots, plants, sod, clods, clay lumps, pockets of coarse sand, concrete slurry, concrete layers or chunks, cement, plaster, building debris, and other extraneous materials harmful to plant growth.

Mixture: Well-blended mix of two parts excavated soil to one part planting soil.

Planting Soil: Planting soil as specified in Section 329113 "Soil Preparation."

TREE-STABILIZATION MATERIALS

Trunk-Stabilization Materials:

Upright and Guy Stakes: Rough-sawn, sound, new hardwood or softwood with specified wood preservative treatment by pressure process, free of knots, holes, cross grain, and other defects, 2-by-2-inch nominal (38-by-38-mm actual) by length indicated, pointed at one end.

Tree-Tie Webbing: UV-resistant polypropylene or nylon webbing with brass grommets.

MISCELLANEOUS PRODUCTS

Organic Mulch: Shredded hardwood as specified in Section 329300 "Plants."

Antidesiccant: Water-insoluble emulsion, permeable moisture retarder, film forming, for trees. Deliver in original, sealed, and fully labeled containers and mix according to manufacturer's written instructions.

Burlap: Non-synthetic, biodegradable.

Pesticides: Pesticide registered and approved by EPA, acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and of type recommended in writing by manufacturer for each specific problem and as required for Project conditions and application. Do not use restricted pesticides unless authorized in writing by authorities having jurisdiction.

Pre

Pre-Emergent Herbicide (Selective and Non-Selective): Effective for controlling the germination or growth of weeds within planted areas at the soil level directly below the mulch layer.

Post-Emergent Herbicide (Selective and Non-Selective): Effective for controlling weed growth that has already germinated.

Planting Tablets: Tightly compressed chip type, long-lasting, slow-release, commercial-grade planting fertilizer in tablet form. Tablets shall break down with soil bacteria, converting nutrients into a form that can be absorbed by plant roots.

Nutrient Composition: 20 percent nitrogen, 10 percent phosphorous, and 5 percent potassium, by weight plus micronutrients.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

EXAMINATION

Erosion and Sedimentation Control: Examine the site to verify that temporary erosion- and sedimentation-control measures are in place. Verify that flows of water redirected from construction areas or generated by construction activity do not enter or cross transplanting areas.

For the record, prepare written report, endorsed by arborist, listing conditions detrimental to transplanting work and tree protection and health.

Proceed with transplanting only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

PREPARATION

Protect structures, utilities, sidewalks, pavements, other facilities, turf areas, and other plants and planting areas from damage caused by transplanting operations.

Utility Locator Service: Notify utility locator service for area where Project is located before beginning excavation.

Locate and clearly identify trees for transplanting. Tie a 1-inch (25-mm) blue-vinyl tape around each tree at 54 inches (1372 mm) above the ground.

Lay out individual transplant locations and areas for multiple plantings. Stake locations, outline areas, adjust locations when requested, and obtain Architect's acceptance of layout before transplanting. Make minor adjustments as required.

Apply antidesiccant to trees uniformly, using power spray to provide an adequate film over trunks (before wrapping), branches, stems, twigs, and foliage to protect during extracting, handling, and transportation.

If deciduous trees are moved in full leaf, spray with antidesiccant before extracting and again two weeks after transplanting.

Wrap trees with burlap fabric over trunks, branches, stems, twigs, and foliage to protect from wind and other damage during extracting, handling, and transporting.

PREPARATORY PRUNING

Root Pruning: Perform preparatory root pruning under direction of arborist as far in advance of extracting each tree as the Project Schedule allows.

Dig exploratory pits or trench by hand around perimeter of tree at indicated root-ball width to determine locations of main lateral roots.

Dig trench by hand around perimeter of tree at indicated root-ball width to the depth of the root system. Do not use a backhoe or other equipment that rips, tears, or pulls roots.

Root-Ball Width: Minimum 9 inches (229 mm) of root-ball diameter, or least dimension for non-round root balls, for each inch (25 mm) of tree caliper being transplanted.

If encountering large, main lateral roots, expose roots beyond excavation limits as required to bend and redirect them without breaking.

Use narrow-tine spading forks to comb soil to expose roots with minimal damage to root system.

Cut exposed roots manually with sharp pruning instruments; do not break, tear, chop, or slant the cuts. Do not use a backhoe or other equipment that rips, tears, or pulls roots.

Do not paint or apply sealants on cut root ends.

Backfill trench with excavated soil.

EXCAVATING PLANTING PITS

General: Excavate under supervision of the arborist.

Excavate planting pits or trenches with sides sloping. Trim perimeter of bottom leaving center area of bottom raised slightly to support root ball and assist in drainage away from center. Do not further disturb base. Ensure that root ball will sit on undisturbed base soil. Scarify sides of planting pit smeared or smoothed during excavation.

Excavate approximately three times as wide as root ball.

Keep excavations covered or otherwise protected until replanting trees.

Subsoil removed from excavations may not be used as planting soil.

Obstructions: Notify Architect if unexpected rock or obstructions detrimental to trees are encountered in excavations.

Hardpan Layer: Drill 6-inch- (150-mm-) diameter holes, 24 inches (600 mm) apart, into free-draining strata or to a depth of 10 feet (3 m), whichever is less, and backfill with free-draining material.

Seepage: Notify Architect if subsoil conditions evidence unexpected water seepage into tree-planting pits.

Drainage: Fill planting pit or trench with 6 inches (152 mm) of water and time the infiltration rate of the soil. If the drainage rate is less than 0.25 inch (6 mm) per hour, notify Architect to determine need for subsurface drainage.

Saline or Sodic Soils: Completely fill excavations with water and allow to percolate away before positioning trees.

EXTRACTING TREES

General: Extract trees under supervision of the arborist.

Orientation Marking: Mark the north side of each tree with non-permanent paint before extracting.

Root-Ball Width: Minimum 10 inches (250 mm) of root-ball diameter, or least dimension for non-round root balls, for each inch (25 mm) of tree caliper being transplanted.

Root-Ball Depth: As determined by the arborist for each species and size of tree and for site conditions at original and planting locations.

Digging:

Dig and clear a pit by hand to the depth of the root system. Do not use a backhoe or other equipment that rips, tears, or pulls roots.

Use narrow-tine spading forks to comb soil to expose roots with minimal damage to root system.

If encountering large, main lateral roots, expose roots beyond excavation limits as required to bend and redirect them without breaking.

Cut exposed roots manually with sharp pruning instruments; do not break, tear, chop, or slant the cuts. Do not paint or apply sealants on cut root ends.

Construct box tight against root system sides and bottom as pit is dug. Brace and support box to prevent breaking of root ball.

Temporarily support and protect exposed roots from damage until they are permanently redirected and covered with soil. Cover roots with burlap and keep them moist until planted.

PLANTING

Planting Standard: Perform planting according to ANSI A300 (Part 6) unless otherwise indicated.

Before planting, verify that root flare is visible at top of root ball. If root flare is not visible, remove soil in a level manner from the root ball to where the top-most root emerges from the trunk. After soil removal to expose the root flare, verify that root ball still meets size requirements.

Ensure that root flare is visible after planting.

Remove injured roots by cutting cleanly; do not break. Do not paint or apply sealants on cut root ends.

Orientation: Position the tree so that its north side, marked before extracting, is facing north in its new location.

Set tree plumb and in center of planting pit with bottom of root flare 2 inches (50 mm) above adjacent finish grades.

Use specified backfill soil for backfill.

If area under the tree was initially dug too deep, add backfill to raise it to the correct level and thoroughly tamp the added soil to prevent settling.

After placing some backfill around root ball to stabilize plant, begin backfilling.

Backfill around root ball in layers, tamping to settle soil and eliminate voids and air pockets. When planting pit is approximately one-half filled, water thoroughly before placing remainder of backfill. Repeat watering until no more water is absorbed.

Redirect exposed root ends downward in backfill areas where possible. Hand-expose roots as required to bend and redirect them without breaking. If encountered immediately adjacent

to location of new construction and redirection is not practical, cut roots approximately 3 inches (75 mm) back from new construction and as required for root pruning.

Place planting tablets in each planting pit when pit is approximately one-half filled; in amounts recommended by arborist. Place tablets beside the root ball about 1 inch (25 mm) from root tips; do not place tablets in bottom of the hole.

Continue backfilling process. Water again after placing and tamping final layer of soil.

TREE STABILIZATION

Trunk Stabilization by Upright Staking and Tying: Install trunk stabilization as follows unless otherwise indicated on Drawings.

Upright Staking and Tying: Stake only as required to prevent wind tip out. Use a minimum of three stakes of length required to penetrate at least 18 inches (450 mm) below bottom of backfilled excavation and to extend one-third of trunk height above grade. Set stakes vertical and space to avoid penetrating root balls or root masses.

Support trees with bands of flexible ties at contact points with tree trunk. Allow enough slack to avoid rigid restraint of tree.

Support trees with two strands of tie wire, connected to the brass grommets of tree-tie webbing at contact points with tree trunk. Allow enough slack to avoid rigid restraint of tree.

MULCHING

Organic Mulch: Apply 3-inch (75-mm) average thickness of organic mulch over whole surface of planting area, and finish level with adjacent finish grades. Do not place mulch within 3 inches (75 mm) of trunks or stems.

INSTALLING SLOW-RELEASE WATERING DEVICE

Provide one device for each tree.

Place device on top of the mulch at base of tree and fill with water according to manufacturer's written instructions.

TREE MAINTENANCE

Perform tree maintenance as recommended by arborist. Maintain arborist observation of transplanting work.

Maintain trees by pruning, cultivating, watering, weeding, fertilizing, mulching, restoring planting saucers, adjusting and repairing tree-stabilization devices, resetting to proper grades or vertical position, and performing other operations as required to establish healthy, viable plantings. Treat as required to keep trees free of insects and disease.

From time of preparatory root pruning measure soil moisture adjacent to edge of each root ball weekly. Record findings and weather conditions.

Fill areas of soil subsidence with backfill soil. Replenish mulch materials damaged or lost in areas of subsidence.

Apply treatments as required to keep tree materials, planted areas, and soils free of pests and pathogens or disease. Use integrated pest management practices whenever possible to minimize the use of pesticides and reduce hazards. Treatments include physical controls such as hosing off foliage, mechanical controls such as traps, and biological control agents.

Pesticide Application: Apply pesticides and other chemical products and biological control agents in accordance with authorities having jurisdiction and manufacturer's written instructions. Coordinate applications with Owner's operations and others in proximity to the Work. Notify Owner before each application is performed.

Pre-Emergent Herbicides (Selective and Non-Selective): Apply in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions. Do not apply to seeded areas.

Post-Emergent Herbicides (Selective and Non-Selective): Apply only as necessary to treat already-germinated weeds and in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions.

REPAIR AND REPLACEMENT

General: Repair or replace transplanted trees and other plants indicated to remain or be relocated that are damaged by construction operations, in a manner recommended by the arborist and approved by Architect.

Submit details of proposed pruning and repairs.

Perform repairs of damaged trunks, branches, and roots within 24 hours according to arborist's written instructions.

Replace trees and other plants that cannot be repaired and restored to full-growth status, as determined by Architect.

Remove and replace trees that are more than 25 percent dead or in an unhealthy condition before the end of the corrections period or are damaged during construction operations that Architect determines are incapable of restoring to normal growth pattern.

Provide new trees of same size as those being replaced.

Species of Replacement Trees: Same species being replaced.

CLEANUP AND PROTECTION

During transplanting, keep adjacent paving and construction clean and work area in an orderly condition.

Protect trees from damage due to transplanting operations and operations of other contractors and trades. Maintain protection during transplanting and maintenance periods. Treat, repair, or replace damaged plantings.

After planting and before Substantial Completion, remove tags, markings, tie tape, labels, wire, burlap, and other debris from transplanted trees, planting areas, and Project site.

DISPOSAL OF SURPLUS AND WASTE MATERIALS

Except for materials indicated to be recycled, remove surplus soil, excess excavated material, waste materials, displaced plants, trash, and debris, and legally dispose of them off Owner's property.

Transport surplus satisfactory soil to designated storage areas on Owner's property. Stockpile or spread soil as directed by Architect.

Except for materials indicated to be retained on Owner's property or recycled, remove excess excavated material, waste materials, displaced plants, trash, and debris, and legally dispose of them off Owner's property.

END OF SECTION